

# Village of Oak Park Madison Street Corridor Plan





















# Adopted by the Village Board of Trustees on June 5, 2006

#### Planning Assistance By:



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# Village of Oak Park Madison Street Corridor Plan



Inventory Report and Opportunity Analysis

Vision Alternatives

Preferred Vision

Development and Implementation Strategy

**Development Guidelines** 

**Appendices** 

Market Assessment Goodman Williams Group

Architectural Historical Survey Wiss, Janney, Elstner Associates, Inc.

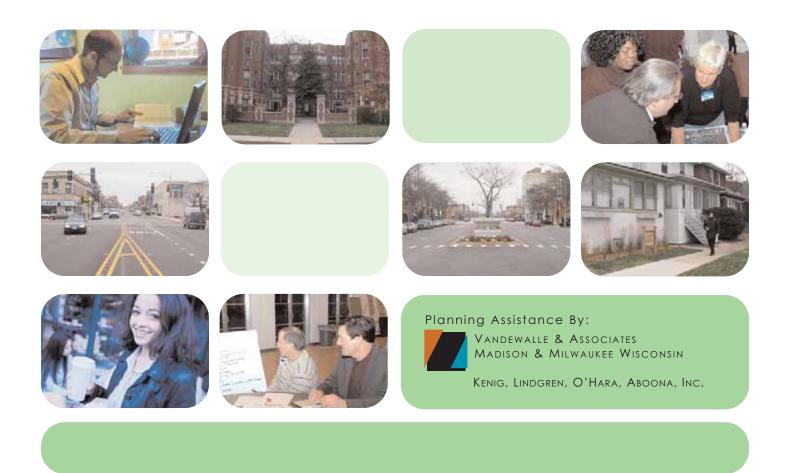
Key Sites Report Vandewalle & Associates / Kenig, Lindgren, O'Hara, Aboona, Inc. / Goodman Williams Group

> Response to Comments from Village Commissions Vandewalle & Associates

# **Inventory Report and Opportunity Analysis**



# Village of Oak Park Madison Street Corridor



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table of Contents1
Introduction       2         Purpose of this Plan       2         Study Area       3
<b>Demographic and Housing Trends5</b> Population Trends and Characteristics
Physical Analysis8Land Use Patterns8Traffic, Transportation, and Parking9Development Pattern10Streetscape and Open Space10
Related Planning Activities12
Initial Public Participation12Activities13Facilitators13Marketing and Advertising13Steering Committee Meeting13Stakeholder Interviews13Assets and Opportunities Forum14Visioning Forum14
Opportunity Analysis15Regional Context.15Role of Madison Street in Oak Park15Corridor Opportunities16Redevelopment Area and Sites16
Appendix A: Demographic Data18Appendix B: Traffic and Parking Progress Report20Appendix C: Steering Committee Meeting Materials33Appendix D: Stakeholder Interview Participants44Appendix E: Public Assets and Opportunities Materials45Appendix F: Public Visioning Forum Materials65



### INTRODUCTION

In the fall of 2005, the Village of Oak Park sought a planning consultant to develop a focused vision and implementation plan for the Madison Street Corridor. The resulting Plan will include land use recommendations, design principles and implementation tools that are intended to drive planning and development activities that are occurring in the corridor, bounded by Harlem Avenue on the west, Austin Boulevard on the east, Washington Street on the north, and Adams Street/Monroe Street on the south.

This portion of the plan, the Inventory Report and Opportunity Analysis, will describe the existing conditions in the corridor, including demographics trends, physical analysis, and community input, and will begin to identify development opportunities based on regional location and corridor-specific parameters.

The Inventory Report and Opportunity Analysis is the first part of five documents that together create the Madison Street Corridor Plan:

- Inventory Report and Opportunity Analysis
- Vision Alternatives
- Preferred Vision
- Development and Implementation Strategy
- Development Guidelines

Two companion documents will accompany this set of documents: the Architectural Historical Survey completed by Wiss Janney Elstner Associates, Inc. and the Market Analysis completed by Goodman Williams Group. Information from both has been incorporated into the content of this plan.

#### Purpose of this Plan

The Madison Street corridor has a very different development pattern from other corridors within Oak Park, such as Lake Street. Madison Street is an auto-intensive corridor, as evidenced in its long history as the auto-dealer row. As the number of car dealerships has reduced over the years, new uses have assumed the role of economic anchor. The RUSH Oak Park Hospital, the banking institutions, the Jewel, the education institutions, and the Village Hall have complemented the strong residential neighborhood surrounding the corridor.

These changes in land use and the resulting concurrence of residential and retail/service uses has motivated numerous entities, including the Village of Oak Park, neighborhood groups, private developers, and business associations, to develop plans and visions for the future of Madison Street. These plans and visions include mixed-use development, residential development, aesthetic improvements, gateway enhancements, and business retention and recruitment strategies for the Madison Street corridor.

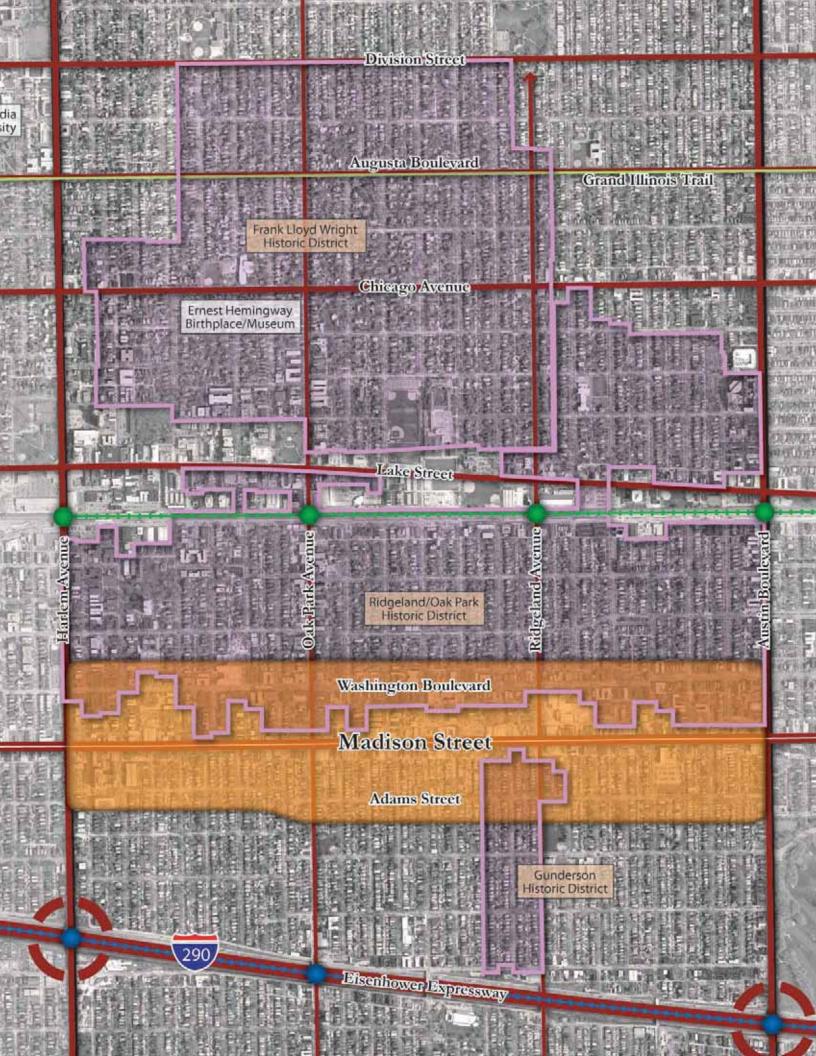
These considerations led the Village to hire a consultant team and appoint an official Madison Street Corridor Plan Steering Committee. These two groups are charged with working closely with the Village, residents, and the business community to develop a corridor plan, design principles, and implementation strategies.



#### **Study Area**

The Study Area for the Madison Street Corridor Plan includes the portion of the Madison Street corridor and the adjacent block between Harlem Avenue to the west and Austin Boulevard to the east. Map 1 illustrates the Study Area and its relationship within the Village of Oak Park.





# **DEMOGRAPHIC AND HOUSING TRENDS**

Good planning relies on an understanding of the current demographic characteristics of the planning area, the relationships between different types of characteristics, and how those characteristics have been changing over time. The characteristics discussed below for the Madison Street Corridor Study Area include demographics, housing, and population segmentation.

For the purpose of gathering Census Data, the project boundaries are slightly different than the Study Area boundaries identified on Map 1. All references to the Study Area for Census related data are referring to Census Tracts 8126, 8127, 8128, 8129, 8130, as shown on Map 2. This area extends from South Boulevard to the north, Austin Boulevard to the east, Harrison Street to the south, and Harlem Avenue to the west. Please see the appendix for detailed data tables.

### **Population Trends and Characteristics**

Demographic data show that the Study Area has the following characteristics compared to the Village as a whole.

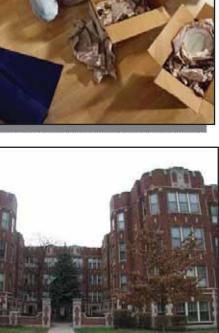
- A more rapidly decreasing population. The Study Area experienced a 7% decrease in population from 1990-2000 compared to the Village of Oak Park as a whole, which only had a 0.21% population decrease.
- A higher share of young persons. The median age within the Study Area was 34.0 in 2000 and 36.0 for the Village as a whole.
- Slightly more diversity than the rest of the Village. In 2000, 66.9% of the



residents in the Study Area were white, as compared to 68.8% for the Village.

- A higher percentage of rental housing. Over 54% of occupied housing units were rentals in 2000, as compared to 45% rental in the Village of Oak Park.
- A higher percentage of multi-family housing. Over 71% of the housing in the Study Area was two-family or multi-family in 2000 compared to 59% in the Village of Oak Park.
- Slightly more affordable rents. Rental units in the Study Area were slightly more affordable than the Village as a whole in 2000, with the average rents of \$668 per month, compared to \$674 for the Village of Oak Park.





Demographic data show the following differences within the Study Area:

- More single family homes to the south. Over 60% of the households were owner occupied in the southern two Census Tracts in 2000 compared to the northern three Census Tracts, which each had under 20% owner occupied housing.
- More diversity to the east. Over 90% of population in the two Census Tracts to the west was white in 2000, compared to the three census tracts to the east which were each under 70% white.

• Higher income to the west. The

median household income in the Census Tracts to the west of the corridor was over \$70,000 in 2000 compared to the three Census Tracts to the east which ranged from \$45,000 - \$50,000.



2514	Halton St. Mason Ave Mason Ave S220 2522	1/3/06
	Alusin Blyd	Flournoy St
8125		8131 Garfield St
North Blvd	Cuyler Ave	
	Scoville Ave Cunderson Ave Elimwood Ave Ridgeland Ave	
8124	Clarence Ave	Clarence Ave
Norti	Wesley Ave     Image: State Ave	Wesley Ave stron Stron Le xin
53	Kenilworth Ave Adams St. Dleasant St. Pleasant St. Pleasa	Clinton Ave
L tridor s Tracts 8123	Home Ave	Успопаћ Аче Ноте Аче
Oak Park, IL Madison St. Corridor Study Area Census Tracts	Maple Ave C Wisconsin Ave	Vandewalle & Accontain Ave
Made Study	Harrison Ave Blgin Ave Blg	- <b>2</b> - <del>2</del>

## PHYSICAL ANALYSIS

The following analysis of the Madison Street Corridor identifies existing conditions and patterns that will influence future urban design alternatives and recommendations. They include:

- Land Use Patterns
- Traffic, Transportation, and Parking
- Development Pattern
- Streetscape and Open Space

#### Land Use Patterns

The Village's consultant conducted an inventory of the Study Area's existing land uses using data from the Village, aerial photography, corridor site visits, and consultation with Village and local representatives. The land use survey was not an inventory of existing <u>zoning</u>, which in some cases is different from the actual use of the land. Map 3 depicts the existing (2005) land use pattern in the Study Area.

Key findings related to the existing land use pattern include the following:

- The Madison Street frontage is predominately characterized by commercial uses: automotive, mixeduse development, general commercial services, and office.
- Automotive uses are scattered throughout the corridor with a cluster between Oak Park Avenue and Ridgeland Avenue.
- Housing styles are typically singlefamily south of Madison Street and two-family and multi-family dwellings north of Madison Street, with some pockets of single-family homes.
- Multi-family housing on the corridor frontage is being introduced at the west end of the corridor in recent developments.







	Corridor Frontage	Corridor Frontage % of	Study Area	Study Area
Existing Land Use	Acres	Total	Acres	% of Total
Automotive	5.08	14.5%	5.08	2.6%
Commercial Services	4.79	13.6%	4.94	2.6%
Educational	0.58	1.7%	12.16	6.3%
Institutional	3.07	8.7%	15.61	8.1%
Mixed Commercial	0.53	1.5%	0.53	0.3%
Multi Family	2.33	6.6%	61.71	32.1%
Office	4.55	13.0%	4.66	2.4%
Parking	1.98	5.6%	3.71	1.9%
Park	0.00	0.0%	0.85	0.4%
Industrial	0.15	0.4%	0.15	0.1%
Mixed-Use Commercial/Residential	5.02	14.3%	5.02	2.6%
Restaurant	1.96	5.6%	2.74	1.4%
Retail	3.90	11.1%	4.54	2.4%
Single Family Residential	0.48	1.4%	66.67	34.7%
Two Family	0.00	0.0%	2.70	1.4%
Vacant/Under Construction	0.66	1.9%	1.04	0.5%

The table below breaks down the land uses by acreage and percentage of the corridor for the corridor frontage and the Study Area as a whole.

### Traffic, Transportation, and Parking

A detailed analysis of traffic and parking provided by Kenig, Lindgren, O'Hara, Aboona, Inc is provided in appendix.

The Study Area contains a gridded street network. The street network is comprised of a hierarchy of street types as described below. A detailed transportation assessment has been conducted for the Study Area, as described in the section that follows.

- Madison Street, a four lane arterial through the Village of Oak Park, connects the City of Chicago from the east and the Village of Forest Park on the west.
- Harlem Avenue and Austin Boulevard are arterial roadways, marking the eastern and western termini of the study area, respectively.
- Wisconsin Avenue, Home Avenue, Grove Avenue, Oak Park Avenue, East Avenue, Lombard Avenue, and Ridgeland Avenue are collector or minor arterial



streets that cross Madison Street. These streets are important north-south streets connecting Madison Street to adjacent residential neighborhoods and downtown Oak Park.

• Washington Boulevard, Adams Street, and Monroe Street run parallel to Madison Street and may be affected by future redevelopment in the study area.



• The remaining streets are secondary streets currently carrying light vehicular and pedestrian traffic.

Parking is in short supply for the entire length of the corridor. Parking is currently provided in privately-owned surface lots, some Village-owned parking lots, and on-street parking.

The Chicago Transit Authority (CTA) operates a bus route that terminates at the bus transfer station at the northeast corner of Austin Boulevard and Madison Street, in the City of Chicago. Pace, the commuter bus system, meets the CTA line at the Austin transfer station and continues a route down Madison Street. Additionally, the Village of Oak Park operates a shuttle that serves Madison Street.

Pedestrian use the sidewalks along Madison Street, but are limited in opportunities to cross the street due to the few through intersections. Augusta Boulevard has been marked as the continuation of the Grand Illinois Trail, a bike route east and west through the Village. Several alternative cycling routes are being considered by the Village, including Jackson Boulevard to the south of Madison Street. Although bike routes are not currently being planned for Madison Street, the opportunity exists to explore a bike/transit route on Madison Street with the reduction of a lane of traffic on Madison Street.

### **Development Pattern**

The development pattern on Madison Street is primarily linear, but interrupted by several key sites that occupy deeper lot depths. Nearly the entire length of the corridor is configured around shallow lot depths and therefore is challenged by limited space for parking. This development pattern is perpetuated by the fragmented ownership on the corridor.

### Streetscape and Open Space

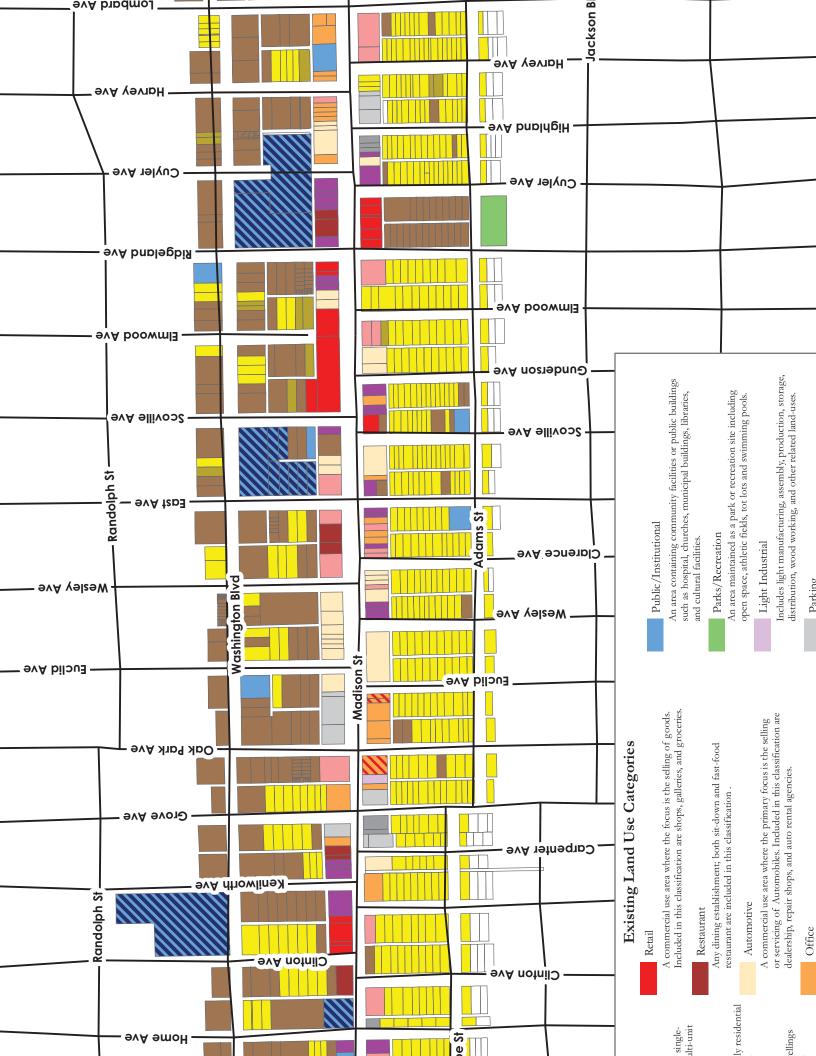
The Madison Street corridor is currently void of much open space. The park located on Adams Street between Ridgeland and Cuyler Avenue is the largest green space in the Study Area, in addition to the park located south of the Village Hall parking lot.

A recent streetscape plan for Madison Street is currently being implemented on the eastern edge of the corridor. A planted median begins at the east end of the corridor and is continued to Oak Park Avenue. This pattern cannot continue further west with the roadway's current configuration due to the narrowed



right-of –way west of Oak Park Avenue. The Village of Forest Park has implemented an urban streetscape program on Madison Street using the same right-of-way constraints as the west end of the corridor in Oak Park.





## **RELATED PLANNING ACTIVITIES**

Several community planning efforts have identified Madison Street for future revitalization efforts. As such, the business community and the neighborhoods have undertaken the following initiatives to guide the future of the corridor. The following previous planning activities are efforts that are providing the foundation for this plan and future corridor revitalization efforts.

- Economic and Market Analysis, Madison Street Commercial Corridor. (Arthur Anderson LLP, 1999) This market analysis recommended a redevelopment strategy for Madison Street focusing on public/private actions to create multiple redevelopment nodes. Recommended uses to attract included auto sales and services, casual dining and fast food, smaller appliance retailers, bookstore, office supply and service, and complimentary residential development.
- Madison Street Corridor Landscape Improvements (Schreiber/Anderson Associates, 2004) This landscape improvement plan made recommendations for median landscaping and other landscape elements for the Madison Street corridor in order to unify the areas between Harlem and Austin. The recommendations also included a Master Plan for the corridor.

Additional plans consulted include:

- Village of Oak Park Community Survey (2004)
- Village of Oak Park Zoning Ordinance (2002)
- Village of Oak Park Comprehensive Plan (1990)
- Chicago Avenue Neighborhood Plan (Soloman Cordwell Buenz & Associates. Inc., 2005)
- Cap the IKE Feasibility Study (URS Corporation, 2005)
- Greater Downtown Master Plan and Development Guidelines (Crandall Arambula PC, 2005)
- Redevelopment Plan for Roosevelt Road (Farr Associates, 2003)

# **INITIAL PUBLIC PARTICIPATION**

Encouraging public participation is a key goal of this planning effort to shape Madison Street. The Village believes that public participation will help ensure the resulting plan accurately reflects the vision, goals, and values of residents and business owners and will ensure that the plan is implemented by creating a sense of "ownership" among the participants. For this reason, the Village embarked on several public participation events to involve and inform the public during this initial planning stage. The following is a summary of these endeavors,



which will be used to guide the recommendations of this plan.



#### Activities

Four main activities were implemented to gather public opinion and understanding regarding the corridor study:

- Steering Committee Kick-off Meeting
- Stakeholder Interviews
- Public Assets and Opportunities Forum
- Public Visioning Forum

Together these four components have provided a framework for the development of corridor alternatives.



#### Facilitators

Vandewalle & Associates and Nancy Seeger Associates were responsible for facilitating, analyzing, and summarizing the public forums and stakeholder interviews. This included an initial analysis of data and current corridor activities in order to develop the programs through which public concerns could effectively be communicated. Vandewalle & Associates developed each of the public participation activities, as well as collected and summarized the results. Village Staff was responsible for program review, scheduling, and marketing.

### Marketing and Advertising

Village staff advertised the public participation events individually using the following methods. The marketing materials for each forum are included in the appendix of this report.

- Flyers mailed to homes in the Study Area
- Press Releases
- Internet Postings

### Steering Committee Meeting

The Madison Street Corridor Plan Steering Committee, the Village Board, and Village Staff attended a Kick-off Meeting on the evening of December 1, 2005 at the Village Hall. The consultant team initiated the meeting by reviewing the project approach, project schedule, and the project management structure. Meeting participants were asked to answer a series of questions regarding their perceptions of existing conditions and their visions for the Madison Street corridor. Participants were also asked to comment on the factors leading to a successful corridor plan.

In general, responses to the questions indicated the need for more pedestrian-oriented development, aesthetic improvements, vibrant independently-owned businesses, and additional parking. The plan will be considered a success if it achieves consensus, includes representative participation, and outlines a clear plan for implementation.

The full meeting materials and summaries are included in the appendix of this report.

### Stakeholder Interviews

Interviews with key corridor stakeholders were conducted in December of 2005. Thirty interviews with approximately seventy individuals were conducted. The input from these interviews will be included in the development of corridor alternatives and implementation plans.



Participants were interested in:

- Pedestrian-friendly development
- Small independently-owned businesses
- Hotel and meeting space in Oak Park
- Additional parking
- Detailed strategy for plan implementation
- Distinguished gateway to Chicago
- Pursuing the reduction of a lane of traffic to create transit/bike lane
- Green space and "green" architecture
- National chain stores to anchor smaller stores
- Transportation improvements to increase pedestrian safety

The list of interviewed groups or individuals is included in the appendix of this report.

#### Assets and Opportunities Forum

A corridor-wide forum was conducted to identify the common perceptions and concerns along the corridor. The community at-large, property owners, business owners, and key community leaders were invited. The forum was held on the evening of December 7, 2005 at RUSH Oak Park Hospital. Approximately 80 people attended the forum.

The forum addressed quality of life issues in the general project area by identifying individual and group likes and dislikes, threats and challenges, trends and opportunities, defining features, and the corridor's role in the community and region. In addition to these questions, participants were asked to identify specific places on a map: preservation sites, revitalization sites, redevelopment sites, traffic hot spots, public amenities, and important places.

The forum identified three main concerns in the corridor: aesthetics, economic development, and transportation/pedestrian safety. Specific key points recorded from the forum were a need for pedestrian friendly development, mixed-use development, greenspace, and more parking. In addition to these concerns, residents communicated that they value the Madison Street corridor due to the strong residential communities, the Village Hall, traffic mobility, transportation accessibility, and commercial potential.

The full meeting materials and summaries are included in the appendix of this report.

#### Visioning Forum

A corridor-wide Visioning Forum was conducted to allow residents, business owners, and community leaders to express their visions for the future of Madison Street. The forum was held on the evening of December 14, 2005 at RUSH Oak Park Hospital. Approximately 90 people attended the forum.

The forum first asked participants to consider the future role and identity of Madison Street; as a mixed-use district, employment district, traffic artery, etc. Next participants were asked to "build" a model segment of the corridor – given a prototypical intersection participants annotated a map with words and sample photographs to express the type and scale of development appropriate for different parts of the corridor.

The forum identified the following future roles and identities for Madison Street: mixed-use district, regional destination shopping, and neighborhood service center. The mapping exercise identified visions for mixed-use development at key intersections, greenspace in the public right-of-ways and



near schools, more dense development north of the corridor, a buffer between commercial and residential to the south of the corridor, creative parking solutions, and more public art.

The full meeting materials and summaries are included in the appendix of this report.

### **OPPORTUNITY ANALYSIS**

The purpose of the Opportunity Analysis is to conceptualize "big picture" ideas inspired from the community's given assets and unrealized potentials. The purpose of this activity is to identify the relationships and combinations of community attributes that can serve as catalysts for positive change along the corridor.

These larger opportunities will be translated into alternative visions for the future growth and development of the corridor including the generalized land uses, type and scale of development, transportation needs, and extent of Village participation in implementation activities such as the provision public improvements, regulatory changes, and marketing.

#### **Regional Context**

The Village of Oak Park is situated directly to the west of the City of Chicago along the Eisenhower Expressway. Map 4 shows the relationship of the Study Area to the surrounding region. As an innerring suburb, the Village maintains the gridded street network and dense residential atmosphere that characterizes its urban neighbor. Two CTA transit lines serve Oak Park, one through downtown Oak Park and the other along the Eisenhower Expressway. This proximity to Chicago, and downtown Chicago's employment and cultural center, in addition to excellent transportation accessibility gives the Village special market advantages and opportunities for residential living and retail development. In addition to its location, the Village's cultural amenities give it a superior advantage in the region.

Oak Park's commitment to cultural acceptance, its depth of architectural character, and its proximity to jobs and transportation create a living atmosphere that rivals the most upscale neighborhoods in the City of Chicago, but with a sense of community that is unparalleled in these neighborhoods. These advantages have set the Village apart from the region and should be capitalized on within the Madison Street Corridor Plan.

#### Role of Madison Street in Oak Park

Within Oak Park, Madison Street serves as the primary east/west arterial, moving traffic efficiently from one edge of the community to the other. This accessibility is what drove the corridor's former identity as an auto-dealer row. Today the corridor has attracted several businesses wishing to capitalize on these high traffic volumes, as well as businesses attracted to the corridor's low rents relative to other areas in the Village. In addition to these businesses the following uses serve as key anchors along the corridor:

- Village Hall
- Fenwick High School
- Public Schools
- RUSH Oak Park Hospital
- Park District Building and Gymnastics Center
- Village Players Theater



#### Corridor Opportunities

The following primary opportunities have been identified based on Oak Park's regional location and Madison Street's role in the community.

- Accessible Corridor: This opportunity capitalizes on the high traffic volumes and existing cluster of auto-oriented uses and seeks to attract national and local retailers and service users with a desire for visibility.
- **Regional Destination:** This opportunity capitalizes on the strength of the Village's position in the region and seeks to create regional destinations on the Madison Street corridor.
- Linear Greenway: This opportunity capitalizes on the strength and proximity of the neighboring residential neighborhoods and seeks to create a neighborhood-based retail corridor with emphasized green space and unique neighborhood retail.

#### **Redevelopment Area and Sites**

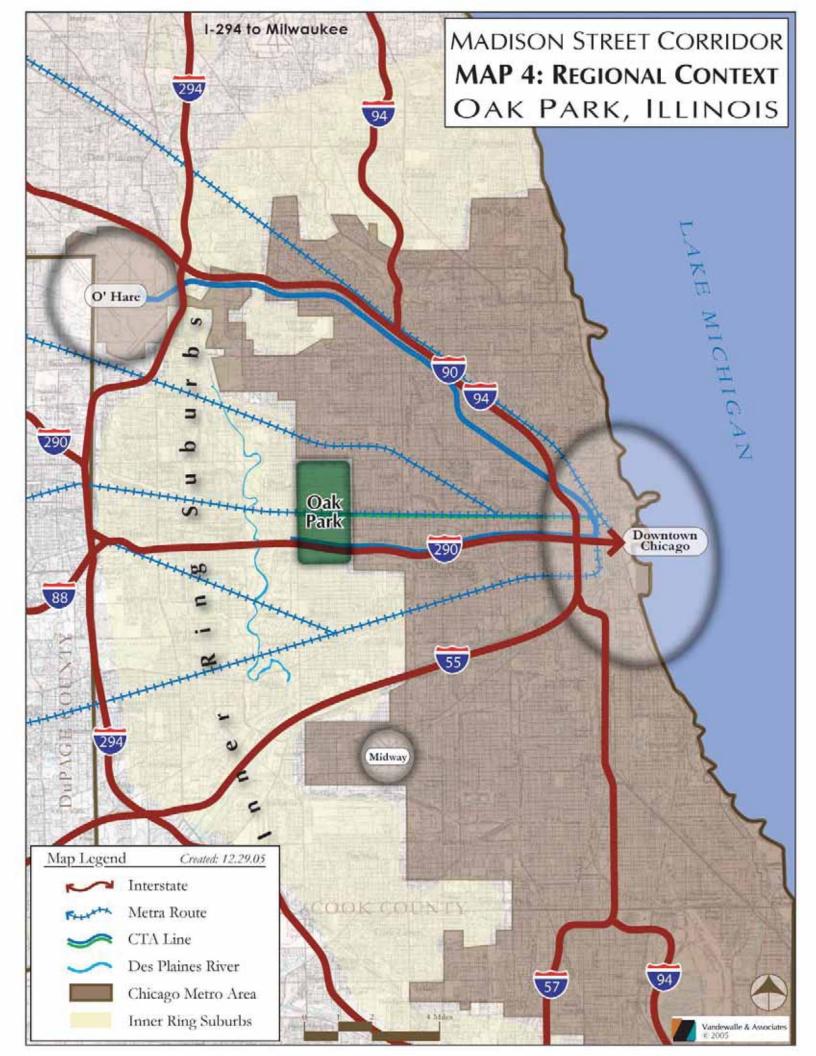
The Vision Alternatives presented later in the planning process will address each of these recognized opportunities and create a corridor-wide vision from them. Each of these visions will be accompanied by an implementation strategy that identifies catalytic projects for plan implementation. The potential redevelopment sites for these catalytic projects will be chosen from sites that are currently available for development, under common ownership, or under the control of the Village.

These potential redevelopment sites may include the following:

- The Village-owned property at the northeast corner of Oak Park Avenue and Madison Street
- The Village-owned former Volvo dealership at the northern side of the Madison Street and Highland Avenue intersection
- The Village-owned former funeral home site at Highland Avenue and Madison Street
- The Village Hall at Lombard and Madison Street
- The potential private development site at the southeast corner of Oak Park Avenue
- The potential private development site on the north side of Madison Street at the Humphrey intersection

June 5, 2006





# APPENDIX A: DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

	% Fe	emale	% Un	der 18	% <b>65</b> a	nd over	Medi	an Age
	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000
Census Tract 8126	54.3%	55.1%	22.4%	20.4%	6.5%	5.6%	30.6	33.0
Census Tract 8127	54.2%	48.3%	18.4%	17.3%	14.7%	10.2%	34.0	37.5
Census Tract 8128	55.0%	78.1%	14%	18.0%	14.4%	14.8%	33.6	35.3
Census Tract 8129	52.7%	64.8%	25.3%	35.0%	10.9%	9.6%	34.0	35.4
Census Tract 8130	52.7%	56.6%	29.4%	31.8%	6.4%	6.2%	31.5	34.2
Study Area	53.8%	53.8%	21.7%	21.7%	10.7%	8.5%	32.8	34.9
Village of Oak Park	53.4%	53.5%	23.2%	24.2%	11.5%	9.5%	33.8	36.0

### **Population Characteristics**

#### Race

	Census Tract 8126	Census Tract 8127	Census Tract 8128	Census Tract 8129	Census Tract 8130	Study Area	Village of Oak Park
% White	55.8%	56.9%	95.4%	98.9%	70.1%	66.9%	68.8%
% Black or African American	38.8%	21.2%	32.0%	15.2%	29.8%	23.8%	22.4%
% American Indian/Alaska Native	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%
% Asian	3.7%	4.2%	9.0%	5.2%	2.6%	4.4%	4.1%
% Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
% Hispanic or Latino	4.7%	4.4%	6.7%	6%	5.9%	4.9%	4.5%
% Other	2.0%	1.9%	2.2%	2.5%	2.4%	1.7%	1.6%
Source: U.S. Census of Population	and Housing	z, 1990, 200	00	•	•	•	



				oosing o	••••					
	1-unit d	etached	2 to 4	l units	5 to 9	) units	10 or m	ore units	Home,	bile Trailer, other
	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000
Census Tract 8126	18.9%	17.0%	10.1%	12.1%	12.2%	10.4%	58.3%	60.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Census Tract 8127	15.9%	19.4%	11.3%	10.8%	15.0%	16.0%	50.9%	51.5%	4.9%	0.0%
Census Tract 8128	4.8%	5.9%	12.6%	13.7%	13.4%	12.2%	65.9%	65.6%	1.2%	0.0%
Census Tract 8129	59.9%	62.9%	14.7%	15.3%	6.3%	5.5%	14.7%	14.5%	4.1%	0.0%
Census Tract 8130	62.4%	60.9%	17.8%	18.5%	7.3%	7.8%	11.7%	12.0%	0.3%	0.9%
Study Area	28.1%	28.7%	13.1%	13.9%	11.2%	10.6%	44.4%	44.9%	2.1%	0.1%
Village of Oak Park	40.7%	40.9%	12.1%	11.9%	9.0%	8.6%	35.1%	36.0%	1.3%	0.1%
Source: U.S. Census of	Population d	and Housin	rg, 1990, 2	2000						

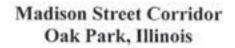
### Housing Stock

### **Housing Characteristics**

	Census Tract 8126	Census Tract 8127	Census Tract 8128	Census Tract 8129	Census Tract 8130	Study Area	Village of Oak Park
Total Housing Units	1,948	1,746	3,270	1,858	1,548	10,098	23,723
% Vacant	2.9%	2.0%	3.1%	2.5%	2.6%	2.7%	2.7%
% Owner Occupied	31.9%	45.9%	33.8%	70.0%	68.7%	45.9%	54.7%
Median Value of Specified	\$260,300	\$356,300	\$337,200	\$220,800	\$198,500	\$234,195	\$231,308
Owner-occupied housing							
units							
Median Household Income	\$45,580	\$50,644	\$44,069	\$73,843	\$73,816	\$52,104	\$59,214
Median Monthly Contract	\$670	\$684	\$672	\$646	\$630	\$668	\$674
Rent (USD)							
Source: U.S. Census of Population	n and Housir	ıg, 1990, 200	00				



# APPENDIX B: TRAFFIC AND PARKING PROGRESS REPORT



**Traffic and Parking Progress Report** 

March 25, 2006 KLOA, Inc.



#### Scope of Study

In November of 2005, Vandewalle & Associates was retained as the prime consultant to lead a team whose mission was to collect data and evaluate land uses, traffic, public opinion, historic preservation and redevelopment opportunities in the Madison Street Corridor. The corridor spans 1.5 miles from Austin Avenue on the east to Harlem Avenue on the west. Kenig, Lindgren, O'Hara, Aboona, Inc. (KLOA, Inc.) was part of the team directed to study traffic and parking issues. Specifically, KLOA, Inc. was to evaluate or identify:

#### Part 1

- · Existing traffic operations and volumes
- Intersection Levels of Service (LOS)
- · The reality of the "Preferred Vision" for street operations
- · Areas of special interest as articulated by the community
- · Operational changes to the street
- · Existing parking capacity and use
- · Pedestrian activity

#### Part II

- · Redevelopment sites
- · Future roadway operations with redevelopment sites
- · Future parking demand of redevelopment

#### Field Work

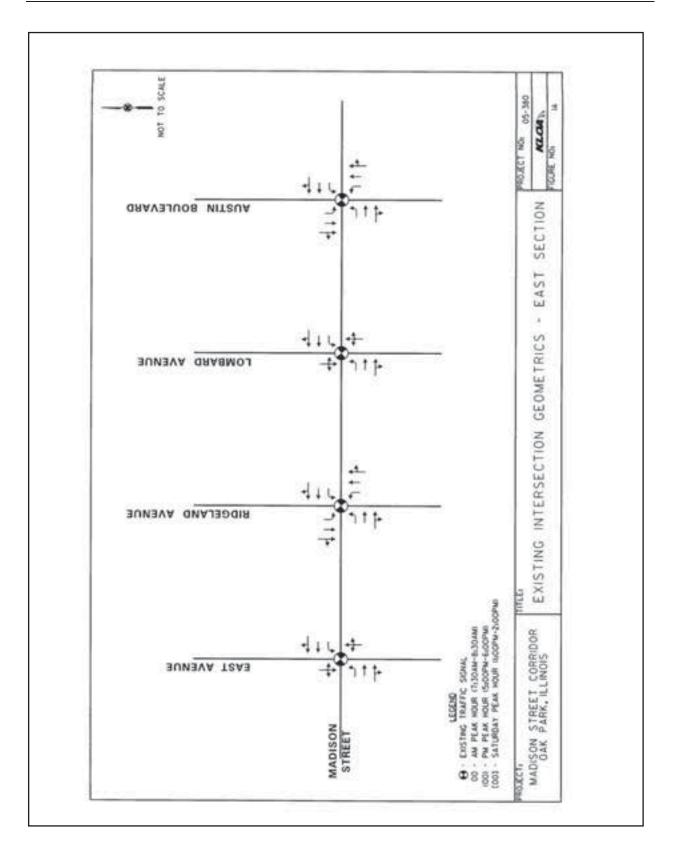
A detailed field review of roadway lanes and geometry was performed for the entire corridor. This is shown on Figures IA and IB.

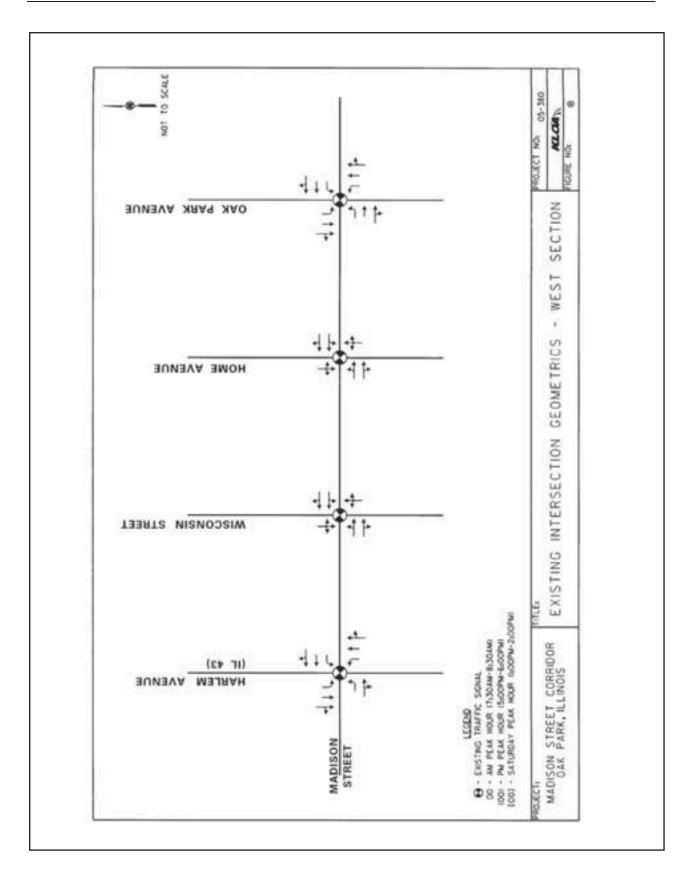
#### Traffic and Pedestrians

KLOA, Inc. identified eight key signalized intersections for evaluation as well as certain pedestrian and 24-hour count locations. The intersections are:

- Austin Avenue
- Lombard Avenue
- Ridgeland Avenue
- · East Avenue
- Oak Park Avenue
- · Home Avenue
- Wisconsin Street
- · Harlem Avenue









All traffic movements were counted at each intersection from 7.00 A.M. to 9.00 A.M. and from 4:00 P.M. to 6:00 P.M. with the following exceptions: Ridgeland Avenue—because of the Percy Julian Middle School north of the intersection, the afternoon count started earlier at 2.30 P.M. The same is true for East Avenue and its relationship to Fenwick High School.

Pedestrian movements were recorded during the same peak periods at all the aforementioned intersections and at marked crosswalks located at Kenilworth Avenue (Gwendolyn Brooks Middle School) and at Humphrey Avenue (St Catherine's School). In addition, automatic machine counters recorded traffic for 48 hours at three locations in the corridor to determine daily traffic volumes. Traffic counts are shown on Figures 2A and 2B and pedestrian counts are shown on Figures 3A and 3B.

#### Parking

KLOA, Inc. inventoried and counted all on-street spaces in the corridor as well as municipal permit areas and lots from 9:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. on a weekday (Friday, January 20, 2006) The peak period for parking was found to be between 11 00 A.M. and 2 00 P.M. The peak hour was 2:00 P.M. for on-street parking and 11:00 A.M. for parking lots. The areas were classified as follows: Below 80 percent occupied, 80-90 percent occupied and above 90 percent. Parking results are shown on Figures 4A and 4B.

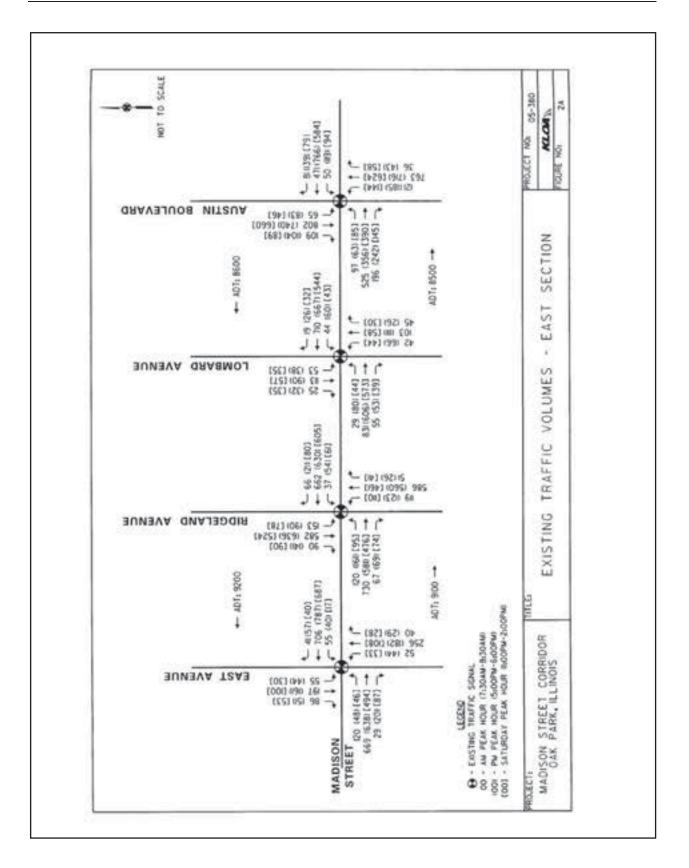
#### Special Study Requests from Community

As part of the overall public process, the community had significant input into the plan Accordingly, the following issues were identified as problems or ideas that should be considered If not part of this scope, they are identified for future study. (Note: Most comments relate to areas west of Oak Park Avenue.)

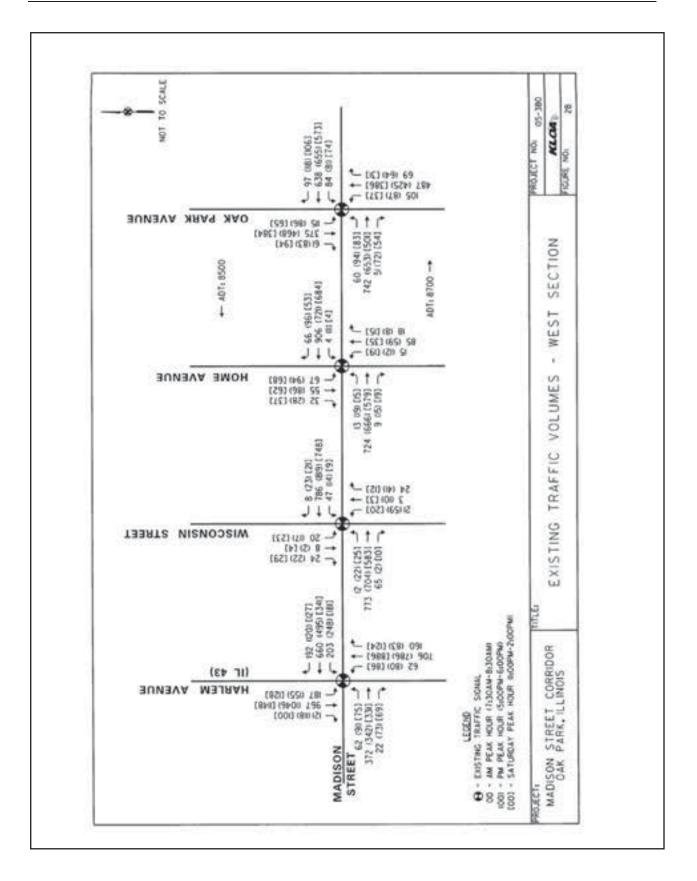
- Neighborhood Cut-Through Traffie—Most concerns came from neighbors located west
  of Oak Park Avenue and south of Madison Street. Specific mention was made of
  Kenilworth, Carpenter and Grace Avenues. Possible causes are peak hour backups for
  eastbound on Madison Street at Oak Park Avenue, and also northbound on Oak Park
  Avenue at Madison Street. These backups cause motorists to "shortcut" through the
  neighborhoods. Although counts were not performed, visual observations on only two
  occasions did not reveal significant activity. Intersection improvements for eastbound
  Madison Street at Oak Park Avenue such as a right-turn lane do not appear possible due
  to geometric restrictions and existing land uses on the site
- Absence of good pedestrian crossing areas specifically west of Oak Park Avenue This could include road texture changes and signage.
- Streetscape and bump outs recommended as pedestrian improvements.



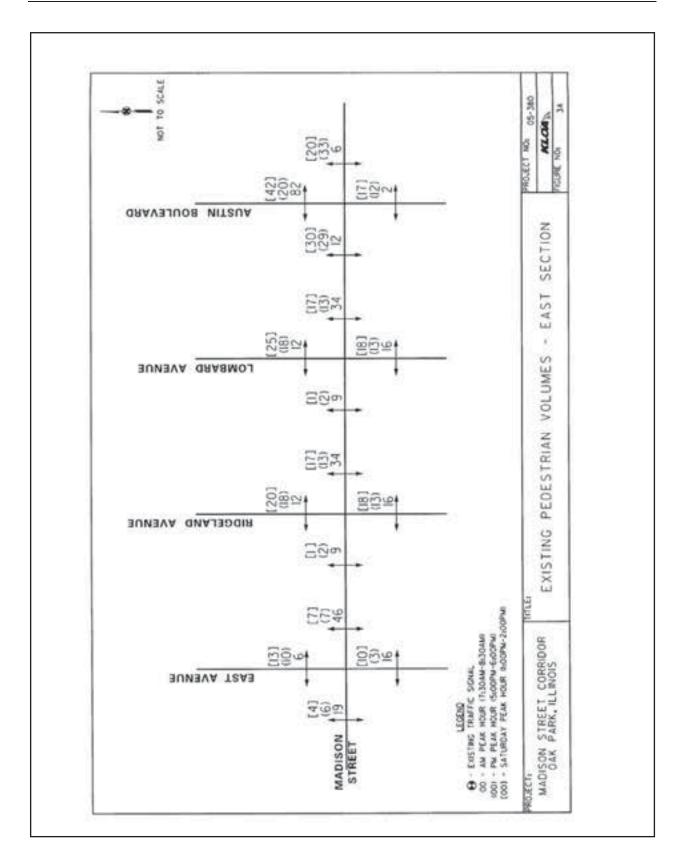
<sup>4</sup> 



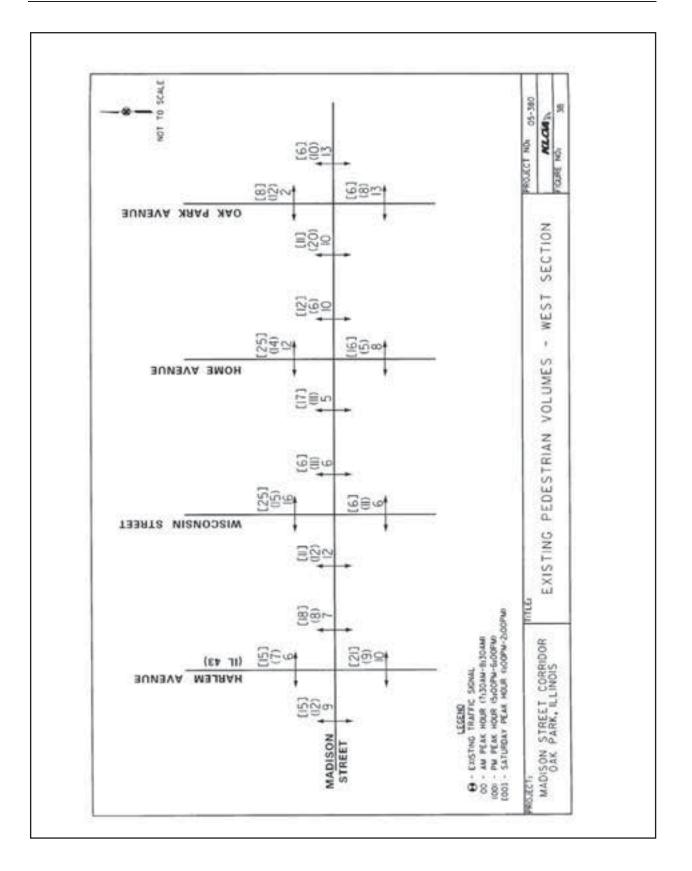




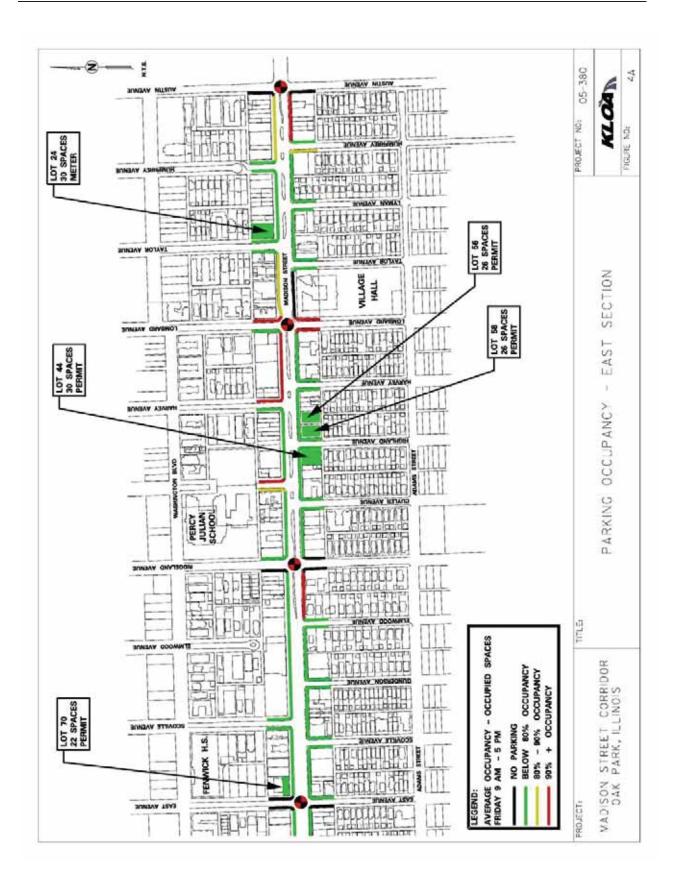
















•		its and utilize alleys for loading dedicated alley right-of-way.	and access where possible
	Create strategic pocks	t parking lots where possible.	
	Numerous site specifi	c suggestions.	
•	Generally look at way parallel east-west stre	rs to improve traffic on Madison Stre ets.	et to avoid intrusion onto other
	Review the possibility	of introducing a bicycle lane in the c	corridor.
		anes from four to two (one in each ing lane width, parking areas and ped	
	E E E E	and Findings	
Preli	iminary Evaluation	and a month?	
Road Inters excep	way Operations ection levels of service tion of Harlem Avenue	were performed at all eight signalize (P.M. peak hour) perform well. Tab	
Road Inters excep Table INTE	way Operations ection levels of service tion of Harlem Avenue 1 RSECTION LEVEL O	were performed at all eight signalize (P.M. peak hour) perform well. Tab F SERVICE-EXISTING CONDITI	le I below shows the results
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Road inters excep Table NTE NTE Inters Harle Wisco Dak F East / Ridge Lomb	way Operations ection levels of service stion of Harlem Avenue 1 <u>RSECTION LEVEL O</u> ection m Avenue onsin Avenue e Avenue Park Avenue Avenue eland Avenue	were performed at all eight signalize (P.M. peak hour) perform well. Tab F SERVICE—EXISTING CONDITION Weekday A.M. Peak Hour D A B C C C C	Ie I below shows the results ONS Weekday P.M. Peak Hour E A B C C C C C



The Village has undertaken a traffic signal interconnect and coordination project. This will assist in progressing traffic and improve operations. However, the operations along Harlem Avenue operate on a separate system. Without significant capacity or geometric improvements at Harlem Avenue, the LOS will not improve significantly.

An arterial LOS evaluation was performed for the roadway west of Oak Park Avenue to determine the possibility of reducing lanes and introducing other design features such as bike lanes or expanded parking lanes. It was determined that roadway operations would significantly suffer specifically in terms of queuing at intersections. Because of the close spacing of intersections, it is unreasonable to design a continuous widening and narrowing for this limited portion. East of Oak Park Avenue, any changes would require a reduction in existing pavement Consequently, these changes to the street operations are not recommended.

#### Parking

The results of the inventory and recording of occupied spaces indicate that in most block faces plentiful parking exists. The exceptions are near the Village Hall, the Park District Headquarters, and the block immediately west of Ridgeland Avenue (south side).

New or redevelopment areas should provide adequate parking for residential while some opportunity exists for commercial to share on-street and in lots.

12



## APPENDIX C: STEERING COMMITTEE MEETING MATERIALS

- Meeting Agenda
- Meeting Survey
- Survey Summary



## **Meeting Agenda**



## Date, Time and Place

Thursday, December 1, 2005 7:00 p.m. Village Hall

## Participants

Village of Oak Park:

Steering Committee Village Board of Trustees Village Staff <u>Consultant Team:</u> Vandewalle & Associates

Citizens

Kenig, Lindgren, O'Hara, Aboona, Inc. Goodman-Williams Group Nancy Seeger Associates Wiss, Janney, Eisner Associates, Inc.

## I. Introductions

A. WelcomeB. Participants (name and board)Consultant Team – project staff, general firm background

#### II. Project Overview

- A. Objectives and Final Products
- B. General Project Schedule
- C. Role of:
- Project Steering Committee
- Village Board of Trustees
- Village Staff
- D. Public Participation Events
- Stakeholder Interviews
- Public SWOT (Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats) Forum
- Public Visioning Forum
- Public Presentation of Vision Alternatives
- III. Surveys on Critical Issues and Project Goals
- IV. Discussion of Survey Results
- V. Final Thoughts and Wrap-Up

- Public Presentation of Preferred Vision
- Visual Preference Survey

Consultant Team

- Public Presentation of Draft Plan
- Final Plan Presentation



## Village of Oak Park MADISON STREET CORRIDOR PLAN KICK-OFF MEETING AGENDA December 1, 2005

#### **Meeting Survey**



# Village of Oak Park MADISON STREET CORRIDOR PLAN KICK-OFF MEETING SURVEY December 1, 2005

I am a: Village Board Member Steering Committee Member: Village Staff Member:

What absolutely should not change on the corridor?

What absolutely **should** change on the corridor?



madison street corridor	Village of Oak Park
	MADISON STREET CORRIDOR
	PLAN KICK-OFF MEETING SURVEY
Jun and	December 1, 2005
OAK PARK, ILLINGIS	
I am a: Village Reard Member	
Village Board Member Steering Committee Member:	
Village Staff Member:	
The Madison Street Corridor is missing	
0	
The Madison Street Corridor has too mu	ach



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# Village of Oak Park MADISON STREET CORRIDOR PLAN KICK-OFF MEETING SURVEY December 1, 2005

I am a: Village Board Member Steering Committee Member: Village Staff Member:

This project will be a success if it ...

This project will be a failure if it ...



## Survey Summary

#### What Absolutely Should Not Change on the Corridor?

# of	
Responses	Responses
Village Staff	
1	Center median
1	Historic feel
1	Location of Village Hall
Village Boar	
3	Keep a mix of retail/commercial/residential
2	Medians
1	Safe from crime
1	Use as a major arterial street
1	Wide parking
1	Green space
1	Hometown ma & pa business flavor
Steering Con	mmittee:
5	Keep unique/independent/small businesses
2	Full service bank
2	New streetscaping
2	Historic feel and buildings
2	Village Hall should stay
2	Hospital
1	Low cost restaurants (Al's, Rebozo, Mamathai)
1	Restaurant mix
1	Variety of building style and type
1	Commercial and economic vitality
1	Easy access which relates to strong customer potential
1	Reduce lanes of traffic
1	"Big box" retailers (congest traffic)
1	No more multi-unit residential (already depressed residential market)
1	Park District
1	Residential sense of place (small buildings and housing stock)
1	Boulevard feel
1	Greenspace

## What Absolutely Should Change on the Corridor?

# of	
Responses	Responses
Village Staff	
1	Land uses – need more vibrant businesses
1	Design elements – need upgrading of buildings and work areas
1	Create less auto-oriented; need more pedestrian-oriented
1	Enhance appearance
1	Enhance retail



# of	Bernaman
<b>Responses</b> Village Boat	Responses
2	Should be pedestrian friendly
2	Streetscape upgrade (building on recent work)
1	Revitalized retail/residential/mixed-use
1	Strengthened links on the entire east-west corridor; quick, clean, extended Oak Park
1	Consolidation of government/institutional uses
1	Should be a place people want to be
1	Too many fast food restaurants
1	Empty buildings
1	District 97 buildings should be sold for private development; office/public work
1 I	space relocated
Steering Con	
6	More pedestrian-friendly environment
3	Better parking
2	Fewer gas stations
2	Traffic patterns
2	Bike/ped transportation routes
1	Jewel Osco should be redone or removed
1	Better stores (businesses)
1	Appearance of storefront should be improved
1	More consistent scale of auto-oriented commercial uses
1	Garish national chain signage and fast food restaurants
1	Bunker buildings like Village Players and District 97
1	Fewer car rentals
1	Fewer auto body shops
1	Entry from Forest Park (currently Currency Exchange & Wendy's)
1	Building styles should be uniform and cleaned up
1	Need higher end retail
1	Development of "market place" which gives future development direction
1	Street should be narrowed to one lane each direction with one parking lane
1	Better landscaping
1	Improved signage/visual consistency
1	Reduce chain retail and parking lots
1	Need parking for retail
1	Slow down traffic
1	New planters are too big, dangerous sight lines for turns
1	Business code violations
1	More businesses for neighbors to shop; community businesses



# of Responses	Responses
Village Staff:	
1	Vibrancy at major intersection/residential/commercial uses
1	Identification
1	Key retail anchor development at Oak Park/Madison
1	Plan to guide Village's development efforts on cohesive basis
Village Board	
1	Pedestrian friendliness
1	Upscale retail
1	Health food store (Trader Joe)
1	Ethnic restaurants
1	Set back on building
1	Entryway marker uniting Oak Park and Chicago
1	Mixed-use at key nodes
1	Reason to be there
1	21 <sup>st</sup> century retail
1	East/west gateway development
1	Restaurant/night club opportunities
Steering Con	nmittee:
4	Pedestrian ease
3	Parking
2	Green space
2	Unifying characteristic/visual/design coherence
2	Coffee shop
1	Major retail (Starbucks, Linen N Things)
1	Jewel
1	Higher end retail
1	Updated retail for neighborhood
1	Places for students to go/shop/bars with music
1	Commerce/business vitality
1	Well-defined master plan
1	Professional office space
1	Unique building design
1	hotel
1	Better access
1	West end needs a gathering place
1	Easy biking
1	New development
1	Bakery
1	Book store
1	Veggie/organic restaurant/supermarket
1	10,000 Villages
1	Pet store
1	Infill construction/development

## The Madison Street Corridor is Missing...



# of	
Responses	Responses
1	Pedestrians
1	Rehab historic commercial building stretch

#### The Madison Street Corridor Has Too Much...

# of	
Responses	Responses
Village Staff	• • •
1	Land uses that don't cater to abutting residents
1	Out of date buildings
1	Check cashing businesses
1	Pizza places between Ridgeland and Lombard
Village Boar	rd:
2	Underutilized space
1	Hair/nail salons
1	Fast food restaurants
1	Empty buildings
1	Too many cookie cutter projects
1	Auto-oriented uses (drive to or drive through – no pedestrian)
1	Automotive uses (focus on cars themselves)
1	Stretches of uninviting businesses
1	Marginal retail/commercial uses
1	Taxing body properties which are not on the tax rolls (i.e. VOP, Parks, D97)
Steering Con	mmittee:
2	Underutilized commercial property
2	Unattractive storefronts
2	Hair salons and supply
2	Gas stations
2	Fast food
2	Dilapidated buildings
2	Auto body shops
1	Car dealerships
1	Auto-oriented construction/development
1	Film noire scene settings
1	Cars
1	Village owned parking lots
1	Street front parking lots (not street parking)
1	Non-tax paying properties
1	Non-commercial clusters
1	National chains
1	Laundromats
1	Currency exchanges
1	Condominium development
1	Cement buildings
1	Architectural design – especially more newer development
L	



# of	Pornance
Responses Village Staff	Responses
1	Achieves a consensus on how to move forward in revitalizing Madison Street
1	Satisfies the needs of the community
1	Is implemented
1	Has design review for new buildings and renovation
Village Boar	
2	Provides plan with clear implementation, steps, timeframes, catalyst projects
1	Does not allow the steering committee to control the public process
1	If there is a cross section of the community (demographics, location)
1	Is implemented and acted upon
1	If there is true participation from area residents on both sides of Madison Street
1	If new development is brought throughout the corridor
1	People are proud of it
Steering Co:	mmittee:
3	Is supported by stakeholders, residents
2	Creates a realistic and implementable vision
2	Adds small local business
2	Obtains input from many community sources and stakeholders
2	Revitalizes the district
2	Stimulates businesses
2	More green spaces (sustainability issues are followed)
2	Improves visual impact of street
1	Density is balanced with surrounding residential area
1	Keeps an open mind
1	Creates a more pedestrian and bike friendly corridor
1	Removes some of the gas stations with green space
1	Economic development for historic preservation
1	Provides sensible design improvement solutions for infrastructure and development
1	Balances new development and maintaining small businesses
1	Parking for the future demand
1	Brings coffee house and book store
1	Meets goals and objectives
1	Is supported by Village Board
1	Generates practical, creative ideas to be assembled into a master plan

## This Project will be a Success if it . . .

#### This Project will be a Failure if it . . .

# of	
Responses	Responses
Village Staff	
2	Doesn't have support from stakeholders
1	Sites on a shelf
1	Doesn't have a clear implementation plan and resources



Village Boa	rd:
3	Is not implemented
2	Is viewed as a closed process (general public cannot contribute equally)
1	Committee does not have minority participation
1	Board does not give good direction
1	Viewed as not bringing deep planning expertise
1	Stakeholders are not heard
1	It won't be a failure!
1	Does not have clearly identified implementation steps
Steering Co	mmittee:
2	Isn't supported by stakeholders
1	Isn't supported by Village Board
1	Does not revitalize the district
1	Does not achieve a consensus plan to be adopted by Village Board
1	Does not provide guidelines, rules and regulations to shape future development
1	If it appears quality of life of residents is not a top priority
1	Raises tax base
1	Attracts "big box" chain stores
1	Becomes political
1	Isn't implemented
1	If money is wasted
1	Replaces tax independent local businesses with national franchises
1	Adds congestion
1	Only changes land use from residential to commercial
1	Fails to provide parking
1	Fails to increase green space
1	Fails to increase pedestrian crossings
1	Is completely retail
1	Incorporates ugly, flat development like Artists' Square, Belmont Village & Sheiss
	townhomes
1	Does not meet goals and objectives

# **APPENDIX D: STAKEHOLDER INTERVIEW PARTICIPANTS**



## Village of Oak Park MADISON STREET CORRIDOR STAKEHOLDER INTERVIEWS December 2005

The following groups or individuals were interviewed as a part of the Madison Street Corridor Plan process:

- Balance
- Belmont Village
- Business Associations Council
- Chamber of Commerce
- Chicagoland Bicycle Federation
- CTA
- Deputy Village Manager
- East Madison Neighborhood Association
- Fellowship Church
- Fenwick High School
- First Bank of Oak Park
- Foley-Rice Auto
- Forum Oak Park
- Local Developer/Architect
- Madison Square Townhome Association
- Madison Street Business Association
- Neighbors for Madison Renewal
- Neighbors United
- New Leadership Party
- Oak Park Cycle Club
- Oak Park Development Corporation
- Oak Park Regional Housing Center
- PACE
- Park District Staff
- Percy Julian Middle School
- REDCOOP
- St. Catherine/St. Lucy Catholic Church
- Village Clerk
- Village Hall Staff
- Village Managers Association
- Village President
- Village Trustees (in separate meetings)
- Visitors Bureau



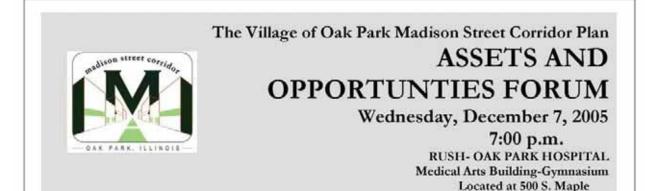
# APPENDIX E: PUBLIC ASSETS AND OPPORTUNITIES MATERIALS

- Forum Invitation
- Forum Press Release
- Forum Agenda
- Exercise One, Small Group Questions, Instructions and Summary
- Exercise Two, Mapping Exercise, Instructions and Result
- Individual Questionnaire and Summary





## Forum Invitation



The Village Board of Trustees and the Madison Street Corridor Plan Project Steering Committee have committed to creating a corridor plan for Madison Street reflective of the community vision. The Madison Street corridor and neighboring residential areas are an important part of the existing community, and a major event is being held to begin the planning effort for this area.

In order to create an effective plan, the Village of Oak Park invites all property owners, business owners, and residents of the area to participate in an Assets and Opportunities Forum. At the Forum, we will discuss the opportunities and issues facing this area and possible directions for the future.

The Forum will be an initial meeting for the creation of a Corridor Plan for Madison Street. The new plan will help guide the growth, development, and redevelopment of the corridor. The Plan will spell out the way the public would like to see this area improved, and inform decision-makers on how that translates to improving the quality of life for residents, as well as improving the business climate and area aesthetics.

Your input early in the planning process is extremely important to help the Village prepare a Plan that reflects the vision, goals, and values of its citizens and businesses.

At the Forum, participants will be asked to express their opinions about current opportunities and future issues, and identify goals to help manage changes in the Madison Street area. This is your chance to give voice your opinions about the character of this important corridor. This is a fun and entertaining experience. **Please plan to attend!** 

\*SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR PROJECT SCHEDULE

We look forward to seeing you on December 7th!

> Questions? Please contact Planning and Community Development at (708)358-5418



#### Forum Press Release





Madison Street Planning 2-2-2

Additional public forums are planned, and the community will be kept up to date through a special project website expected to go on-line before the end of the year.

For more information call 358.5425 or email <u>comsvcs@oak-park.us</u>. Information also will be posted at <u>www.oak-park.us</u>.

###

A project schedule is attached.





## Forum Agenda

Γ

DAK PARK, ILLINOIS	MADISON STREET COR Assets and Opportunities	
	Agenda	
<ul> <li>1. Introduction</li> <li>Welcoming comments</li> <li>Orientation to Forum objective</li> <li>Questionnaire instructions</li> </ul>		0 <b>0 – 7:10 p.m.</b> 5 min. 5 min.
	Reporter for each group oup questionnaire n's top responses on large sheets sponses to each question on fresh large	<b>0 – 8:05 p.m.</b> 5 min. 10 min. 15 min. 10 min. 15 min.
Break	8:05	– 8:15 p.m.
<ul> <li>3. Mapping Exercise: Targeting <ul> <li>Oral instructions</li> <li>Mapping exercise</li> <li>Summary of Results</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. Wrap-up <ul> <li>Describe next steps in the plan</li> <li>Open Forum for comments, que <li>Collect questionnaires</li> </li></ul> </li> </ul>	ning process	5 – 8:55 p.m. 5 min. 20 min. 15 min. 55 – 9:00 pm.



#### Exercise One, Small Group Questions, Instructions and Summary



# Village of Oak Park MADISON STREET CORRIDOR ASSETS AND OPPORTUNITIES FORUM SMALL GROUP QUESTIONS December 7, 2005

This exercise is intended to get your perspective on the future of Madison Street. Please think broadly about existing conditions and the future of the corridor.

After you read the following questions, please write a brief response to the question. At the end of this meeting, we will ask that you return this sheet, so please write as neatly as possible.

Please take 10 minutes to write down your responses to both of the following questions. After everyone completes this sheet, we will ask you to share and discuss your thoughts with your table group.

What DON'T YOU LIKE about Madison Street - what would you most like to change?

What DO YOU LIKE about Madison Street - what absolutely must stay the same?





This exercise is intended to get your perspective on the future of Madison Street. Please think broadly about existing conditions and the future of the corridor.

After you read the following questions, please write a brief response to the question. At the end of this meeting, we will ask that you return this sheet, so please write as neatly as possible.

Please take 10 minutes to write down your responses to both of the following questions. After everyone completes this sheet, we will ask you to share and discuss your thoughts with your table group.

What are some of the <u>THREATS/CHALLENGES</u> facing Madison Street both today and in the future?

What are potential <u>POSITIVE TRENDS/OPPORTUNITIES</u> for Madison Street both today and in the future?





This exercise is intended to get your perspective on the future of Madison Street. Please think broadly about existing conditions and the future of the corridor.

After you read the following questions, please write a brief response to the question. At the end of this meeting, we will ask that you return this sheet, so please write as neatly as possible.

Please take 10 minutes to write down your responses to both of the following questions. After everyone completes this sheet, we will ask you to share and discuss your thoughts with your table group.

What defining features would you describe about Madison Street to someone outside of the community – what is Madison Street's image to <u>YOU AND OTHER RESIDENTS</u>?

What would <u>YOU LIKE</u> the image of Madison Street to be?





This exercise is intended to get your perspective on the future of Madison Street. Please think broadly about existing conditions and the future of the corridor.

After you read the following questions, please write a brief response to the question. At the end of this meeting, we will ask that you return this sheet, so please write as neatly as possible.

Please take 10 minutes to write down your responses to both of the following questions. After everyone completes this sheet, we will ask you to share and discuss your thoughts with your table group.

What defining features would people who do not live in Oak Park use to describe Madison Street – what is <u>THEIR</u> image of the corridor?

What do you think their image SHOULD BE?





This exercise is intended to get your perspective on the future of Madison Street. Please think broadly about existing conditions and the future of the corridor.

After you read the following questions, please write a brief response to the question. At the end of this meeting, we will ask that you return this sheet, so please write as neatly as possible.

Please take 10 minutes to write down your responses to both of the following questions. After everyone completes this sheet, we will ask you to share and discuss your thoughts with your table group.

What should the role of Madison Street be for the <u>OAK PARK COMMUNITY</u> – what function(s) should it serve?

What should the role of Madison Street be for the <u>CHICAGO REGION</u> – what function(s) should it serve?



#### What DON'T YOU LIKE about Madison Street - what would you most like to change?

Table 3	Table 8
<ul> <li>No gathering places</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lack of pedestrian traffic</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Uninviting appearance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No continuity</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Underutilized land</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Needs mixed use/heights</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Lack of independent businesses</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Old, poor buildings</li> </ul>
Uninteresting businesses	<ul> <li>Lack of community respect</li> </ul>

#### What DO YOU LIKE about Madison Street - what absolutely must stay the same?

Table 3	Table 8	
<ul> <li>Wealth of surrounding neighborhood</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Potential</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Open traffic corridors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Boulevard feel</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Present building heights</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Small, individually owned businesses</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Medians</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Location; easy access</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Small, individually owned businesses</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Village Hall</li> </ul>	

# What are some of the <u>THREATS/CHALLENGES</u> facing Madison Street both today and in the future?

Table 1	Table 6	
Stagnation	<ul> <li>Lack of retail business</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Traffic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Type of retail isn't attractive</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Safety &amp; security</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Old buildings condition and size</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Pedestrian-unfriendly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Traffic; too much, too fast, safety at crossing</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>No more residential density</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Post rush hour sparse</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Need business incentive</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lack of parking</li> </ul>	

# What are potential <u>POSITIVE TRENDS/OPPORTUNITIES</u> facing Madison Street both today and in the future?

Table 1	Table 6
<ul> <li>Family/ped-friendly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Townhomes &amp; Belmont &amp; Village Hall good</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Revitalized retail</li> </ul>	anchors
<ul> <li>Unite business/residential/commercial</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Village has property &amp; good availability</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>More green</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Great access to Eisenhower &amp; public</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>More architecturally significant legacy</li> </ul>	transportation
<ul> <li>Revitalize corridor from blue to green line</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Investments by larger businesses</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Streetscape just redone east of Oak Park</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Village services</li> </ul>



What defining features would you describe about Madison Street to someone outside of the community – what is Madison's Street image to <u>YOU AND OTHER RESIDENTS</u>?

Table 2	Table 7
<ul> <li>Not part of Oak Park atmosphere</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uninviting thoroughfare</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Pass through</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Odd mix of businesses</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Not appealing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Not pedestrian-friendly</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>No personality</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dark and unsafe in some areas</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Narrow with less greenspace</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tired buildings</li> </ul>

#### What would <u>YOU LIKE</u> the image of Madison Street to be?

	Table 2		Table 7
-	Destination for the neighborhood	-	Friendly neighborhood business districts
-	Small town experience	-	Pleasant metropolitan thoroughfare
-	Focused retail plan	-	Good place to live
-	Landscaping, beautification	•	Good place to work
-	Slow traffic & add parking		-

# What defining features would people who do not live in Oak Park use to describe Madison Street – what is <u>THEIR</u> image of the corridor?

Table 5	Table 10
<ul> <li>Major E/W passageway</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Buildings not oriented to street and sidewalk</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Unwelcoming</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Too many public buildings (school, City</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Not ped-friendly</li> </ul>	Hall)
<ul> <li>Too many of same kinds of retail</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More office buildings</li> </ul>
• Village institutions (First Bank, Village Hall,	<ul> <li>Dark</li> </ul>
Park District)	<ul> <li>Underutilized</li> </ul>
Change to more residential development	

## What do you think their image SHOULD BE?

Table 5	Table 10		
<ul> <li>Ped-friendly access</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ped-friendly access</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>More vital, affluent appearance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Boutiques/cafes/restaurants</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Less parking congestion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gathering places</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Planned residential development</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mixed-use</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Balanced mix of retail so people want to stop</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More parking</li> </ul>		
and shop			





What should the role of Madison Street be for the <u>OAK PARK COMMUNITY</u> – what function(s) should it serve?

Table 4	Table 9	
<ul> <li>Mixed-use</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Major corridor of Oak Park; "showcase"</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Greenspace</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ped-friendly</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Ped/bike friendly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mixed-use commercial/residential</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Cohesive development plan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Village buildings to stay or go?</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Consistent architectural theme</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Community center; convention parking</li> </ul>	

# What should the role of Madison Street be for the <u>CHICAGO REGION</u> – what function(s) should it serve?

Table 4	Table 9	
<ul> <li>Supporting destination – Lake Street, Frank</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Magnet for people traveling to and from city</li> </ul>	
Lloyd Wright	<ul> <li>Magnet for Chicago business for expansion</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Theme destination – Art, antique</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Integration of East/West</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Architectural design standards</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Model for linear development (rather than</li> </ul>		
block by block)		



## Exercise Two, Mapping Exercise, Instructions and Result



# Village of Oak Park MADISON STREET CORRIDOR ASSETS AND OPPORTUNITIES FORUM MAPPING EXERCISE INSTRUCTIONS December 7, 2005

The purpose of this exercise is to identify areas in the community that should be singled out for special focus in the plan. Each of you will receive 6 colored dots in any color combination of their choosing. The dots will be distributed by the "Dot Dealer" assigned to your table. Place your dots on the area of the map where you believe the special or problem or conditions, corresponding to the color code below, exist. Feel free to add comments on the margins to describe the issue, drawing a line connecting the dot to the comment.

## DOT COLOR CODE:

BLUE: Preservation sites. Sites of high cultural or historic value that should be preserved or restored.

**YELLOW:** Revitalization sites. These are problem sites and/or buildings that have value and should be maintained (both the structures and the underlying land use) but that currently present problems related to crime or poor property maintenance.

**BRIGHT ORANGE:** Redevelopment sites: These are sites and/or buildings that that are functionally obsolete, vacant, or blighted or where major conflicts with adjoining properties dictate that they be cleared for some other building or use.

**RED**: Traffic "hot spots": These are specific places where the transportation network system is overloaded, failing, or simply dangerous – typically, sites with a high incidence of collisions, vehicle-pedestrian conflicts, poor pedestrian connections/crossings to adjoining neighborhoods, speed zones, or poor sightlines.

**GREEN**: Public amenities: Areas where public facilities are currently lacking and should be introduced. Public facilities include such things as parks, pedestrian connections, outdoor markets, landscaping and recreation facilities.

**LIGHT ORANGE**: Important places: Places that define Madison Street or Oak Park or important community gathering places – places that are important to the community and should remain in that role.

Note: The purpose of the exercise is to reveal *consistency* of feeling, thought or opinion among participants as measured by the clustering of dots at specific points on the map. Therefore do not assume that if someone has already marked your target area(s) that you have a "freebie" to use someplace else. Also, if one of your target areas is larger than two adjacent sites, please use two dots of the same color to mark the beginning and end points of the target area and then "fill in" the area between them with a similarly colored marker.







#### Individual Questionnaire



# Village of Oak Park MADISON STREET CORRIDOR ASSETS AND OPPORTUNITIES FORUM December 7, 2005

## Assets and Opportunities Individual Questionnaire

#### 1. What should be the primary focus of this plan? (Choose two)

- Improving corridor aesthetics. (e.g. streetscape, landscaping, signage, design controls, blight removal etc.)
- Improving the functionality of the corridor. (e.g. access controls, signalization, reducing traffic/land use conflicts, traffic-calming, etc.)
- Small/local business development
- Selective redevelopment of small areas within the corridor
- Improving the residential areas adjoining the corridor
- Increased retail and services (large and small)
- Greater employment opportunities
- Housing on Madison Street
- Mixed-use development (residential and commercial in the same building)
- Enhanced tax base (property and sales tax)
- Improving pedestrian connections along and across Madison Street

2. What is missing on the Madison Street Corridor?

3. What absolutely should change on the Madison Street Corridor?

4. What absolutely should not change on the Madison Street Corridor?

5. Please comment on other aspects of the project



#### Individual Questionnaire Results

#### 1. What should be the primary focus of this plan (Choose 2)

# of			
Responses	Responses		
16	Improving corridor aesthetics (e.g. streetscape, landscaping, signage, design controls,		
	blight removal, etc.)		
13	Mixed-use development (residential and commercial in the same building)		
7	Increased retail and services (large and small)		
6	Enhanced tax base (property and sales tax)		
6	Improving the functionality of the corridor (e.g. access controls, signalization,		
	reducing traffic/land use conflicts, traffic-calming, etc.)		
6	Small/local business development		
6	Improving pedestrian connections along and across Main Street		
3	Selective redevelopment of small areas within the corridor		
1	Greater employment opportunities		
1	Housing on Madison Street		
0	Improving the residential areas adjoining the corridor		

#### 2. What is missing on the Madison Street Corridor?

# of		# of	
Responses	Responses	Responses	Responses
11	Greenspace	2	Sit-down restaurants
7	Pedestrian-friendly	1	Hotel
7	Small neighborhood stores/shops	1	Bike-friendly
7	Landscaping/streetscaping	1	Theaters
5	Cohesion	1	Speed zones
5	Business/retail development	1	Vision
5	Restaurants	1	Winter garden
4	Well-designed parking	1	Uniqueness
4	Public gathering space	1	Setbacks
4	Inviting atmosphere	1	Sense of place
3	Destination feel	1	Municipal animal control facility with
			adoption shelter
2	Charm/character	1	Defined nodes at Oak Park Avenue,
			Ridgeland, Harlem, Austin
2	Good mix of residential/	1	Development does not interrelate
	commercial development		
2	Pedestrians	1	Chaotic
2	Beauty	1	Too many hair salons, beauty supply
2	Sense of community	1	Civic
2	The Oak Park feeling	1	Live music
2	Coffee shops	1	Life
2	Outdoor cafes	1	Rec center
2	Arts Center	1	Trolley cars



# of		# of	
Responses	Responses	Responses	Responses
5	Parking	1	Car washes
4	Redevelop non-taxpaying	1	Need businesses consistent with
	properties		neighborhood
3	Traffic is much too fast	1	Run down properties
3	Pedestrian access	1	National fast food chains
3	Underutilized	1	Wind tunnel
3	Aesthetics	1	Small town feel
2	Need good mix of businesses	1	Revitalize west end
2	Traffic	1	Coziness
2	Redevelop vacant land	1	Combine District 97 and Park
			District & move to less commercial
			area
2	Streetscapes	1	Unify
2	More retail	1	Move with mall from Lombard to
			Madison & Oak Park
2	Lit areas to attract pedestrians	1	Reduce currency exchange
2	Improve storefronts	1	Dark areas
2	More restaurants	1	Avoid big box
2	Only function as Eisenhower	1	Zoning prevents larger retail
	alternative		development
1	No new 6 story buildings	1	Reduce beauty shop
1	Less secondary retail usage	1	New mixed use
1	Get rid of "drive-through"	1	Development approach restricted
	tendencies		by Village
1	Rash thinking	1	Encourage independent businesses
1	Greed of developers	1	setbacks

#### 3. What absolutely should change on the Madison Street corridor?

#### 4. What absolutely should not change on the Madison Street corridor?

# of		# of	
Responses	Responses	Responses	Responses
4	Family businesses	1	Low-rise buildings
4	Zoning height maximum	1	СТА
4	Landscaping	1	Jewel
3	Historic areas & buildings	1	Cash traverse
3	Diversity of businesses	1	Feeling of neighborhood
3	Village Hall	1	Car dealerships
2	Pocket Park at Home (SE	1	Village Players should stay on
	Corner) where homeless visit		Madison Street
2	Cadillac showroom	1	Sidewalks
2	Number of lanes (though width	1	Auto repair
	can change)		
2	Commercial character	1	Medians



2	Traffic access	1	Holiday decorations
2	Parkway	1	New planters
2	Foley Rice	1	Carriage walks
1	Setback requirements	1	Link to Forest Park
1	Free flow of large traffic volume	1	Residential
1	Restaurants	1	Boulevard feel
1	First Bank	1	Increase pedestrian traffic

#### 5. Please comment on other aspects of the project

# of	
Responses	Responses
4	More pedestrian-friendly
3	More destination retail
2	More landscaping
2	Implementation strategy is very important
2	Bring restaurants
1	Stronger development guidelines
1	Controlled development theme
1	Would like green buildings
1	Reflect architectural significance of town
1	Realistic about possible retail
1	Residential development stabilizes neighborhoods
1	Keep a small town atmosphere
1	Absorb ideas that have been expressed
1	Zero lot lines please
1	Less left turns allowed
1	Change the image and character
1	Do not become a street of large apartment buildings
1	Our opportunity to grow our economy
1	Grow tax base
1	Bring national retailers
1	Mix with boutique shops
1	Traffic calming needed
1	Beautification
1	No strip malls
1	Renovation of facades
1	Meetings need better sound system or less background noise
1	Blow up Jewel and improve it
1	Gathering places
1	Focus on Oak Park Avenue
1	Village owned properties
1	Good luck, hope to continue to be part of the process

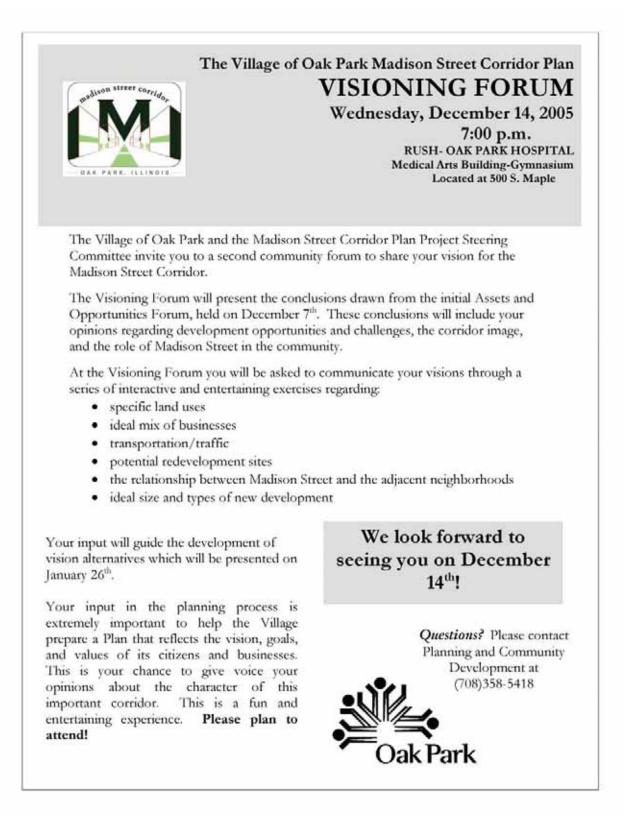


# APPENDIX F: PUBLIC VISIONING FORUM MATERIALS

- Forum Invitation
- Forum Press Release
- Forum Agenda
- Exercise One, Small Group Questions, Instructions and Summary
- Exercise Two, Mapping Exercise, Instructions and Results



#### Forum Invitation



#### Forum Press Release



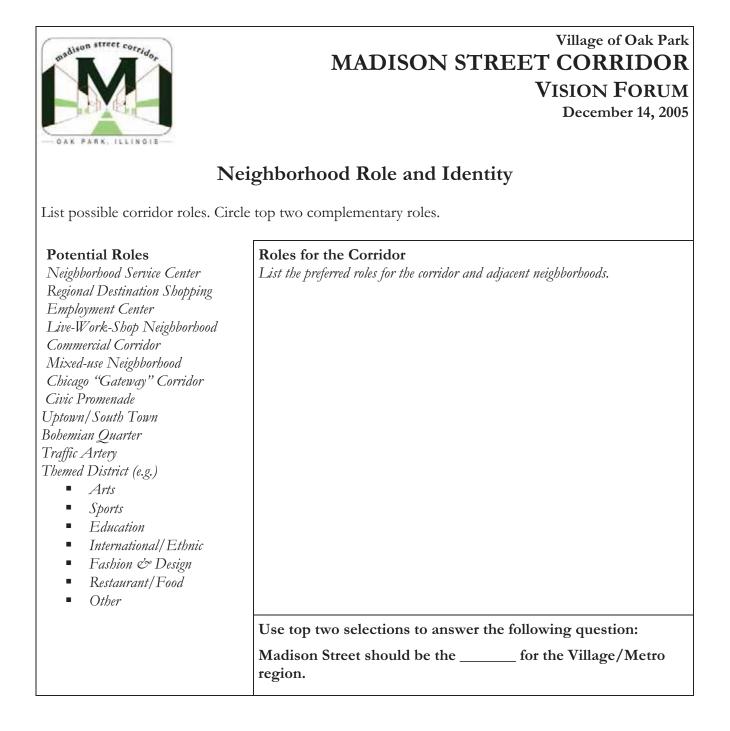


## Forum Agenda

madison street coreidor	Village of Oak Park MADISON STREET CORRIDOR			
OAK PARK, ILLINDIS	VISION FORUM December 14, 2005			
Agenda				
<ol> <li>Introduction         <ul> <li>Session Goals</li> <li>Agenda Review</li> <li>Summary of December 7<sup>th</sup> Session</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<b>7:00 – 7:15 p.m.</b> 5 min. 5 min. 5 min.			
<ul> <li>2. Identifying the Role of Madison Stree</li> <li>Select Facilitator &amp; Recorder for each</li> <li>Individual exercise: Participants iden</li> <li>Individuals report their top 2 roles to</li> <li>Each table consolidates and ranks top</li> </ul>	n group 5 min. ify key roles for the corridor 5 min. their group on large sheets 10 min.			
Break	7:45 – 7:55 p.m.			
<ul> <li>3. Corridor Analysis</li> <li>Development/Use Patterns</li> <li>Key Issues</li> </ul>	7:55 – 8:05 p.m.			
<ul> <li>4. Planning a Model Section of Madison</li> <li>Typical Street Segment</li> <li>Group Exercise: Participants record</li> <li>Groups report highlights (as time alloced)</li> </ul>	recommendations on base map			
<ul><li>5. Concluding Comments</li><li>Next Steps</li></ul>				



## Exercise One, Small Group Questions, Instructions and Summary





# of Responses	Responses
<u>8</u>	Mixed-use
5	Live, work, shop area
3	Theme district
3	Add to design of Oak Park
2	Curb appeal
2	Regional destination
1	International/ethnic theme
1	Period architecture
1	Architectural branding/consistency
1	Entertainment/nightlife/theatre
1	Greenspace
1	Civic promenade
1	Good business mix
1	Commercial corridor
1	Small, independent shops and restaurants
1	Welcoming gateway
1	Slow down traffic
1	Increased density
1	Village center
1	Environmental springboard
1	Urban boulevard
1	Shopping destination
1	International/ethnic theme
1	Mixed use
1	Civic promenade
1	Service-oriented functions
1	Pedestrian-friendly
1	Enhanced image
1	West end 4 lanes down to 3
1	No junior Eisenhower
1	Curb appeal like other neighborhoods
1	Daytime retail and nighttime activities
1	Regional retail
1	Retail history
1	Gateway
1	Traffic
1	Functional pockets: civic, car care, retail, restaurants
1	Commercial corridor
1	Magnet for local and family businesses
1	Regional theme districts
1	Neighborhood-useful retail; grocery, deli, drug store

#### Neighborhood Role and Identity Results



#### Exercise Two, Mapping Exercise, Instructions and Results



## Village of Oak Park MADISON STREET CORRIDOR VISION FORUM December 14, 2005

# Instructions

Each table has been provided a map of a model segment of the Madison Street Corridor. Working as a team, each group should develop a "plan" for this segment of the corridor that considers the following variables:

- Transitions between corridor and residential neighborhoods
- Circulation
- Activity/Use Mix
- Density/Intensity
- Public Amenities
- Development/Street Character
- Parking

The maps should be annotated with descriptive text using Post-It notes. The maps may be illustrated with thumbnail images of varies building types/uses. The Post-Its and pictures should be placed in the shaded boxes on each map. (Note: when selecting pictures, think primarily about scale, character, and general use that the picture conveys. Do not select based on "brand association" or specific store type.)

Each team will have 40 minutes to complete this exercise.





## Village of Oak Park MADISON STREET CORRIDOR VISION FORUM December 14, 2005

#### Patterns: Constraints and Opportunities

#### A. General

- Narrow lot depth
- Close proximity to residential
- Alleys
- Historic building stock
- Large, open span structures
- 1. Primary Street Intersection
  - Commercial exposure to two busy streets
- 2. Typical Block Near School
  - Proximity to school and activities
  - Nearer higher density residential
- 3. Typical Block, Northside
  - Larger blocks
  - Proximity of higher density residential
  - Southern exposure
- 4. Typical Block, Southside
  - Smaller blocks
  - Proximity of lower density residential
  - Northern exposure
- 5. Public Amenities of Madison Street
  - Medians, terraces, lighting and furnishings
- 6. Alley/Side Street
  - Transition between neighborhood and Madison Street
  - Proximity to residential
  - Important functions

#### Questions

- 1. What are appropriate uses?
- 2. What is the appropriate scale (height/density)?
- 3. What is the appropriate architectural character?
- 4. How will pedestrians circulate?
- 5. Where should structures be located?
- 6. Where should parking be located?
- 7. Should public amenities be incorporated? Where?
- 8. How do you handle the transition between commercial and residential blocks?



#### Mapping Exercise Results

Responses			
Desired Uses			
Retail/commercial/residential above 3 to 4 story Northside			
Retail/professional on ground floor or 1 to 3 story on Southside			
Open space			
Professional offices			
No 100% residential			
Residential (commercial is overrated)			
Balance of commercial uses			
Small businesses			
Balance between residential and mixed-use			
Variety of businesses active at different times			
All mixed-use			
Scale			
4 story, 50 foot maximum			
60 foot major corners (particularly North side)			
3 story scale			
10 story throughout whole corridor			
3 to 4 stories throughout corridor			
5 stories at sidewalk			
Stepback to 8 stories			
Architectural Character			
Masonry			
Setback large buildings from street			
Cobblestone			
Taller buildings than in pictures			
Maintain significant architectural/historic value			
New architecture attractive and interesting			
Mimic Oak Park's vintage style			
No particular style			
Historic preservation			
Signage rules			
Repeating architectural elements			
Good fit for Oak Park			
Contextual design			
Pedestrian Circulation			
Pedestrian walkways and plazas			
Pedestrian-friendly			
Bump outs			
Structure Location			
Relocate government services			
Parking Location			
Parking garage			
More dedicated parking adjacent to retail			
More dedicated parking adjacent to retail			



Central parking			
Public parking			
One underground parking structure per area			
Employee parking			
No parking structure on Madison Street			
More parking for Village Hall			
Public Amenities			
Public art			
Strategically placed Oak Park artwork			
Transition Between Commercial and Residential			
Buffer zones between commercial and residential			
Cul-de-sacs and diverters for one-way streets			
One-way streets			
Shuttle service			
Reanalysis of Madison Street right-of-way			
Streets, Circulation			
Slow traffic			
Prevent Madison Street form being a motor speedway			
Widen intersection at Madison Street			
Widen street (even if need to demolish buildings)			
Expand route of shuttle			
One-way street system			
One-way side streets, alley as diverter			



# **Vision Alternatives**



# Village of Oak Park Madison Street Corridor



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table of Contents	1
Introduction	2
It's About Vision, Not Precision	2
Alternative Visions	2
Character Districts	4
Character District #1: Accessible Commercial Retail District	4
Character District #2: Linear Park & Mixed-Use District	
Character District #3: Destination Commercial and Institutional District	16
Transportation Options	
Thoroughfare	
Boulevard	25
Multi-modal	
Vision Alternatives	31
Alternative A	
Alternative B	
Alternative C	

### INTRODUCTION

#### It's About Vision, Not Precision

As detailed in the *Inventory Report and Opportunity Analysis*, the Madison Street corridor through Oak Park is a large and complex amalgam of uses with a varying appearance and character throughout its length. Accordingly, creating a single theme and redevelopment strategy applicable to the entire one and half-mile length is unrealistic. Rather, a more realistic approach is to create highly identifiable nodes or segments, each with a strong sense of place, along with unifying elements that tie the nodes and segments together. However, at this stage of the process, the focus needs to be on larger goals, objectives and themes that define the general character and function of the corridor and some key concepts around which a more detailed plan and redevelopment strategy can be built.

The Vision Alternatives presented here, and the Preferred Vision that ultimately will be constructed, are intended to establish a *direction* not a *destination*. With a corridor of this length and complexity, change will be incremental and take place over a very long period of time. The focus at this point, then, should not be on specific properties or uses but more at a thematic level. At this level, existing sites, buildings and businesses certainly should be considered; however, it is unrealistic to expect that every property will perfectly fit the chosen vision, even over the long term. Given the eclectic nature of the corridor, such inconsistencies will be impossible to avoid. Therefore, this should not be viewed as a limiting factor in selecting a vision but rather one to be addressed as part of the overall implementation strategy of the final plan. Thus, in no way should such an inconsistency be interpreted to mean that an existing use/business is automatically inappropriate, unwanted or targeted for removal/relocation simply because it does not fit the chose theme for the area.

#### Alternative Visions

The Vision Alternatives presented here are intended to represent a realistic, yet broad spectrum of possibilities for the Madison Street corridor. These were prepared to initiate discussion with the community on a wide variety of issues and options as a starting point for crafting a Preferred Vision that a majority of the community can support. The three alternatives presented here are by no means the only alternatives, nor does the consultant team expect that any one of them will receive widespread support without some refinements. However, the consultant team believes they are the best method by which to introduce an expansive range of issues and solutions in an understandable form such that members of the Steering Committee and public can provide the feedback and direction necessary to construct a Preferred Alternative.

The history, location and configuration of the corridor enable a wide range of redevelopment options, providing almost an infinite number of combinations of uses, themes, streetscape improvements, and transportation alternatives. To accommodate this diversity in a manageable and understandable manner, the Vision Alternatives consist of two primary variable parts – Character Districts and Transportation Options. As shown on the Vision Alternatives, the locations of Character Districts can be arranged in any number of combinations that may, or may not, be altered depending on the Transportation Option chosen for the corridor.

#### Character Districts

Based on an analysis of existing conditions and potential market opportunities, three distinct Character Districts have been developed. While others are certainly possible, the consultant team believes these capture the most realistic options, although additional refinements are certainly



expected. Obviously, each of these Districts will be easier to apply to some areas of the corridor than others, but all three have some potential to work at almost any location or segment of Madison Street.

#### Transportation Options

The three Transportation Options are intended to apply to the entire length of Madison Street through Oak Park and are, therefore, intended to be mutually exclusive. Further, while the Thoroughfare and Boulevard Options can be implemented incrementally over time, the Multimodal Option would have to be fully constructed from one end to the other before it would be operational.

#### Putting It All Together

The three Vision Alternatives presented are not random options but rather are predicated on accomplishing a broader set of goals. A short narrative accompanies each alternative that describes the goals and generally how the particular option accomplishes them.



# **CHARACTER DISTRICTS**

#### Character District #1: Accessible Commercial Retail District

The character of this District is a highly accessible corridor providing a wide variety of retail, service and restaurant uses for a large trade area. Attracted by the existing high traffic volumes and easy access from the surrounding market area, smaller national retailers are drawn to the District, which in turn draws more customers who patronize the local retailers and restaurants in the area as well. The overall character and pattern of development is linear and consists of an eclectic mix of old and new buildings with some unique identity/concentrated activity provided at key intersections as part of new development projects. Redevelopment is focused on infill and adaptive reuse where possible, but also property consolidation and demolition where necessary to achieve adequate sites, particularly for parking. The design quality of new buildings is generally high and an improvement over the standard "corporate" or trademark designs of most national retailers. Modest streetscape features, such as large trees and decorative light poles with banners, contribute to a sense of visual unity through the District.

#### Targeted Uses

- Retail, restaurants and services
  - auto parts and service
  - gasoline sales
  - antique car dealers and restoration
  - motorcycle dealers
  - casual dining chains
  - smaller national/regional chain retail (discount stores, drug stores, convenience, electronics)
  - dry cleaning
  - banking and financial services
- Back office operations, both large and small, that require Class B or C office space
- Business services, contractor shops and show rooms that require larger, inexpensive space with good proximity/accessibility to their service areas

#### Development Pattern

- Primary pattern is linear along Madison with focus/greater intensity at primary intersections
- New development is primarily within existing commercial zoning district, but some modest encroachments (1 to 3 lots deep) into adjoining residential areas may be required to obtain adequate parcels sizes, particularly for parking

#### Historic Preservation, Building Form, and Architectural Design

- Mix of old and new buildings
- Building reuse is encouraged but not required (expect for the most significant landmarks) as sites will have to be assembled to accommodate new commercial uses
- Design controls mitigate corporate architecture and provide an overall higher quality of materials and signage
- Buildings and stores are well-lit
- Buildings pulled up to the sidewalk with parking off to the side
- Buildings are one to four floors in height



#### Streetscape and Open Space

- Streetscape improvements within existing right-of-way of Madison Street to enhance general appearance, including street trees, decorative light poles and banners
- Building entry plazas encouraged, but few significant public or private open space/gathering areas are provided

- Incremental approach is used but started with redevelopment of sites already under Village control
- Overall moderate level of effort, primarily by Village, with some partnerships with retail/business development groups to recruit developers/tenants and provide modest incentives
- Moderate initial public investment (primarily streetscape and some traffic flow improvements), with more significant investment possible as tax increment is created
- Moderate return investment/increase in tax base over a 5 to 10 year period of time



#### **Character District #1: Accessible Commercial Retail District**

- Mix of Old and New Buildings
- High-quality Design
- Modest Streetscape Features
- Mitigated Corporate ArchitectureBuildings at Sidewalk
- One-to-Four Stories
- Building Reuse
- Mixed-use









Character District #1: Accessible Commercial Retail District

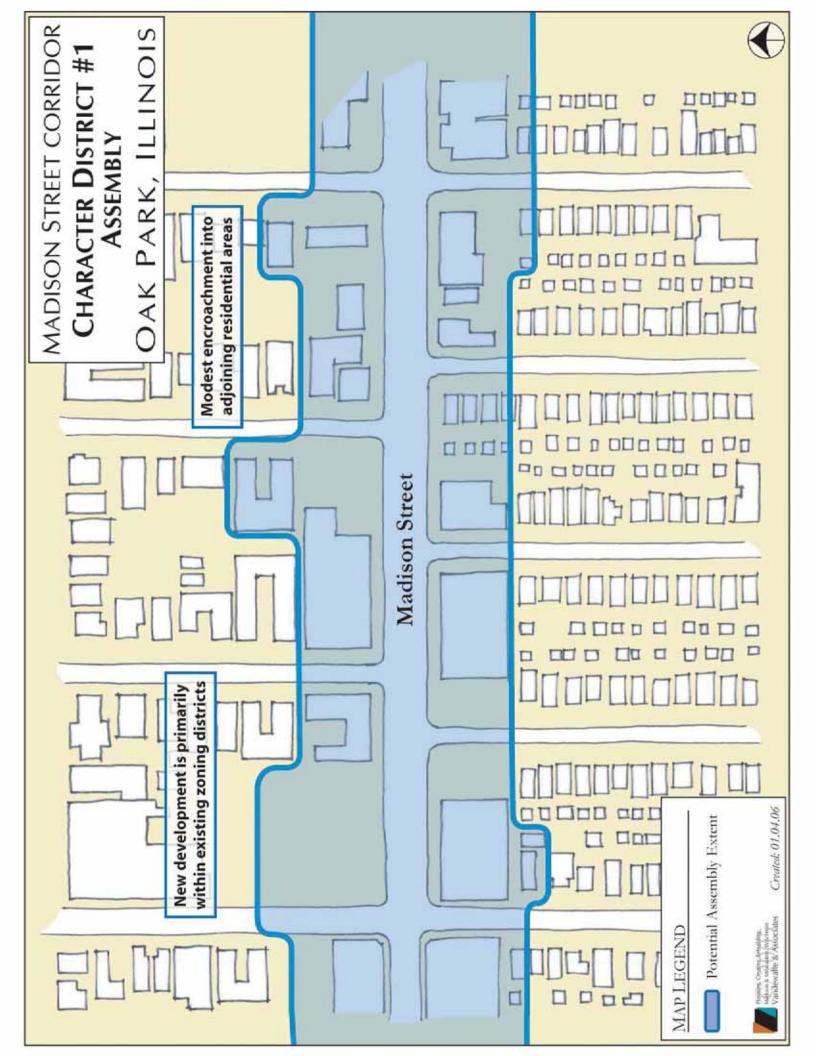


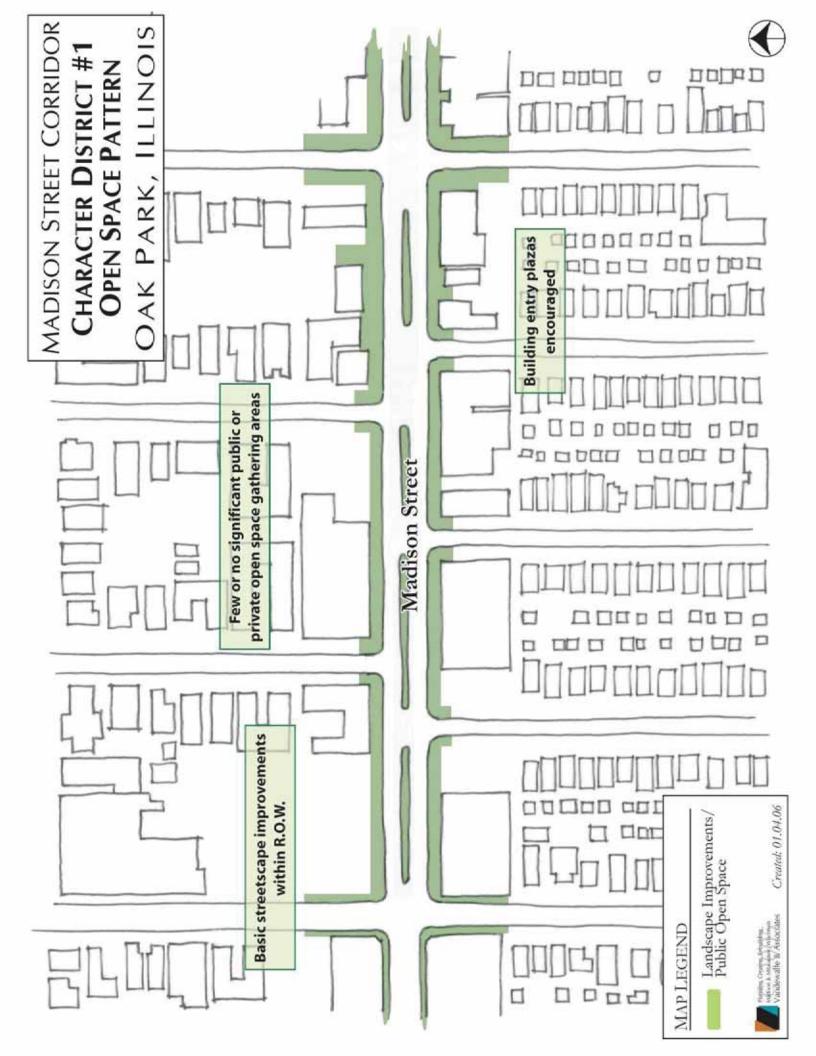












#### Character District #2: Linear Park & Mixed-Use District

Within this District, the character of the Madison Street corridor is transformed to a greenway with a focus on landscaping and open space, historic preservation, small-scale neighborhood commercial uses, and residential units. Capitalizing on both Oak Park's past and future as a leader in innovative architecture and historic preservation, a key anchor on the corridor is a "green" building restoration demonstration center operated by a non-profit organization and/or university. The center serves as an anchor in a regionally-recognized "design center" that includes a variety of specialty building materials, building furnishings, contractors and craftsmen, and design service uses located in rehabilitated buildings. Also included are a variety of commercial uses serving the adjoining neighborhoods, including those that provide services to residents who work from their homes. The Madison Street right-of-way is heavily landscaped as a "linear park" with wide sidewalks and a series of small and large public open spaces. Portions of the District that have a narrower right-of-way have larger building setbacks to comfortably accommodate pedestrians and the continuity of the greenway.

#### Targeted Uses

- Retail, restaurant and personal services draw from adjoining neighborhoods
- Retail and services aimed at those working from home including:
  - copy centers
  - office supply stores
  - computer sales and service
  - cell phone stores
  - mailing services
  - stationary stores
  - graphic design service
  - web site design services
  - accounting services
  - legal services
- Mixed-use with ground floor retail and upper floor office and/or residential
- In selected areas, residential uses are located on Madison Street, including courtyard flats and/or urban townhomes
- Niche focus on "green" adaptive reuse and historic preservation, including:
  - green building demonstration center
  - architectural salvage retail and wholesale
  - green design center with contractor showrooms
  - specialty hardware and building materials
  - green/rehabilitation cluster of design professionals (architects, landscape architects, engineers, interior design, etc.)

#### Development Pattern

- Primary pattern is linear with highly visible and active open spaces and gathering areas added at key points
- New development is contained within existing commercial zoning district with minimal encroachment into adjoining residential areas



#### Historic Preservation, Building Form, and Architectural Design

- Focus is on historic preservation, adaptive reuse and infill with demolitions generally limited to only non-contributing/minimally contributing structures
- Secretary of the Interior standards enforced for historic preservation, but rehabilitation and reuse employ cutting-edge "green" restoration techniques to obtain LEED EB certification
- New building design is of high quality and significantly driven by context of the surrounding area but also includes "green" features as necessary to obtain LEED NC certification

#### Streetscape and Open Space

- Significant streetscape features incorporated within existing right-of-way to create a "linear park"
- Public pocket parks and plazas provided throughout the District to provide people-watching and rest areas for pedestrians
- Significant public gathering areas provided that include interactive amenities, such as pop-jet fountains, and/or facilities to host small festivals and other special events
- Display areas incorporated throughout the District (such as every corner) for permanent and revolving art exhibitions run by public/non-profit arts association
- Development regulations require open spaces, gathering areas, entry plazas, and/or site amenities like fountains and sculpture for redevelopment projects
- Along areas with narrow right-of-way, building setbacks are required to provide for wider sidewalks and landscaped areas

- Significant front end effort needed to establish necessary partnerships between Village and other governmental and non-profit organizations
- Significant initial investment needed for streetscape improvements and property acquisition for open space
- Significant incentives needed to encourage building reuse and rehabilitation
- Public acquisition of additional property will result in initial loss of tax increment that would then grow modestly, but steadily, over time



# Character District #2: Neighborhood-Oriented & Mixed-Use District • Mixed-use Development

- Green Building
  Adaptive Reuse and Historic Preservation
- Active Open Spaces
- High-quality DesignVertical mixed-use











# Character District #2: Neighborhood-Oriented & Mixed-Use District





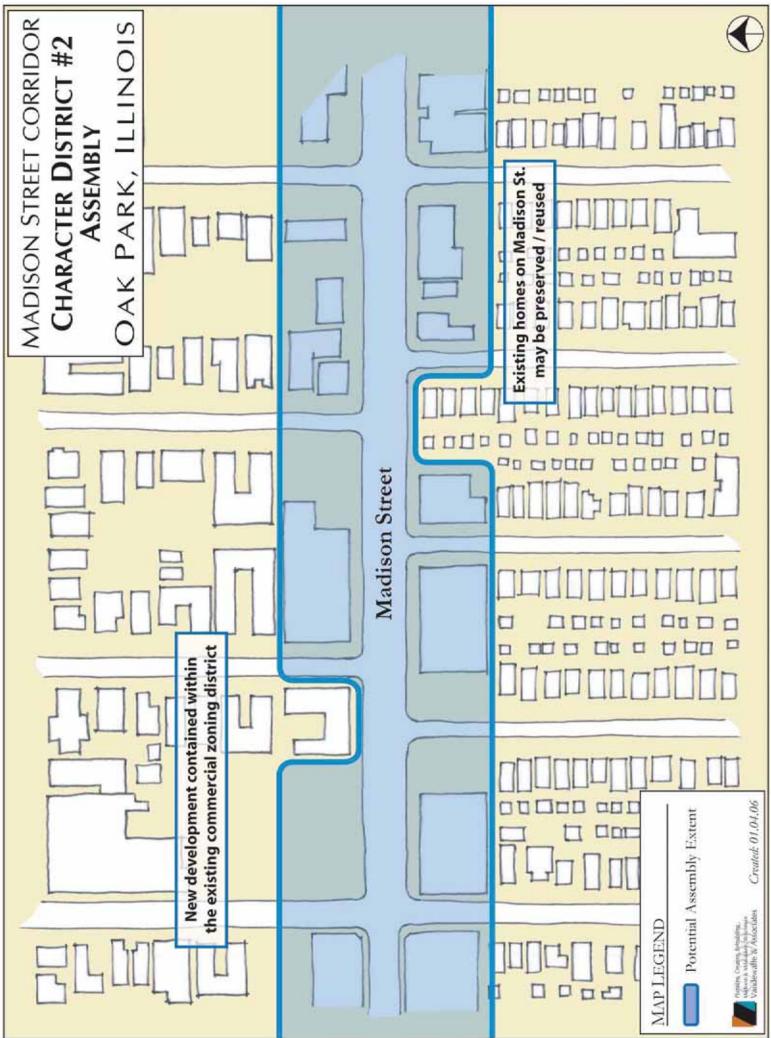


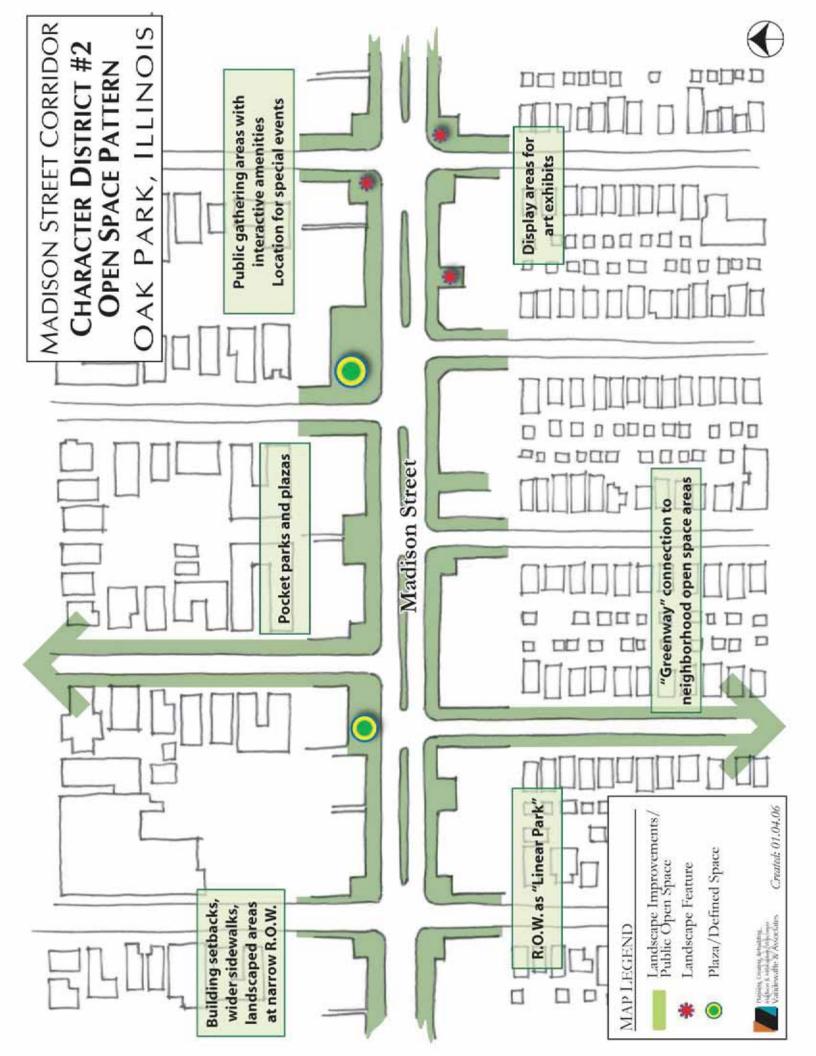












#### Character District #3: Destination Commercial and Institutional District

The uses in this District include at least one recognized regional destination, providing a variety of attractions, sports and entertainment uses. Existing destinations include the Park District gymnastics facility, Fenwick gym and natatorium, and Oak Park Hospital. Potential new destinations could include a conference hotel, museum, heath and wellness center, and entertainment complex. Within the District, the visibility and accessibility to the existing and/or new destination uses is enhanced and supported by a host of ancillary uses, including restaurants and specialty retail, which serve the destination use visitors. Parking is consolidated in structures, and streetscape enhancements are provided to facilitate moving visitors within the District. New destination uses are in high quality buildings exhibiting innovative designs consistent with Oak Park's history of architectural excellence. Ancillary uses occupy restored historic buildings, contributing to an authentic sense of place.

#### Targeted Uses

- Small conference hotel with national reservations system
- A museum (architecture, history, transportation, ethnic/racial diversity)
- Health and wellness uses including:
  - health and fitness club
  - health food stores
  - organic food stores and restaurants
  - acupuncture
  - chiropractic
  - yoga and meditation
  - massage therapy
  - physical rehabilitation
  - sports injury rehabilitation
- Recreation/entertainment uses including
  - pool hall
  - arcade
  - bowling alley
  - laser tag
  - paintball
  - archery
  - art/foreign movie theatre
  - performing arts theatre/black box
  - coffee house with performance stage
  - Antique/classic car showrooms
- Ancillary uses that serve visitors of destination uses

#### Development Pattern

- Some existing destination uses increase their visibility and accessibility through additional land acquisition around the existing site or relocation, either of which may result in encroachments into adjoining residential areas
- New destination uses will likely require larger land areas resulting in significant encroachments (5+ lots deep) into adjoining residential areas



• Ancillary uses will reuse existing buildings or consist of smaller infill projects with minimal encroachments into residential areas

#### Historic Preservation, Building Form, and Architectural Design

- New destination uses are of the highest design quality that respect their surroundings but also express the architectural innovation for which Oak Park is known
- Site assembly for destination uses may result in the loss of some historic structures
- Ancillary uses are showcased in the restoration of prominent historic buildings
- Design controls ensure than all new structures contribute an overall high quality appearance and are consistent with the uses and context of each activity area
- Most buildings are 2 to 4 stories, with destination uses having larger footprints and heights up to 6 stories

#### Streetscape and Open Space

- Streetscape improvements within existing right-of-way of Madison Street (including street streets, decorative light poles and banners) that create a unique identity for the district while maintaining unity with the remainder of the corridor
- New public gathering and open space areas are co-located with destination uses
- Sidewalk widths and amenities are enhanced along Madison Street to provide attractive connection between centralized parking areas and uses within an activity area

- Requires significant partnerships with other governments, non-profits and businesses
- Can be started immediately with redevelopment of key sites already under Village control
- High level of effort to identify, select and locate destination uses
- Generally modest upfront investment in public improvements, except for structured parking which could be significant
- Significant incentives likely required to attract key uses
- Increment from initial projects can be used to fund additional land acquisition and parking facilities
- High returns possible with initial projects, with substantial property and sales tax base growth over time

#### Character District #3: Destination Commercial & Institutional District

- Museum
- Entertainment Complex
  Large Footprint
  Regional Destinations
  Consolidated Parking

- Architectural Innovation and Quality











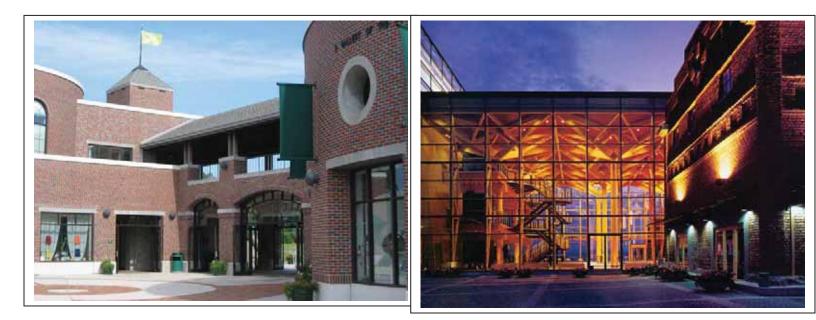


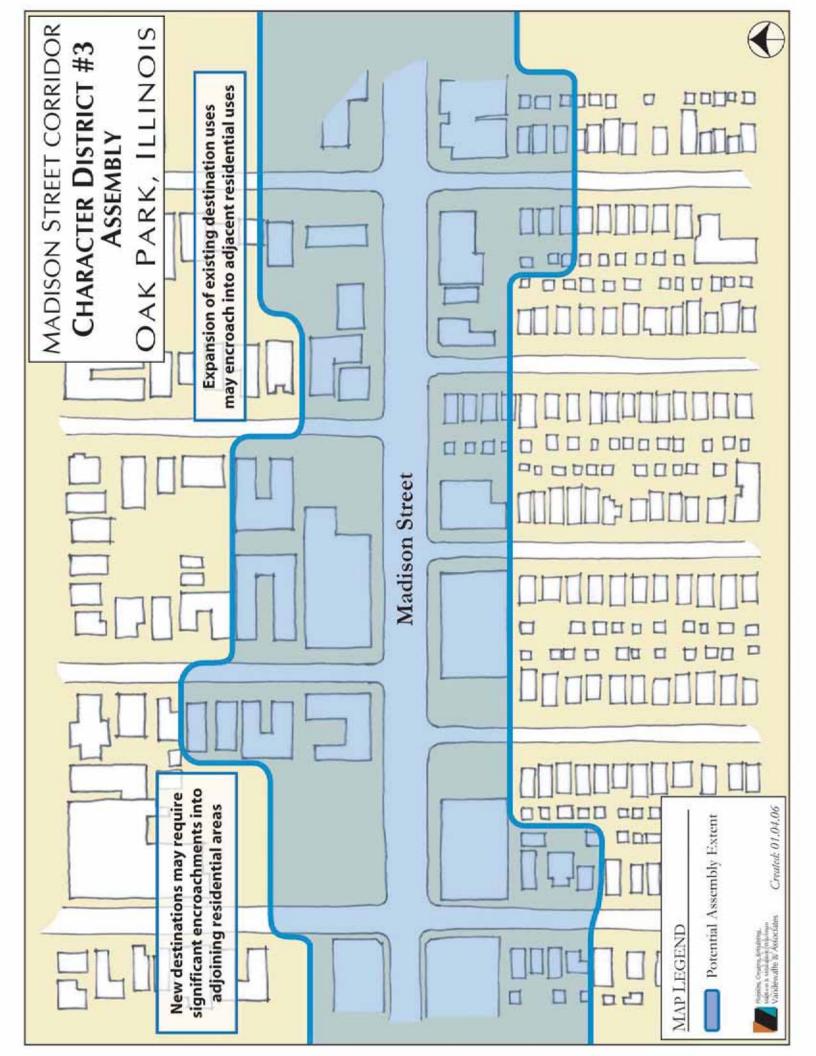
Character District #3: Destination Commercial & Institutional District

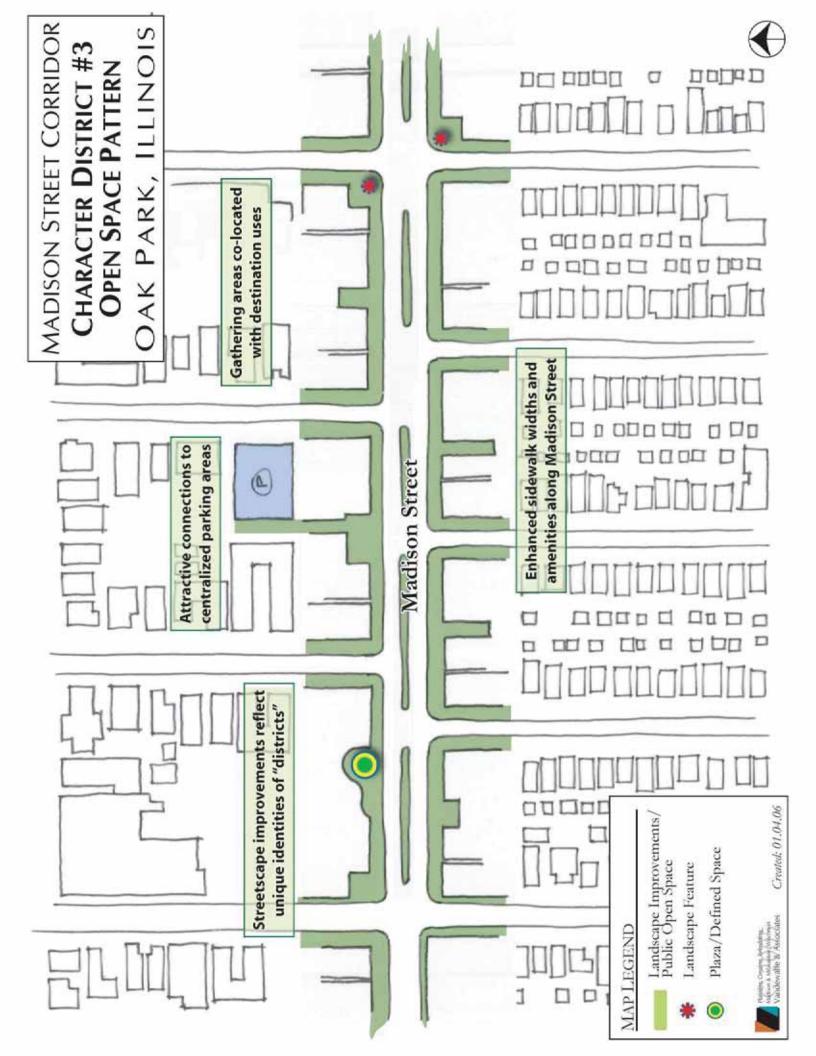












# TRANSPORTATION OPTIONS

#### Thoroughfare

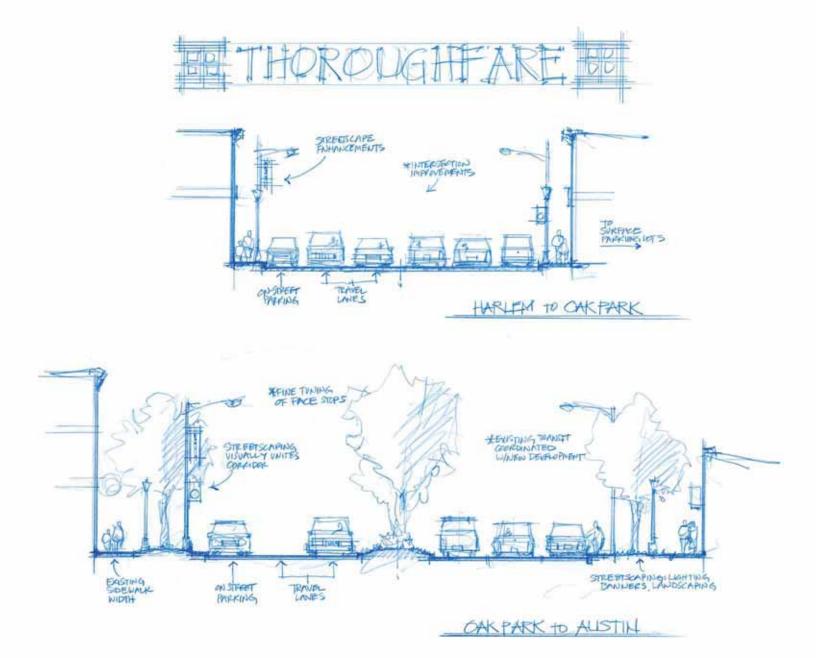
The Thoroughfare option is designed primarily to maintain and improve traffic flows through the corridor. No new significant transit options are included, but existing transit is coordinated with traffic and uses as redevelopment takes place. Parking is generally on surface lots on individual lots (as opposed to public or private parking structures), although new projects may include sub-surface parking for residential or office tenants.

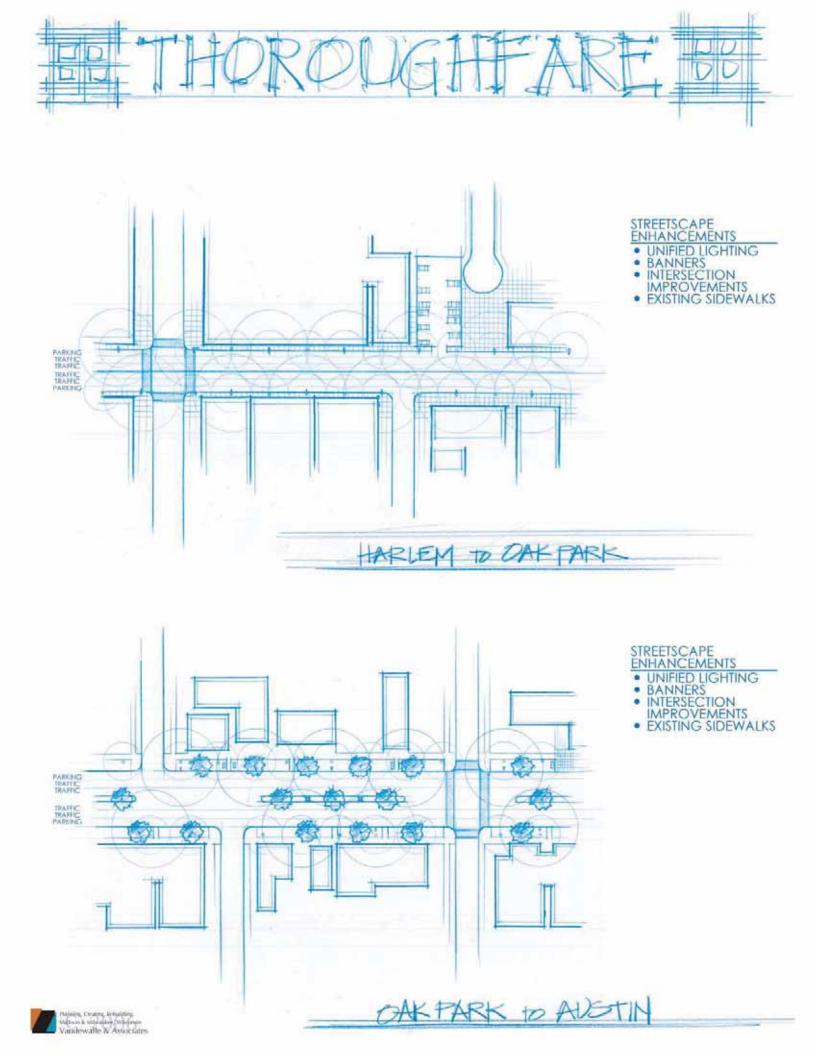
#### General Components

- Exiting geometry (four travel lanes, two parking lanes) of Madison Street is unchanged to maintain traffic flows and accommodate anticipated increase in traffic from new development
- Intersection improvements and signal timing fine-tuned to minimize congestion on Madison while also maintaining good traffic flow between Madison and primary north-south arterials (Harlem, Austin, Ridgeland, Oak Park) to improve auto accessibility to and from the corridor
- Fine tuning of Pace bus stops along Madison to coincide with more significant uses/primary activity areas
- Parking provided on each site, primarily in privately-owned surface lots, although a few key
  projects may have structured parking
- Streetscaping (trees/lighting/banners) primarily used to improve the appearance of the corridor and provide visual sense of unity along the entire corridor

- Can be started immediately and constructed incrementally (in segments) with modest initial and future improvement costs
- Directed mostly by Village with modest level of coordination with other agencies
- Funding sources include TIF, MFT and state enhancement grants







#### Boulevard

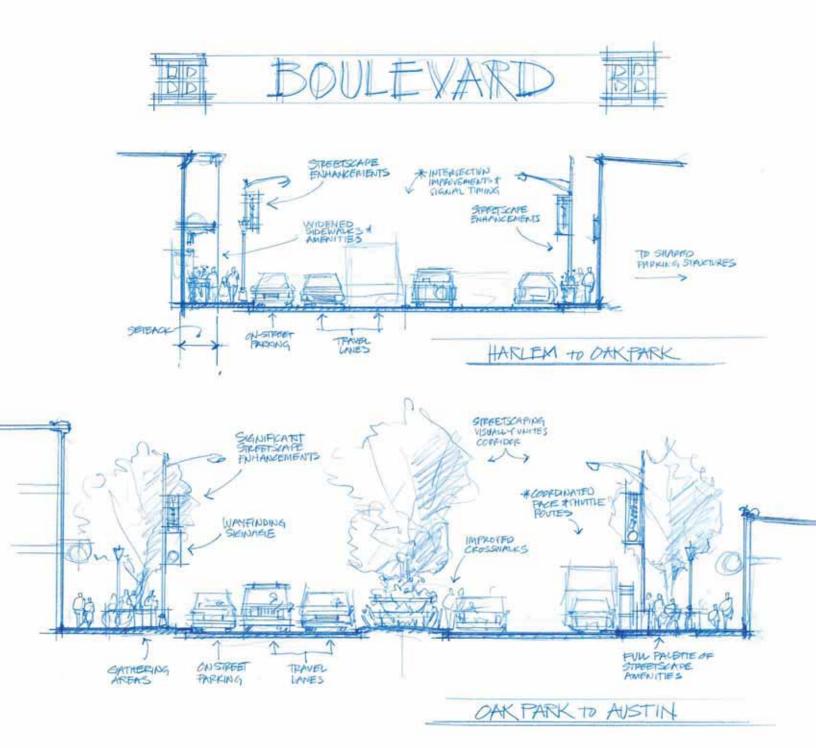
Under the Boulevard option, the existing lane geometry of Madison Street is unchanged to accommodate existing and increased traffic flows. However, the right-of-way is significantly enhanced with a full palette of streetscape amenities including trees, lighting, wayfinding signage, benches and gathering areas to improve appearance and to accommodate pedestrians. Further, shared structured parking is provided at key activity areas. In addition, the Pace buses and the Village shuttle are rerouted and better coordinated to provide efficient transit options between Madison Street and other activity centers within Oak Park and the region.

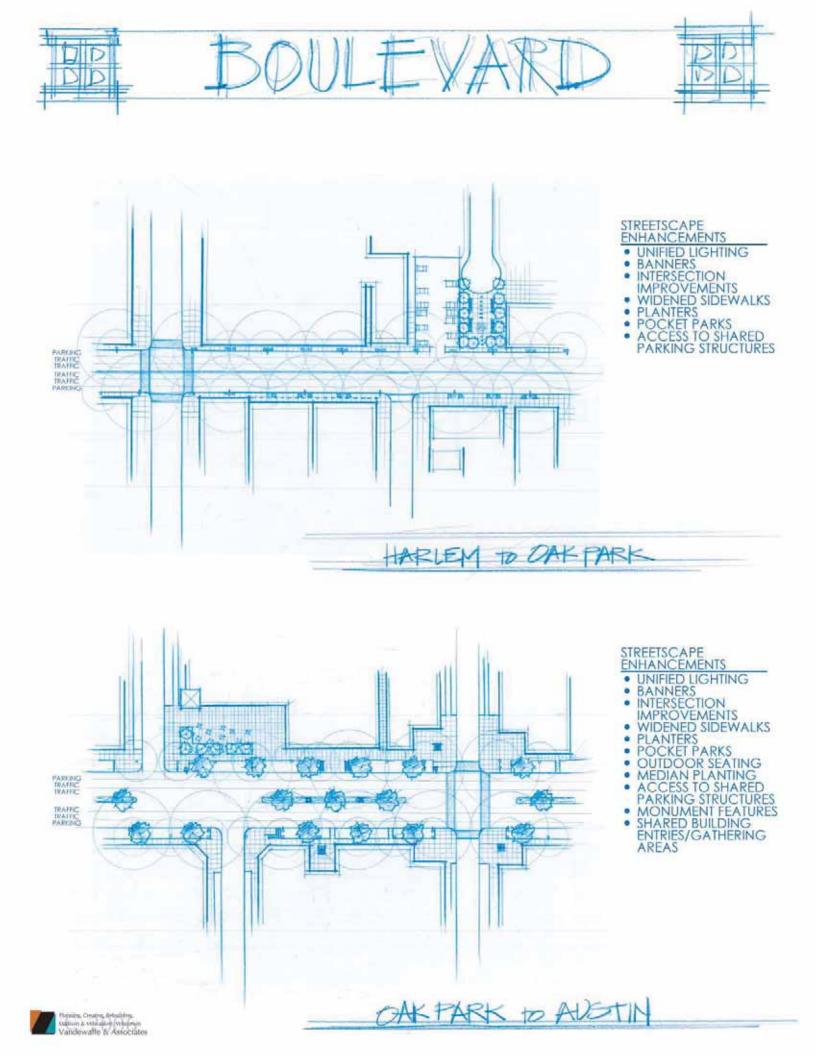
#### General Components

- Existing geometry is unchanged to accommodate existing and increased traffic volumes
- Pace bus stops and schedules adjusted to transport people between primary uses/activity areas on Madison Street and other major activity areas within the region
- Village shuttle stops and schedules adjusted to transport people between primary uses/activity areas on Madison Street and other activity areas within the Village, including regional transit stations
- Public/shared parking lots and structures provided in concert with primary uses/major activity areas
- Streetscaping visually unifies the corridor while also including amenities for pedestrians

- Requires significant initial investment in streetscaping but can be constructed incrementally
- May require additional vehicles and employees for Village shuttle service
- Requires increased coordination with Pace
- Funding sources include TIF, MFT, state enhancement grants, parking revenues and state transit funds







#### Multi-modal

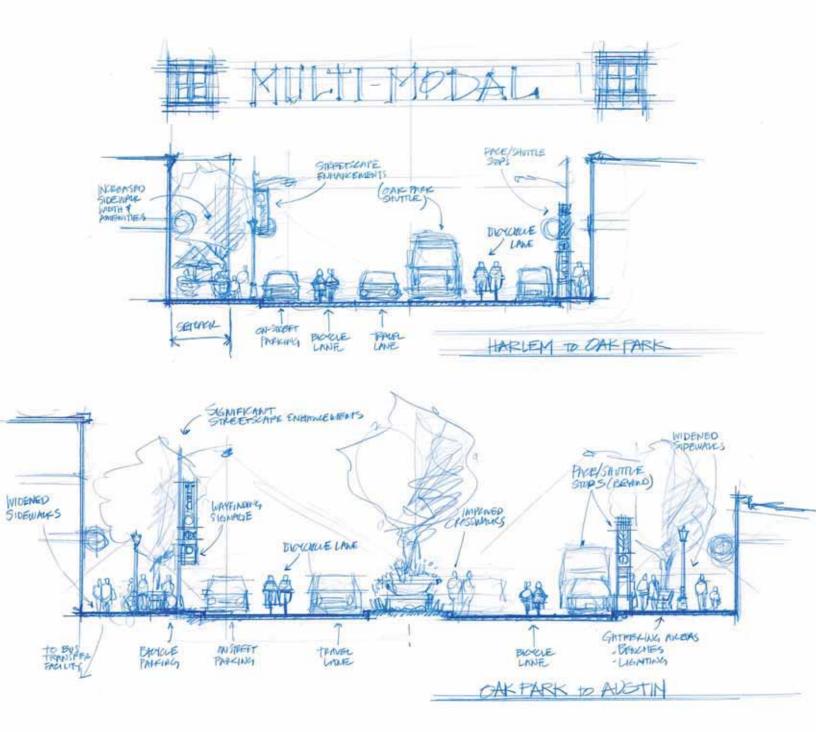
Under this option, the Madison Street corridor offers a full range of transportation options. Cars continue to move through the corridor but are less dominate and share the right-of-way with enhanced service from Pace buses, the Village shuttle, bicycles and pedestrians. Bus routes and connections are better coordinated to connect the corridor to other regional activity centers and service could be tied to a new mixed-use, transit-oriented project that incorporates a relocated CTA/Pace bus transfer facility. The Village shuttle is re-routed to serve as a "streetcar" in moving passengers up and down Madison Street, and a bicycle lane is added in both directions, possibly in lieu of one of the existing through traffic lanes. Streetscape enhancements are significant and similar to those described under the Boulevard option to improve pedestrian movement down and across the corridor.

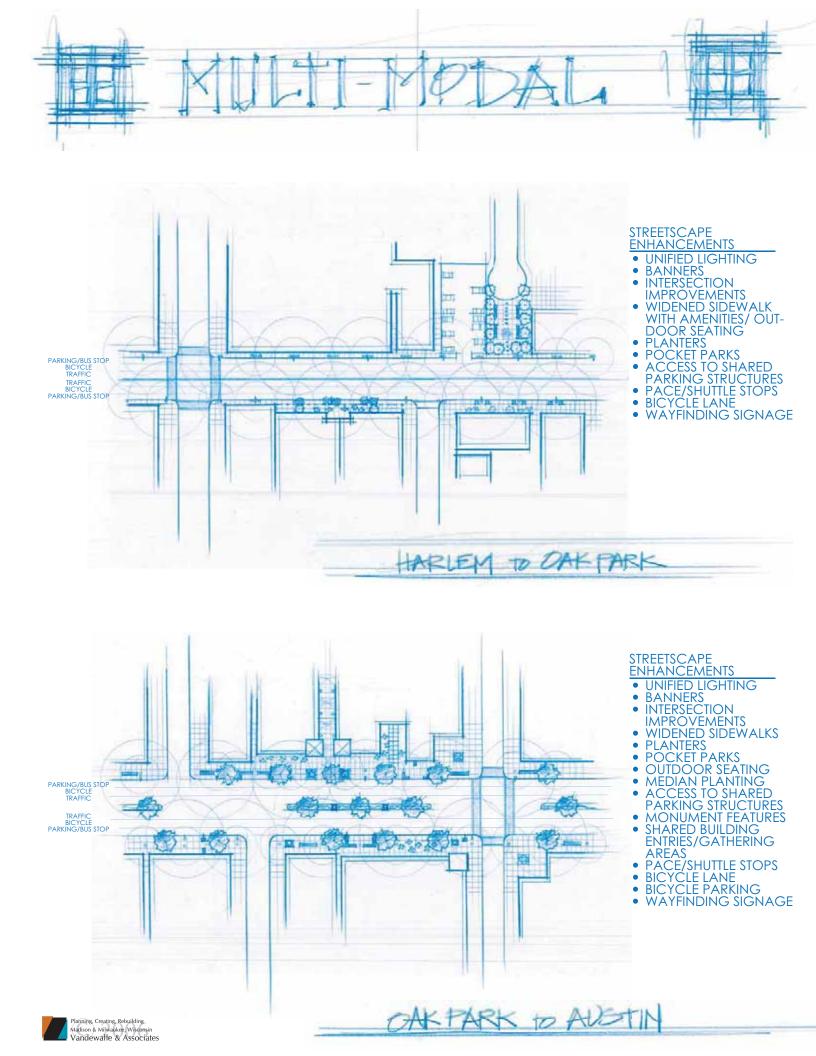
#### General Components

- Pace provides improved service down Madison Street that includes traffic signal pre-emption to enhance efficiency in transporting people to other major destinations within the region
- Existing CTA/Pace bus transfer site at Austin relocated into Oak Park as part of mixed/transitoriented development
- Village shuttle rerouted to serve as "streetcar" along entire length of corridor to transport people within the corridor
- Sidewalk widths and amenities enhanced along Madison Street to increase pedestrian use along the full length of the corridor
- Sidewalks widths and amenities enhanced along side streets to improve pedestrian access to Madison Street
- Significant crosswalks constructed on Madison to improve safety and access across the street
- One travel lane removed in both directions of Madison Street and replaced with bicycle lane, resulting in decreased traffic volumes

- Requires significant initial investment in streetscaping and right-of-way/intersection improvements to accommodate bicycle lane throughout entire length of the corridor – cannot be constructed incrementally
- Requires additional vehicles and employees for Village shuttle service
- Requires significant coordination with Pace, CTA and IDOT
- Requires significant coordination with private developer for transit-oriented development incorporating the bus transit center
- Funding sources include TIF, MFT, state enhancement grants, state transit funds, RTA







## **VISION ALTERNATIVES**

#### Alternative A

Alternative A capitalizes on the high level of accessibility to the corridor from a larger trade area, with a focus on uses and a development pattern similar to that described in the Arthur Anderson study. Most of the segments in the corridor reflect Character District #1, with some pockets of neighborhood-oriented uses/Character District #2. The Transportation Option is the Thoroughfare, which helps facilitate a high volume of vehicular traffic along the entire length of the corridor while also providing a modest level of beautification to unify the appearance from one end to the other.

The Hospital and related uses anchor the far west end, while the intersection with Oak Park Avenue is developed as a primary commercial node with a large commercial or mixed use development located on the Village-owned property on the northeast corner. The intersection at Ridgeland also is developed as a distinctive node, but with less prominence than the Oak Park intersection.

On the east end, the Village Hall is the center of a small neighborhood district, while the proposed bank redevelopment and drive-thru facilities drive a more regionally-oriented commercial area at the far east end.



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#### Alternative **B**

The Multi-Modal Transportation Option drives this dynamic transformation of the corridor. Most segments of the corridor incorporate the Linear Park/Mixed-Use Character District #2, with some destination uses and small areas of more regionally/auto-oriented commercial areas included as well. However, the defining feature is the offering of a wide variety of transportation options (including the possible replacement of one lane of traffic in each direction with a bicycle lane) and extensive streetscape and open space features added along the entire length of the corridor.

The Hospital anchors the far west end, and a new museum located on the Village-owned property at Oak Park Avenue anchors that intersection. In between, a neighborhood-oriented district links these two destinations in mixed use buildings as well as residential uses located directly on Madison.

A small node of larger/national retailers and restaurants is created at the intersection with Ridgeland. Between Oak Park and Ridgeland, Character Districts #1 and #2 are created around clusters of existing uses that reflect the character of these districts respectively.

On the Village-owned properties on the south side of Madison west of the Village Hall, a transitoriented development incorporates a relocated bus transfer facility with residential development and small-scale commercial uses. The area behind the Village Hall is further enhanced as a more useable open space to serve existing and new residents in the area. The far east end provides a transition from the more auto-oriented character of Madison Street in Chicago and includes a prominent gateway feature.



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#### Alternative C

A series of destination uses define the Madison Street corridor in Alternative C. These destinations are linked together with general commercial districts, but the use of the Boulevard Transportation Option visually and functionally ties the various activity areas and the corridor together.

On the far west end, the Hospital anchors a cluster of wellness and fitness uses, while a new conference hotel serves as the center point of activity at the intersection with Oak Park Avenue. In between are commercial uses that serve visitors to both destinations, including, possibly, additional entertainment uses that compliment the existing theater.

In the center of the corridor, Fenwick School obtains frontage on Madison Street to increase its visibility and connectedness to surrounding commercial uses that are patronized by the many athletes and spectators that are drawn to its outstanding gymnasium and natatorium facilities. Similarly, the high usage of the Parks District gymnastics program drives its relocation to a new multi-purpose community/recreation building located on the Village Hall property, creating a destination of civic and recreational uses that drive neighboring ancillary uses.



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# **Preferred Vision**



# Village of Oak Park Madison Street Corridor



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table of Contents	1
Background	2
Public Forum	2
Project Steering Committee and Village Board of Trustees Meeting	
Preferred Vision	6
Character District Assembly	6
Transportation Options	
Open Space Options	
Land Assembly Options	
Character Districts	
Character District #1: Accessible Commercial Retail District	
Character District #2: Neighborhood-Oriented & Mixed-Use District	
Character District #3: Destination Commercial and Institutional District	
Appendix: Key-pad Polling Results	27



## BACKGROUND

In January 2006, the Consultant Team for the Madison Street Corridor Plan presented to the Project Steering Committee and Oak Park residents and business owners three Vision Alternatives for Madison Street. The Vision Alternatives were intended to represent a realistic, yet broad spectrum of possibilities for the Madison Street corridor. To accommodate this diversity in a manageable and understandable manner, the Vision Alternatives consisted of two primary variable parts – Character Districts and Transportation Options. The locations of Character Districts were arranged in different combinations which when paired with a Transportation Option created an Alternative Vision for the corridor. These were prepared to initiate discussion with the community on a wide variety of issues and options in order to craft a Preferred Vision that a majority of the community could support.

To fully understand the Character Districts, Transportation Options and Vision Alternatives please reference the Vision Alternatives document dated January 2006.

#### **Public Forum**

On January 26, 2006 the Village of Oak Park, the Project Steering Committee, and the consultant team hosted a public forum on the Vision Alternatives. With the assistance of the Northeastern Illinois Planning Commission, input at the forum was collected primarily though the use of key-pad polling. The use of key-pad polling allowed each participant access to a handheld remote key-pad which was used to weigh in on multiple choice responses to the questions posed to the public. The results to each question were instantly tallied for the public to view. After the session the results were stratified by different attendant groups.

The following is a brief summary of some of the key results of the key-pad polling conducted at the public meeting. A full summary is included in the appendix of this report. Results for each question were stratified by the following groups: business owners, residents, and resident business owners.

#### Character District Assembly

Participants were asked to prepare individual alternatives for the entire corridor that assigned one of the three Character Districts to six corridor segments and four nodes. The results are reflected on the Composite Selections map below. Although the participants could position the character districts any way they liked across six segments of the corridor and four nodes, the Composite Selections map closely resembles Vision Alternative B as prepared by the consultants. (Vision B was also the most preferred Vision when participants were asked to choose between the three Vision Alternatives). There were two segments where the business owners and residents differed, but there were five segments/nodes where the business owners themselves were evenly divided.

#### Transportation Options

The "Boulevard" option was selected as being the most preferred across all responder groups. In regard to various modes of transportation, there was a very high level of agreement that maintenance of automobile traffic and the need to address pedestrian traffic were highly important to all responders. However, the importance of additional public transportation was very unclear with 17% of all responders and 23% of residents "Not Sure" at all and only 50% of all responders indicating some level of importance.



The importance of accommodating bicycles on Madison Street also was mixed, with 55% overall indicating it was not important. In addition, 100% of business owners and 52% of all responders were unwilling to consider the replacement of a lane of traffic with a bicycle lane, although 60% of residents were willing to consider it under some circumstances.

There was a high level of agreement among all responder groups for maintaining on-street parking with 69% of all responders unwilling to give up a lane of parking in lieu of a bike lane. In terms of the best method to address parking along Madison Street, 60% of business owners preferred the use of on-street parking for most businesses with on-site parking lots for larger businesses. A slight majority (52%) of residents, on the other hand, preferred the Village provide consolidated parking as well as on-street parking.

#### Streetscape and Open Space Patterns

The results from the question regarding streetscape and open space was inconclusive as to a particular streetscape/open space pattern; however, there was an overall very strong level of support by all responder groups for enhancements of some type beyond "Basic Streetscape Improvements". This support is consistent with the feedback received in previous public forums and stakeholder meetings.

#### Land Assembly Options

Three questions addressed the extent to which, if any, development may extend into adjoining residential areas. At the meeting, there was a concern raised by some participants that the wording of these questions was unclear and the results may not have been accurate. However, when examined together, the results from all three questions consistently indicate that there is support from all responder groups for some modest encroachments by commercial development into adjoining residential areas. Obviously, exactly where and how these encroachments occur will be critical: however, most responders are open to considering this and did not want to have it precluded.

#### Project Steering Committee and Village Board of Trustees Meeting

With the input from the public meeting on January 26<sup>th</sup>, the Project Steering Committee and the Village Board of Trustees met in an open meeting on February 8, 2006 to craft a Preferred Vision that not only reflected the public input, but also created a combination of corridor elements that is grounded in physical and market realities.

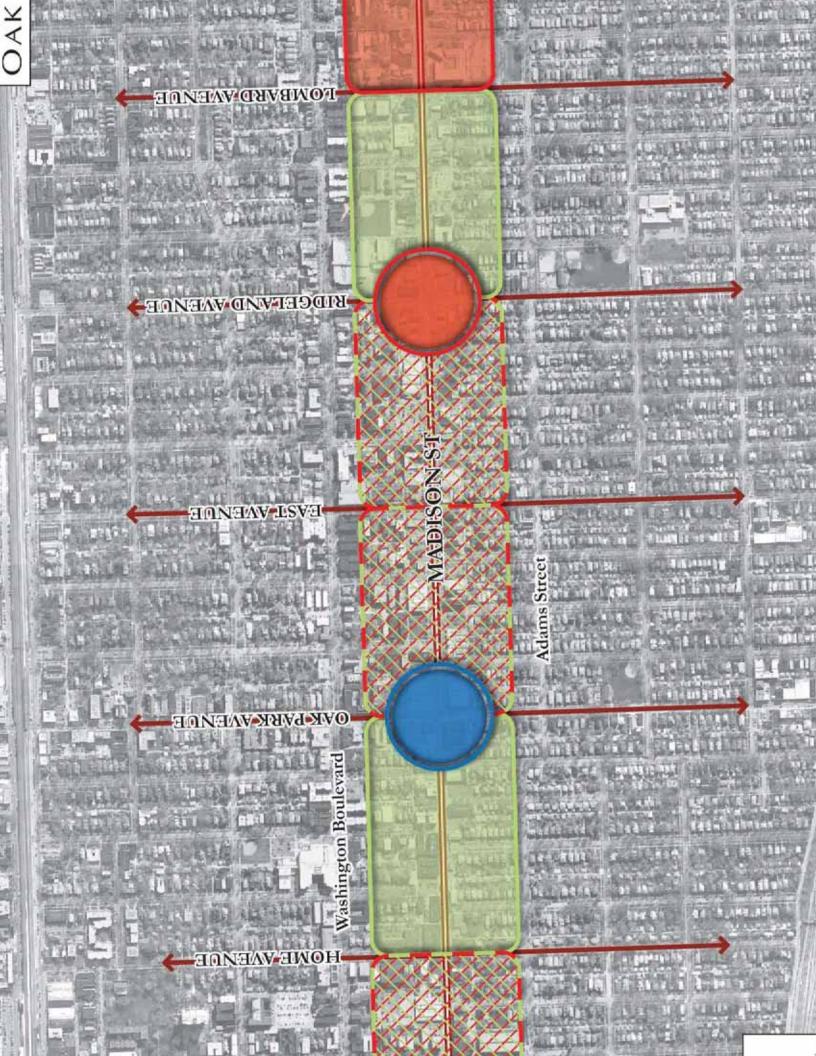
In reviewing the segments and nodes in which the public input was split, the meeting attendants discussed the different elements of the Character Districts and Transportation Options that could be altered in order to select an option that better reflected the intent of the public and realities of the marketplace. These changes are incorporated in the Character District section of this document, and the following points summarize those changes:

- Incorporate more multi-modal transit options into the Boulevard Transportation Option without removing a lane of traffic
- Incorporate an emphasis on mitigating corporate architecture (ensuring that commercial development, particularly large chain establishments, on the corridor are consistent with the desired scale and design for Madison Street) into Character District #1, Accessible Commercial and Retail District
- Incorporate more mixed-use and residential building designs into Character District #1, Accessible Commercial and Retail District



- Incorporate an emphasis on gateway features into Character District #3, Destination Commercial and Institutional District as it relates to the nodes at Harlem and Austin
- Character District #2, formerly known as "Linear Park and Mixed-Use District", has been changed to the "Neighborhood-Oriented and Mixed-Use District" in order to better reflect the elements of the district and avoid further confusion regarding the terminology





## **PREFERRED VISION**

The Preferred Vision that had been recommended through public input and the input from the Project Steering Committee and Board of Trustees is described in this section. The Preferred Vision incorporates all three of the Character Districts at different segments and nodes along the corridor, one Transportation Option, one Streetscape and Open Space option, and one Land Assembly Option.

#### **Character District Assembly**

#### Node A: Harlem Avenue

The node at Harlem Avenue has been identified as Destination Commercial and Institutional Districts. Building off of the patronage to the RUSH Oak Park Hospital, ancillary uses will be incorporated into the area that surrounds it. These uses may be, and some currently are, restaurants and retailers geared toward hospital visitors. A prominent gateway feature may be incorporated into the intersection at Harlem.

#### Segment 1: Harlem to Home

Adjacent to the destination node at Harlem, the segment between Harlem and Home will be designated Accessible Commercial and Retail – but with a heavy emphasis on incorporating many of the elements of the Neighborhood-Oriented and Mixed-Use District. An emphasis will be placed on maintaining the existing mixed-use and residential buildings in this segment, but including national and predominant local retailers that can capitalize on the high traffic counts. A focus on ancillary uses to the hospital will also be included.

#### Segment 2: Home to Oak Park

The segment from Home to Oak Park will be designated Neighborhood-Oriented and Mixed-Use. This neighborhood-oriented district will incorporate mixed-use buildings with ground floor retail and upper floor residential or office. The uses in this segment will be oriented towards the adjacent neighborhoods with small retailers that create a very pedestrian atmosphere.

#### Node B: Oak Park Avenue

The node at Oak Park Avenue includes a potential redevelopment site that is currently owned by the Village. By designating the node a Destination Commercial and Institutional District and incorporating a new destination use located on this site, the node will create an important mid-corridor attraction. Other land uses/corners in the node may include ancillary uses to these primary destinations.

#### Segments 3 and 4: Oak Park to Ridgeland

Between Oak Park and Ridgeland, the Accessible Commercial and Retail District will be created around clusters of existing uses that exemplify this Character District. These uses include the autooriented uses and national chain restaurants and retailers. New development will be regulated to mitigate corporate architecture and maintain a pedestrian-friendly environment through this autointensive segment.



#### Node C: Ridgeland

The node at Ridgeland will incorporate the type of commercial development reflected in the Accessible Commercial and Retail District. This new development will be regulated to maintain a sense of pedestrian-friendliness and aesthetic appeal.

#### Segment 5: Ridgeland to Lombard

The segment between Ridgeland and Lombard will incorporate the characteristics of the Neighborhood-Oriented and Mixed-Use District. Exiting uses, existing historic buildings, and new land uses will contribute to the segment's orientation to the adjacent neighborhood. Existing land uses will be enhanced through streetscape amenities to accommodate for pedestrians.

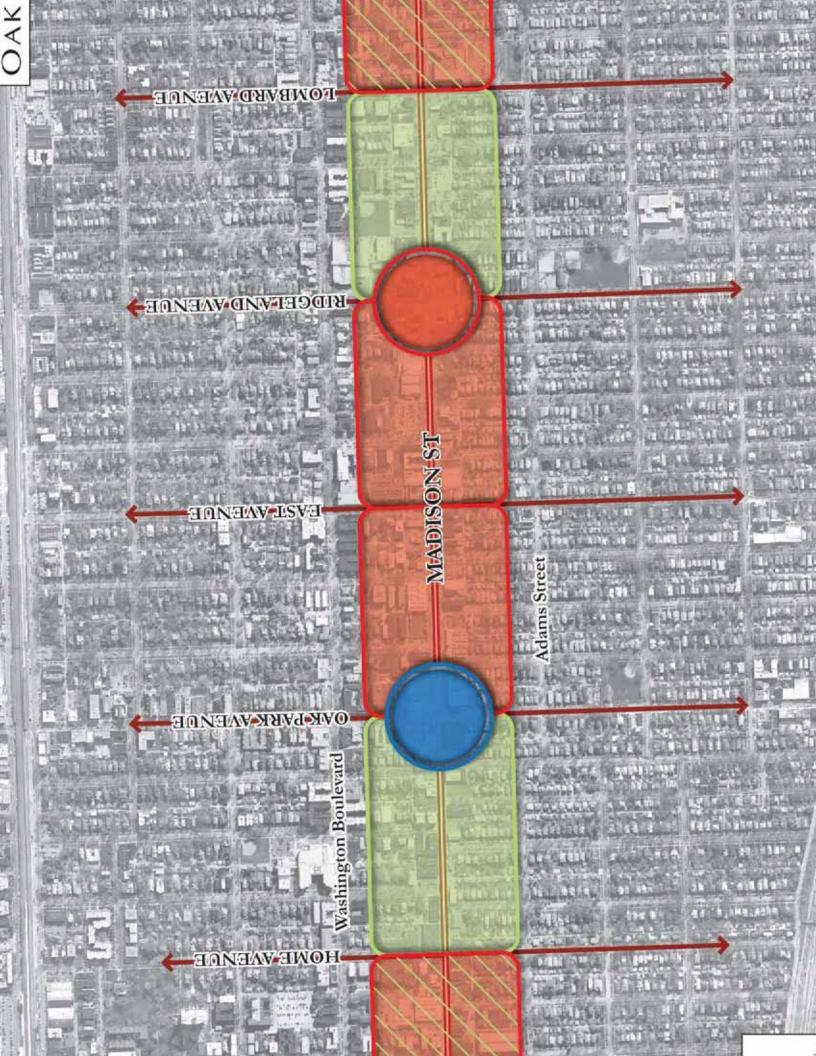
#### Segment 6: Lombard to Austin

Many of the land uses currently located in the segment between Lombard and Austin can be characterized by the Accessible Commercial and Retail District, such as the bank and fast-food restaurant. The segment will maintain this designation in the corridor plan, but an emphasis will be placed on mitigating corporate architecture and accommodating for pedestrian traffic in future developments.

#### Node D: Austin

The far east end of the corridor, the node at Austin Boulevard, will be characterized by the Accessible Commercial and Retail District. A prominent gateway feature will accompany the land uses reflected in the Character District. Although the node will be designated an Accessible Commercial and Retail District, an emphasis on the mixed-use elements of the Neighborhood-Oriented and Mixed-Use District will be incorporated in the recommended land uses for the node.





#### **Transportation Options**

The Boulevard Option was supported very heavily by the public and the Project Steering Committee. This option has been incorporated into the Preferred Vision for the entire length of the corridor.

Under the Boulevard option, the existing lane geometry of Madison Street is unchanged to accommodate existing and increased traffic flows. However, the right-of-way is significantly enhanced with a full palette of streetscape amenities including trees, lighting, wayfinding signage, benches and gathering areas to improve appearance and to accommodate pedestrians. Further, shared structured parking is provided at key activity areas. In addition, the Pace buses and the Village shuttle are rerouted and better coordinated to provide efficient transit options between Madison Street and other activity centers within Oak Park and the region.

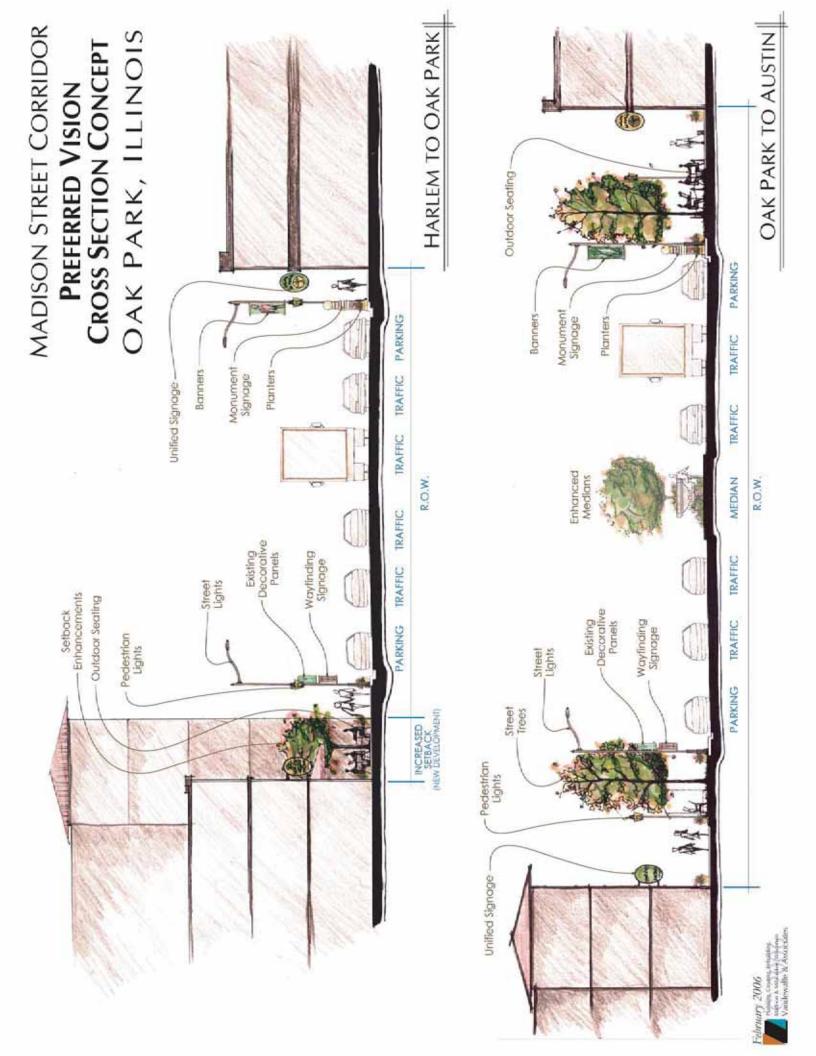
#### General Components

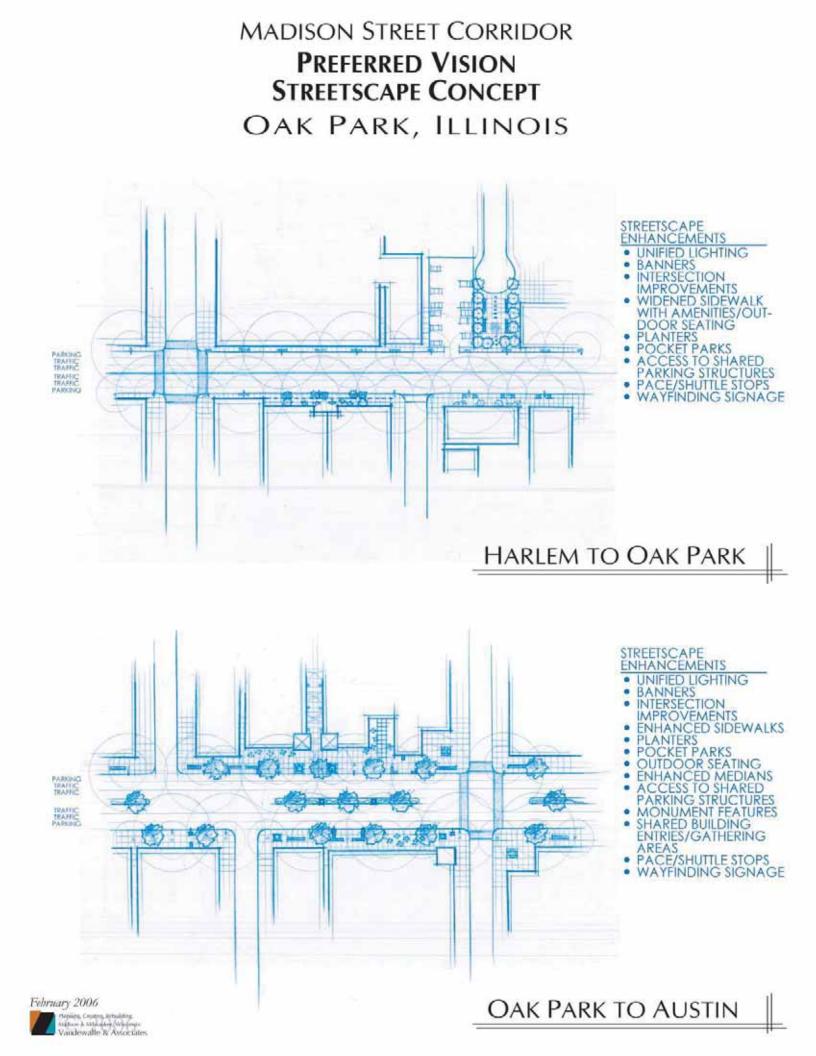
- Existing geometry is unchanged to accommodate existing and increased traffic volumes
- Pace provides improved service down Madison Street that includes traffic signal pre-emption to enhance efficiency in transporting people to other major destinations within the region
- Village shuttle stops and schedules adjusted to transport people between primary uses/activity areas on Madison Street and other activity areas within the Village, including regional transit stations
- Public/shared parking lots and structures provided in concert with primary uses/major activity areas
- Streetscaping visually unifies the corridor while also including amenities for pedestrians
- Plans for new development on the corridor will be encouraged to incorporate pedestrian enhancements

#### Implementation Requirements

- Requires significant initial investment in streetscaping but can be constructed incrementally
- May require additional vehicles and employees for Village shuttle service
- Requires increased coordination with Pace
- Funding sources include tax increment financing, motor fuel tax, state enhancement grants, state transit funds, RTA







#### **Open Space Options**

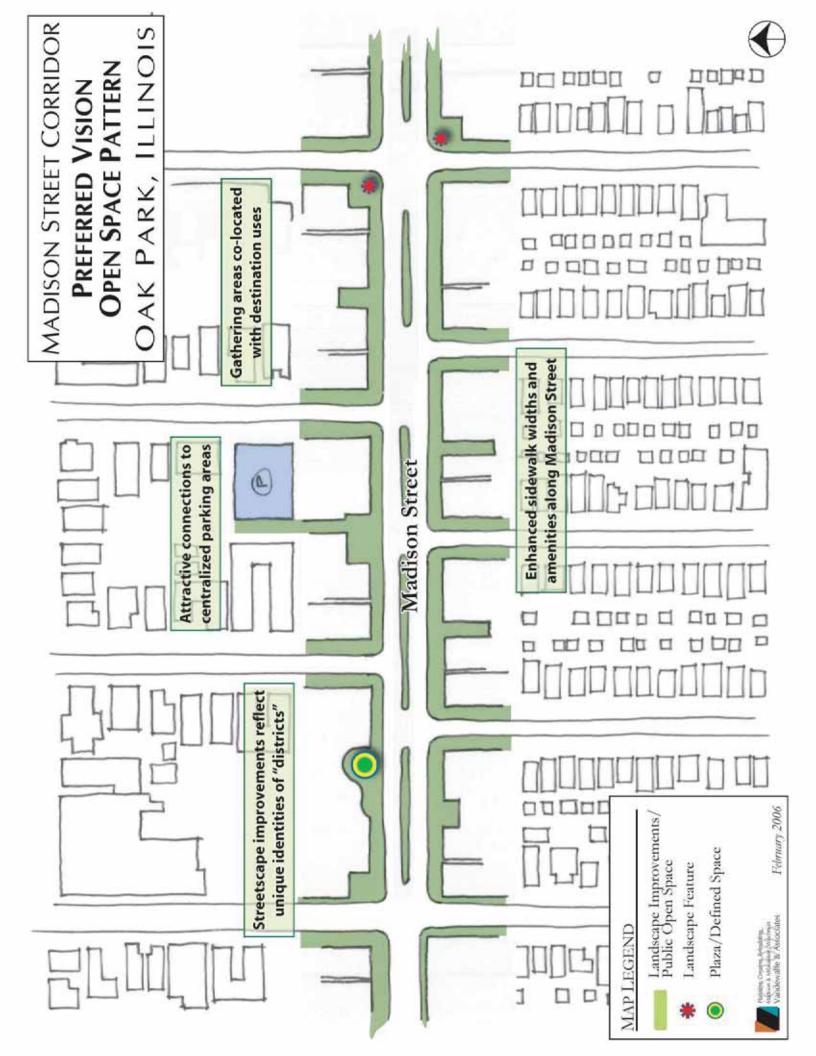
The results from the public meeting and the input from the Project Steering Committee indicated support for a Streetscape and Open Space pattern that enhanced the existing right-of-way without significant modification of the existing development pattern to create additional green space. Although, support existed to encourage additional green space in the right-of-way as new projects develop and/or land is assembled.

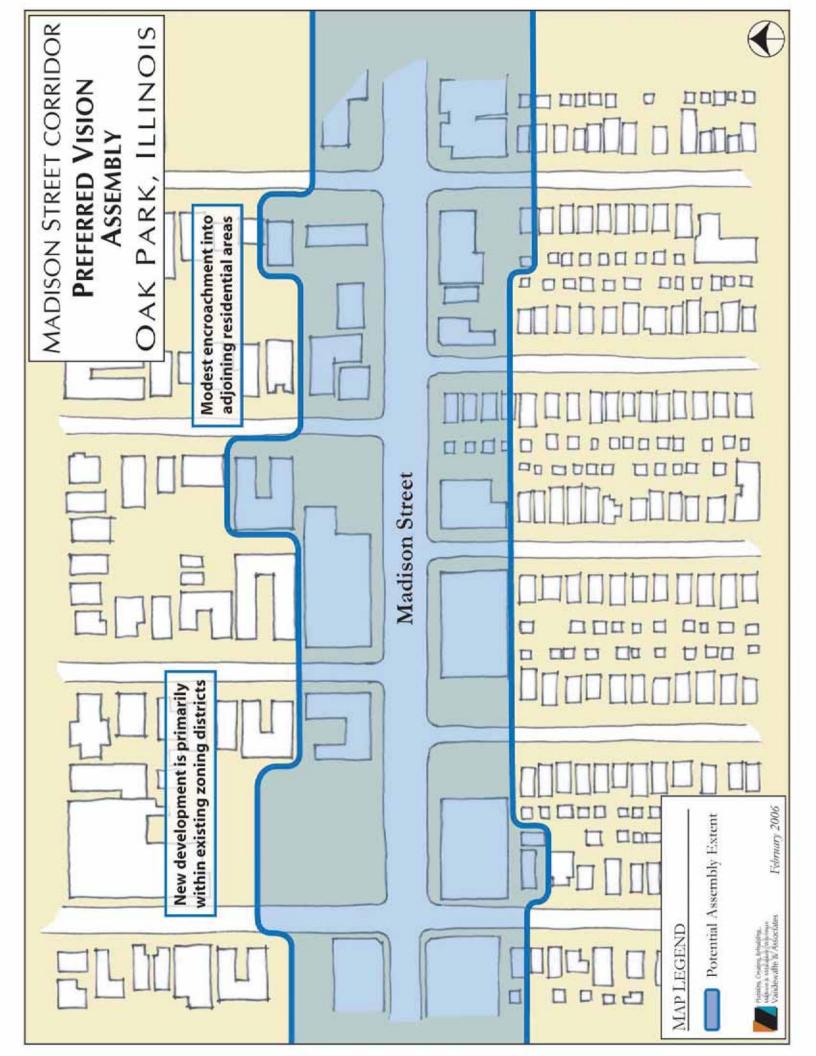
#### Land Assembly Options

The results from the public meeting and the input from the Project Steering Committee indicated that support was great for a Land Assembly Option that respected the current linear pattern of development, but modest encroachments into residential areas would be supported given the right use in the right location.

- Primary pattern is linear along Madison with focus/greater intensity at primary intersections
- New development is primarily within existing commercial zoning district, but some modest encroachments (1 to 3 lots deep) into adjoining residential areas may be required to obtain adequate parcels sizes







# **CHARACTER DISTRICTS**

#### Character District #1: Accessible Commercial Retail District

The character of this District is a highly accessible corridor providing a wide variety of retail, service and restaurant uses for a large trade area. Attracted by the existing high traffic volumes and easy access from the surrounding market area, smaller national retailers are drawn to the District, which in turn draws more customers who patronize the local retailers and restaurants in the area as well.

The design quality of new buildings is generally high and an improvement over the standard "corporate" or trademark designs of most national retailers. Regulations to mitigate corporate architecture are included in this District in order to maintain the pedestrian friendliness and aesthetics from adjoining districts. Developers are encouraged to incorporate upper story residential and/or office to maintain the existing development pattern in some areas.

The overall character and pattern of development is linear and consists of an eclectic mix of old and new buildings with some unique identity/concentrated activity provided at key intersections as part of new development projects. Redevelopment is focused on infill and adaptive reuse where possible, but also property consolidation and demolition where necessary to achieve adequate sites.

#### Targeted Uses

- Retail, restaurants, and services
- Smaller national/regional chain retail (discount stores, drug stores, convenience, electronics)
- Casual family-oriented restaurants
- Auto parts and service
- Gasoline sales
- Antique car dealers and restoration
- Motorcycle dealers
- Dry cleaning
- Banking and financial services
- Back office operations, both large and small, that require Class B or C office space
- Business services, contractor shops and show rooms that require larger, inexpensive space with good proximity/accessibility to their service areas

#### Historic Preservation, Building Form, and Architectural Design

- Mix of old and new buildings
- Building reuse is encouraged but not required (expect for the most significant landmarks) as sites will have to be assembled to accommodate new commercial uses
- Design controls mitigate corporate architecture and provide an overall higher quality of materials and signage
- Buildings and stores are well-lit
- Buildings pulled up to the sidewalk with parking off to the side or behind
- Buildings are one to four floors in height



#### Implementation Requirements

- Incremental approach is used but started with redevelopment of sites already under Village control
- Overall moderate level of effort, primarily by Village, with some partnerships with retail/business development groups to recruit developers/tenants and provide modest incentives
- Moderate initial public investment (primarily streetscape and some traffic flow improvements), with more significant investment possible as tax increment is created
- Moderate return investment/increase in tax base over a 5 to 10 year period of time



#### **Character District #1: Accessible Commercial Retail District**

- Mix of Old and New Buildings
- High-quality Design
- Modest Streetscape Features
- Mitigated Corporate ArchitectureBuildings at Sidewalk
- One-to-Four Stories
- Building Reuse
- Mixed-use









Character District #1: Accessible Commercial Retail District











#### Character District #2: Neighborhood-Oriented & Mixed-Use District

Within this District, the character of the Madison Street corridor is focuses on landscaping and open space, historic preservation, small-scale neighborhood commercial uses, and residential units. Capitalizing on both Oak Park's past and future as a leader in innovative architecture and historic preservation, a key anchor on the corridor is a "green" building restoration demonstration center which may be operated by a non-profit organization and/or university. The center serves as an anchor in a regionally-recognized "design center" that includes a variety of specialty building materials, building furnishings, contractors and craftsmen, and design service uses located in rehabilitated buildings. Also included are a variety of commercial uses serving the adjoining neighborhoods, including those that provide services to residents who work from their homes.

#### Targeted Uses

- Retail, restaurant and personal services draw from adjoining neighborhoods
  - Retail and services aimed at those working from home including:
    - Copy centers
    - Office supply stores
    - Computer sales and service
    - Cell phone stores
    - Mailing services
    - Stationary stores
    - Graphic design service
    - Web site design services
    - Accounting services
    - Legal services
- Mixed-use with ground floor retail and upper floor office and/or residential
- In selected areas, residential uses are located on Madison Street, including courtyard flats and/or urban townhomes
- Niche focus on "green" adaptive reuse and historic preservation, including:
  - Green building demonstration center
  - Architectural salvage retail and wholesale
  - Green design center with contractor showrooms
  - Specialty hardware and building materials
  - Green/rehabilitation cluster of design professionals (architects, landscape architects, engineers, interior design, etc.)

#### Historic Preservation, Building Form, and Architectural Design

- Focus is on historic preservation, adaptive reuse and infill with demolitions generally limited to only non-contributing/minimally contributing structures
- Secretary of the Interior standards enforced for historic preservation, but rehabilitation and reuse employ cutting-edge "green" restoration techniques to obtain LEED EB certification
- New building design is of high quality and significantly driven by context of the surrounding area but also includes "green" features as necessary to obtain LEED NC certification



#### Implementation Requirements

- Significant front end effort needed to establish necessary partnerships between Village and other governmental and non-profit organizations
- Significant initial investment needed for streetscape improvements and property acquisition for open space
- Significant incentives needed to encourage building reuse and rehabilitation
- Public acquisition of additional property will result in initial loss of tax increment that would then grow modestly, but steadily, over time



# Character District #2: Neighborhood-Oriented & Mixed-Use District • Mixed-use Development

- Green Building
  Adaptive Reuse and Historic Preservation
- Active Open Spaces
- High-quality DesignVertical mixed-use











# Character District #2: Neighborhood-Oriented & Mixed-Use District















#### Character District #3: Destination Commercial and Institutional District

The uses in this District include at least one recognized regional destination, consisting of commercial attractions, sports and entertainment uses. Existing destinations include the Park District gymnastics facility, Fenwick gym and natatorium, and Oak Park Hospital. Potential new destinations could include a conference hotel, museum, heath and wellness center, and entertainment complex. Within the District, the visibility and accessibility to the existing and/or new destination uses is enhanced and supported by a host of ancillary uses, including restaurants and specialty retail, which serve the destination use visitors. Gateway features are emphasized at the corridor nodes. Parking is consolidated in structures, and streetscape enhancements are provided to facilitate moving visitors within the District. New destination uses are in high quality buildings exhibiting innovative designs consistent with Oak Park's history of architectural excellence. Ancillary uses occupy restored historic buildings, contributing to an authentic sense of place.

#### Targeted Uses

- Small conference hotel with national reservations system
- A museum (architecture, children's, history, transportation, ethnic/racial diversity)
- Health and wellness uses including:
  - Health and fitness club
  - Indoor pool and recreation center
  - Health food stores
  - Organic food stores and restaurants
  - Acupuncture
  - Chiropractic
  - Yoga and meditation
  - Massage therapy
  - Physical rehabilitation
  - Sports injury rehabilitation
- Recreation/entertainment uses including
  - Pool hall
  - Arcade
  - Bowling alley
  - Laser tag
  - Paintball
  - Archery
  - Art/foreign movie theatre
  - Performing arts theatre/black box
  - Coffee house with performance stage
- Antique/classic car showrooms
- Ancillary uses that serve visitors of destination uses



#### Historic Preservation, Building Form, and Architectural Design

- New destination uses are of the highest design quality that respect their surroundings but also express the architectural innovation for which Oak Park is known
- Site assembly for destination uses may result in the loss of some historic structures
- Ancillary uses are showcased in the restoration of prominent historic buildings

#### Implementation Requirements

- Requires significant partnerships with other governments, non-profits and businesses
- Can be started immediately with redevelopment of key sites already under Village control
- High level of effort to identify, select and locate destination uses
- Generally modest upfront investment in public improvements, except for structured parking which could be significant
- Significant incentives likely required to attract key uses
- Increment from initial projects can be used to fund additional land acquisition and parking facilities
- High returns possible with initial projects, with substantial property and sales tax base growth over time



#### Character District #3: Destination Commercial & Institutional District

- Museum
- Entertainment Complex
  Large Footprint
  Regional Destinations
  Consolidated Parking

- Architectural Innovation and Quality











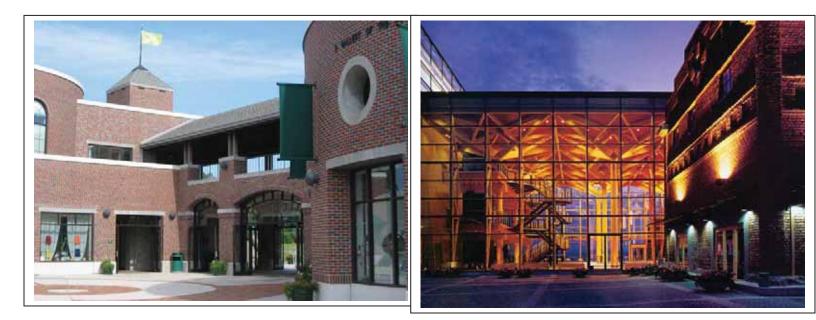


Character District #3: Destination Commercial & Institutional District





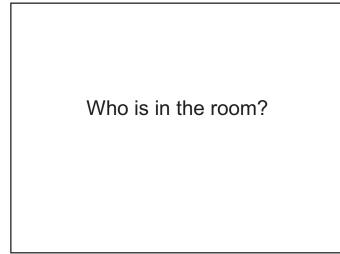




# APPENDIX: KEY-PAD POLLING RESULTS



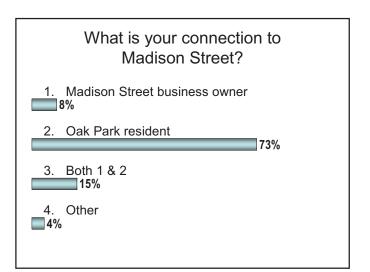


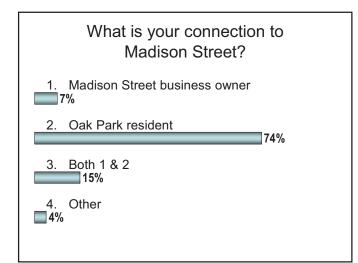


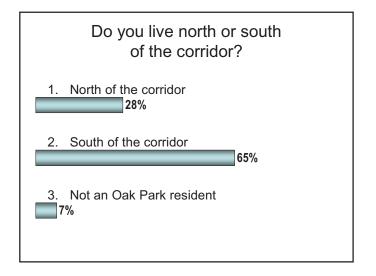
If Oak Park had to be renamed, which one of these names might you choose:

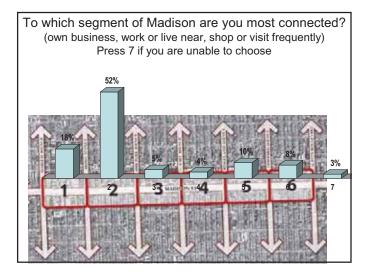
■34%

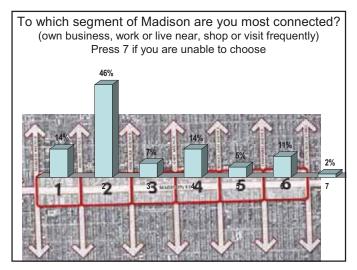
- 1. Wrightville 5%
- 2. Kettlestrings Grove
- Chicago Community Area #79 3.
- 4. Madison Park
- 25% Village of Hemingway 5.
- 6. Other











Have you attended any of the previous workshops directly related to this project? 1. Public SWOT Forum – Wed, Dec 7 9% 2. Public Visioning Forum – Wed, Dec 14 15% 3. Both 1 & 2 27% 4. Neither 49% Character Districts

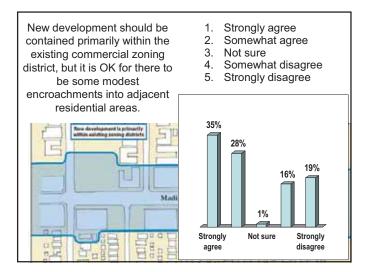
Which of these character districts would you like to see the <u>most of</u> on Madison?

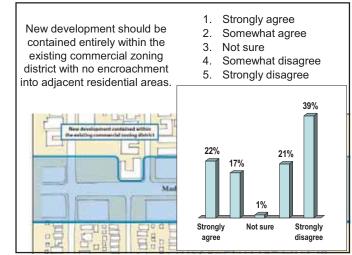
1. Accessible Commercial Retail District

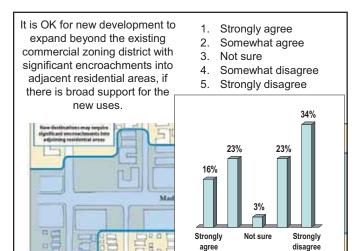
2. Linear Park & Mixed-Use Development 66%

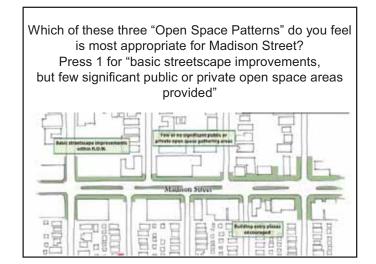
- 3. Destination Commercial and Institutional District
- 4. Other 3%

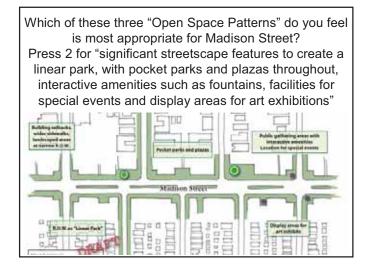
Which of these character districts would you like to see the <u>least of</u> on Madison? 1. Accessible Commercial Retail District 24% 2. Linear Park & Mixed-Use Development 16% 3. Destination Commercial and Institutional District 59% 4. Other 1%











Which of these three "Open Space Patterns" do you feel is most appropriate for Madison Street?
Press 3 for "streetscape improvements within existing right-of-way, create a unique identity for the district, new public gathering and open space areas"



Which of these three "Open Space Patterns" do you feel is most appropriate for Madison Street?

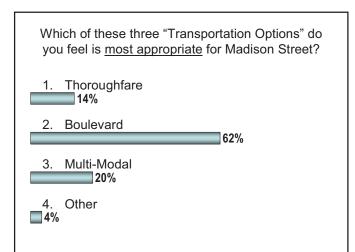
- 1. Basic streetscape improvements
  13%
- 2. Linear park

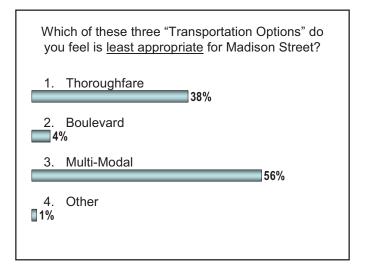
3. Streetscape improvements that create unique identity 43%

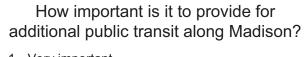
43%

4. Other 1%

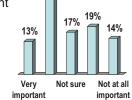
Transportation Options



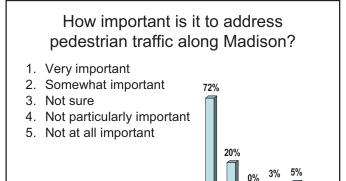




- 1. Very important
- 2. Somewhat important
- 3. Not sure
- Not particularly important
   Not at all important



37%



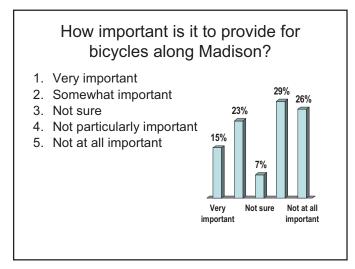
Very

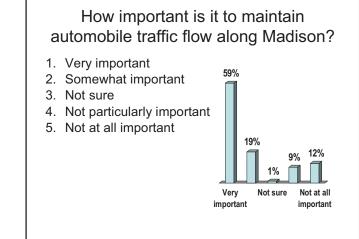
important

Not sure

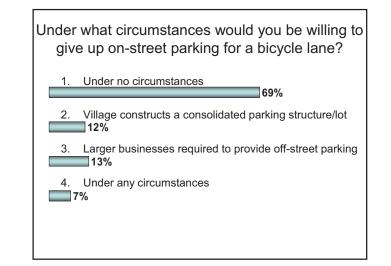
Not at all

important





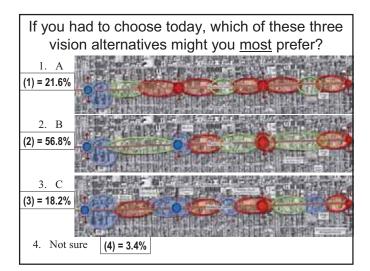
Under what circumstances would you be willing to give up a lane of traffic in each direction for a bicycle lane? 1. Under no circumstances 53% 2. No significant impact on traffic flow 14% 3. Under minimal impact on traffic flow 4. Even with significant impact on traffic flow 16%

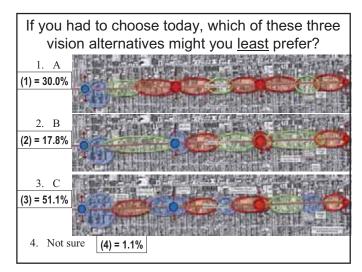


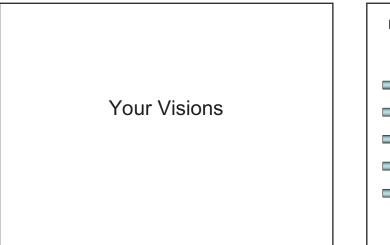
Which option do you think is best to handle parking issues related to new and existing development?

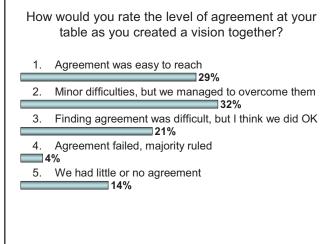
- 1. Most businesses provide their own parking
- Most businesses utilize on-street parking, with some larger businesses providing off-street parking
   28%
- 3. Village initiative to create consolidated parking, possibly a parking structure, on-street parking remains 51%
- 4. Village initiative to create consolidated parking, possibly a parking structure, on-street parking removed
- 5. Other **8%**

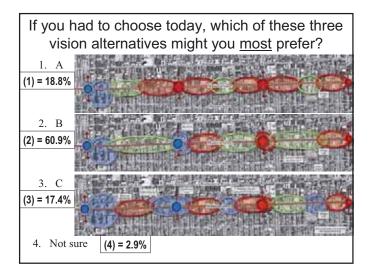
Vision Alternatives

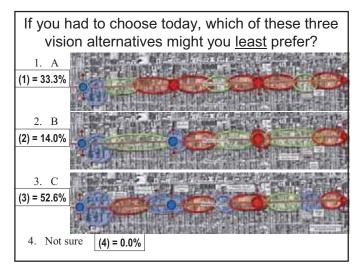












Let's build a vision together...

# Which character district would you choose for Node A: Intersection with Harlem

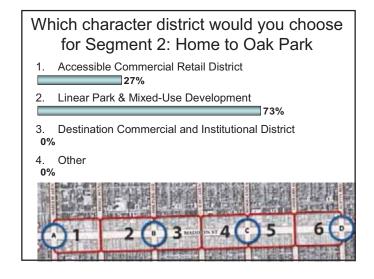
- 1. Accessible Commercial Retail District 21%
- Linear Park & Mixed-Use Development
   5%
- 3. Destination Commercial and Institutional District 70%

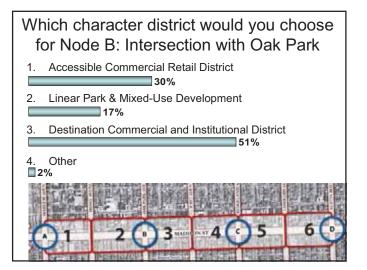
4. Other 3%

# Which character district would you choose for Segment 1: Harlem to Home 1. Accessible Commercial Retail District 39% 2. Linear Park & Mixed-Use Development 41% 3. Destination Commercial and Institutional District 17% 4. Other

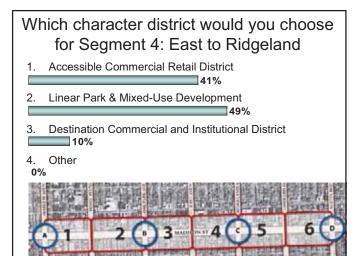


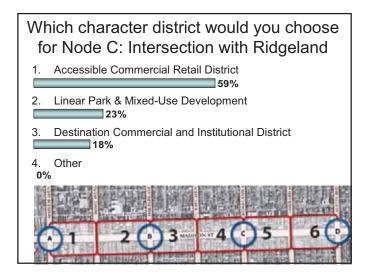


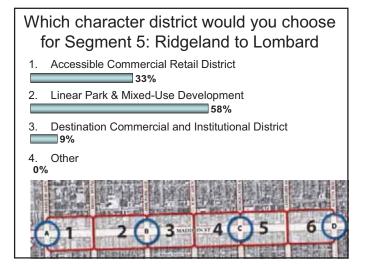


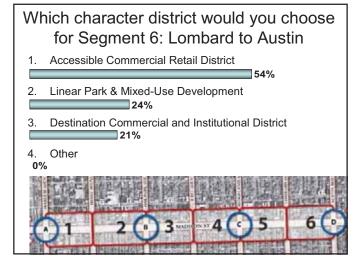


#### Which character district would you choose for Segment 3: Oak Park to East 1. Accessible Commercial Retail District 43% 2. Linear Park & Mixed-Use Development 43% 3. Destination Commercial and Institutional District 14% 4. Other 0%







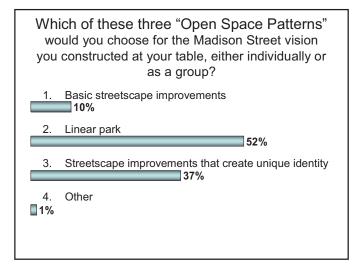


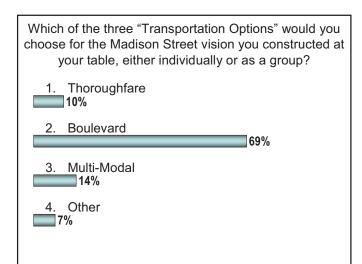
# Which character district would you choose for Node D: Intersection with Austin

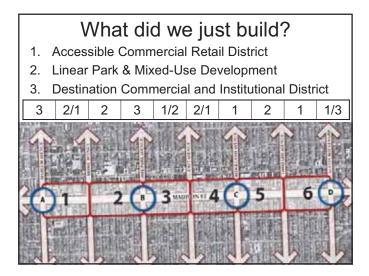
45%

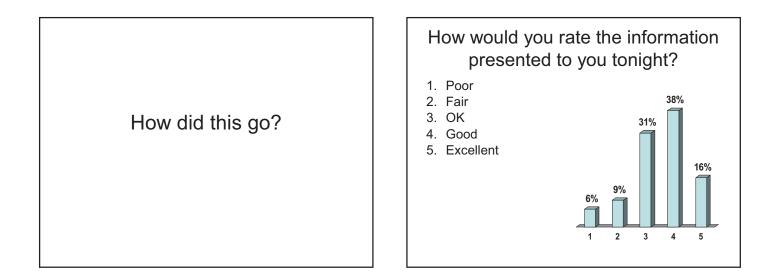
- 1. Accessible Commercial Retail District
- Linear Park & Mixed-Use Development 10%
- 3. Destination Commercial and Institutional District 39%
- 4. Other

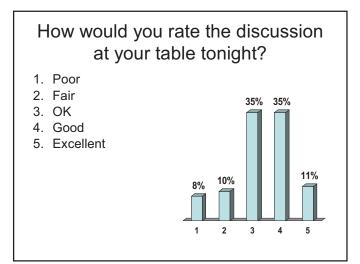


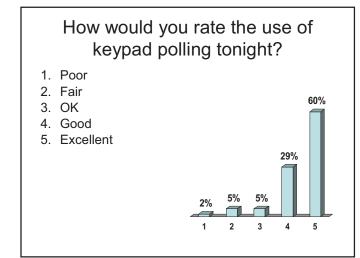


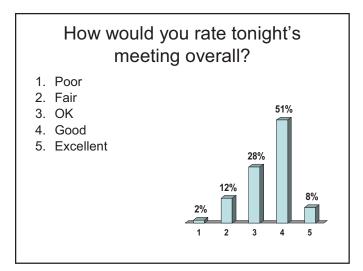














## **Development and Implementation Strategy**



## Village of Oak Park Madison Street Corridor



#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

able of Contents	1
ackground	2
Preferred Vision	
Preferred Vision Public Forum	2
Project Steering Committee and Village Board of Trustees Meeting	
Draft Corridor Plan Public Forum	
Project Steering Committee Meeting	
Development Strategy	
Summary of the Preferred Vision	
egment Development Strategies	4
ntegration of Architectural Historic Survey	5
Zoning Recommendations	13
Traffic and Parking Analysis	20
mplementation Strategy	26
Aission	
1embers	26
Responsibilities and Activities	26
Appendix A: Preferred Vision Forum Planning Exercise Instructions	29
Appendix B: Preferred Vision Forum Group Planning Summary	34
Appendix C: Preferred Vision Forum Individual Planning Summary	40



#### BACKGROUND

The Development and Implementation Strategy is the fourth component of a five component plan for the Madison Street Corridor. Together these five documents create the Madison Street Corridor Plan.

- Inventory Report and Opportunity Analysis
- Vision Alternatives
- Preferred Vision
- Development and Implementation Strategy
- Development Guidelines

Two companion documents accompany this set of documents: the Architectural Historical Survey completed by Wiss Janney Elstner Associates, Inc. and the Market Analysis completed by Goodman Williams Group. Information from both has been incorporated into the content of this plan.

#### **Preferred Vision**

In February 2006, the Oak Park Village Board, the Madison Street Plan Project Steering Committee and the public chose between several Vision Alternatives to create the Preferred Vision. The Preferred Vision assigned one of three Character Districts to six segments and four nodes along the corridor, one Transportation Option, one Streetscape and Open Space option, and one Land Assembly Option. To fully understand the Preferred Vision, please reference the Preferred Vision document dated February 2006.

#### **Preferred Vision Public Forum**

On February 23, 2006 the Preferred Vision was presented to the public in a forum that attracted approximately 80 residents and business owners. After the presentation, the participants were asked to choose one of the six segments from the Preferred Vision to further refine, and all six segments were refined. The input from the meeting has been incorporated into the plan for each segment to create this Draft Development and Implementation Strategy. The specific results from the meeting are included in the appendix of this report.

#### Project Steering Committee and Village Board of Trustees Meeting

On April 4 and 5, 2006 the Madison Street Project Steering Committee and the Village Board met to review and discuss the draft Development and Implementation Strategy document. The changes from both meetings have been incorporated into this document.

#### Draft Corridor Plan Public Forum

On April 19, 2006 all components of the Draft Corridor Plan were presented to the public in a forum that attracted approximately 65 participants. After the presentation, participants were asked to discuss their concerns about the corridor plan. The feedback from the meeting is included in the appendix of this report.

#### Project Steering Committee Meeting

On April 27, 2006 the feedback from the April 19<sup>th</sup> Public Forum was presented to the Madison Street Project Steering Committee. The feedback from the meeting was used to revise the Development and Implementation Strategy and Development Guidelines documents.



#### **DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY**

This Development Strategy has been crafted with input from the public, the Project Steering Committee, and Board of Trustees. The strategy builds off of the Preferred Vision and adds detail to each segment detail regarding specific desired land uses and business mixes and development concerns. The strategy also provides detailed designs for three key development sites that are currently owned by the Village.

#### Summary of the Preferred Vision

The Preferred Vision that had been recommended through public input and the input from the Project Steering Committee and Board of Trustees is reviewed in this section. The Preferred Vision incorporates all three of the Character Districts at different segments and nodes along the corridor, one Transportation Option, one Streetscape and Open Space option, and one Land Assembly Option. For a full understanding of the Preferred Vision, please reference the Preferred Vision document.

#### Character Districts

#### Character District #1: Accessible Commercial Retail District

The character of this District is a highly accessible corridor providing a wide variety of retail, service and restaurant uses for a large trade area. Attracted by the existing high traffic volumes and easy access from the surrounding market area, smaller national retailers are drawn to the District, which in turn draws more customers who patronize the local retailers and restaurants in the area as well.

The design quality of new buildings is generally high and an improvement over the standard "corporate" or trademark designs of most national retailers. Regulations to mitigate corporate architecture are included in this District in order to maintain the pedestrian friendliness and aesthetics from adjoining districts. Developers are encouraged to incorporate upper story residential and/or office to maintain the existing development pattern in some areas.

The overall character and pattern of development is linear and consists of an eclectic mix of old and new buildings with some unique identity/concentrated activity provided at key intersections as part of new development projects. Redevelopment is focused on infill and adaptive reuse where possible, but also property consolidation and demolition where necessary to achieve adequate sites.

#### Character District #2: Neighborhood-Oriented & Mixed-Use District

Within this District, the character of the Madison Street corridor is focuses on landscaping and open space, historic preservation, small-scale neighborhood commercial uses, and residential units. Capitalizing on both Oak Park's past and future as a leader in innovative architecture and historic preservation, a key anchor on the corridor is a "green" building restoration demonstration center which may be operated by a non-profit organization and/or university. The center serves as an anchor in a regionally-recognized "design center" that includes a variety of specialty building materials, building furnishings, contractors and craftsmen, and design service uses located in rehabilitated buildings. Also included are a variety of commercial uses serving the adjoining neighborhoods, including those that provide services to residents who work from their homes.

#### Character District #3: Destination Commercial and Institutional District

The uses in this District include at least one recognized regional destination, consisting of commercial attractions, sports and entertainment uses. Existing destinations include the Park



District gymnastics facility, Fenwick gym and natatorium, and Oak Park Hospital. Potential new destinations could include a conference hotel, museum, heath and wellness center, and entertainment complex. Within the District, the visibility and accessibility to the existing and/or new destination uses is enhanced and supported by a host of ancillary uses, including restaurants and specialty retail, which serve the destination use visitors. Gateway features are emphasized at the corridor nodes. Parking is consolidated in structures, and streetscape enhancements are provided to facilitate moving visitors within the District. New destination uses are in high quality buildings exhibiting innovative designs consistent with Oak Park's history of architectural excellence. Ancillary uses occupy restored historic buildings, contributing to an authentic sense of place.

#### Transportation Options

Under the Boulevard option, the existing lane geometry of Madison Street is unchanged to accommodate existing and increased traffic flows. However, the right-of-way is significantly enhanced with a full palette of streetscape amenities including trees, lighting, wayfinding signage, benches and gathering areas to improve appearance and to accommodate pedestrians. Further, shared structured parking is provided at key activity areas. In addition, the Pace buses and the Village shuttle are rerouted and better coordinated to provide efficient transit options between Madison Street and other activity centers within Oak Park and the region.

#### **Open Space Options**

The preferred Streetscape and Open Space pattern enhances the existing right-of-way without significant modification of the existing development pattern to create additional green space. Additional green space in the right-of-way will be encouraged as new projects develop and/or land is assembled.

#### Land Assembly Options

The Land Assembly Option respects the current linear pattern of development, but supports modest encroachments into residential areas given the right use in the right location.

- Primary pattern is linear along Madison with focus/greater intensity at primary intersections
- New development is primarily within existing commercial zoning district, but some modest encroachments (1 to 3 lots deep) into adjoining residential areas may be required to obtain adequate parcels sizes

#### Segment Development Strategies

The Segment Development Strategies for the Madison Street Corridor below reference the three annotated maps located after this section (Figures 1, 2, and 3). The annotations are the map fall into these general categories (in addition to the Historic Survey references that are explained in more detail below):

#### General Recommendations

General recommendations for the corridor are those that would be necessary to realize the vision set forth in the Preferred Vision, but are not directly related to specific development sites. Examples include screening of parking lots, open space enhancements, façade improvements, and roadway improvements.



#### Potential Redevelopment

Potential redevelopment sites are those sites identified through the planning process with the potential for future redevelopment. The designation as "potential redevelopment" does not imply that existing uses should leave their current location or leave the Madison Street corridor entirely. Future redevelopment could include the existing uses in a reconfigured development site; such as ground floor uses moving to an upper level.

#### Proposed Redevelopment

Proposed redevelopment sites are existing projects that are being pursued on the Madison Street Corridor.

#### Key Sites

The Key Sites are the three sites identified by the Village for detail planning and design as a part of the Madison Street Corridor Plan. The Key Sites will be presented in a separate document.

#### Integration of Architectural Historic Survey

Wiss Janney Elstner Associates completed an Architectural Historical Survey under the guidance of the Village Historic Preservation Commission in December 2005. The full historic inventory report classifies structures into four categories. For a full understanding of the four categories and the individual structures, reference the Architectural Historical Survey dated February 1, 2006.

This Development Strategy addresses only the three most significant categories for structures and recommends Village advisory review for proposals to demolish or significantly alter structures in any of the three categories, except for those properties with a mandatory review requirement (properties listed on the National Register or locally as a landmark or within a designated local district). The Village of Oak Park should be prepared to assist property owners to retain structures in these categories whenever possible. These categories and their relationship to the Development Strategy are listed below.

- <u>Significant (National Register)</u>: A significant property that has the potential to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Generally, National Register Criterion C, relating to architectural design or character, has been considering in making this designation. Other properties may be eligible for the National Register under other criteria; however, more detailed research on the individual property would be required. All properties in this category are also eligible for listing as Oak Park landmarks. *For purposes of this plan*, *"Significant" (National Register) structures are strongly recommended to generally not be demolished or significantly altered. Proposals to redevelop should be reviewed by the Village Historic Preservation Commission.*
- <u>Significant:</u> A property or structure that has a special character or significant historical, cultural, architectural, archaeological, community, or aesthetic value worthy of preservation. The property has potential to be eligible for listing as an Oak Park landmark under one or more criteria defined in the Historic Preservation Ordinance. The building has a high level of integrity, with minimal changes to major historic features. One exception is alterations to storefronts; replacement of the storefront does not necessarily disqualify a property, as long as the original pattern of openings has been maintained. *For purposes of this plan, "Significant" structures are strongly recommended to be preserved whenever possible. Proposals to remove or*



significantly alter significant buildings should be reviewed by the Village Historic Preservation Commission. The Village should consider removal or significant alternation to the structures <u>only</u> with proper economic justification or in cases where consolidating land presents a significant barrier to development.

<u>Structure of Merit</u>: A property or structure which has historic or aesthetic character, but to a lesser degree than a "Significant" building, or that has alterations which affect its historic integrity. Such a building may contribute to a broader historic character or provide historic context to a larger group of buildings and is therefore worthy of preservation. Oftentimes, a building designated Structure of Merit could be raised to the Significant level by the removal of inappropriate later alterations, such as remodeling or filling in of storefronts. For purposes of this plan, proposals to remove or significantly alter "Structures of Merit" are recommended to be reviewed by the Village Historic Preservation Commission.

#### Node A: Harlem Avenue

The node at Harlem Avenue is an important gateway to the Village. The node has been identified in the Preferred Vision as Destination Commercial and Institutional District due to the opportunity to attract destination users associated with the RUSH Oak Park Hospital. In addition to destination land uses, a prominent gateway feature should be incorporated into the property adjoining the intersection of Harlem and Madison.

Building off of the patronage to the RUSH Oak Park Hospital, ancillary land uses and businesses should be incorporated into the area that surrounds it. Specific land uses for the node include commercial, institutional, and mixed-use office/commercial. Businesses may include hospitality-oriented services, such as national and prominent local restaurants and retailers geared towards hospital visitors.

Specific development considerations:

- Consider a gateway feature at the intersection with Harlem. Gateway features are addressed in the Development Guidelines component of this plan.
- Encourage Wendy's to screen their parking lot, located at the northeast corner of the intersection.
- Consider the future redevelopment of the Wendy's site and the area to the north for commercial or mixed-use use development.
- RUSH Oak Park Hospital has recently acquired the southeast corner of the intersection. Encourage the hospital to redevelop the corner in accordance with the hospital master plan, and give special attention to the architectural features that define the intersection and the community gateway.

#### Segment 1: Harlem to Home

Adjacent to the destination node at Harlem, the segment between Harlem and Home has been designated an Accessible Commercial and Retail District as defined in the Preferred Vision – but with a heavy emphasis on incorporating many of the elements of the Neighborhood-Oriented and Mixed-Use District. An emphasis should be placed on maintaining the existing mixed-use and existing residential buildings in this segment, as well as incorporating new national and predominant local retailers that can capitalize on the high traffic counts.



These uses may include restaurants, retailers, specialty retailers, and home office services. A focus on ancillary uses to the hospital should also be included. Mixed-use development, either commercial/office or commercial/residential, is encouraged in lieu of solely residential development.

Specific development considerations:

- Work with RUSH Oak Park Hospital to explore the efficient shared use of the hospital's parking deck during off-peak hours.
- Investigate other opportunities for shared parking, particularly to the north of the corridor.
- Require increased setbacks for future redevelopment in the segment in order to create additional space for sidewalks and streetscaping.
- Encourage façade improvements that accommodate pedestrian traffic.

#### Segment 2: Home to Oak Park

The Preferred Vision designates the segment from Home to Oak Park as a Neighborhood-Oriented and Mixed-Use District. This segment will incorporate mixed-use buildings with ground floor retail and upper floor residential or office. This type of mixed-use development is encouraged in lieu of solely residential development.

The uses in this segment should be geared to the adjacent neighborhoods with small retailers that create a pedestrian atmosphere. These uses may include restaurants, coffee shops, small specialty retailers, home office services, professional services, museums, home renovation retailers, or a small local grocery store.

Specific development considerations:

- Enhance the Village-owned green space located at the southeast corner of the Home and Madison intersection.
- Consider the School District 97 building located on the north side of the corridor for future redevelopment should the District decide to relocate.
- Consider the current Robinson Ribs building located on the north side of the corridor for future redevelopment should the user decide to relocate.
- Explore the opportunity to develop the site as one master planned development should both District 97 and Robinson Ribs decide to relocate.
- Encourage the landowner to screen the parking lot located east of Robinson Ribs to create a more pedestrian-friendly environment to the north of the corridor.
- Consider moving the cul-de-sac on Kenilworth to the south of the corridor one lot south in order to create more street frontage on Madison Street for parking or open space.
- Encourage the developer of the proposed mixed-use project to the south of the corridor and east of Oak Park Avenue to remain consistent with the character of the Neighborhood-Oriented Mixed-Use District and this Development Plan's recommendations.

#### Node B: Oak Park Avenue

The node at Oak Park Avenue includes a potential redevelopment site that is currently owned by the Village (Key Site #1). With the Preferred Vision's designation of the node as a Destination Commercial and Institutional District, the incorporation of a new destination use on this site will create an important mid-corridor attraction. Other uses may include ancillary uses to the primary destination, such as a restaurant or larger local or national retailers.



Specific development considerations:

- Redevelop Key Site #1 to include a hotel, a mixed-use development, an urban big-box development, an athletic facility, a museum, or some other destination use consistent with the Character District.
- Consider the southeast corner of the intersection for future redevelopment should the existing use relocate.
- Consider the northwest corner of the intersection for future redevelopment should the existing use relocate.

#### Segments 3 and 4: Oak Park to Ridgeland

Between Oak Park and Ridgeland, the Accessible Commercial and Retail District identified in the Preferred Vision will be created around clusters of existing uses that exemplify this Character District. These existing uses include the automobile dealer, automobile services, the grocery store, pharmacy, and fast-food restaurants.

Future uses may include auto-oriented uses, national chain restaurants, and retailers. New development should be regulated to mitigate corporate architecture and maintain a pedestrian-friendly environment through this auto-intensive segment.

Specific development considerations:

- Encourage Fenwick High School to consider establishing a direct presence on Madison Street in order to create better visibility and access.
- Encourage Fenwick to consider using their existing surface parking for use in a shared-parking facility relationship with adjacent uses.
- Consider the future redevelopment of the storage facility located south of the corridor between East and Scoville for retail and services uses.
- Encourage Jewel to screen their parking lot in order to accommodate pedestrians, particularly for Fenwick students as they commute to and from school.

#### Node C: Ridgeland

The node at Ridgeland should incorporate the type of commercial development reflected in the Accessible Commercial and Retail District as described in the Preferred Vision. Land uses may include commercial or mixed-use development. This new development should be regulated to maintain a sense of pedestrian-friendliness and aesthetic appeal.

Specific development considerations:

- Consider the northwest corner of the intersection for future redevelopment that includes Billy's market. In the mean time, encourage the owners to screen the parking lot to accommodate for pedestrians.
- Consider the southeast corner of the intersection for future redevelopment.
- Encourage Julian Middle School to consider an opportunity to create a shared parking facility with adjacent uses.

#### Segment 5: Ridgeland to Lombard

The segment between Ridgeland and Lombard should incorporate the characteristics of the Neighborhood-Oriented and Mixed-Use District as described in the Preferred Vision. Existing uses, existing historic buildings, and new land uses will contribute to the segment's orientation to the



adjacent neighborhood. Land uses may include commercial, office, or mixed-use development. Businesses may include local retailers and business services.

Specific development considerations:

- Encourage CVS to screen their parking lot to accommodate for pedestrians.
- Convert the alley south of the CVS to one-way north in order to redirect the CVS traffic that is currently entering the adjacent neighborhood.
- Redevelop Key Sites #2 and #3 consistent with the Character District for the segment, which may include mixed-use development.
- Consider the potential redevelopment of the area south of the corridor and east of Lombard for private uses that accompany the adjacent Village Hall or future civic campus.

#### Segment 6: Lombard to Austin

Many of the land uses currently located in the segment between Lombard and Austin can be characterized by the Accessible Commercial and Retail District, such as the bank and fast-food restaurant. Consistent with the Preferred Vision, this segment should maintain this designation, but an emphasis should be placed on mitigating corporate architecture and accommodating for pedestrian traffic in future developments. Land uses may include commercial, office, or mixed-use development. Businesses may include local retailers and business services.

Specific development considerations:

- Integrate the Village Hall into a civic campus by using the existing surface parking lot and open space. Potential uses include the Park District facilities and District 97 in some type of mixed-use development.
- Encourage landowners to consider façade improvements for the storefronts to the north of the corridor, across from the Village Hall.
- Encourage the landowner/developer of the proposed redevelopment site located to the north of the corridor, on either side of Humphrey Avenue, to redevelop consistent with the Character District, but maintain the pedestrian environment of the adjacent buildings to the east.

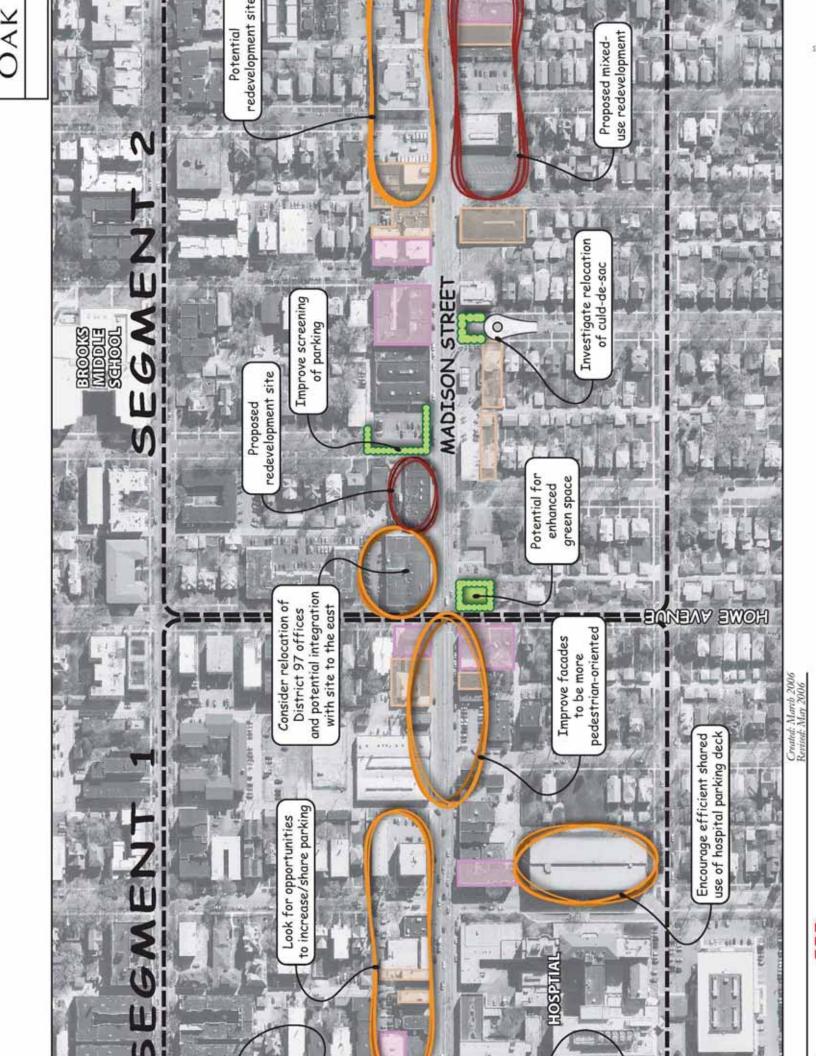
#### Node D: Austin

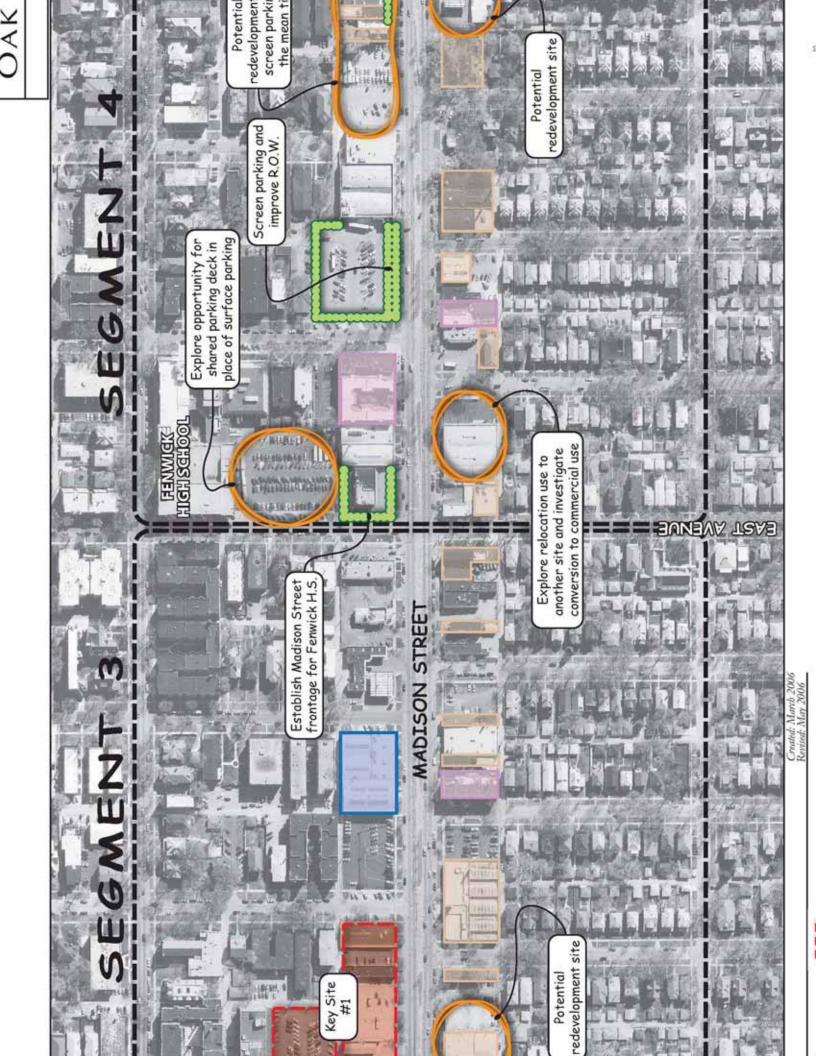
The far east end of the corridor, the node at Austin Boulevard, should be characterized by the Accessible Commercial and Retail District as recommended in the Preferred Vision. A prominent gateway feature should accompany the land uses reflected in the Character District. Although the node will be designated an Accessible Commercial and Retail District, an emphasis on the mixed-use elements of the Neighborhood-Oriented and Mixed-Use District should be incorporated in the recommended land uses for the node. Future land uses may include commercial or mixed-use development with larger local or national retailers.

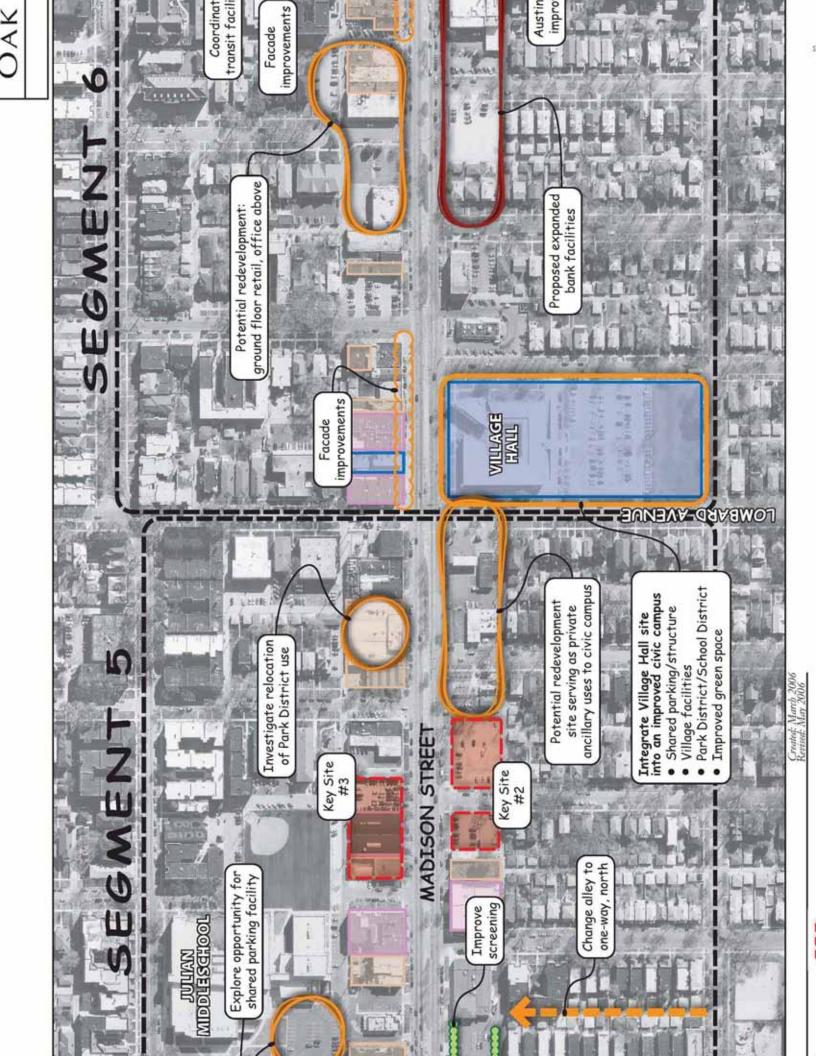
Specific development considerations:

- Encourage Park National Bank, located at the southeast corner of the intersection, to create expansion plans that accommodate pedestrian traffic on Madison and respect the traffic pattern in the adjacent residential neighborhood.
- Encourage façade improvements to the storefronts on the north side of the corridor.
- Work with transportation authorities to coordinate transit facilities at the transfer station at the northeast quadrant, in the City of Chicago.









#### **Zoning Recommendations**

With only a few exceptions, the entire frontage on both sides of Madison Street is zoned "C", Commercial. In light of the recommendations of the Preferred Vision and the Segment Development Strategies as described above, consideration should be given to fine-tuning the following zoning regulations.

#### Building Setbacks

Required building setbacks (the distance between the building and the property lines) in the "C" District currently vary depending upon the use of the property. In general, most commercial uses have no required setbacks on any side, while those that contain residential uses have setbacks similar to those required in the R-7 Multiple-family Residential District. Figure 4 provides a list of recommended setbacks for consideration along the Madison Street Corridor. In addition to these dimensional recommendations, the Building Orientation section of the Madison Street Corridor Development Guidelines provides recommendations that further define how buildings should be located and designed to further enhance the character of development along the Corridor.

Front setbacks help create a sense of enclosure for the streetscape and a positive relationship between a building's entries, inside activities, service areas, parking areas, and fenestrated facades with the street and neighboring properties. On Madison Street in particular, appropriate setbacks create both a pedestrian-friendly streetscape and maintain the desired urban quality of the Corridor. Figure 5 provides typical cross sections for the eastern and western portions of Madison Street with the setbacks shown in Figure 4.

East of Oak Park Avenue, most existing buildings are built right to the front property line creating a consistent "street wall" down both sides of the street. In addition, the right-of-way is quite wide in this area providing for wide sidewalks and plenty of room for streetscape amenities such trees, lights, benches, signs etc. Accordingly, a five-foot maximum is recommended in order to maintain the consistent street wall. As noted on Figure 4, up to 20% of a building face may have a greater setback as necessary to accommodate building entries and active amenities such as art displays, water features, outdoor dining, etc.

West of Oak Park Avenue, the right-of-way narrows considerably. While many of the existing buildings in this area also are built right up to the property line, some are set back. However, in front of properties with no setback the very narrow sidewalks create an unpleasant pedestrian environment and leave very little room for amenities. Accordingly, a three- to five-foot setback is recommended. This range helps accommodate a wider sidewalk and room for amenities while also preserving the consistent street wall in this area. Further, this range also gives flexibility to building designers in providing relief to the building facades. Here to, up to 20% of a building façade may have a greater setback as necessary to accommodate entries and active amenity areas.

Figure 4 also lists recommended setbacks along the north-south side streets. As with Madison Street, it is important to maintain a consistent relationship between buildings and the street, while also providing for pedestrian comfort. On the primary cross streets (Harlem, Oak Park, Ridgeland, and Austin) the setbacks have been increased slightly to further emphasize the importance of these thoroughfares through the Madison Street Corridor and the Village.

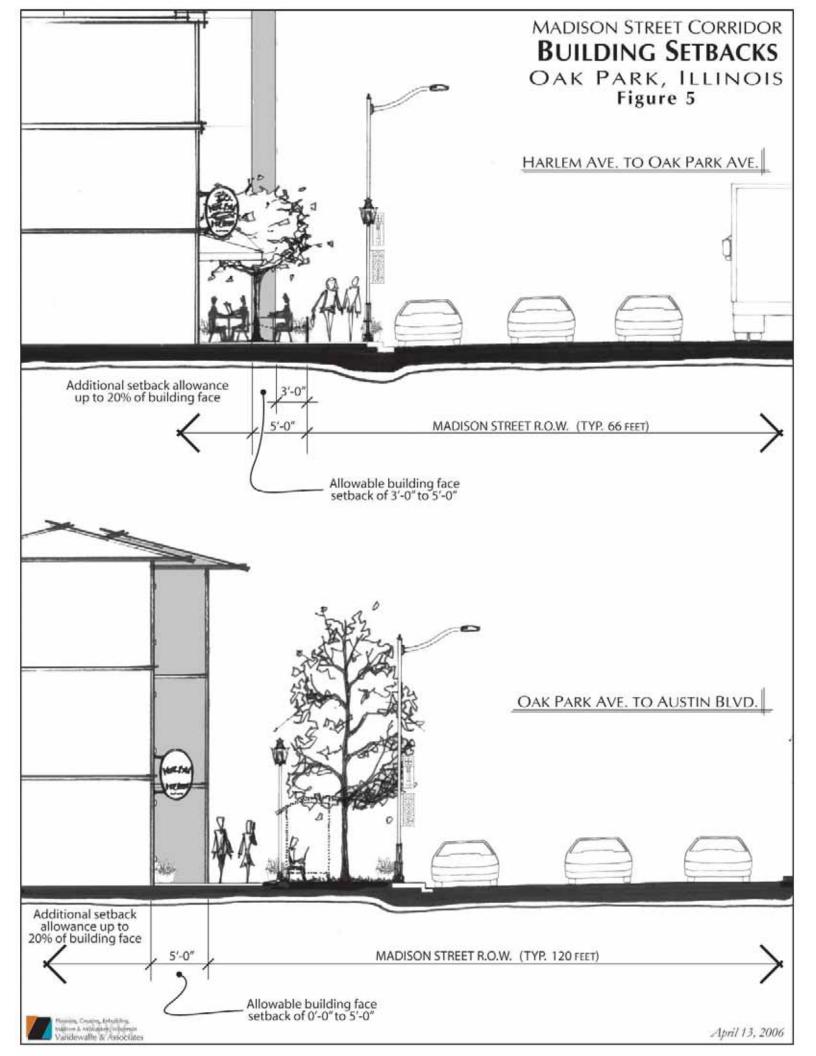


### SETBACK STANDARDS MADISON STREET CORRIDOR OAK PARK, ILLINOIS

Figure 4

	Madison Street (1)	Primary Side Street (1)(2)	Secondary Side Street (1)	Rear Parcel (3)
A	3 - 5	5-15	0-15	25
В	0 - 5	5-15	0-15	25
с	3-5	5-15	0-15	25
D	0-5	5-15	0-15	25
building entrie (2) Primary cro All other inters (3) Measured 1	of a building face me es and active amenit oss streets include He secting streets are clo	ies such as art displa arlem Ave., Oak Park assified as secondary e of the adjoining pa	tback as necessary to nys, water features, o Ave., Ridgeland Ave., y streets. arcel to the rear; ther	utdoor dining, etc. , and Austin Blvd.

Harlem Ave.	Α	Oak Park Ave.	В	Madison St	Austin Blvd.
	C		D		



Finally, properties directly on Madison Street are backed by residential zoning districts and uses, with single-family homes and districts being predominate to the south and multiple-family buildings and districts being predominate on the north. Given the larger and taller buildings permitted along Madison Street and more intensive uses within them, rear yard setbacks are recommended as indicated on Figure 4 to help buffer the adjoining, less-intensive residential uses.

#### Building Height

The Madison Street corridor consists of three zoning classifications; H Hospital District, C Commercial District, and B-1/B-2 General Business District. Within the "C" District, the existing maximum building height is a uniform 50 feet, with a few exceptions. Within the "B1/B2" District, existing maximum building height is 45 feet, with a few exceptions. Within the "H" district, existing maximum height is 125 feet or a maximum floor-area ratio of 4, whichever is less. Most existing buildings are well under this height, but rising land costs are likely to drive developers to desire building heights at or above this limit. In these cases in which developers request a variance or Planned Unit Development zoning, the following factors should be considered as they relate to height relief:

- Character District identified in the Preferred Vision
- Location of the development site in relation to key nodes
- Design of the development
- Surrounding development context
- Proximity to residential structures
- Other compensating benefits, such as open space or density requirements

#### Vehicular Access and Parking Locations

As noted in the Segment Development Strategies, several properties on Madison Street have large, unscreened parking lots that detract from the desired character of the Corridor. The following recommendations are intended to guide the configuration of vehicular access drives and parking areas relative to streets, alleys and neighboring properties. In general, access drives and parking areas along Madison Street should be configured to maximize the ease of use and convenience for business operations and customers while minimizing the negative impacts of vehicular conflicts with pedestrians and neighboring properties.

Figure 8 indicates the preferred parking area locations for properties along Madison Street. Section 6.2 of the Zoning Code provides standards for off-street parking and loading but does not contain detailed standards on the location of parking relative to adjoining streets. The Madison Street Corridor Development Guidelines document includes techniques to orient and screen parking to minimize its impact on the Corridor, but consideration should be given to adding additional parking standards in the Zoning Code or including them as part of a Madison Street zoning overlay district. The following parking area location standards are listed in order of preference.

- All parcels:
  - Behind buildings with minimal or no exposure to Madison Street or side streets (most preferred)
  - Behind buildings with minimal or no exposure to Madison Street, but some exposure to side streets
  - Adjacent to buildings on Madison Street, but limited to sixty feet in width or 25% of Madison Street frontage (*least preferred*)



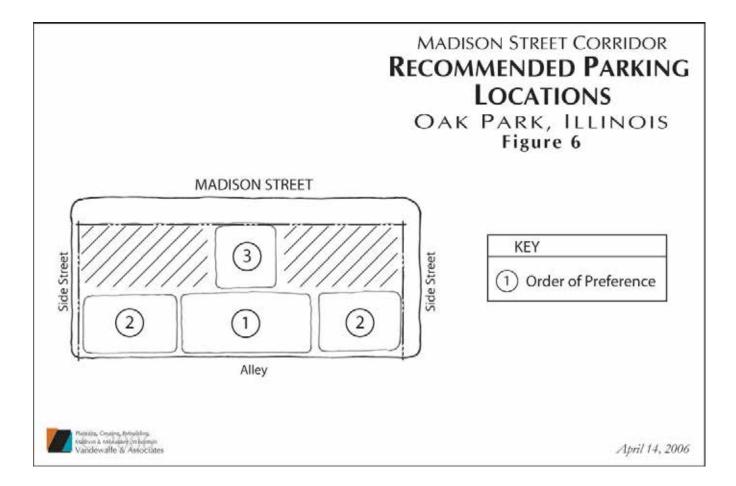
- At corners on Madison Street regardless of amount of exposure (*prohibited*)
- In front of buildings on Madison Street (prohibited)

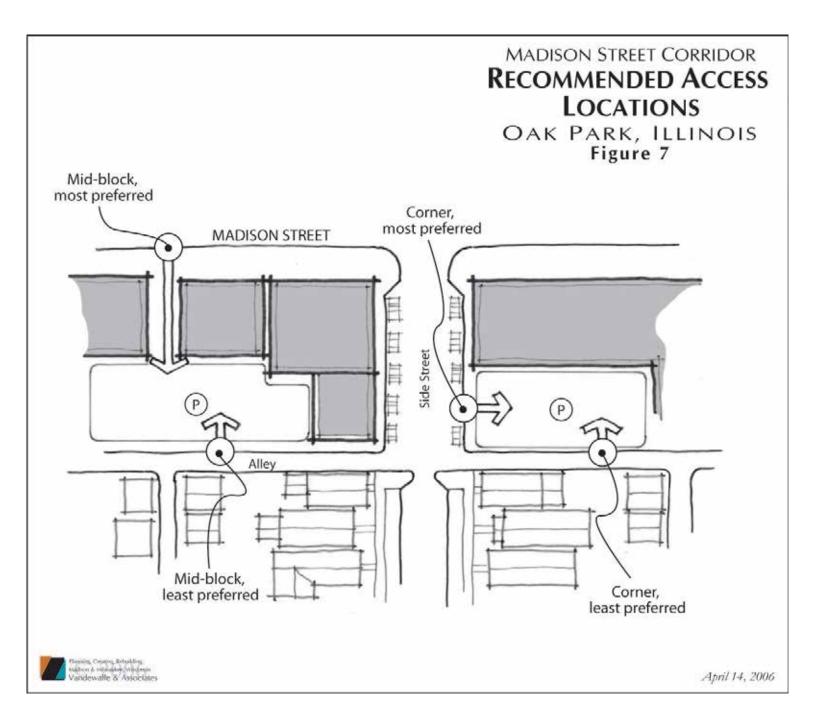
Like parking areas, the number and location of vehicular access points directly impact the visual quality of the Corridor and pedestrian safety and comfort. Accordingly, consideration should be given to incorporating standards similar to those recommended below for inclusion into the parking section of the Zoning Code or as part of a Madison Street overlay district.

Consistent with Figure 9, the following provides the order of preference for access locations for each type of parcel location. Each set of options begins with the most preferred and ends with the least preferred. Those in between are generally of equal preference and should be considered on a case-by-case basis only if the most preferred option proves to be infeasible.

- For mid-block parcels:
  - Shared access from Madison Street serving two or more parcels (*most preferred*)
  - Individual access along Madison Street in combination with access to the rear alley
  - Access only from the rear alley, provided a "free-flow" traffic condition can be maintained in the alley, which may require widening the alley as per Section 6.2C. of the Zoning Code (*least preferred*)
  - Individual access only from Madison Street (*least preferred*)
  - Access from the rear alley in which a "free-flow" traffic condition cannot be maintained, e.g. the alley will be blocked or obstructed (*prohibited*)
- For corner parcels:
  - Access only from the side street (*most preferred*)
  - Access from the side street in combination with the rear alley
  - Access only from the rear alley, provided a "free-flow" traffic condition can be maintained in the alley, which may require widening the alley as per Section 6.2C. of the Zoning Code (*least preferred*)
  - Access from the rear alley in which a "free-flow" traffic condition cannot be maintained, e.g. the alley will be blocked or obstructed (*prohibited*)
- For all parcels,
  - Service activities conducted in marketed loading zones adjacent to, but not within, the rear alley (*most preferred*)
  - Service activities conducted in marked loading zones located on a side street
  - Service activities conducted in marked loading zones on Madison Street
  - Service activities conducted from parking areas on a side street or Madison Street (*least preferred*)
  - Service activities conducted directly from the rear alley (prohibited)
  - Service activities conducted from travel lanes on any street, e.g. double-parked vehicles (prohibited)







#### Permitted Uses

The Preferred Vision incorporates three character districts that define the general uses and intensity of development along the corridor. Within all character districts, the Preferred Vision and Segment Development Strategies strongly favor ground floor commercial uses with residential uses (if present) located above. Accordingly, consideration should be given to prohibiting the following residential uses (as permitted in the "C" District in the Summary Use Matrix of the Zoning Code, Section 3.1) along both sides of Madison Street for its entire length:

- Single family homes
- Residential dwelling units on the ground floor

Other than residential uses, the uses currently permitted in the "C" District are consistent with the Accessible Commercial and Destination Commercial and Institutional character districts. However, within the Neighborhood-Oriented Mixed-Use character district, consideration should be given to prohibiting or reclassifying the following highly-intensive uses that are currently permitted in the "C" District:

- Drive-through service window
- Restaurant with drive-in or drive-through
- Auto service and fueling station
- Car wash
- All resale, distribution & storage uses
- All vehicle & equipment sales, service & rental uses

#### Traffic and Parking Analysis

The following recommendations are a result of the culmination of significant amounts of traffic, parking and pedestrian data collection along with a thorough evaluation of corridor operations. These evaluations were performed by Kenig, Lindgren, O'Hara, Aboona, Inc. in concert with the community "Preferred Vision" and with sensitivity towards the neighboring land uses.

In general, the corridor works well from a transportation perspective. Most intersections perform at very good levels of service by generally accepted engineering standards and criteria. The four moving lanes of traffic are, during most times, more than sufficient to handle the nearly 18,000 vehicles per day. On street parking is available in most areas during weekdays and on Saturday. With some exceptions, primarily near public buildings, most block faces and public parking areas have spaces available. In most areas, on street spaces are only at 70% -80% of capacity, leaving 2-4 parking spaces available per block face. Pedestrian volumes are somewhat increased during school dismissal hours but are not extraordinarily high.

The street has two distinct cross sections. East of Oak Park Avenue, it is a "boulevard" divided by a planted median. The right-of-way is generally 120 feet wide. West of Oak Park Avenue, the right-of-way narrows to approximately 73 feet and the travel lanes are undivided. On-street parking is provided throughout the entire corridor on both the north and south sides of the street. Because of these dynamics and features, major geometric changes are not feasible. The roadway design west of Oak Park Ave. is substandard offering only 10 ft. wide travel lanes. However, due to the right of way limitations, changes cannot occur without eliminating some of the other features such as parking. Consequently, the following report and figures suggest changes and improvements that will generally work within the corridor parameters and have low cost yet high impacts on operations.



For purposes of evaluation, the corridor is divided into three sections. The first is from Harlem Avenue to Oak Park Avenue and represents the narrower right-of-way. The second section is from Oak Park Avenue to Ridgeland Avenue. The third section is from Ridgeland Avenue to Austin Avenue.

#### Review Criteria and Standards

Each section and key development site was reviewed and evaluated with respect to roadway operations, pedestrian areas, and neighborhood issues such as "cut through" traffic. Standards used for review are as follows:

<u>Access</u>: New sites should have one primary point of access along the roadway and preferably be aligned with a street or median break. When possible, corner sites should have their primary access from the minor street.

Use of Alleys: Alleys should be used for secondary access as well as loading when possible.

<u>Neighborhood Traffic</u>: Cut-through traffic to local streets from arterials should be mitigated when possible. New development sites should be designed to prohibit these movements.

<u>Parking</u>: Use of public parking is encouraged as a secondary means. To the extent possible, new development sites should have adequate parking on site.

<u>Pedestrian</u>: Pedestrian safety should be maximized by sheltered sidewalks, bump outs at intersections, and other means as necessary.

<u>Street Operations</u>: Street closures should be avoided unless absolutely necessary as previously described. When necessary, signage or peak hour turn restrictions should be used to reduce unwanted vehicular movements. On street parking should be located at least 60 feet from signalized intersections to allow for separate right turn movements.

<u>Transit</u>: Transit plays an important role in traffic reduction and should be accommodated on the street with appropriate signage, shelters and lay-bys as possible. When possible, bus stop locations should be located at the far side of signalized intersections.

#### Evaluation and Recommended Street Improvements

Section 1 (Reference Figure 8)

- Move the Pace bus stop at the northeast corner of Harlem Ave. and Madison St. to far (west) side of Harlem Ave.
- Create a westbound to northbound right turn lane at Harlem Ave (striping).
- Create bump outs at intersections as depicted on figure.
- Further study of cut-through traffic from/to Madison Street-Oak Park Avenue, along Carpenter-Grove Avenues and Monroe-Adams Streets. Possible peak hour turn restrictions using signage should be studied.

#### Section 2 (Reference Figure 9)

- Prohibit parking at least 60-80 feet from the corners of Oak Park Avenue and also Ridgeland Avenue.
- Move Pace bus stop at the southwest corner of Madison Street and Oak Park Avenue to the far side (east of Oak Park Avenue). Remove three parking spaces and create bus lay by.



• Create bump outs at intersections.

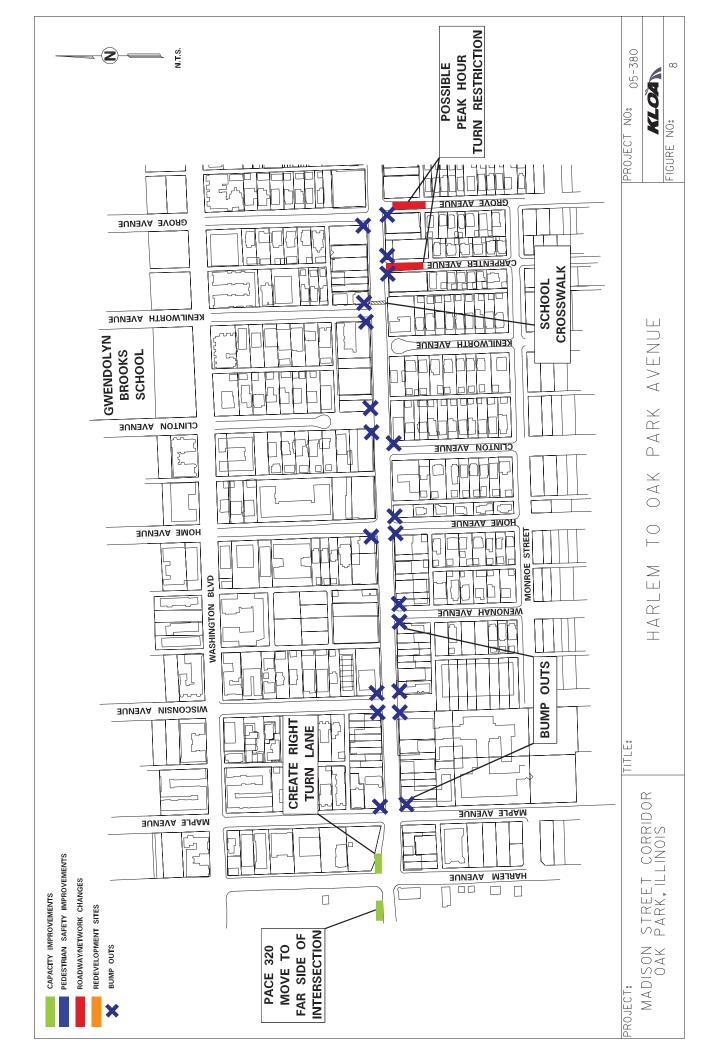
Section 3 (Reference Figure 10)

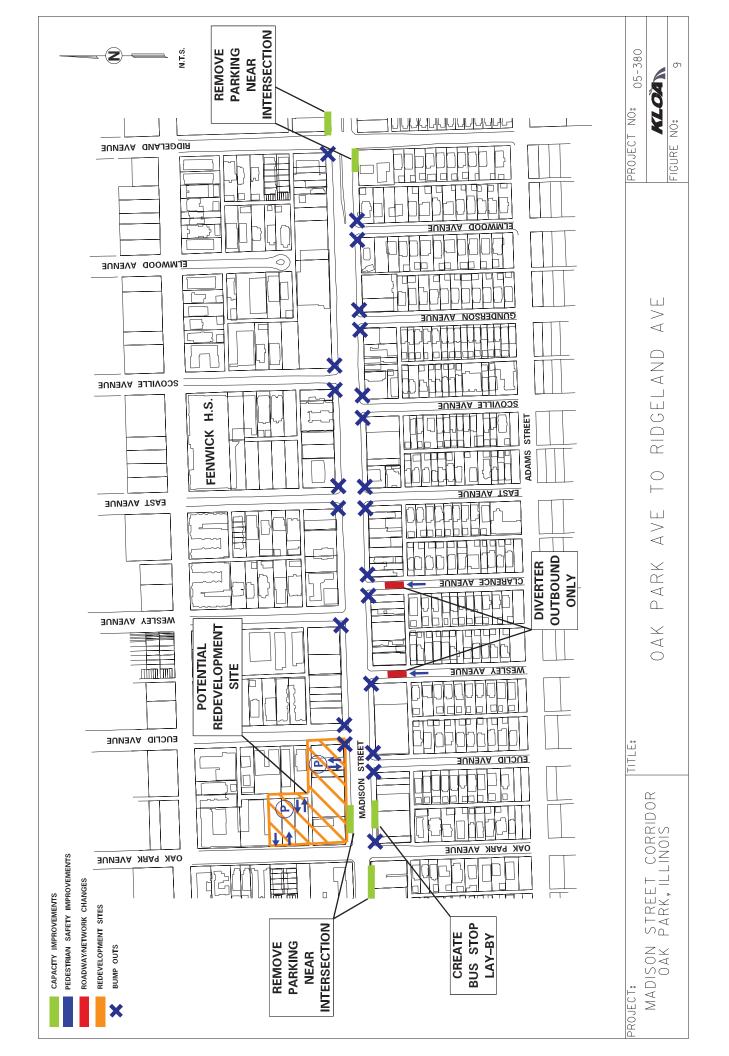
- Prohibit parking at least 60-80 feet from Austin Ave.
- Create bump outs at intersections as noted on Figure 3.
- Install/construct diverter on Highland, Lyman, and Humphrey Avenues in conjunction with redevelopment sites. Two-way operations south of diverters should be allowed with access to east-west alley by local residents. Access to alley should be allowed for redevelopment sites, but no southbound movements into neighborhoods.

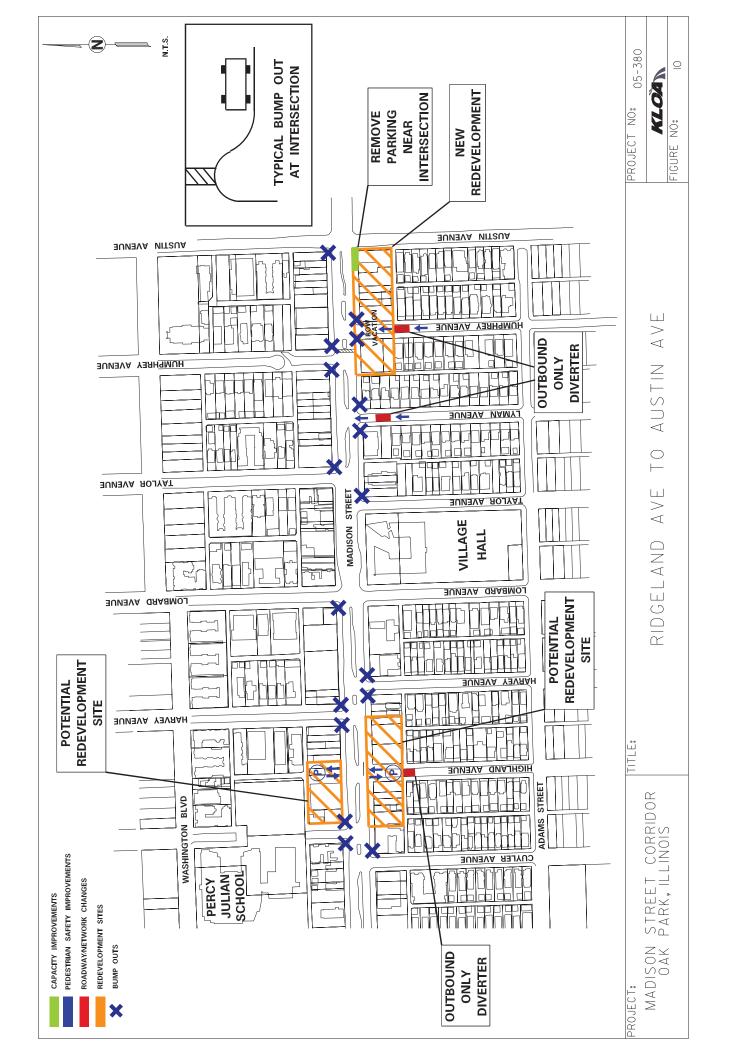
#### General Recommendations

Street operations are generally very good. Improvements can be made to support further pedestrian activity on the street. Neighborhood cut through issues should be studied further before imposing restrictions. Sufficient capacity exists to support new redevelopment. This redevelopment should occur with sensitivity to the guidelines presented.









# **IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY**

Implementation of the Madison Street Plan will involve a wide range of activities including everything from developer selection for key sites owned by the Village, to additional streetscape enhancements, to transportation/parking improvements, to business recruitment. Accordingly, a wide range of skills and resources are needed, as well as a consistent and coordinated effort among several different and independent entities.

Oak Park is extremely fortunate to have several highly skilled and resource rich implementation organizations already operating in the community. Unfortunately, these assets are not well coordinated leading to inefficiencies, redundancies and even competition between the various entities. What is needed is a collaborative initiative with a single, shared mission in which the skills and resources of several individually important and valuable organizations can be brought to bear to ensure the goals and recommendations of the Madison Street Plan are brought to fruition.

The proposed Madison Street Implementation Coalition seeks to include a broad base of individuals and organizations that have the critical skills and resources necessary to execute the Madison Street Plan. The following is an outline of the Coalition's mission and its general organization and responsibilities.

## Mission

To realize the goals of the Madison Street Plan by leading all implementation activities through a collaborative of organizations and individuals with key skills and resources while providing for a maximum of transparency and input by the public.

# Members

Members should consist of the individuals and organizations providing the key skills and resources necessary to achieve full implementation of the Plan. Members are in no way expected to act as a surrogate for direct input by the public but rather are responsible for gathering input from the community and then crafting appropriate recommendations concerning all implementation activities. To remain effective and focused, membership should be limited to no more than 11 members, such as the following:

- Village Staff
- Business Associations
- Private, non-profit community/economic development entities
- Financial Institutions
- Private, non-profit housing organizations
- Neighborhood Associations

# **Responsibilities and Activities**

The Coalition would be an advisory body to the Village Board, as well as the organizations that have representatives serving as members. Property and business development projects are often complex and involve complex funding and marketing strategies requiring the participation and resources of the organizations represented on the Coalition. Consistent with the mission of the Coalition, the responsibility of the members is to craft an approach to all implementation projects that best utilizes



all of the skills and resources the members and their organizations have to offer in a comprehensive, cohesive and collaborative manner.

One of the first tasks of the Coalitions will be to prepare a detailed work plan to focus its initial efforts based on the top priorities identified in this Plan. The following, then, list is intended only to illustrate the full breadth of responsibilities and activities that the Coalition may undertake over time, and as will be needed, to fully achieve the goals of the Madison Street Plan.

- 1. Advise the Village Board and member organizations on all matters concerning the implementation of the Madison Street Plan.
  - Identify potential redevelopment projects covered by the Madison Street Plan and recommend specific implementation strategies for them.
  - Coordinate the activities of the member organizations, business organizations, and developers in connection with implementation of the Madison Street Plan.
  - Establish committees for the functional tasks and activities related to the implementation of the Madison Street Plan.
  - Update and maintain the Madison Street Plan.
  - Provide regular implementation status reports to the Village Board, related Village advisory boards, and member organizations.
  - Prepare and execute annual work plans.
- 2. Coordinate the developer recruitment and selection process for Village-owned properties following the adopted public planning process for the disposition of Village-owned sites, as well as the recruitment and selection of developers for other key redevelopment sites made available by member organizations.
  - Prepare draft RFP's consistent with recommendations in the Madison Street Plan.
  - Conduct public meetings to gain citizen and business community input on RFP's consistent with the adopted public planning process for Village-owned sites.
  - Prepare and advertise final RFP.
  - Evaluate developer proposals and recommend one or more qualified developers to the Village Board or member property owner for selection.
  - Negotiate the scope and terms of proposed development agreements and make recommendations on same to the Village Board and member organizations offering assistance.
  - Identify key redevelopment sites for acquisition by the Village or other member organization.
- 3. Coordinate all business and property development recruitment activities for Madison Street.
  - Maintain an up-to-date database of all business and property development assistance programs available in the community and on Madison Street.
  - Develop processes and strategies to maximize the availability of the skills and resources offered by the members and their organizations while eliminating redundancy and competition between them.
  - Serve as a clearinghouse for those seeking property or business development assistance on Madison Street.
  - Assist property owners and interested businesses in accessing all available business and property development assistance programs.



- Identify needed/desired businesses for Madison Street and develop and implement recruitment strategies.
- Develop and implement an overall Madison Street marketing strategy.
- 4. Advise the Village Board on needed public improvements along Madison Street.
  - Identify needed public improvements on Madison Street and recommend schedules and financing strategies to the Village Board.
- 5. Provide on-going forums for two-way communications with all interested parties concerning all Madison Street implementation activities and needs.
  - Conduct regular public meetings and opportunities for input concerning implementation activities and needs.
  - Provide regular written communications to all interested parties concerning implementation activities.
  - Ensure that all implementation activities are transparent and open for review and comment by the public, while ensuring that truly propriety information of property and business owners is adequately protected.



# APPENDIX A: PREFERRED VISION FORUM PLANNING EXERCISE INSTRUCTIONS





# Village of Oak Park MADISON STREET CORRIDOR PREFERRED VISION February 23, 2006

# **GROUP PLANNING EXERCISE**

Each table has been provided a map of a segment of the Madison Street Corridor. Working as a *team*, each group should develop a "plan" for the future of the corridor – think about how new development should look as it is introduced. The maps should be annotated with descriptive text using the markers provided. Ideas may also be conveyed on the flip-chart boards. Please use whichever method best communicates your team's vision for the segment.

Additionally, we invite you to share you individual thoughts on this worksheet and leave it with us.

## Please identify your table number and the segment on which you are working:

## Land Uses

Please answer the questions below that relate to land use. Some land uses and specifics that you may want to address include:

- Residential multi-family or single-family, rental or condominium, etc.
- Commercial (as a general land use, not specific businesses you will have an opportunity to define business mix below)- office, retail, or service
- Mixed-use commercial below and office above, commercial below and residential above, some other use mix
- Institutional government, schools, hospitals, recreation, churches
- Parking lots/parking structures

Within your segment of the corridor, what land uses would you prefer?

Where in your segment should they be located? Please annotate the map if helpful.



What land uses would you definitely not like to have?

#### **Business Mix**

Please answer the following questions regarding the business mix in your segment.

The following list if businesses may help you to choose, but is not an exhaustive list of options: retail (national or local retailers), entertainment, personal services, business services, hotel, professional offices (attorneys, architects, accountants), medical offices, corporate businesses offices and support, wholesale/warehousing, etc.

What types of businesses are desired in this segment of the corridor?

Where in your segment should they be located? Please annotate the map if helpful.

What businesses would you definitely not like to have?





# Building Configuration and Orientation

How should buildings relate to Madison Street – are they built right up to the sidewalk or are they setback from the sidewalk to allow wider sidewalks, parking or landscaping? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 

Should the development be pedestrian-oriented or automobile-oriented? How is this established through site design? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 

# **Circulation and Access**

Should automobile access be from Madison Street, side streets or the alley? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 

Where should the pedestrian entrances to development be located? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 





# Parking

According the Village Zoning Ordinance, new development sites must accommodate the required parking directly on site. Within these sites, where should parking generally be located? Behind the building structures, in front, on the side? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 

If there were to be shared parking structures along the corridor, where should the structures be located – directly on Madison Street, behind the land uses on Madison Street, consolidated with the development, or all of the above? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 

# **Building Height**

The current Village Zoning Ordinance limits building height to 50 feet. Is this appropriate? Should it be modified? How high should the limit be? Feel free to answer in number of feet or number of stories.

Does your vision for building heights change throughout your segment – is it different for the north side of street from the south side? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 



# APPENDIX B: PREFERRED VISION FORUM GROUP PLANNING SUMMARY





# **GROUP PLANNING EXERCISE**

# Group Mapping Summary

# Section 1 – Harlem Avenue to Home Avenue

SE Corner of Harlem

- Future hospital development
- Gateway friendly

# NE Corner of Harlem (1)

Change angled parking to street-oriented – right now parking is inefficient

# NE Corner of Harlem (2)

- Too much parking
- Ask Wendy's to do something nice here

## Hospital Street Frontage

- Upgrade athletic facility for better community use
- Community Art Project
- Windows
- Lesson impact of wall
- Façade upgrade across Madison Street

#### NW Corner of Wisconsin Ave

- Al's needs parking solution
- Need parking for restaurant and church

#### SW Corner of Wisconsin Ave

Residential across Madison Street

# South side of Madison Street-From Wisconsin to Home Avenue

- Keep historical structures
- Continue mixed-use
- Strip mall can go
- Business: Coffee shop, used bookstore, cooking utensils & culinary
- Max 4 stories height
- Improve façade across the street

# Between Wisconsin and Home Avenues

- Ugly gas meters
- Keep historical facades

#### NE Corner of Home Avenue (1)

- Move 97 to Village Hall
- Redevelop with parking





# NE Corner of Home Avenue (2)

- Mixed-use
- Commercial 1st Floor
- Residential above
- 3 parcel (north & south side of Madison) possible big statement redevelopment

# SE Corner of Home and Neighboring Site

- Enhance green space
- Redevelop i.e. remove bank
- Keep green space
- Plaza with restaurant
- Max 2-3 stories
- Keep setback

## Additional Notes

- Sufficient gas stations
- Need sewer upgrade (sewers a problem on Madison St. home flooding)
- How can hospital garage be utilized for Madison St.?
- FLW building about 1 block north of Madison St. on Home Ave.
- Need existing parking lot signage & direction one block east of Home Ave.
- No big box housing

#### Section 2 – Home Avenue to Oak Park Avenue

#### Streetscape Issues

- Pedestrian lights
- Planters-hanging baskets
- Wider setbacks
- Benches/seating areas
- Interesting lighting
- Fountains
- Pocket parks
- Public art
- Curb bump-outs

#### Redevelopment Sites

- Restaurants, cafes
- Grocery-high end
- Professional offices
- Home decorating retail
- Home renovation supplies
- Performing arts center
- 50 foot max height both sides
- Heights should/could vary between buildings





 Parking garage behind building on NE corner near Oak Park Arms entrance on Oak Park Avenue

## NE Corner of Home Avenue

- District 97 office building does not fit with Character District #2
- Redevelop with Character District #2

# NW Corner of Grove Avenue

Public parking to support retail

NW Corner of Oak Park Ave (1)

Commercial/retail, office

# NW Corner of Oak Park Ave (2)

Fountain

# SW Corner of Oak Park Ave (1)

- Retail ground
- Offices above

## SW Corner of Oak Park Ave (2)

- Trader Joe's
- Corner bakery

# NE Corner of Oak Park Ave (1)

- Multiple level parking garage to support commercial
- Institutional or commercial

# NE Corner of Oak Park Ave (2)

- Fitness/Children's Recreation Center with outdoor paths
- Garage like OPRF behind building
- Fountain on corner

# Carpenter Ave to Oak Park Ave

- Wide setbacks
- Mixed use
- Commercial
- Lake Theater Annex
- Art Films

#### Clinton Ave Intersection

Traffic Control





#### Additional Notes

- Improved Streetscape
- Pedestrian Friendly
- No more townhome development on Madison condos (low rise) 40' max above commercial/retail
- Slow traffic on side streets using: speed bumps and other features to slow down traffic
- Move cul-de-sac on Kenilworth on south side of Madison Street
- Like this park! (on SE corner of Home Ave)

# Section 3 - Oak Park Avenue to East Avenue

# Oak Park Avenue Corner

- REI on first floor with café
- 3 upper floors
  - International short term apartment
  - Graduate/intern student housing

# Euclid Avenue Corner

Youth athletic facility and climbing

# Mid-Block between East Avenue and Scoville Avenue

Trage brother annex

# Section 4 – East Avenue to Ridgeland Avenue

# Scoville Avenue to Ridgeland Avenue

- Dangerous crossings especially Saturday due to delivery
- Better use next to Jewel

# Additional Notes

• More like this apartment building on Corner of Scoville Avenue

# Section 5 - Ridgeland Avenue to Lombard Avenue

# Ridgeland Avenue NW Corner

- Dist. 97 office and parking structure
- Keep Billy's
- Create garage here and move in car rental
- Redevelop buildings on north side of Madison Street

# Cuyler Ave to Harvey Ave

- Relocate Car-X and Amoco Transmission to Volvo
- Pedestrian scale
- Mixed-use
- Surface parking
- Home center nursery





- Friendly
- Bill P.

# Harvey Ave to Lombard Ave

Move white roof building on north side of street to better location

# Additional Notes

- Preserve or encourage small start-up retail and office space
- All district 97 buildings off Madison

# Section 6 – Lombard Avenue to Austin Boulevard

Behind Village Hall

- 2-level lot
- Police on 2nd Floor

# Behind Village Hall

- 2-story Police Department (architecture to "fit", jail & holding areas)
- 2-story/parking
- Redesign basement of Village Hall for storage; offices, etc.

# NW Corner of Austin Blvd

• Retail/Office with parking

# Additional Notes

- Office, retail,& commercial with parking decks along Madison Street
- Bank owns first four houses on east side of Lyman Ave, and the two buildings on corner of Humphrey Ave
- Strong lighting/street directed along Madison Street

# Long Term Proposal

- Create Program:
  - Purchase as they become available, 1 lot on N of alley & 1 lot on S. of alley, the length of Madison (to deeper lots on Madison)
  - Deeper lots = larger retail space; parking space



# APPENDIX C: PREFERRED VISION FORUM INDIVIDUAL PLANNING SUMMARY





# **GROUP PLANNING EXERCISE**

Please identify your table number and the segment on which you are working:

#### SEGMENT 5 - RIDGELAND TO LOMBARD

#### Land Uses

Within your segment of the corridor, what land uses would you prefer?

3	Mixed-use
2	Parking lots
2	Commercial
1	Locally owned retail
1	Retail
1	Small business
1	Insitiutional
1	Relocate District 97 to parking structure behind Percy Julian Jr. High

Where in your segment should they be located? Please annotate the map if helpful.

1	Pedestrian-friendly pockets
1	Ridgeland & Lombard destination commercial
1	Major north-south thoroughfares destination commercial
1	Mixed-use in between

What land uses would you definitely not like to have?

2	Condos
1	Institutional
1	Parking structures
1	Residential

#### **Business Mix**

What types of businesses are desired in this segment of the corridor?

3	Business services
2	Personal services
2	Local, independent business
2	Retail
1	Office space
1	Auto services





Where in your segment should they be located? Please annotate the map if helpful.

1	Not just at major intersections
1	Retail at light and balance in between
	See map

What businesses would you definitely not like to have?

Γ	1	Brothel
	1	Multi-unit residential

#### **Building Configuration and Orientation**

How should buildings relate to Madison Street – are they built right up to the sidewalk or are they setback from the sidewalk to allow wider sidewalks, parking or landscaping? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 

2	Varied setbacks
1	Don't crowd sidewalks
1	Greater setback toward light
1	Setback please!
	See map

Should the development be pedestrian-oriented or automobile-oriented? How is this established through site design? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 

1	Automobile-oriented
1	Adequate sidewalk
1	Variation in setback
	See map

#### **Circulation and Access**

Should automobile access be from Madison Street, side streets or the alley? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 

1	From Madison Street
	Residents don't want overflow of traffic in neighborhoods, especially south
1	side or Madison
	See map

Where should the pedestrian entrances to development be located? Please annotate the map if helpful.

1	Madison Street
1	Major intersections
	See map





# Parking

According the Village Zoning Ordinance, new development sites must accommodate the required parking directly on site. Within these sites, where should parking generally be located? Behind the building structures, in front, on the side? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 

2	Variation
1	Front
1	Side
1	Back
1	No parking structures

If there were to be shared parking structures along the corridor, where should the structures be located – directly on Madison Street, behind the land uses on Madison Street, consolidated with the development, or all of the above? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 

2	Madison Street
1	Behind the land uses on Madison Street
1	Consolidated with the development
1	Residents don't want overflow in their neighborhoods

## **Building Height**

The current Village Zoning Ordinance limits building height to 50 feet. Is this appropriate? Should it be modified? How high should the limit be? Feel free to answer in number of feet or number of stories.

2	50 feet is appropriate
1	3-4 stories maximum
1	Maybe higher than 4 stories for a major destination
1	No towers!

Does your vision for building heights change throughout your segment – is it different for the north side of street from the south side? *Please annotate the map if helpful.* 

1	Same north and south side
	See map



# **Development Guidelines**



# Village of Oak Park Madison Street Corridor



# Table of Contents

Introduction
Development Guidelines
How to Use this Document
Design Review
The Madison Street Corridor
Core Principles
Development Guidelines
Site Design
Vehicular Access and Parking
Service Areas and Site Utilities
Landscaping and Other Site Treatments
Site Lighting and Signage
Site Furnishings
Architecture
Building Orientation
Building and Roof Form
Massing and Articulation
Materials and Colors
Detailing
Fenestration and Storefronts
Building-Mounted Signage, Lighting and Equipment
Preservation/Restoration/Reuse
Public Improvements
Gateways
Streetscape
Crosswalks
Common Spaces and Amenities
Development Guidelines Checklist

# INTRODUCTION

# **Development Guidelines**

The following Development Guidelines are intended to help protect and enhance current and future investment in the Madison Street Corridor, ensure a degree of order, harmony and quality within the built environment, and to encourage the development of attractive individual buildings and projects that together contribute to a unified and distinct Madison Street Corridor.

Guidelines give developers an understanding of the Village's expectations and provide the Village a framework for reviewing proposed projects. They are not rigid requirements without flexibility. They are a flexible review tool aiding in the design of buildings and sites with the intent to foster quality and innovation.

The guidelines recognize and support Madison Street's "urban fabric." The historic urban character of Madison Street is maintained and strengthened by the guidelines. Moreover, the guidelines reinforce the nature and quality of Madison Street by calling for new development and rehabilitation to complement and respect the character of Madison Street's existing historic buildings. Older buildings are treated with respect and as a part of today's opportunities.

The Development Guidelines provide a descriptive template for maintaining and improving the urban character of Madison Street. The guidelines also provide opportunities for new and innovative designs. Creativity and flexibility are encouraged within the parameters of the guidelines, which reflect the community's vision for the Madison Street Corridor.

# How to Use this Document

Use this document and the other components of the *Madison Street Corridor Plan* to plan, design, and review development proposals. This document provides "guidelines" for specific facets of site and building design. In this document, references to the "*Plan*" refer to the *Madison Street Corridor Plan (2006)*.

# **Development Guidelines**

The guidelines are organized into two major groups that address "site design" and "architectural" design elements. Within these two groups there are numerous more specific design element recommendations each with a definition, an overall statement of purpose for the design element, and a list of appropriate and inappropriate applications. Often the text is supported with several example photographs.

These lists of applications are not comprehensive (i.e. identifying every potential design solution) but are intended to communicate "appropriate" and "inappropriate" approaches to design issues. "Appropriateness" is based on how design solutions will support or detract from the goals, objectives, and the desired design character identified in the *Plan* and in the Core Principles of these Development Guidelines.

Proposed design solutions matching those listed under "appropriate," or not listed under "appropriate" but similar in spirit and performance, will strengthen the case of design proposals. Design solutions contrary in spirit and impact will weaken the case of design proposals and may be prohibited.

Design solutions listed under "inappropriate," or similar in spirit and impact, will weaken the case of design proposals and will not be permitted without acceptable rationale for alternatives that support the goals, objectives, and desired design character identified in the *Plan* and in the Core Principles of these Development Guidelines.

Visual examples included in each guideline are not intended to be specific examples that should be replicated. Instead, they are intended to clarify appropriate and inappropriate design criteria to designers, developers and the Community Design Commission.

# **Development Guidelines Checklist**

The Oak Park process for design review ensures that quality projects get built in the Madison Street Corridor. The Development Guidelines Checklist is to be used in this design review process.



# **Design Review**

All new development, additions, remodels and renovations within the Madison Street Corridor are subject to design review to determine the project's compliance with the following Core Principles and Development Guidelines and with the other components of the *Madison Street Corridor Plan*.

The process for design review is based on the extent of work proposed and whether it falls under one of the following three categories:

- Exterior maintenance and repair
- Minor exterior modifications
- Major exterior modifications

Projects will be evaluated for consistency with the other components of the *Madison Street Corridor Plan*, the Village of Oak Park Zoning Ordinance, and these Development Guidelines.

The Development Guidelines are applied during Village staff review of development applications. Decisions will be made by staff or the Community Design Commission to approve, approve with conditions, or deny a proposal.

Where a project is found to be inconsistent with the Development Guidelines, staff or the Community Design Commission may impose conditions of approval. It may also be determined that design details or other site factors warrant project approval without observance of the Development Guidelines.

For those applications that are substantially inconsistent with the guidelines, staff or the Community Design Commission also have the option to deny the development request.

# The Madison Street Corridor

The Madison Street Corridor Development Guidelines support and complement the goals, objectives, principles, frameworks and strategies described in the other components of the *Madison Street Corridor Plan*.

# **Core Principles**

The following "Core Principles" reflect the most significant goals to be achieved within the Madison Street Corridor and are supported by the Development Guidelines. Planning, design and review of future projects should comply with the intentions of the following "Core Principles."

# Madison Street "Spirit"

Maintain and strengthen the "spirit" of Madison Street by building on its vital history, playing a role as a major commercial community thoroughfare, and serving its surrounding neighborhoods.

## **Context and Tradition**

Utilize the traditional patterns, scale, materials, and architectural character of Madison Street as well as a project's immediate context to inform the character of new public improvements and site and architectural design.

#### Scale

Maintain a scale on Madison Street which is comfortable to pedestrians, compatible with its residential neighbors, and with buildings that have a comfortable presence on the street. Refer to the Plan and its "preferred vision" for additional recommendations for appropriate scale.

# Pedestrian Friendliness

Protect and strengthen the quality of pedestrian environments including accessibility, safety, comfort, aesthetics, public spaces and support of desired activities.

# Sustainability and Historic Preservation

Encourage environmentally-friendly site and building design and management practices throughout the corridor including the preservation and reuse of existing historic structures.

# Green Space

Encourage the preservation and creation of public "green space" as well as the interaction of interior uses with these outdoor spaces.

# **DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES**



# DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES SITE DESIGN

Site Design guidelines address the following issues:

- Location and treatment of vehicular access
- Pedestrian access
- Parking location and treatment
- Treatment of parking structures
- Location and treatment of service areas and utility equipment
- Landscaping
- Other landscape treatments
- Site lighting
- Type and character of site-located signage
- Type and character of site furnishings

# Vehicular Access and Parking

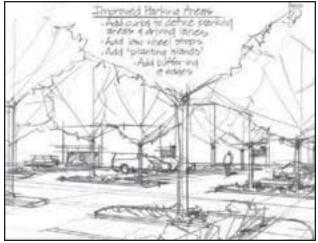
The following vehicular access and parking location guidelines are intended to be used in conjunction with zoning recommendations specified in the Development and Implementation Strategies Component of the *Plan*. They guide the configuration of vehicular access drives and parking areas relative to streets, alleys and neighboring properties.

## Guideline

Configure access drives and parking areas in the Madison Street corridor to maximize the ease of use and convenience for business operations and their users while minimizing the negative impacts of vehicular conflicts with pedestrians, neighbors, and the experiential quality of these new places.

## Appropriate

- For existing properties, where the site area permits, relocate surface parking currently located in the front to the side and/or rear of the building. When this is not possible, provide screening, walkways, landscaping, architectural features and lighting to make these areas more attractive and inviting.
- Share parking areas between businesses and property owners. Link adjoining parking lots to provide internal traffic circulation.
- In large parking areas, create walkways connecting to the street and/or facility entry.
- Set back any parking area located on Madison Street frontage at least five feet from front of the parcel boundary. This setback should include improvements such as significant parking lot screening and/or amenities.
- Where parking ramps are built, face them with habitable building area along Madison Street. Complement the exterior design of parking ramps with the quality and design of the buildings they serve. In all cases, obscure the parking ramp and present an attractive building face through appropriate façade design.
- Locate access points to minimize effort and distance traveled for users of businesses.
- Provide access for the adequate servicing of businesses.



Appropriate



Inappropriate

- Minimize the number and size of access drives from Madison Street and side streets in order to reduce conflicts with pedestrian walkways.
- Include design features that increase the safety for the pedestrian at these points of conflict.
- Consolidate and share access drives.
- Utilize side streets and alleys for access drives, especially for corner parcels.
- Create "parking courts" that accommodate onstreet parking on secondary side streets between Madison Street and the alleys to the rear.

- Narrow the width of street surface between curbs and utilize other "traffic calming" techniques at secondary side streets where the public use area of Madison Street changes to the residential access use of the adjoining residential neighborhood. Provide clear indications that through traffic on side streets is discouraged.
- Incorporate bicycle parking areas and bike racks at convenient locations on-site.
- Provide pathway connections for bicycles between streets and pathways and bicycle parking areas.

- New parking access points off of Madison Street should not be permitted, and existing access points should be eliminated or consolidated where ever possible.
- No street face of a block should be dominated by exposed surface or structured parking.
- Surface parking areas are prohibited at corners unless no other alternative is available.
- New surface parking areas in front of buildings and with frontage on Madison Street are prohibited.



Inappropriate



Inappropriate

# Service Areas and Site Utilities

These guidelines describe appropriate locations, character and treatments of service and utility areas. (See the Zoning Recommendations section of the Development and Implementation document for vehicular access and parking location requirements).

#### Guideline

Locate service areas to conveniently serve Madison Street facilities while minimizing the negative visual, sensory and functional impacts, as well as conflicts with pedestrian walkways and areas.

#### Appropriate

- Locate service areas to minimize impact on views from streets, public/customer users, seating, and adjacent residential users.
- Separate pedestrian areas and customer parking areas from delivery, service and drive-through areas.
- Screen parking and service areas from view of Madison Street, side streets, sidewalks and adjacent residential properties with decorative fences, walls and/or landscaped edges.
- Conceal waste containers with enclosures that complement the colors and materials of the building it serves.
- Separate mechanical and utility equipment from customer parking and pedestrian areas.
- Screen roof top and ground mounted mechanical and utility equipment.

- Service areas on street-side of site and building.
- Utility equipment on street-side of site and building.
- Unscreened waste containers.
- Unscreened utility equipment within view of customer parking and building entry areas.
- Prefabricated storage sheds.



Appropriate



Appropriate



# Landscaping and Other Site Treatments

These guidelines refer to open spaces between buildings and their treatment including plantings, earthwork, landscape structures and paving.

## Guideline

Create pedestrian-friendly open spaces that are functional, visually appealing, and relate well to building functions. Create attractive landscapes and screen undesirable views with landscape elements and treatments.

## Appropriate

- Provide amenities in the front yard setback that will enhance the visual and pedestrian-friendly character of the street.
- Include walkways in all parking areas to allow safe pedestrian access to the building entrance.
- Incorporate outdoor gathering and activity areas consistent with primary building entry points and ground floor uses.
- Provide access to buildings for persons with disabilities including ramps, special walkways or entries. Integrate these facilities with the site and building.
- Use high-quality paving and structural materials, especially in pedestrian areas.
- Incorporate landscape elements that complement the character of the building and provide a pleasing relationship with adjoining properties and the public sidewalk.
- Use appropriate landscape elements to establish continuity between buildings and to define the block face where there are no buildings.
- Utilize decorative fences, walls and/or landscaped edges to screen surface parking and service areas from sidewalks and streets.
- Use decorative materials (such as wrought iron, brick or stone).
- Plant shade trees in surface parking lots. One tree per twelve spaces is preferred. Mid-level plantings and ground cover may also be incorporated.
- Use plantings to help define walkways and entryways.



Appropriate



Appropriate



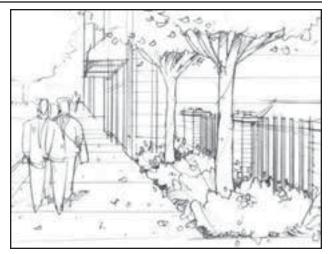
Appropriate



#### **Development Guidelines**

- Use a limited and consistent palette of plantings.
- Use plantings to add desirable color, texture, smells and sounds to a site's experience.
- Use plant materials that, together, provide year round interest, are compatible with urban environments and will maintain their health with the expected amount of care.
- Efficiently lay out parking lots, walkways and other paved areas to minimize the amount of impervious surfaces and run off, and maximize storm water infiltration.
- Construct storm water site treatments and structures that maximize storm water infiltration and filter run off.
- Incorporate rain gardens and bio-retention basins to collect runoff and filter pollutants.

- Exposed wire fencing (with or without coatings and slats).
- Plant monocultures.
- Inefficient parking layouts and hardscape areas with excessive surface area.
- Vegetation that hides signage.
- Unpaved walkways.



Appropriate



Inappropriate

# Site Lighting and Signage

These guidelines describe appropriate use of outdoor lighting (not attached to buildings) and signage located on the site.

## Guideline

Lighting and signage should serve the needs of users and owners of the site as well as create a consistent and appealing visual experience for the Madison Street Corridor. These standards are in addition to those contained in the sign ordinance.

## Appropriate

- Adequately, but not excessively, light pedestrian walkways, stairs and gathering areas.
- Incorporate low-level building and landscape accent lighting.
- Select and locate lighting to complement the character of the building and provide a pleasing relationship with adjoining properties and the public sidewalk.
- Select a style of lighting fixture that is compatible with other site design features.
- Use cut-off light fixtures that direct light downward and minimize spillage onto adjoining properties.
- Use only one primary freestanding business sign per site.
- Encourage the use of monument signs for all freestanding signs.
- Coordinate the design and location of freestanding signs with adjoining properties and regulatory signage to avoid visual clutter.
- Utilize signage material and designs that are compatible with architectural design character.
- Utilize historic interpretive signage and markers.
- Utilize pedestrian-scaled signage.

- High mast lighting.
- More lighting than needed for safety and accent purposes.
- Large-scale signage, overwhelming to pedestrian scale.
- LED, animated, flashing, scrolling, and video signs.



Appropriate



Inappropriate



Inappropriate

# Site Furnishings

These guidelines describe appropriate use of site furniture such as benches, trash receptacles, railings, etc.

# Guideline

Site furniture should serve the needs of users of the site and create a unified and appealing experience.

## Appropriate

- Match furnishings to be added to the rights-ofway to those already in use and approved by the Village.
- Select and locate site furnishings (benches, trash receptacles, bicycle racks, etc.) to complement the character of the building and provide a pleasing relationship with adjoining properties and the public sidewalk.
- Provide seating for retail establishments and to take advantage of nearby public places.
- Provide adequate bicycle and moped storage facilities and locate them near building entrances in a manner that does not obstruct pedestrians.
- Incorporate artwork specifically designed for, and integrated within a site.

- Residential style and quality furnishings.
- Temporary lighting.
- Residential style lawn ornamentation.
- Furnishings that are not compatible with those already in use and approved by the Village.



Appropriate



Appropriate

# DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES ARCHITECTURE

Architecture guidelines address the following issues:

- Orientation of buildings on the site
- Overall architectural form of buildings and roofs
- Building massing
- Articulation of façades
- Selection of exterior materials and colors
- Building details
- Character of fenestration and storefronts
- Character of building mounted signage
- Lighting and equipment mounted on building
- Treatment of historic structures

# **Building Orientation**

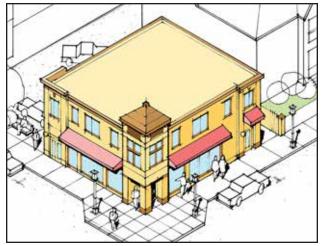
These guidelines describe the appropriate orientation of buildings and their entries and activity areas to the street, service areas and neighbors.

# Guideline

Orient buildings to create a positive relationship to the street. Present the "front face" of the building to the street and relate the activities of the building to street activities.

## Appropriate

- For sites with frontage on Madison Street, orient main building entries to Madison Street.
- For sites with frontage on Madison Street, incorporate entry plazas and other ground level activity areas and features.
- Incorporate recessed entries to allow for pedestrian movement where entrances to new buildings or additions are located close to the sidewalk.
- For sites with little or no frontage on Madison Street, orient the front façade of the building and the primary entrance to the side street. If the primary entrance is allowed on the side of the building, position it close to the primary street and preferably as a corner feature of the building.
- For sites with frontage on more than one street, provide at least one public entry on every street frontage.
- In buildings without ground floor retail uses, locate uses on the street side of the ground floor that are compatible with a high percentage of transparent windows such as customer lobbies, waiting rooms, offices and employee lounges.
- Locate additions to existing buildings in order to bring the building closer to the required setbacks and minimize gaps in the street wall.
- Locate drive-up facilities so as not to dominate Madison Street frontage.
- Orient service areas to avoid visibility from Madison Street and side streets.
- Modify franchise corporate/trademark building designs to orient appropriate building functions and façades to streets.



Appropriate



Inappropriate

- Orientation of service areas to Madison Street or intersections.
- Madison Street façade without entry.
- Location of uses on the lower level of Madison Street buildings that are incompatible with transparent windows.
- Entries flush with street façade adjacent to narrow Madison Street R.O.W. on the west end of the corridor.
- Drive-up facilities that dominate Madison Street or intersection.

## **Building and Roof Form**

These guidelines refer to the overall building form including that of the roof.

### Guideline

Shape building forms to "fit in" with Madison Street's existing urban form and character.

### Appropriate

- Use rectangular shape for primary building form.
- Build "flat" roof forms with articulated parapets.
- Articulate the top of façades with cornices.
- Integrate mechanical equipment, so as not to detract from building form.
- Modify franchise corporate/trademark building designs to fit the desired character of the Madison Street Corridor.

- Bold geometric façades.
- Sloped roof forms including mansard, shed, gable and hipped.
- Complex building forms.
- Corporate "trademark" architecture.
- Monolithic building form.



Appropriate



Inappropriate

## **Massing and Articulation**

These guidelines refer to how the exterior of a building is massed and articulated once its overall form is established and before it is detailed.

### Guideline

Build appropriately scaled massing and suitably articulated façades. If necessary, break down a building's massing to an satisfactory scale with articulation. Create a visually appealing façade and balance simplicity with visual interest.

### Appropriate

- Differentiate the upper and lower stories of buildings, especially on Madison Street. Utilize transparent façades that are interactive with the street on the lower stories and utilize "punched" openings on the upper façades.
- In order to "break up" façades of larger buildings and create pedestrian interest at the street level, vary the building face through the use of materials and color, small variations in setback of structural bays, and/or incorporating features such as balconies, reveals and stepbacks.
- For new corner buildings, face the street intersection with distinctive architectural features such as towers, rounded walls, recessed entries or other features.
- Articulate the upper portion of the street level façade and use this "band" area for signage.
- Articulate building entries with façade detailing, change in materials, architectural "frame," recession of entryway, etc.
- Complement the proportion, scale and architectural details of adjacent historic buildings.
- Respect adjacent residential structures through the use of appropriate proportions, materials, colors and other design elements.



Appropriate



Inappropriate

- Large unarticulated wall planes.
- Large areas of fenestration.
- Strong vertical design elements.
- Projecting wall-mounted mechanical units.
- Balconies not integrated with building façade.
- Enclosed balconies.
- Exact duplication of historic appearance and details.

## **Materials and Colors**

These guidelines describe material and color selection for all exterior building walls and fixtures and their appropriateness to the Madison Street Corridor.

### Guideline

Select materials and colors that "fit in" to the context and traditions of Madison Street and work together to create a cohesive and desired character. Materials should be of high-quality and contribute a sense of permanence.

### Appropriate

- Use brick, limestone and terra cotta as primary exterior finish materials.
- Use durable, high-quality exterior materials to convey a sense of permanence.
- Use preferred high-quality materials on all façades visible from streets.
- Use smaller–scale exterior building materials and building surfaces at lower levels and areas of pedestrian contact.
- Use materials and colors that help differentiate building features such as window and door trims and cornices, signs, awnings and other architectural details from the majority of the building surface.
- Use colors that are compatible with the existing and historic palette of the corridor (e.g. brown and cream colored bricks).
- Limit use of accent colors to trim and/or detailing.

- Wood shingles, rough wood siding and other "rustic" materials.
- Vinyl and aluminum siding.
- Thin brick.
- Large awnings.
- Primary, bright, high-intensity, metallic and neon colors.
- Bright corporate trademark colors.
- Prefabricated metal and concrete panels.
- Large scale metal siding.



Appropriate



Inappropriate

- Obviously false materials and faux finishes.
- Painting, covering or removal of natural brick and stone.
- Unfinished concrete block and similar exposed structural materials that are low quality and detract from the desired character of the corridor.



## Detailing

These guidelines refer to the more specific design issues of building detailing and how it affects the character of the building design and the experience of the user.

### Guideline

Detailing should enhance the building's form, style and articulation and add visual interest and human scale.

### Appropriate

- Provide architectural details at the ground floor to enhance the pedestrian character of the street. Details include window and door trim, recessed entries, awnings and/or other features.
- Create a visual termination (such as decorative cornices, parapets, crowns, medallions, etc.) at the top of building façades.
- Incorporate other detailing that articulates "bases" and "edges" of architectural elements.
- Articulate window and storefront trim with change of material, color or surface plane.
- Utilize "belt courses" and "medallions" of different materials and/or color to articulate façades.
- Quality design of detailing and use of materials that will withstand effects of weather.
- Detail all visible sides of the building to complement the front façade.

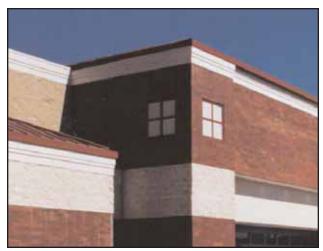
- Large wall surfaces without detailing.
- Excessive use of flat, two-dimensional detailing.
- Detailing unrelated to building style.



Appropriate



Appropriate



Inappropriate



## **Fenestration and Storefronts**

These guidelines refer to the use of fenestration at the street level and at upper levels and the "storefront" portion of the street-oriented façade.

### Guideline

Enhance the function and appearance of building façades, create a desired transparency of streetoriented façades, and enhance the overall composition of a building's façade through the use of fenestration and "storefronts."

### Appropriate

- Utilize transparent glazing in all windows, allowing a high level of visibility from the outside to the inside spaces.
- For ground floor retail uses and ground floor areas without retail use (such as customer lobbies, waiting rooms, offices and employee lounges), devote at least sixty (60) percent of the street wall area to windows in order to enhance the pedestrian character of the primary street.
- For street side ground floor uses that are not compatible with a high percentage of transparent window coverage, provide translucent and spandrel glass windows that add visual interest to the exterior of the building.
- If awnings are to be used, select canvas type fixed or retractable awnings.
- Select awnings that conform to the sign ordinance and are appropriate in width to the context of development and architectural features.
- Consider incorporating large café or restaurant doors that open to the street.
- Select doors with large window areas in storefront area.
- At upper level floors, devote at least thirty (30) percent of the street wall area to windows.
   Where consistent with the uses behind, such windows shall be transparent or at least translucent. Where not compatible with the use, such windows may be constructed of spandrel glass.
- At upper level floors, utilize individual or small groups of similarly shaped and proportioned windows in a regular rhythm.



Appropriate



Appropriate

### Village of Oak Park Madison Street Corridor

- At upper level floors, use recessed or "punched" window openings.
- Utilize a simple palette of window types.

- Use of excessive signage (paper, neon or other), walls or coverings in windows that negate the transparency of the storefront.
- Large continuous awnings.
- Vinyl or other synthetic fabric awnings.
- Backlit awnings.
- Continuous bands of windows.
- Windows or doors flush with building face.
- Moderate to highly reflective glass.
- Strongly colored, darkly tinted or reflective glass.
- Residential scaled and styled windows and doors at street level storefronts.



Inappropriate



## Building-Mounted Signage, Lighting and Equipment

These guidelines refer to signage and lighting that is mounted as an integrated fixture of the building.

### Guideline

Signage and lighting should enhance the architecture of the building and function for marketing and safety needs.

### Appropriate

- Use flush building mounted signs, window signs, externally lit projecting signs, awning signs and individually mounted backlit letters.
- Neon signage for up to twenty (20) percent of the window area.
- Integrate signage with building architecture.
- Use durable and long-lasting signage materials.
- Locate signage in "signage band" (horizontal area at upper portion of storefront) or in windows if appropriately sized.
- Incorporate sign designs, locations and colors to fit the character of the building.
- Highlight building detailing and signage with indirect wall-washing, sconce and up lightingtype fixtures.
- Use lighting to emphasize building entry.
- Screen mechanical equipment from view with enclosures and materials that are architecturally integrated with the building.

- LED, animated, flashing and video signs.
- Internally-lit, plastic box signs.
- Roof mounted signs.
- Large temporary signage in storefront windows that reduce transparency to below required levels.
- Signage that obscures architectural details.
- Satellite dishes and antenna visible from Madison Street.
- Exposed telecommunications equipment.
- Large-scale signage, overwhelming to pedestrian scale.



Appropriate



Appropriate



Inappropriate



## Preservation/Restoration/Reuse

These guidelines refer to the preferred treatments of historic structures.

### Guideline

Preserve and respect historic structures and their desired scale, character, style, articulation and detailing while adapting them to new uses.

### Appropriate

- Preserve the distinguishing features of the original building – avoid the removal or alteration of historic materials or distinctive architecture features.
- Restore original masonry walls and reconstruct missing elements such as cornices, windows and storefronts that were part of the original building design. If restoration is not feasible, design new elements to compliment the character, materials and design of the original building.
- Remove inappropriate elements, signs, canopies, etc. that cover details and features of the original building.
- Avoid painting of natural brick or stone when those materials are in good condition.

- Removal, destruction or loss of the integrity of distinctive architectural features.
- Addition of features that do not complement original building design.
- Addition of inappropriate elements that cover historic features.
- Harming the integrity of façade materials with cleaning techniques, painting, etc.



Appropriate



Inappropriate

# PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS

Public Improvement guidelines address the more commonly shared design components of the Corridor beyond that of private parcel site and building design. As redevelopment occurs, the Village and developers should coordinate efforts in order to create functional and aesthetically pleasing public realm for the Madison Street Corridor. The Village should develop a clear strategy for, and palette of, public improvements in order to create a consistent and positive image for the Corridor and the Village.

- Gateways
- Streetscape
- Crosswalks
- Common spaces and amenities

## Gateways

The future gateways of the Madison Street Corridor should be transformed with a combination of public improvements and the configurations, amenities and building character of privately-owned "gateway" parcels.

- Gateways of the Madison Street Corridor should signal an important transition into Oak Park, be welcoming, and represent the spirit of the Corridor.
- Gateways may "frame" Madison Street with landmark buildings, architectural features at building corners and/or prominent site features, or welcome those entering the Corridor with the "open arms" of a civic open space with Madison Street amenities.
- Public improvements may include Corridorrelated signage, banners, lighting, symbols, center terrace treatment, plantings, public art, site furnishings and urban open spaces.

## Streetscape Treatments

The future streetscape of the Madison Street Corridor will be shaped with a combination of the character of the street itself, modes of transportation, signage, parking facilities, streetscape amenities, terrace and boulevard treatments, building locations and façade character.

- Appropriate public streetscape improvements should serve the needs of vehicular and pedestrian users and create a strong identity for the Corridor.
- Consistent wayfinding signage should be used to increase the identity of the Corridor and its landmarks.
- A consistent palette of site furnishings should serve pedestrians and be integrated with retail, transportation and other activity areas.
- High quality banners and signage should be used to keep the appearance of the Corridor fresh and highlight Corridor events, history and character.

 Plantings should be used to provide visual interest, shade, define the linear character of the Corridor, and soften the hard character of buildings and parking surfaces placed with sensitive regard for business visibility needs.

## Crosswalks

A pedestrian-friendly Madison Street Corridor will require improvements in the pedestrian crossings of the Corridor.

- While Madison Street is a busy community thoroughfare, improved existing pedestrian cross walks, and the strategic location of additional crosswalks in the Corridor, should provide sufficient pedestrian circulation across the street while not inhibiting its vehicular flow.
- Additional crosswalk locations, signage, selected location of curb bump-outs, pedestrian islands at medians and stronger crosswalk area surface markings should all serve to increase the safety, convenience and effectiveness of Madison Street crosswalks.

### **Development Guidelines**

## Common Spaces and Amenities

In addition to private investment in site improvements and public investments in its streetscape, the experience of the Madison Street Corridor should also be improved by public improvements in additional common spaces and amenities, some of which may be located outside of street rightof-ways.

- Strategically located urban spaces will support retail activity, provide a venue for special events, increase street activity and improve the pedestrian-friendly qualities of the Corridor.
- These spaces may include small hardscape plazas, small parks and additional site features such as seating, fountains, public art, etc.
- These spaces should be connected with neighborhood pedestrian circulation networks identified in the *Plan*.





## **DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES CHECKLIST**

## Oak Park Madison Street Corridor **DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES CHECKLIST**

Project and Applicant Name:	
Zoning:	
Building Use:	
Other:	
Submission Date:	

### **DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES**

		App	olies	Com	plies
		Yes	No	Yes	No
1)	Site Design				
	Vehicular Access and Parking				
	Service Areas and Site Utilities				
	Landscaping and Other Site Treatments				
	Site Lighting and Signage				
	Site Furnishings				
2)	Architecture				
	Building Orientation				
	Building and Roof Form				
	Massing and Articulation				
	Materials and Colors				
	Detailing				
	Fenestration and Storefronts				
	Building-Mounted Signage, Lighting and Equipment				
	Preservation/Restoration/Reuse				

Market Assessment/Technical Memo Madison Street Corridor Village of Oak Park March 2006

Prepared by Goodman Williams Group

GOODMAN WILLIAMS GROUP REAL ESTATE RESEARCH

### **Table of Contents**

I.	Introduction	1
II.	Demographic Overview	3
III.	Retail Potential	6
IV.	Retail Overview	11
V.	Office Market	16
VI.	Residential Market	20
VII.	Hotel Market	25

### I. Introduction

### The Assignment

The Village of Oak Park engaged a team of consultants headed by Vandewalle and Associates to create a plan for the continued development of the Madison Street corridor. Goodman Williams Group, a real estate research firm, has prepared this assessment of market conditions to provide realistic guidance for development recommendations included in the plan.

### Previous Plan

In May 2000, the firm of Arthur Andersen LLP submitted to the Village of Oak Park a study of the Madison Street corridor entitled *The Revitalization of Madison Street: Analysis and Implementation.* The report has guided significant redevelopment activity on Madison Street, including the development of a CVS drug store and acquisition by the Village of properties representing redevelopment opportunities. A key conclusion from the Arthur Andersen report is as follows:

"Madison Street . . . needs new nodes of investment opportunity (public and private) with sufficient critical mass to draw new retail and business users. Once new activity nodes are identified, the strategy needs to be to draw national and regional credit tenants and users, who bring reputations and drawing power of their own. New activity on the street will also encourage existing users to stay and invest in expansions and upgrading of their facilities."

For their report, the Andersen consultants analyzed retail supply and demand data, and tested interest in a Madison Street location among various categories of chain retailers. Casual dining restaurants, furniture, appliances, drug stores, and some types of apparel stores were determined to have the highest potential. The current study agrees with those findings and adds some retail categories that may have potential.

### Current Businesses

The addendum to this report contains a listing of Oak Park business licenses with Madison Street addresses. The businesses have been sorted according to their Standard Industrial Code (SIC) to give a profile of the commercial makeup of the corridor. The majority of the businesses on Madison Street are services, including personal and business services as well as health care services. (These percentages are based on the number of establishments, not the amount of square footage.) About 22% of the existing businesses are retail stores and restaurants. A full listing is included in the addenda, and the table on the following page provides a summary

Category	No.	Percent
Retail	22	14%
Auto Related, gas stations	19	12%
Health Services	17	11%
Salons/Barber Shops	14	9%
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate	13	8%
Restaurants	12	8%
Other Services	11	7%
Manufacturing	8	5%
Legal & Engineering Firms	7	5%
Dry Cleaners/Laundromats	7	5%
Construction Businesses	6	4%
Social Services	6	4%
Pet Services	4	3%
Other	<u>9</u>	<u>6%</u>
Total	155	100%

Madison Street Businesses By Type

Source: Based on Business Licenses

### II. Demographic Overview

### Introduction

The map on the next page provides an orientation to Oak Park as it relates to surrounding communities. Austin, a community area in the City of Chicago, is east of Oak Park. River Forest and Forest Park are west of Oak Park, and Berwyn and Cicero are south of Oak Park. The table below shows selected 2000 Census characteristics of Oak Park and the surrounding communities, with highlights as follows:

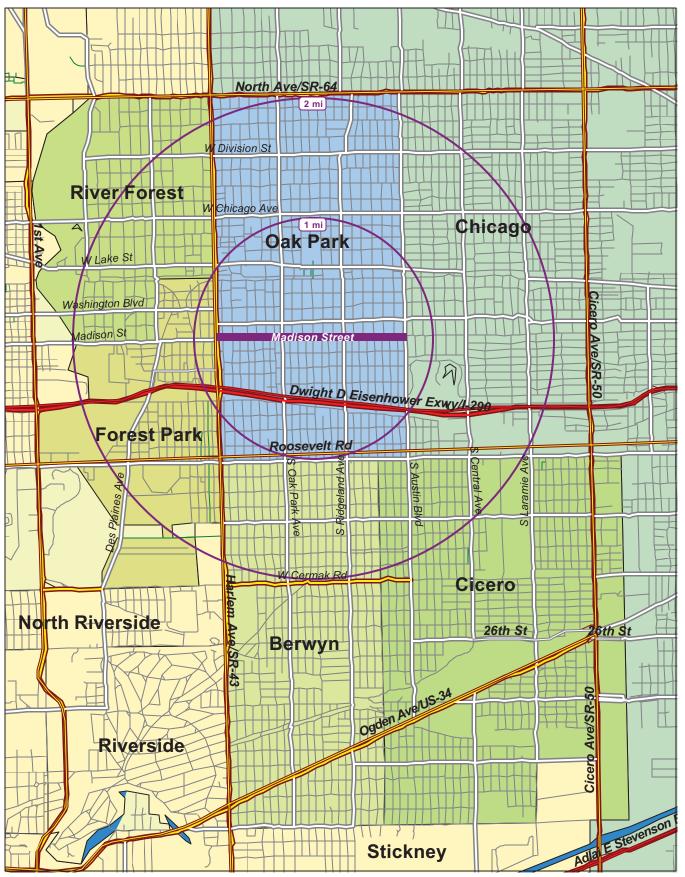
- Oak Park has significantly higher incomes than all communities except River Forest.
- Cicero and Berwyn have large Hispanic populations compared to the other communities.
- The population of the Austin community in Chicago is predominantly Black.

Sel	ected 2000 Cen	sus Characi	teristics		
	Population	Med HH Income	% White	% Black	% Hispanic
Oak Park	52,524	\$59,183	68.8%	22.4%	4.5%
Austin Community (Chicago)	117,527	\$33,662	6.2%	90.2%	4.1%
River Forest	11,635	\$89,284	86.7%	4.8%	4.0%
Forest Park	15,688	\$44,103	52.1%	30.7%	7.8%
Berwyn	54,016	\$43,833	56.4%	1.1%	38.0%
Cicero	85,616	\$38,044	19.6%	0.8%	77.4%

### Selected 2000 Census Characteristics

Source: 2000 Census

Typically, this market assessment would rely on current demographic estimates rather than 2000 Census data that are increasingly out-of-date. Because the national data firms such as Claritas and ScanUS use trend analysis, their estimates of population and household characteristics for communities such as Oak Park may be inaccurate. While data from national vendors has not been used in this presentation of socio-economic conditions, Claritas data will be used for the subsequent retail analysis.



Map produced by Goodman Williams Group

Scan/US, Inc.

### Demographic Changes

The appendix contains a series of maps that show selected socio-economic characteristics as reported by the Census Bureau for 1990 and 2000. One of the reasons for this comparison is to confirm that conditions have not changed significantly since the previous study.

- In 1990, 77.0% of Oak Park's population was white and 18.3% was black. In 2000, 68.8% of the population was White Alone and 22.4% was Black Alone. As shown in the ScanUS graphics, areas in the Madison Street and Austin Boulevard corridor have higher percentages of African Americans than other parts of Oak Park, a pattern that shows little change between 1990 and 2000.
- More dramatic changes are seen in the growth of the Hispanic population in Oak Park. Areas around Madison Street and Roosevelt Road, in particular, have higher percentages of Hispanics in 2000 than in 1990.
- Household incomes remained strong, as shown in the ScanUS map. The table below provides additional data on income trends, comparing median household incomes in 1990 and 2000. While incomes can, of course, be expected to increase in ten years, the percentage change in Oak Park is higher than in surrounding communities, and the actual increase is also greater than in any community except for River Forest.

	Censi	JS	Chang	je
	1990	2000	Percent	Amount
Oak Park	\$40,453	\$59,183	46.3%	\$18,730
Forest Park	\$30,572	\$44,103	44.3%	\$13,531
River Forest	\$62,469	\$89,284	42.9%	\$26,815
Cook County	\$32,673	\$45,922	40.6%	\$13,249
Cicero	\$27,170	\$38,044	40.0%	\$10,874
Berwyn	\$31,326	\$43,833	39.9%	\$12,507
Suburban Cook	\$41,128	\$56,775	38.0%	\$15,647

Source: Census Bureau

• The rates of homeownership have increased in the Madison Street area, primarily due to conversions of rental apartments to condominiums. Home ownership in Oak Park increased from 53% to 56% in the 1990s.

### III. Retail Potential

### Claritas Data

Many national retailers rely on Claritas data as a tool for selecting store locations. Claritas compares expenditure potential of households of a selected geographic area with the actual sales that occurred in that same area. If the expenditure potential is greater than sales, a theoretical opportunity exists to capture those sales. This situation is sometimes referred to as leakage, as dollars are leaking out of the local area.

Conversely, if the retail sales are greater than the expenditure potential of households in the area, the situation may be referred to as inflow, as dollars are flowing into the area. In this case, the shopping needs of area residents are theoretically being met, and households living outside the area are coming to shop.

The Claritas data are used for this analysis, with three areas:

- The immediate blocks around Madison Street (7,461 households)
- The Village of Oak Park (22,247 households).
- A larger trade area that picks up portions of surrounding communities (76,850 households).

The addendum includes a summary of selected population and household characteristics of the three areas, which have some distinct differences. The immediate Madison Street area is slightly younger, has somewhat lower incomes, and has smaller household sizes than the rest of Oak Park. Oak Park has significantly higher incomes than the larger trade area. The 2005 estimated median household income in the larger trade area is \$47,576 compared to \$69,294 in Oak Park.

### Retail Opportunity Analysis

The accompanying hree-page table shows expenditure potential and sales for the three trade areas. Looking at just the immediate Madison Street area, the data indicate that sales in certain retail categories are higher than the retail expenditure potential. Madison Street appears to be drawing shoppers outside the immediate trade area in these categories:

- *Automobile Dealers.* While Madison Street is no longer the motor row that is once was, Foley-Rice Cadillac remains as a major presence with significant sales.
- *Pharmacies and Drug Stores.* CVS, Walgreens, Osco, and an independent drug store are all found along Madison Street.
- *Cosmetics, Beauty Supplies, and Perfume.* Two large beauty supply stores are located at the eastern end of Madison Street, are among the beauty supply stores in the corridor.

Analysis of the Claritas data suggest retail opportunities in several categories:

- *Furniture and Home Furnishings* show unmet expenditure potential in all three trade areas—the local Madison Street area, Oak Park, and the larger trade area.
- *Electronics and Appliances* have excess demand in all three of the trade areas. Only the sub-category of camera and photographic equipment has a surplus.
- *Building Materials and Garden Equipment* has potential in all three of the trade areas. Large-format retailers such as Home Depot and Lowe's have an increasing share of this category. Madison Street has a garden supply store that operates on a seasonal basis as well as a hardware store that draws patrons from a wide area.
- *Grocery and Beverage* are oversupplied in Oak Park and the larger trade area according to the model, but the Madison Street area shows unmet demand in this category.
- *Clothing and Accessories* stores in general are well represented in the Oak Park trade area, although family clothing stores may have potential.
- Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, and Music. Sporting Goods has the strongest potential of the various subcategories. Oak Park is well supplied with book stores.
- General Merchandise, which represents about 29% of total expenditure potential, is almost completely absent from Oak Park. This category includes department stores and warehouse clubs. While demand is strong, very large sites would be required to accommodate the large formats of these types of stores
- *Miscellaneous Store Retailers.* Office Supplies and Stationery have the highest amount of available expenditure potential in this category.
- Foodservice and Drinking Places. Oak Park is oversupplied with full-service restaurants according to the model, but the local Madison Street area shows unmet demand.

				retail Opportunity Analysis by Store Type	1 ype				
	Madison Street (7,461		Households)	Oak Parl	Oak Park (22,247 Households)	(splor	Oak Park Trac	Oak Park Trade Area (76,850 Households)	ouseholds)
	Demand	Supply	Opportunity	Demand	Supply	Opportunity	Demand	Supply	Opportunity
Retail Store Type	(Consumer Expenditures) (Retail Sales)	(Retail Sales)	Gap/Surplus	(Consumer Expenditures)	(Retail Sales)	Gap/Surplus	(Consumer Expenditures)	(Retail Sales)	Gap/Surplus
<b>Total Retail Sales</b> (Incl Eating and Drinking Places)	284,726,246	153,298,585	131,427,661	950,031,210	552,281,339	397,749,871	2,764,444,989	1,744,036,111	1,020,408,878
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	53,361,209	48,580,712	4,780,497	179,694,212	53,343,382	126,350,830	497,059,412	217,371,006	279,688,406
Automotive Dealers	43,826,850	48,580,712	(4,753,862)	147,841,204	51,855,432	95,985,772	407,885,655	181,326,504	226,559,151
Other Motor Vehicle Dealers	3,762,761		3,762,761	12,748,830		12,748,830	34,237,768	5,585,454	28,652,314
Automotive Parts/Accsrs, Tire	5,771,599		5,771,599	19,104,178	1,487,950	17,616,228	54,935,989	30,459,048	24,476,941
Furniture and Home Furnishings	8,463,126	2,991,730	5,471,396	30,165,234	9,514,899	20,650,335	73,905,760	37,595,681	36,310,079
Furniture	4,989,515	886,476	4,103,039	17,771,879	3,934,573	13,837,306	42,971,802	18,361,367	24,610,435
Home Furnishing	3,473,611	2,105,254	1,368,357	12,393,355	5,580,326	6,813,029	30,933,958	19,234,314	11,699,644
<b>Electronics and Appliance</b>	7,998,270	3,681,822	4,316,448	27,124,180	15,699,490	11,424,690	70,048,062	35,123,736	34,924,326
Appliances, TVs, Electronics	4,994,862	2,141,510	2,853,352	16,893,642	6,906,117	9,987,525	44,459,494	23,692,222	20,767,272
Household Appliances	781,031	584,386	196,645	2,648,086	1,123,414	1,524,672	7,241,536	3,510,669	3,730,867
Radio, Television, Electronics	4,213,831	1,557,124	2,656,707	14,245,556	5,782,703	8,462,853	37,217,959	20,181,553	17,036,406
Computer and Software	2,722,084	1,540,312	1,181,772	9,283,471	6,367,072	2,916,399	23,066,570	8,774,138	14,292,432
Camera and Photographic Equipment	281,324		281,324	947,067	2,426,301	(1,479,234)	2,521,998	2,657,376	(135,378)
Building Material, Garden Equip	25,068,153	6,781,162	18,286,991	89,895,493	35,087,430	54,808,063	241,875,396	105,661,621	136,213,775
Building Material and Supply Dealers	22,242,693	6,781,162	15,461,531	79,759,846	34,958,816	44,801,030	215,434,269	105,533,007	109,901,262
Home Centers	9,271,551		9,271,551	33,174,747		33,174,747	88,912,951	50,570,694	38,342,257
Paint and Wallpaper	379,407		379,407	1,422,885	1,176,714	246,171	3,749,317	2,091,936	1,657,381
Hardware	1,766,579	224,212	1,542,367	6,136,775	1,494,760	4,642,015	16,796,503	3,736,898	13,059,605
Other Building Materials Dealers	10,825,157	6,556,950	4,268,207	39,025,439	32,287,342	6,738,097	105,975,498	49,133,479	56,842,019
Building Materials, Lumberyards	3,827,973	2,235,995	1,591,978	13,890,837	11,010,348	2,880,489	36,664,691	16,755,071	19,909,620
Lawn, Garden Equipment, Supplies	2,825,460		2,825,460	10,135,647	128,614	10,007,033	26,441,126	128,614	26,312,512
Outdoor Power Equipment	383,046		383,046	1,378,926		1,378,926	3,711,428		3,711,428
Nursery and Garden Centers	2,442,414		2,442,414	8,756,721	128,614	8,628,107	22,729,698	128,614	22,601,084
Food and Beverage	31,779,525	16,985,412	14,794,113	103,405,479	111,608,310	(8,202,831)	359,721,073	408,416,420	(48,695,347)
Grocery	26,283,024	16,073,046	10,209,978	85,652,286	105,079,878	(19,427,592)	299,203,396	357,699,085	(58,495,689)
Supermarkets, Grocery	25,084,177	14,144,205	10,939,972	81,813,182	99,538,209	(17,725,027)	286,336,663	339,740,418	(53,403,755)
Convenience	1,198,847	1,928,841	(729,994)	3,839,104	5,541,669	(1,702,565)	12,866,733	17,958,667	-5,091,934
Specialty Food	3,660,994	912,367	2,748,627	11,968,939	5,832,683	6,136,256	43,531,457	15,469,287	28,062,170
Beer, Wine and Liquor	1,835,508		1,835,508	5,784,254	695,749	5,088,505	16,986,219	35,248,048	(18,261,829)
Health and Personal Care	14,898,519	28,016,544	(13,118,025)	48,437,501	56,046,173	(7,608,672)	154,017,174	158,204,981	(4,187,807)

Retail Opportunity Analysis By Store Type

Page 1 of 3

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	Madison St	Madison Street (7,461 Hou	ouseholds)	Oak Par	<u>Oak Park (22,247 Households)</u>	holds)	Oak Park Trac	Oak Park Trade Area (76,850 Households)	ouseholds)
	Demand	Supply	Opportunity	Demand	Supply	Opportunity	Demand	Supply	Opportunity
Retail Store Type	(Consumer Expenditures)	(Retail Sales)	Gap/Surplus	(Consumer Expenditures)	(Retail Sales)	Gap/Surplus	(Consumer Expenditures)	(Retail Sales)	Gap/Surplus
Pharmancies and Drug	11,947,686	24,407,901	(12,460,215)	38,758,048	44,158,695	(5,400,647)	124,107,342	136,434,299	(12,326,957)
Cosmetics, Beauty Supplies, Perfume	597,839	3,012,623	(2,414,784)	1,939,380	5,095,518	(3,156,138)	6,226,143	5,378,602	847,541
Optical Goods	1,291,121		1,291,121	4,300,948	2,602,440	1,698,508	12,378,488	8,629,148	3,749,340
Other Health and Personal Care	1,061,872	596,020	465,852	3,439,125	4,189,520	(750,395)	11,305,201	7,762,932	3,542,269
Gasoline Stations	23,443,395	7,612,614	15,830,781	73,765,906	34,781,553	38,984,353	234,705,509	147,170,723	87,534,786
Gasoline Stations With Conv	14,879,754	1,803,262	13,076,492	46,809,592	8,530,729	38,278,863	150,271,132	81,070,175	69,200,957
Other Gasoline Stations	8,563,640	5,809,352	2,754,288	26,956,314	26,250,824	705,490	84,434,377	66,100,548	18,333,829
<b>Clothing and Clothing Accessories</b>	15,733,387	2,998,805	12,734,582	53,602,064	70,263,236	(16,661,172)	153,531,544	130,916,563	22,614,981
Clothing	10,878,820	1,446,540	9,432,280	36,999,358	58,674,080	(21,674,722)	109,553,281	89,527,263	20,026,018
Men's Clothing	1,153,464		1,153,464	3,885,478	23,128,151	(19,242,673)	11,462,694	24,970,218	(13,507,524)
Women's Clothing	3,333,268	1,358,714	1,974,554	11,327,046	12,058,581	(731,535)	32,936,250	25,217,092	7,719,158
Childrens, Infants Clothing	431,567	87,826	343,741	1,534,617	4,547,796	(3,013,179)	5,645,250	7,910,475	(2,265,225)
Family Clothing	4,831,927		4,831,927	16,418,830	12,694,527	3,724,303	48,646,963	19,614,935	29,032,028
Clothing Accessories	303,808		303,808	1,034,982	769,896	265,086	2,638,383	1,706,611	931,772
Other Clothing	824,786		824,786	2,798,405	5,475,129	(2,676,724)	8,223,741	10,107,932	(1,884,191)
Shoe	1,977,553		1,977,553	6,777,902	3,367,241	3,410,661	22,042,707	29,808,088	(7,765,381)
Jewelry, Luggage, Leather Goods	2,877,014	1,552,265	1,324,749	9,824,804	8,221,915	1,602,889	21,935,556	11,581,212	10,354,344
Jewelry	2,681,471	1,552,265	1,129,206	9,136,265	8,221,915	914,350	20,381,827	11,384,829	8,996,998
Luggage and Leather Goods	195,543		195,543	688,539		688,539	1,553,729	196,383	1,357,346
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, Music	6,379,982	1,816,943	4,563,039	21,616,882	18,513,889	3,102,993	55,995,798	41,783,433	14,212,365
Sportng Goods, Hobby, Musical Inst	4,142,922	1,127,672	3,015,250	14,311,681	7,814,446	6,497,235	37,675,676	23,440,405	14,235,271
Sporting Goods	2,048,646	416,828	1,631,818	7,072,254	3,022,017	4,050,237	18,516,101	9,691,314	8,824,787
Hobby, Toys and Games	1,358,243	245,949	1,112,294	4,718,628	3,396,164	1,322,464	12,711,614	10,916,241	1,795,373
Sew/Needlework/Piece Goods	352,592	184,792	167,800	1,226,042	275,856	950,186	3,098,710	965,504	2,133,206
Musical Instrument and Supplies	383,442	280,103	103,339	1,294,757	1,120,409	174,348	3,349,251	1,867,346	1,481,905
Book, Periodical and Music	2,237,059	689,270	1,547,789	7,305,201	10,699,443	(3,394,242)	18,320,122	18,343,028	(22,906)
Book and News Dealers	1,469,504	167,212	1,302,292	4,853,550	9,710,170	(4,856,620)	11,452,606	11,858,744	(406,138)
Book	1,374,389	167,212	1,207,177	4,546,438	9,710,170	(5,163,732)	10,622,387	11,306,813	(684,426)
News Dealers and Newsstands Prerecorded Tapes, CDs, Record	95,114 767,556	522,059	95,114 245,497	307,112 2,451,651	989,273	307,112 1,462,378	830,219 6,867,516	551,931 6,484,284	278,288 383,232
Gonoral Morchandico	37 030 737		37 030 737	178 167 664	3 531 008	171 631 566	378 451 600	01 667 617	<b>783 058</b>
	06,000,700		06,932,131	00,016,004	0,001,000 0 F04 000	001,000 05 605 005	010,401,000	31,001,042	200,103,330 400 704 507
	20,202,133		20,202,133	09,210,323	3,331,090	00,000,220 00,040,044	209,110,024	11,003,937	100,121,001
Uther General Merchandise	7 467 404		7 4650,004	38,946,341		38,946,341	76 407 804	20,613,705	98,062,370 60,076,464
	1,101,401		1,101,401	20,110,110		20,110,110	101,001	13,131,340	07,070,401

Retail Opportunity Analysis By Store Type

Page 2 of 3

	Madison Street (7,461		Households)	Oak Par	Oak Park (22,247 Households)	holds)	Oak Park Tra	Oak Park Trade Area (76,850 Households)	ouseholds)
	Demand	Supply	Opportunity	Demand	Supply	Opportunity	Demand	Supply	Opportunity
	(Consumer			(Consumer			(Consumer		
Retail Store Type	Expenditures) (Retail Sales)	Retail Sales)	Gap/Surplus	Expenditures)	(Retail Sales)	Gap/Surplus	Expenditures)	(Retail Sales)	Gap/Surplus
All Other General Merchandise	4,482,603		4,482,603	15,173,165		15,173,165	42,568,274	6,882,365	35,685,909
<b>Miscellaneous Store Retailers</b>	8,089,977	7,217,355	872,622	26,993,741	30,055,321	(3,061,580)	70,672,684	56,091,907	14,580,777
Florists	958,624	928,036	30,588	3,299,285	2,465,301	833,984	8,659,346	6,549,880	2,109,466
Office Supplies, Stationery, Gift	3,613,553	1,053,945	2,559,608	12,036,775	10,735,128	1,301,647	29,995,531	17,977,003	12,018,528
Office Supplies and Stationery	1,572,064	532,574	1,039,490	5,245,585	3,210,027	2,035,558	12,871,663	6,559,614	6,312,049
Gift, Novelty and Souvenir	2,041,489	521,371	1,520,118	6,791,190	7,525,101	(733,911)	17,123,868	11,417,389	5,706,479
Used Merchandise	885,626	481,696	403,930	2,999,504	2,636,017	363,487	7,867,996	6,099,019	1,768,977
Other Miscellaneous Store Retailers	2,632,174	4,753,678	(2,121,504)	8,658,177	14,218,875	(5,560,698)	24,149,811	25,466,005	(1,316,194)
NonStore Retailers	18,248,505	4,896,937	13,351,568	61,730,519	8,381,235	53,349,284	175,879,313	49,117,992	126,761,321
Electronic Shopping, MailOrder	11,349,565		11,349,565	38,203,314	2,322,382	35,880,932	102,147,531	16,256,670	85,890,861
Vending Machine Operators	1,316,013	1,942,761	(626,748)	4,259,565	2,366,135	1,893,430	14,537,016	9,227,927	5,309,089
Direct Selling Establishments	5,582,927	2,954,176	2,628,751	19,267,640	3,692,718	15,574,922	59,194,765	23,633,395	35,561,370
Foodservice and Drinking Places	33,329,460	21,718,550	11,610,910	105,437,335	105,455,323	(17,988)	298,581,664	264,914,404	33,667,260
FullService Restaurants	13,775,708	5,183,703	8,592,005	43,561,470	52,833,898	(9,272,428)	123,013,467	115,910,513	7,102,954
LimitedService Eating Places	14,060,799	8,943,937	5,116,862	44,492,662	39,534,139	4,958,523	128,569,730	100,616,618	27,953,112
Special Food services	2,495,599	7,590,910	(5,095,311)	7,917,379	13,087,286	(5,169,907)	22,801,854	33,130,497	(10,328,643)
Drinking Places Alcoholic Beverages	2,997,354		2,997,354	9,465,824		9,465,824	24,196,613	15,256,777	8,939,836

Claritas' RMP data is derived from two major sources of information. The demand data is derived from the Consumer Expenditure Survey (CE Survey), which is fielded by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). The supply data is derived from the Census of Retail Trade (CRT), which is made available by the U.S. Census. The difference between demand and supply represents the opportunity gap or surplus available for each retail outlet in the specified reporting geography. When the demand is greater than (less than) the supply, there is an opportunity gap (surplus) for that retail outlet. For example, a positive value signifies an opportunity gap, while a negative value signifies a surplus.

Source: Goodman Williams Group based on data from Claritas, Inc.

Retail Opportunity Analysis By Store Type

### Retail in Surrounding Communities

Oak Park residents are likely to shop in a number of retail concentrations located in surrounding communities, including the following, which are shown on the map on the following page:

- North Riverside Mall, a super-regional center with over one million square feet, is located at Cermak Road and Harlem Avenue in North Riverside. Traditional department store anchors include Carson's, Penney's and Sears.
- Brickyard Square is located at Fullerton and Narragansett in Chicago. The recently redeveloped open-air power center has 593,000 square feet of commercial space and is anchored by Target, Lowe's, Jewel/Osco, and Marshall's.
- Broadview Village Square sits at the intersection of Cermak Rd and 17th Avenue in Broadview. SuperTarget, Home Depot, Marshall's, OfficeMax, Sports Authority, and PetSmart anchor the 740,000-Square-foot regional center.
- Cicero Marketplace, located at S Cicero Avenue and 29<sup>th</sup> Street, is a 500,000-square-foot center with tenants including Home Depot, Sam's Club, Target, and Kroger's Food-4-Less. Just to the north, Hawthorne Works shopping center adds another 300,000 square feet of retail space to this part of Cicero.

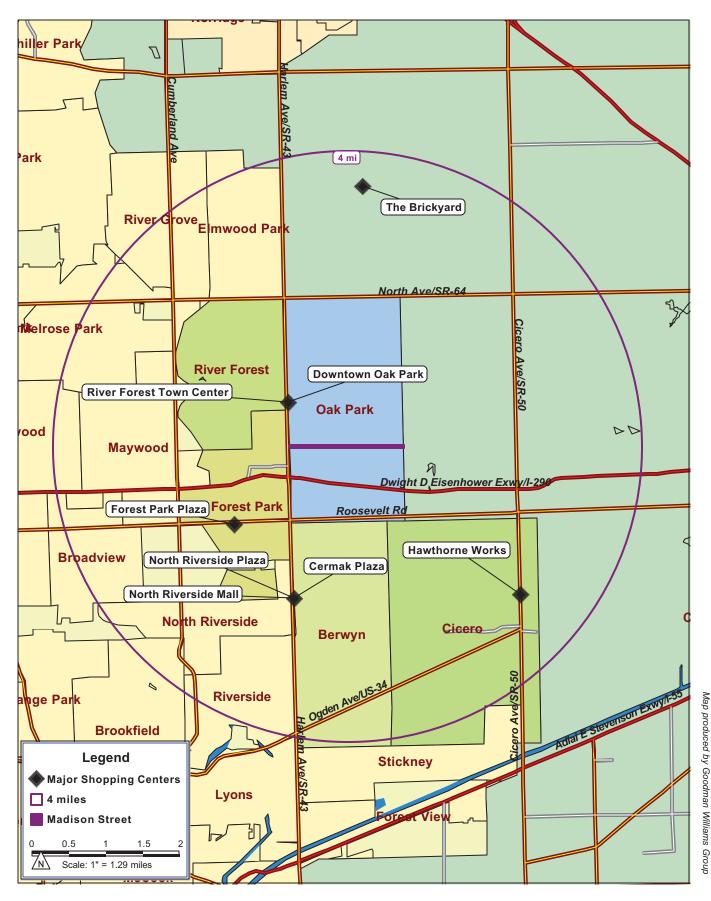
### Downtown Oak Park

Oak Park's traditional downtown is an important shopping destination, representing the major competitive location for Madison Street. Once anchored by Marshall Field's department store and, for a time, configured as a pedestrian mall, the downtown now continues to see changes and improvements that keep it a healthy shopping center.

Current offerings include a mix of national, regional, and local retailers in a variety of categories. Old Navy, Benetton, Dress Barn, Mephisto Shoes, Pier One, Gap/Gap Kids, Claire's, Borders, Paper Source, Cold Stone Creamery, and Starbucks are among the national retailers. Regional chain stores include Barbara's Books, Helix Camera, and Penzey's Spices. Independent stores are particularly well represented in apparel and specialty gifts categories.

The Shops of Downtown Oak Park, located at the SEC of Lake Street and Harlem Avenue, opened in 1997 with 50,000 square feet. The next phase of the downtown redevelopment, referred to as the Superblock, is an area bound by North Boulevard, Harlem Avenue, Lake Street and Marion Street. The Taxman Corporation recently sold their interests in both the Shops and Superblock to Heitman Financial. The disposition of the Colt Building at 1125 Lake Street will be integral to the redevelopment plan.

## **Major Shopping Centers**



Scan/US, Inc.

					major on opping centers in vicinity of Can Fain	
Name	Location	Di Community	Distance (Miles)	Opened	GLA # Stores	Anchors
River Forest Town Center	River Forest Town Lake St & Harlem Ave Center	River Forest	1.0	1994	88,328 11	Whole Foods Market
Forest Park Plaza	Forest Park Plaza W Roosevelt & Des Plaines Ave	Forest Park	1.5	1983	324,000 12	Wal-Mart
Cermak Plaza	Harlem Ave & Cermak Rd	Berwyn	2.0	1956	307,000 26	Circuit City, Office Depot, Shoe Carnival, Marshalls
North Riverside Plaza	Harlem Ave & Cermak Rd	North Riverside	2.2	1965	209,000 21	Best Buy, Burlington Coat Factory, Kohl's
North Riverside Park Mall	Harlem Ave & Cermak Rd	North Riverside	3.0	1976	1,071,099 133	Carsons, JCPenney, Sears, T.J. Maxx
Hawthorne Works	Cermak Rd & Cicero Ave	Cicero	3.0	1989	310,317 40	Aaron Rents, Amigos Mexican Restaurant, Blockbuster Video, Foot Locker
The Brickyard	Diversey & Narragansett	Chicago	4.0 (F	2004 (Reopened)	- 293,000	Target, Marshall's Lowes

Major Shopping Centers in Vicinity of Oak Park

Source: Goodman Williams Group

### Other Oak Park Retail Concentrations

While downtown Oak Park is the primary retail destination in Oak Park, the Village has other significant retail/commercial concentrations, including the following:

- The Avenue. Oak Park Avenue as it intersects with Lake Street is part of the downtown TIF district but considered a distinct shopping area. It includes a concentration of restaurants, and national and regional retailers include Caribou Coffee, Great Frame Up, Great Harvest Bread, Logos Bookstore, Oberweis Dairy, and Wolf Camera.
- South Marion Street, including the intersections with North Boulevard and Harlem Avenue, is also connected to the downtown.
- Harrison Street Arts District features galleries, dance studios, craft stores, photography studios, handmade apparel shops, and other arts-themed businesses.
- North Avenue, primarily between Austin Boulevard and Harlem, has a concentration of professional and personal services as well as some retail stores.
- Chicago Avenue, with key intersections at Harlem and Marion, and the eastern end of Lake Street have a variety of commercial and retail businesses.

### Forest Park

The Village of Forest Park has turned its Madison Street corridor into a main street for the community. Like Madison Street in adjacent Oak Park, the Forest Park segment of Madison Street was tenanted mostly by service businesses at one time. Unlike Oak Park, it has always had bars, and those became one of the catalysts to bring in new restaurants that helped create a vibrant street. Categories of retailers, mostly independents, include apparel, bakery, books, florist, hardware, jewelry, records, shoes, and specialty gifts.

Forest Park also has a retail concentration along Roosevelt Road, the location of Forest Park Plaza. Wal-Mart and Ultra Foods anchor this 324,000-square-foot center.

### **River Forest**

The Taxman Corporation developed River Forest Town Center, a 150,000-square-foot shopping center at the southwest corner of Lake Street and Harlem Avenue. The 90,000-square-foot first phase, which is anchored by Whole Foods, was completed in 1994. The second phase opened in 2002 bringing Linens 'n Things, Ann Taylor Loft, Chico's, Children's Place, Panera Bread, Harry & David, and Talbots.

### Chicago

The eastern end of the Madison Street corridor is adjacent to the Austin community in the City of Chicago, where the Department of Planning and Development (DPD) is encouraging new development. Two projects are planned for sites in the vicinity of Madison and Laramie (5200 west). One will have about 8,000 square feet of retail, a two-story family restaurant, and a two-story office building. The project will bring an A&W drive-through restaurant and a Long John Silver restaurant.

The two properties most relevant to the long-term planning for Madison Street are the bus turnaround on the NEC of Austin Boulevard and Madison Street and the vintage buildings on the SEC. DPD reports that the CTA terminal property is not currently being considered for redevelopment.

### Retail Sales by Community

The addenda include three exhibits that reveal patterns in retail sales in Oak Park and surrounding communities. The data are based on sales tax collections as reported by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

- Annual Retail Sales Tax Collections indicates that Cicero has the highest sales among the local communities, and Oak Park ranks second. All communities follow the same general trends over the last six years.
- Comparison of 2005 Sales Tax Receipts. Oak Park is strongest in sales by food stores; automobile dealers and filling stations; and drug and miscellaneous stores. While Cicero and Forest Park have high general merchandise sales, Oak Park has virtually no sales in this category.
- The 2005 data are also presented in the table *Comparison of Municipal Retail Sales Tax Collections,* breaks out sales by category for all a communities.

### V. Office Market

### Introduction

Oak Park is part of the West Cook submarket, the smallest office submarket in the Chicago area as delineated by CB Richard Ellis (CBRE). The submarket's 1.1 million square feet of competitive office space represents a small fraction of the nearly 100 million square feet of office space in Chicago's suburbs.

According to CBRE, all of the office space in the West Cook submarket is Class B or C, indicating the lack of new construction in recent years. CBRE reports a 16.4% vacancy rate in the submarket, which compares to the 21.3% vacancy rate in all suburban office space. Downtown Chicago had a 16% vacancy rate in its 119 million square feet of office space. CBRE reports a typical lease rate of \$29.15 in downtown Chicago compared to \$23.75 in the suburbs.

Oak Park's major multi-tenant office buildings, which have a total of 685,600 square feet, are listed in the table below. Most were built in the 1920s, and the newest office building in this inventory was completed in 1987. According to the Metro-Chicago Office Guide, at year-end 2005 these Oak Park buildings had a 10% vacancy rate.

	Oak Park Competitive Multi-Tenant Office Buildings	Tenant Offi	ce Building	S		
Name	Address	Built	Sq. Ft.	Occupancy	Rent	Type
1515 N Harlem Building	1515 N Harlem	1965	53,000	%69	\$16	Gross
1000 Lake Street	1000 Lake Street	1940	28,000	95%	NA	
1010 Lake Building	1010 Lake Street	1968	86,700	94%	\$25	Gross
Forsyth Building	1011 Lake Street	1929	48,000	94%	\$24-\$29	Gross
Shaker Building	1100 Lake Street	1923	88,000	%66	\$25 +	Net
1101 Lake Professional Bldg	1101 Lake Street	1923	26,000	100%	\$26	Net
Oak Leaves Building	1136 Lake Street	1929	67,100	100%	NA	
1144 Lake Building	1144 Lake Street	1929	65,000	100%	NA	
Medical Arts Building	715 Lake Street	1929	42,800	95%	\$20	Gross
101 Madison Building	101 Madison Street	1987	16,000	%06	\$14-\$16	Net
1024 North Boulevard Bldg	1024 North Blvd	1925	20,000	100%	NA	
6525 W North Bldg	6225 W North	1940	20,000	36%	\$15-\$17	Gross
6429 West North Bldg	6429 W North	1940	20,000	80%	\$15-\$18	Gross
6821 N North Avenue	6821 N North Avenue	1981	15,000	71%	\$15	Gross
Westgate Professional Bldg	1145 Westgate Court	1930	20,000	61%	\$20	Gross
1146 Westgate Bldg	1146 Westgate	1931	70,000	91%	\$16	Gross
Total Souare Feet/Overall Vacancy Rate	nov Rate		685 600	10%		
			000,000	2		

Source: The Metro-Chicago Office Guide, 4th Quarter 2005

### Employment Trends

In 2004, the last year for which data are available, 18,762 private-sector jobs were located in Oak Park. For the past several years, the number of jobs has changed only modestly, as shown below.

	Oak Park	
	Private -Sector Employmer	nt
Year	Employment	Change
2001	17,577	
2002	17,859	1.6%
2003	17,671	-1.1%
2004	18,762	6.2%

Source: Illinois Dept. of Employment Security

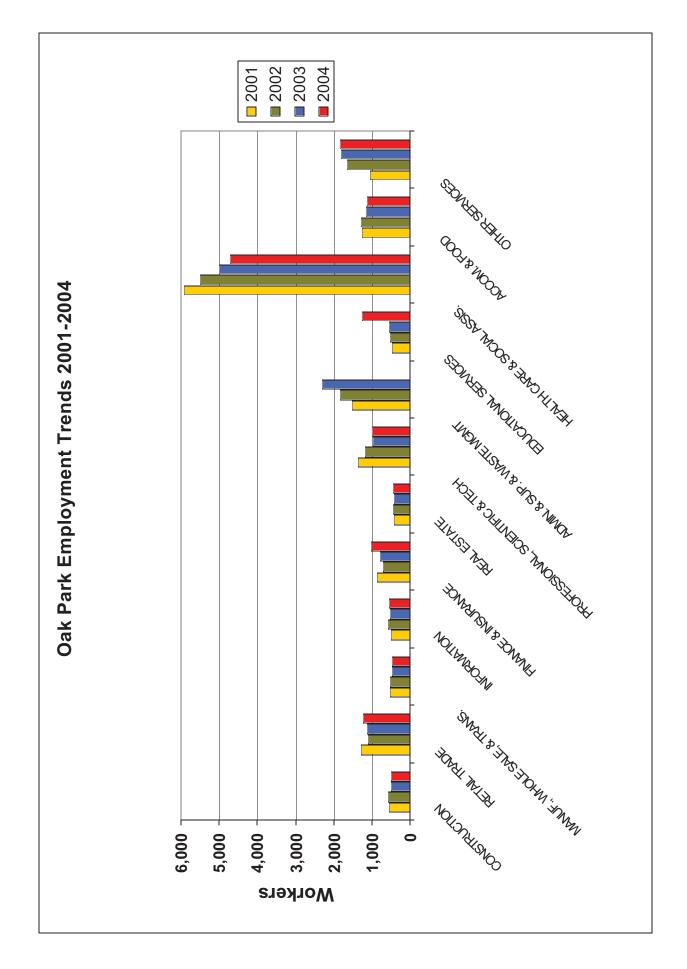
Health Care and Social Assistance is the major employment category in Oak Park, as shown in the table on the following page. Businesses in this category are well represented along Madison Street, with Rush Oak Park Hospital a major employer and magnet for related businesses.

The table below shows just the employment categories considered to be office-using. About one-third of the office-using jobs are in finance and insurance, and another one-third area professional, scientific, or technical. Employment has been stable, but growth has not resulted in a demand for significant amounts of new office space.

Oak Park Employment 2004	
All Industries	18,762
Office-Using Employment Categories:	
Information	545
Finance and Insurance	1,018
Real Estate	451
Professional, Scientific and Technical	<u>998</u>
Total	3,012

Source: Where Workers Work

Madison Street has a number of small office buildings, and office space is also found on the second level of commercial buildings with ground-floor retail. The Village Hall also houses office-using employment in the government sector. While Madison Street has a number of businesses in the office-using categories, downtown Oak Park has the competitive advantage.



### VI. Residential Market

### Housing Permits

A review of housing permit activity reveals that relatively few new housing units have been built in Oak Park and surrounding suburbs. The finding is not surprising for mature communities whose few redevelopment sites suggest a need for new construction. Since 1996, Oak Park has added 180 new housing units. Forest Park has encouraged new residential development, adding 399 units during the same period.

### **Prices of Existing Homes**

The two accompanying graphs show the median sales prices of single-family and condominium homes in Oak Park and surrounding communities. In 2005, the median price of a single-family home in Oak Park was \$428,500, which is significantly higher than prices in all the surrounding communities except River Forest. The median price of an Oak Park condominium sold in 2005 was \$200,500.

### New Townhomes

Townhomes are well accepted in the Oak Park market, typically offering a more affordable alternative to single-family homes. These include:

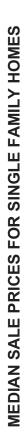
- Madison Square Townhomes are being developed in phases on a Madison Street Site between Wisconsin and Home Avenues. The third phase with 10 units will be available in the fall of 2006 and are now on the market. Four-level townhouses with 3,100 square feet are priced between about \$480,000 and \$545,000.
- Clarence Square, 1192 Clarence, at Roosevelt Road, offers 18 townhouse units with 2,200 to 2,600-square-foot townhomes for approximately \$440,000.

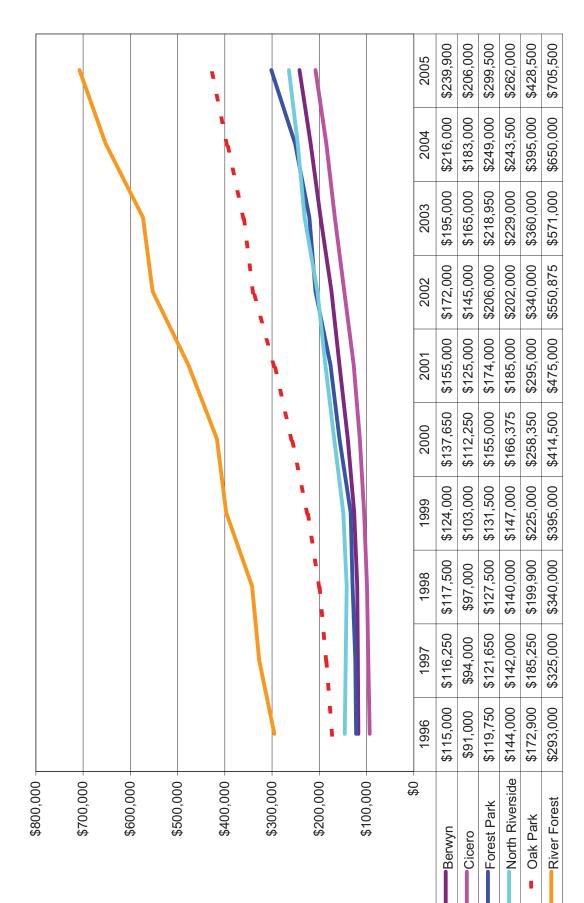
Both Madison Square and Clarence Square are developments of local architect and developer John Schiess. Another project is slated for a redevelopment site on the SWC or Madison and Oak Park.

			Residential Construction Permits Units Permitted	ial Const	ruction P	ermits	Units Pe	rmitted				
	Oak	Oak Park	River Forest	-orest	Forest Park	t Park	Berwyn	wyn	Cic	Cicero	TOTAL	<b>LAL</b>
	Single Family	Multi Family	Single Family	Multi Family	Single Family	Multi Family	Single Family	Multi Family	Single Family	Multi Family	Single Family	Multi Family
1996	4	0	4	0	0	9	З	12	с	0	14	18
1997	5	10	ю	0	5	10	4	2	2	0	19	22
1998	11	0	4	0	14	13	0	10	2	0	31	23
1999	32	0	З	0	7	8	9	69	0	0	48	77
2000	9	0	9	0	0	0	2	46	~	0	15	46
2001	14	0	6	64	14	31	ю	4	~	0	41	66
2002	13	0	4	0	35	0	2	0	0	0	54	0
2003	13	0	5	0	6	0	2	0	0	0	29	0
2004	9	7	4	16	4	66	10	14	0	0	24	103
2005 partial	5	54	8	9	36	141	9	16	0	0	55	217
Total	109	71	50	86	124	275	38	173	6	0	330	605
Annual Average	10.9	7.1	5.0	8.6	12.4	27.5	3.8	17.3	0.9	0.0	33.0	60.5
Source: Northeastern Illinois Planning Commission	rn Illinois	Planning	<b>Commis</b>	sion								

Madison Street Corridor in Oak Park Goodman Williams Group

Page 21





				2005	\$141,250	\$120,000	\$144,100	\$195,500	\$200,000	\$219,950
				2004	\$136,000	\$112,000	\$131,000	\$186,500	\$188,000	\$175,000
				2003	\$126,000	\$89,000	\$125,400	\$143,000	\$162,867	\$191,500
				2002	\$122,450	\$87,000	\$116,000	\$152,000	\$148,079	\$176,000
				2001	\$99,900	\$74,900	\$92,200	\$133,500	\$135,000	\$135,500
				2000	\$86,750	\$87,004	\$84,500	\$121,000	\$129,000	\$102,300
				1999	\$70,400	\$71,465	\$70,000	\$95,000	\$116,500	\$100,500
				1998	\$73,700	\$75,500	\$77,400	\$127,750	\$105,000	\$94,500
				1997	\$76,800	\$81,000	\$66,000	\$123,500	\$97,500	\$95,500
		:\/X		1996	\$83,000	\$73,000	\$76,575	\$120,625	\$95,500	\$87,950
			\$50,000		Berwyn	Cicero	Forest Park	North Riverside	<ul> <li>Oak Park</li> </ul>	River Forest

# MEDIAN SALE PRICES FOR CONDOMINIUMS

Source: Chicago Association of Realtors

## Condominiums

The Mews of Oak was one of the catalytic condominium developments in downtown Oak Park.

- The 36-unit Opera Club at 100 S Marion will be completed in the fall of 2006. A 1,817-square-foot unit, for example, is priced at \$519,000.
- Regency Club, 150 N Marion is a 58-unit mid-rise development. Prices range between about \$327,000 for a 1,121-square-foot unit and \$870,000 for a 2,897-square-foot penthouse unit.
- The 1120 Club in Oak Park, 1120 Lake, is a 44-unit building that features a 46,000-square-foot health club with a swimming pool. Units range from 939 to 3,000 square feet, with prices from about \$240,000 to \$920,000.

Other Oak Park condominium projects by other developers include the following:

- Kenilworth Square, 413 S Kenilworth, is a new five-unit building. A 2,800-square-foot unit is priced at \$589,900.
- 328 S Oak Park Avenue is a three-unit building with prices in the \$600,000's.
- Tapestry in Oak Park, 515 Harlem, was completed in 2005. Still unsold in the fourstory building is a top-floor unit priced at \$360,000. Recently recorded prices range from \$300,000 to \$365,000.

In Forest Park, The Residences at the Grove by Focus Development will include 140 condominiums and 60 townhomes on a six-acre site. One-bedroom condominiums range from 690 to 970 square feet and have base prices between about \$177,000 to \$242,000. Two-bedroom units are about 1,000 to 1,400 square feet, with base prices from \$226,000 to \$353,000. The typical base price per square foot is \$244.

## **Rental Apartments**

Many landlords are of the opinion that the rental housing market is soft, with some vacancy problems and stagnant rents. While several large-scale rental buildings are underway in downtown Chicago, the southwestern Chicago area has seen few market-rate rental projects in recent years. Among the contributing factors are the low interest rates have helped turn renters into homeowners, and the Cook County property tax that adds substantially to the cost of operating apartments.

Euclid Commons, a development of Focus Development and the Taxman Corporation at Lake and Euclid, provides three stories of rental apartments over ground-floor retail. The 27 one- and two-bedroom apartments rent for roughly \$1.80 per square foot. The rental apartments are part of a mixed-use development that includes condominiums, townhomes, retail, and parking.

## VII. Hotel Market

## Oak Park Hotels

The Carleton Hotel with 154 rooms is the largest hotel property in Oak Park, followed by the Write Inn with 65 rooms. An analysis of the 4% hotel tax collected by the Village shows that the Carleton accounts for about 72% of sales and the Write Inn contributes about 23%. Four B&B properties, together, account for the remaining 5% of hotel taxes. The accompanying graphic presents data on hotel tax collections, which can be generally seen as a proxy for hotel rooms sold. Two of the trends revealed in the data are as follows:

- Hotel-room demand is slowly recovering from the impact of the downturn in travel in late 2001.
- Demand has seasonal patterns, with early summer and fall as the strongest periods. This pattern suggests that seasonal tourism, rather than business travel, is the basis of demand, a characteristic that is a detriment to attracting new hotels to Oak Park.

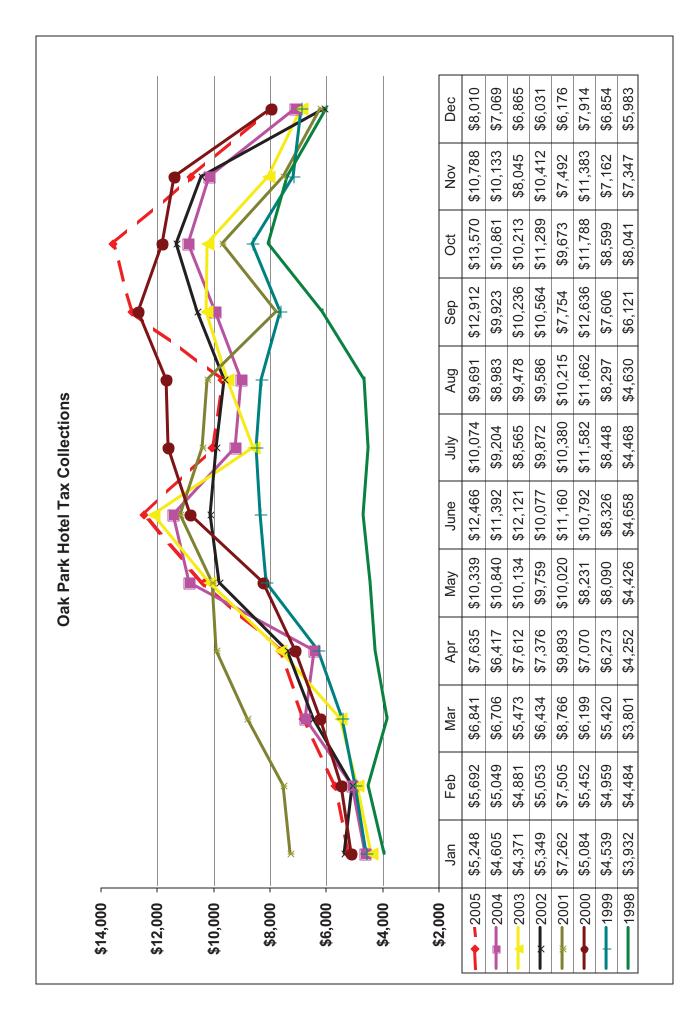
## Hotel Submarket

As shown on the accompanying map, Oak Park hotels have limited competition from nearby communities. Oak Park is between the numerous hotels in downtown Chicago and the hotels about five miles to the west that serve O'Hare and the Western Suburbs.

Smith Travel Research prepared a report of market conditions in the Oak Park area for the Oak Park Area Convention and Visitors Bureau. Their November 2005 analysis of the market is based on 34 properties with 3,010 rooms located in selected zip codes. The large majority of the hotels in the Smith Travel survey are in Franklin Park and Schiller Park, two locations that benefit directly from their proximity to O'Hare Airport. Highlights of the data include the following:

- The occupancy rate over the last 12 months is 66%. Occupancy rates for the first 10 months of 2005 indicate that the 61.2% annual occupancy rate of 2004 will improve significantly in 2005.
- Both the average daily rate (\$70.88 in the last 12 months) and revenue per room available are below pre-9-11 levels.
- The two Comfort Inns that opened in 2000 and 2001 in Franklin Park and Schiller Park are the newest additions to the supply.

The potential for a new hotel in Oak Park can only be determined by a full market study. Such a study might estimate the ability of Oak Park to increase demand through an expanded convention and meetings business, for which it now has very limited capacity. If a new hotel could be supported, the best sites are likely to be those near the downtown, with direct CTA transportation to downtown Chicago, or with visibility along the Eisenhower Expressway.



## Conference Space

None of the conference space in Oak Park was designed to accommodate the requirements of most of today's meetings and conferences. The table below lists the choices in event spaces in Oak Park.

	Meeting Spaces in Oak Park
19th Century Club	Dining room seats up to 100 and auditorium holds 400.
Arts Center	700-seat auditorium, reception lobby, dressing rooms, and meeting rooms.
Carleton Hotel	Four functions rooms with a total of 5,225 square feet; largest space accommodates up to 200 for a reception.
Historic Pleasant Home	Landmarked mansion hosts weddings, meetings, and other events.
Oak Park Conservatory	Private parties can be held in Rubinstein Room.
Cheney Mansion	12,000-square-foot mansion available for events.
Scoville Square	Prairie-style building includes conference room that can be rented.

Source: Oak Park Area Convention and Visitors Bureau and Goodman Williams Group.

The Convention and Visitors Bureau also refers meeting planners to spaces in:

- Brookfield Zoo and Maywood Park Race Track located in nearby communities.
- Hotel facilities in other communities.
- Concordia and Dominican Universities in neighboring River Forest.
- A cooking school on Madison Street in Oak Park.

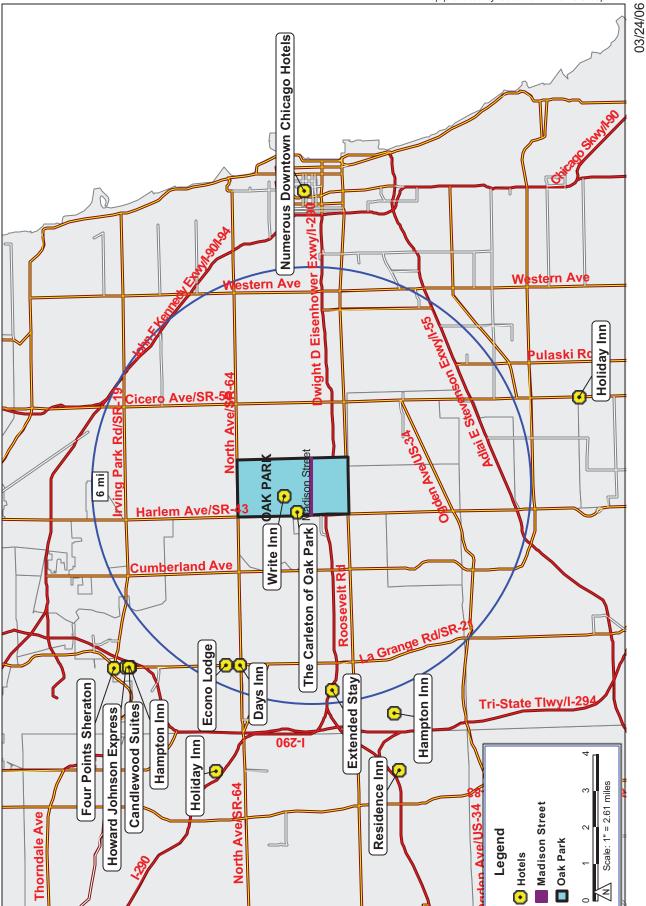
## Generators of Demand

Oak Park is positioned to capture demand for hotel rooms from a number of sources:

- Overflow from downtown Chicago hotels, which can be fully booked, particularly when large trade shows and conventions are being held at McCormick Place. Downtown Chicago is about nine miles due east of Oak Park.
- O'Hare travelers, particularly those doing business in downtown Chicago or the Western Suburbs, seeking an alternative to the hotels right around the airport. The drive to O'Hare is about 19 miles from Oak Park.
- Meetings and conferences, particularly from groups interested in the cultural offerings in Oak Park.
- Tourists attracted by the museums and historic tours in Oak Park, including the Hemingway Museum and the Frank Lloyd Wright Home and Studio.
- Visitors to local businesses and institutions such as Rush Oak Park Hospital, the Universities in River Forest, and Loyola medical complex in Maywood.
- Local residents' family gatherings and weddings.







Map produced by Goodman Williams Group

Table: Madison Street Businesses (from Village Business License data)

Maps Comparing Selected 1990 and 2000 Census Characteristics

- Age: Median Age, Percent of Population Over 65
- Race and Ethnicity: African-American Population, White Population, Hispanic Population
- Household Characteristics: Median Income and Homeownership

Maps Showing the Three Trade Areas

Population and Household Profiles of Madison Street, Oak Park, and Trade Area

Sales Tax Data

- Annual Retail Sales Tax Collections
- Comparison of 2005 Sales Tax receipts
- Municipal Retail Sales Tax Collections

		Madis	Madison Street Businesses	
SIC St. N	St. Num	Business Name	Category 2	Category 3
Construction	_			
503	~	Par Construction, Inc	General Building Contractors	Multi-Family Construction
248	~	Todd, H W Construction	General Building Contractors	Commercial Construction
509	6	Von-Dreele Freerksen Const	Residential Construction	Remodeling
410	~	Trade Enterprises	Special Trade Contractors	Flooring
641	_	Gilchrist-Traynor Plumbing	Special Trade Contractors	Plumbing
112	<u> </u>	J & G Construction		
Manufacturing	Ъ			
741	_	Caroline Rose	Apparel & Other Finished Products	Women's Fine Clothing
1001	1	Regan Electric Co	Electronic & Other Electrical Equipment	Electrical Industrial Apparatus
124		Sahagian & Associates Inc	Food & Kindred Products	Sugar & Confectionary Products
208	~	CustomCraft Foodservice	Food & Kindred Products	Hors d'oeuvres/appetizers, etc.
1000	00	The Frame House/Bancroft S	Furniture & Fixtures	Custom Picture & Mirror Frames
114		C E Dienberg Printing Co	Printing & Publishing	
006	~	Advance Quick Print	Printing & Publishing	Commercial Printing
509	¢	Prairie Plus	Stone, Clay, Glass, & Concrete Products	Soap Stone Countertops
Transportatio	on, Col	Transportation, Communications, Electric, Gas, And Sanitary	y Services	
228	~	Rapid Assurrance Transportation	Local & suburban Passenger Trans.	Ambulence Service
820	6	Comcast Cable Communications	Communications Utility	
Wholesale Trade	rade			
437	F	TRYAD Automotive/Automotive	Automotive Parts	Auto New Parts & Supplies
1141	11	Scheck & Siress Prosthetics	Prosthetics Dealer	
Retail				
4		Athlete's Foot	Apparel & Accessory	Shoe Store
902	<b>C</b>	Valeria's	Apparel & Accessory	Shoe Store
54		Anne's Ladies Fashion	Apparel & Accessory	Womens Apparel
201	_	Amoco: Kerala, Inc	Auto Dealers & Gas Service Stations	Gas Station
901	-	Matha/Citgo Oil Corporation	Auto Dealers & Gas Service Stations	Gas station
622	<b>C</b>	2001 Gas/Sk Gas & Food Mart	Auto Dealers & Gas Service Stations	Gas Station
845	10	Town & Country Import Cars	Auto Dealers & Gas Service Stations	New & Used Auto Dealers
711	_	Foley-Rice Cadillac Inc	Auto Dealers & Gas Service Stations	New & Used Auto Dealers
Madison Street Businesses	reet Bus	inesses	Page 1 of 6	

		Mad	Madison Street Businesses	
SIC	St. Num	Business Name	Category 2	Category 3
Retail	906	Avon Products, Inc	Beauty Products	
	20	K-Stone Beauty Supply	Beauty Products	
	14	Queen Beauty Supply	Beauty Products	
	229	Marani Land Services, Inc	Bldg Materials, Hardware, Garden Supply	Nursery, garden supply
	345	CVS/Pharmacy #3163	Drugstore	
	438	OSCO Drug Store #3288	Drugstore	
	801	Sear's	Drugstore	
	916	Walgreens #1757	Drugstore	
	515	7-Eleven	Convenience Food Store	
	932	Ramels Oriental Food Store	Food Stores	Grocery
	12	Laury's Bakery and Cakes	Food Stores	Bakery
	438	Jewel Food #3288	Food Stores	Grocer
	400	Billy's Fruit Market Inc	Food Stores	Grocery
	844	Alltypes Fireplace & Stove	Home Furnishings	Fireplaces
	26	Oak Park Video and Beeper	Home Furnishings	Electronics Store
	914	Radio Shack #6567	Home Furnishings	Electronics Store
	513	Gilchrist Hardward (DoitBest)	Hardware Store	
	319	Let's Do It Again	Miscellaneous	Used merchandise
Retail:	Eating and	<b>Drinking Establishments</b>		
	940	Blue Duck Catering Inc	Food Preparation	
	610	Popeye's Fried Chicken	Restaurant	Chicken fast food
	316	Kentucky Fried Chicken/Pizza	Restaurant	Chicken fast food
	111	KDH Operating Co DBA McDonald's	Restaurant	Hamburgers fast foot
	1116	New Rebozo Mexican Restaurant	Restaurant	Mexican
	330	Nick's on Madison	Restaurant	Pizza/Italian Beef
	848	Leona's Pizzaria Inc	Restaurant	Pizzeria
	314	Pizza Palazzo	Restaurant	Pizzeria
	132	Top 10 Hotdog/Dino's Pizza	Restaurant	Pizzeria
	940	Robinson's #1RIB	Restaurant	Ribs
	1100	Al's Grill, Inc	Restaurant	Sandwiches/coffee
	1112	Mama Thai Restaurant	Restaurant	Thai
Madis	Madison Street Businesses	sinesses	Page 2 of 6	

		Madis	Madison Street Businesses	
SIC	St. Num	Business Name	Category 2	Category 3
Finance,	, Insurance	Insurance, Real Estate		
	11	First Bank of Oak Park	Bank	Bank
	28	First Bank of Oak Park	Bank	Bank
	800	Bank One NA	Bank	Bank
	101	Alliance Financial Credit Union	Credit Union	Credit Union
	1147	Madison Harlem Currency Exchange	Currency Exchange	Currency Exchange
	2	Madison-Austin Currency Exchange	Currency Exchange	Currency Exchange
	805	Madison-Oak Park Currency	Currency Exchange	Currency Exchange
	647	Allstate Insurance Company	Insurance Company	Insurance Company
	543	AARCO Insurance	Insurance Company	Insurance Company
	112	Ford Realty Inc	Real Estate	Realty Group
	44	Rhine Realty	Real Estate	Realty Group
	649	Murph's Realty Co	Real Estate	Realty Group
Services	(0			
	1005	Victory Martial Arts Academy	Amusement and Recreation	Martial Arts
	605	Integrity Physical Therapy	Amusement and Recreation	Physical Fitness
	1010	Village Players	Amusement and Recreation	Theater
	311	AAMCO Transmissions	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Auto Repair
	449	Accurate Brake & Clutch	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Auto Repair
	520	Stelton Motors	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Auto Repair
	549	AARCO American Inc	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Auto Repair
	700	Car-X Muffler	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Auto Repair
	904	Body Pros	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Auto Repair
	1022	Consolidated Auto Service	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Auto Repair
	1122	Jiffy Lube	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Auto Repair
	414	Budget Rent a Car System, Inc	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Car leasing
	313	Rent-A-Wreck	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Car Leasing
	516	Motor City Auto Detailing	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Carwash
	711	Enterprise Rent-A-Car	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Passenger Car Rental
	629	Hertz Rent a Car	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking	Passenger Car Rental
Madis	Madison Street Businesses	sinesses	Page 3 of 6	

Madison Street Businesses

Page 3 of 6

		Mac	Madison Street Businesses	
SIC St. I	St. Num	Business Name	Category 2	Category 3
Services				
807	~	Wedgeworth Communications	Business Services	Business Communication
1114	14	It's A Sign	Business Services	Outdoor Advertising Services
621	<del>-</del>	The Printing Store, Inc	Business Services	Photocopying/Duplicating
1049	49	Oak Park Glass & Mirror	Business Services	Glass and mirror installation
315	10	Howard Driving School	Educational Services	School: Driving
541	<del>-</del>	Board of Education #97	Educational Services	
960	0	Board of Education Dist 97	Educational Services	
44		L R Flemming Associates	Engrg. Acctg, Research, Mgt, Related	Accountant
124	+	Errol Jaay Kirsch Architect	Engrg. Acctg, Research, Mgt, Related	Architectural Services
230	0	General Energy Corporation	Engrg. Acctg, Research, Mgt, Related	Engineering
412	0	Cyla Design Associates, Inc	Engrg. Acctg, Research, Mgt, Related	Landscape Architecture
101	-	Oak Park Rehabilitation ME	Health Services	Chiropractic
611	<del>-</del>	Dr. Toni Young & Associates	Health Services	Dental
101	<del>-</del>	Martin Welch DDS	Health Services	Dental
1015	15	West Suburban Dental Center	Health services	Dental
312	0	Robert F Hansen DDS Ltd	Health Services	Dentist
408	e	Urban Home Physicians, Inc	Health Services	Home Health Care
56		Maya Austin Medical Center	Health Services	Medical Office
932	2	Medical Clinic	Health Services	Medical Office
101	-	Connie D Chappel MD	Health Services	Medical Office
101	-	Dr. Jyotsna Bhatt MD	Health Services	Medical Office
28		Jackie Williams MD	Health Services	Medical Office
228	ĉ	Muhammad A Alvi MD	Health Services	Medical Office
500	C	Nancy E Driscoll MD, PC	Health Services	Medical Office
101	-	Dr. Hector A. Gonzalez, PhD	Health Services	Medical Office
1023	23	Keyes Center For Toes	Health Services	Podiatry
733	~	FMC Oak Park Dialysis Center	Health Services	Specialty Hospitals: Dialysis
Madison Street Businesses	reet Bus	inesses	Page 4 of 6	

SIC	St. Num	Business Name	Category 2	Category 3
Services				
7	44	Glenda J Gray /Leroy Palmer	Legal Services	Law Offices
	108	Law Offices and Associates	Legal Services	Law Offices
)	617	Mozal &Frangos, Attorneys	Legal Services	Law Offices
	306	Democratic Party of Oak Park	Membership Organization	Political organization
	1110	Fellowship Christian Church	Membership Organization	Religious organization
	1007	Chancery Mens Club	Membership Organization	
	321	Arrow Locksmith Service	Misc. Services	Locksmith
	1047	No Static Recording Studio	Misc. Services	Recording Studio
	1007	The Shredding Store	Misc. Services	Shredding
)	603	Animal Emergency of Oak Park	Misc. Services	Veterinarian
	242	Oak Park Animal Hospital	Misc. Services	Veterinarian
	1013	Prairie State Animal Hospital	Misc. Services	Veterinarian
-	725	Spike's Hotel Inc	Misc. Services	Pet Boarding
)	633	Elite Upholstery	Miscellaneous Repair Service	Reupholstery/Furniture Repair
- *	52	Pearson TV	Misc. Repair Services	Television Repair
	264	Spannuth, Harry Boiler Co	Misc Repair Services	Boilers
	500	Madison Video	Motion Pictures	Video Rental
	912	Bob's Barber Shop ( Vacant)	Personal Services	Barbershop
	128	Frank's Barber Shop	Personal Services	Barbershop
	302	Magnificent Barber Shop	Personal Services	Barbershop
-	8	Ahmed Salon	Personal Services	Beauty Salon
	1019	Weight Watchers North America	Personal Services	Diet Counselling
. •	217	Oak Tree Cleaners	Personal Services	Dry Cleaners
. •	238	P & J Cleaners	Personal Services	Dry Cleaners
	600	Poly Cleaners	Personal Services	Dry Cleaners
	505	Ruby Dry Cleaners	Personal Services	Dry Cleaners
	544	Oak Park Laundromat	Personal Services	Laundromat
	328	Oak Park Neighborhood Wash	Personal Services	Laundromat
	104	T-N-T Speed Wash	Personal Services	Laundromat
Madisor	Madison Street Businesses	sinesses	Page 5 of 6	

**Madison Street Businesses** 

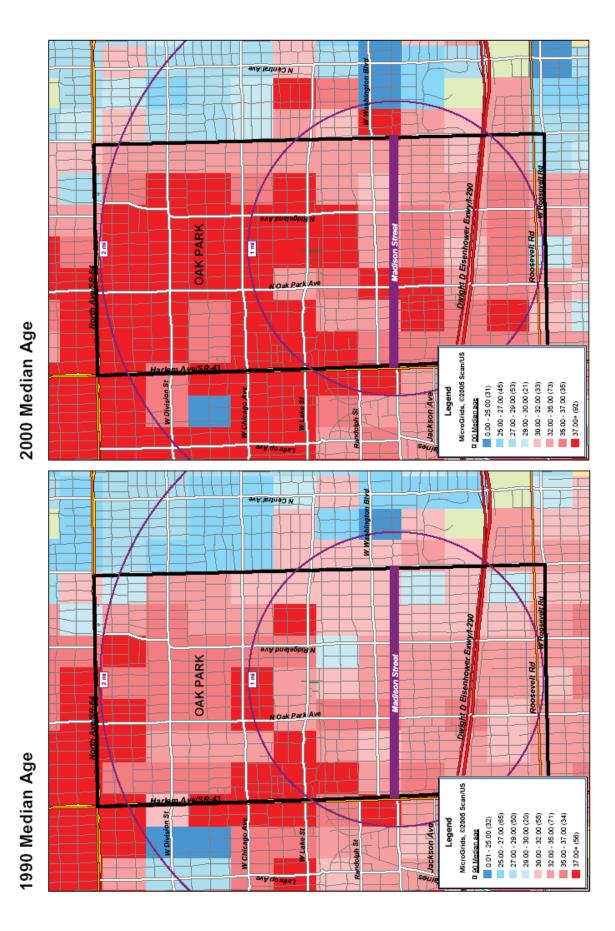
		INIGUIS	Madisoli Street Dusiliesses	
SIC	St. Num	Business Name	Category 2	Category 3
Services	S			
	501	L. V Nails	Personal Services	Nail Salon
	309	Chrystal's Hair Dynasty Ltd	Personal Services	Salon
	130	Class Plus Boutique	Personal Services	Salon
	910	Askia Hair Braiding	Personal Services	Salon
	944	Dora's Hair Braiding	Personal Services	Salon
	609	Gossip Hair Design	Personal Services	Salon
	317	Hype Hair Salon	Personal Services	Salon
	300	Maysa Hair Salon	Personal Services	Salon
	110	The Braiding Shop	Personal Services	Salon
	112	Mane Solution Beauty Salon	Personal Services	Salon
	268	H & R Block Enterprises, Inc	Personal Services	Tax return preparation
	228	Solid Rock Care Center II	Social Services	Adult Day Care Services
	44	CEDA Oak Park Head Start	Social Services	Child Care
	847	Little Beginnings Daycare	Social Services	Child Care
	1020	Pals Childcare & Development	Social Services	Child Care
	101	Sarah's Inn	Social Services	Domestic Violence Counseling
	120	Easter Seal Society	Social Services	Job training/Vocational Rehab
(				

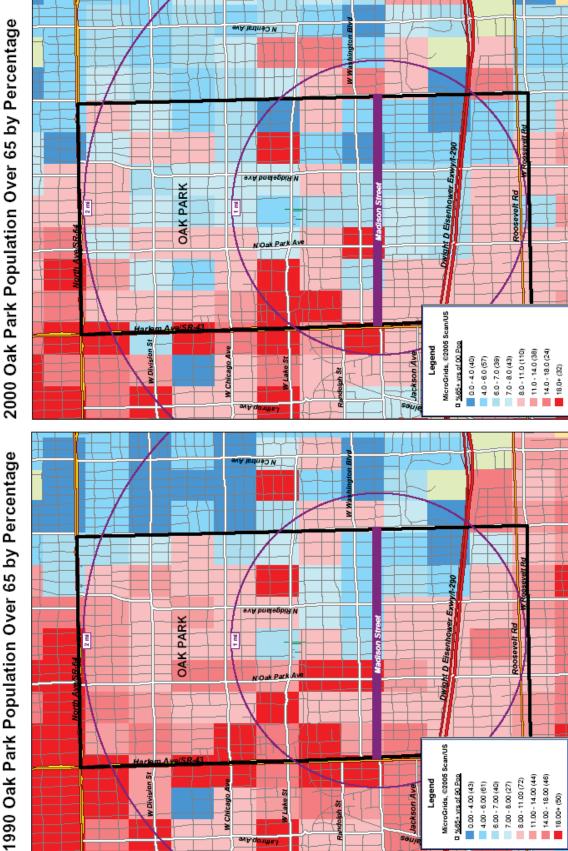
**Madison Street Businesses** 

Source: Goodman Williams Group based on Oak Park Business Licenses

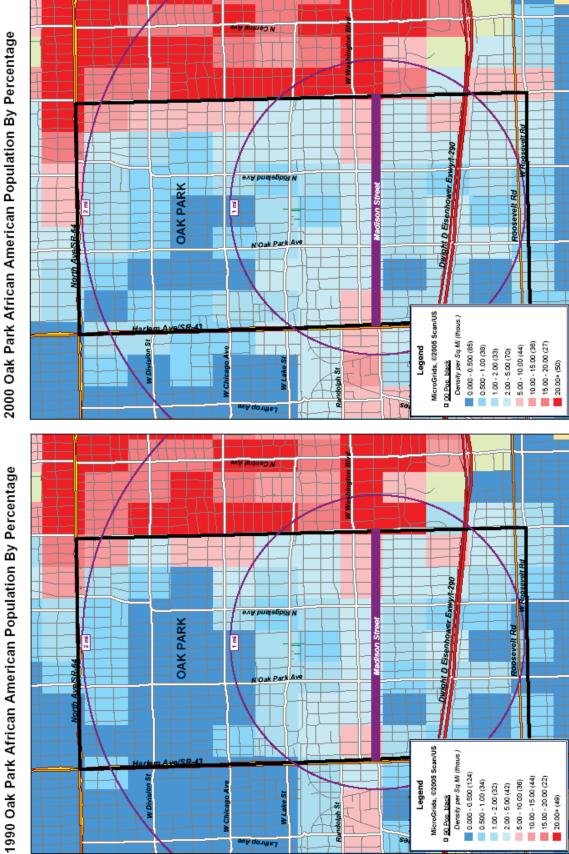
Madison Street Businesses

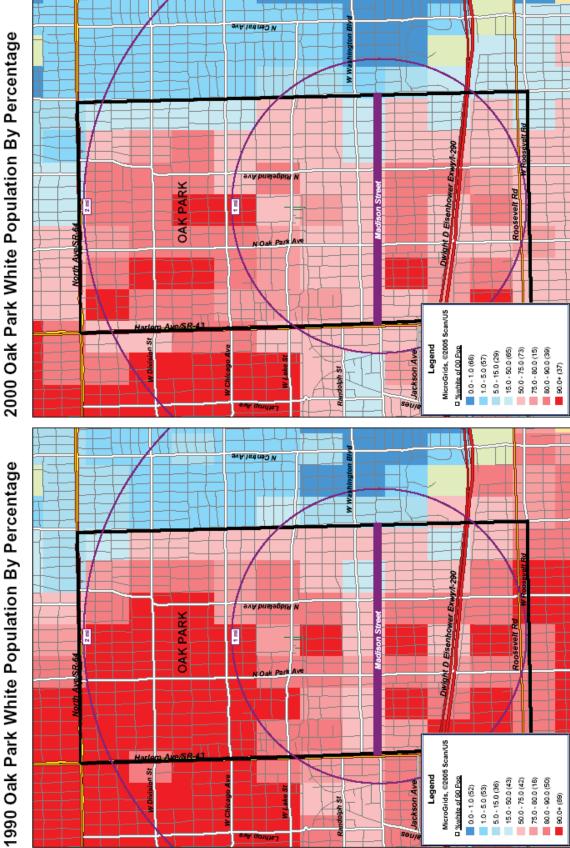
Page 6 of 6



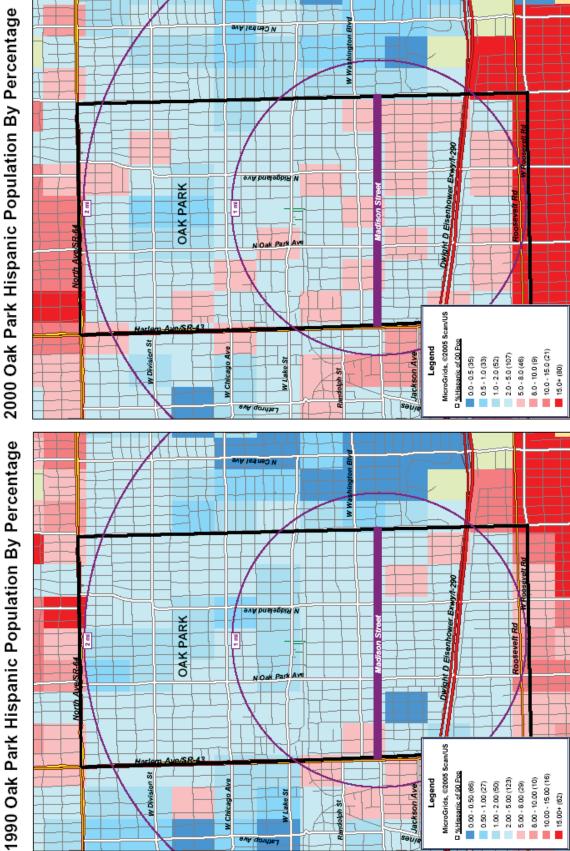


1990 Oak Park Population Over 65 by Percentage

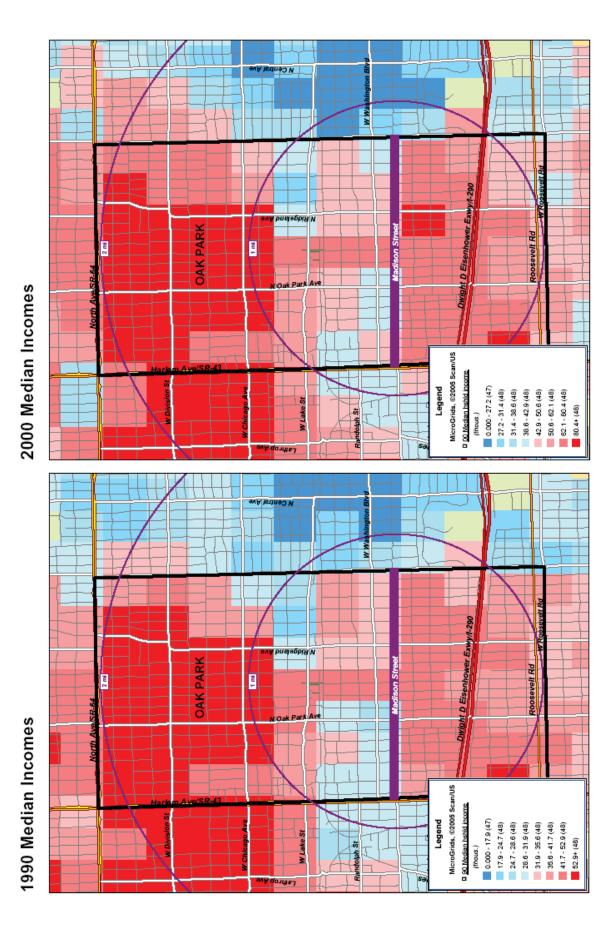


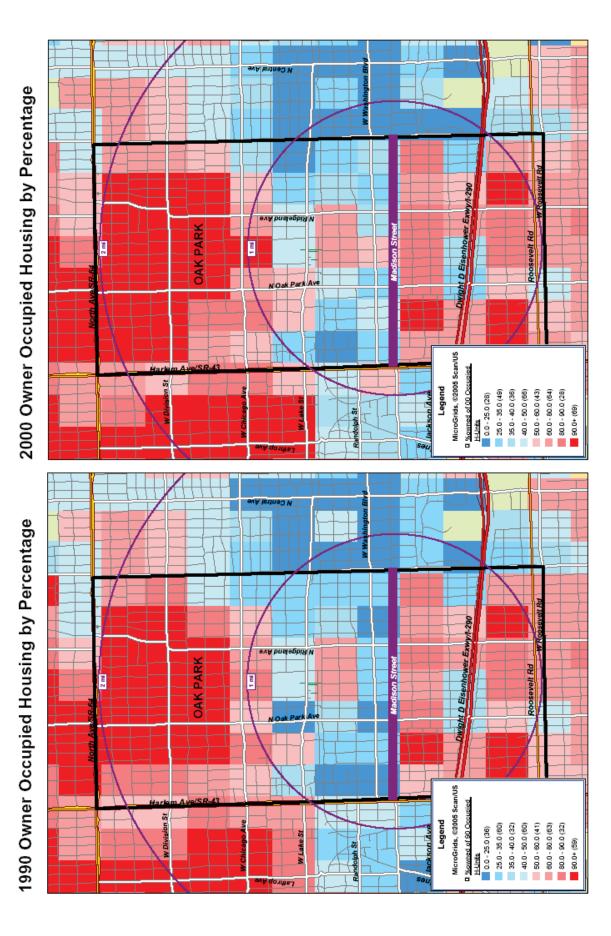


1990 Oak Park White Population By Percentage



1990 Oak Park Hispanic Population By Percentage





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Area Map

# Order #: 963912684 Site: 01 MADISON STREET, OAK PARK,

Coord: 41.876300, -87.774300 Polygon - See Appendix for Points

Point Polygon Interstate Highw US Highways Major Highways Major Roads Major Roads Railroads Hydrography Arrports State Ocean
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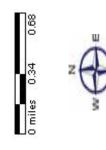


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Order #: 964024840 Site: 01

Place See Appendix for Geographies

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SITEREPORTS

Area Map

Prepared For: Oak Park Project Code: © 2006 CLARITAS INC. All rights reserved.

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Coord: 41.909500, -87.746100 Polygon - See Appendix for Points

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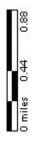
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	Madison St. Corridor	orridor	Oak Park Village	/illage	Trade Area	Area
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Population						
2010 Projection	14,203		47,410		218,380	
2005 Estimate	15,130		49,951		224,238	
2000 Census	16,076		52,524		229,784	
1990 Census	16,862		53,648		214,695	
Median Age 2005	36.97		37.68		32.46	
Households						
2010 Projection	7,130		21,406		74,435	
2005 Estimate	7,461		22,247		76,850	
2000 Census	7,794		23,079		79,197	
1990 Census	7,709		22,607		77,376	
Growth 2005 - 2010		-4.44%		-3.78%		-3.14%
Growth 2000 - 2005		-4.27%		-3.61%		-2.96%
Growth 1990 - 2000		1.10%		2.09%		2.35%
2005 Est. Households by Household Income						
Income Less than \$15,000	704	9.4	1,773	8.0	11,455	14.9
Income \$15,000 - \$24,999	485	6.5	1,314	5.9	8,011	10.4
Income \$25,000 - \$34,999	559	7.5	1,742	7.8	8,693	11.3
Income \$35,000 - \$49,999	1,292	17.3	3,157	14.2	12,245	15.9
Income \$50,000 - \$74,999	1,466	19.7	4,065	18.3	14,322	18.6
Income \$75,000 - \$99,999	983	13.2	2,907	13.1	8,113	10.6
Income \$100,000 - \$149,999	1,114	14.9	3,672	16.5	7,676	10.0
Income \$150,000 - \$249,999	629	8.4	2,339	10.5	4,065	5.3
Income \$250,000 - \$499,999	167	2.2	833	3.7	1,534	2.0
Income \$500,000 or more	62	0.8	445	2.0	737	1.0

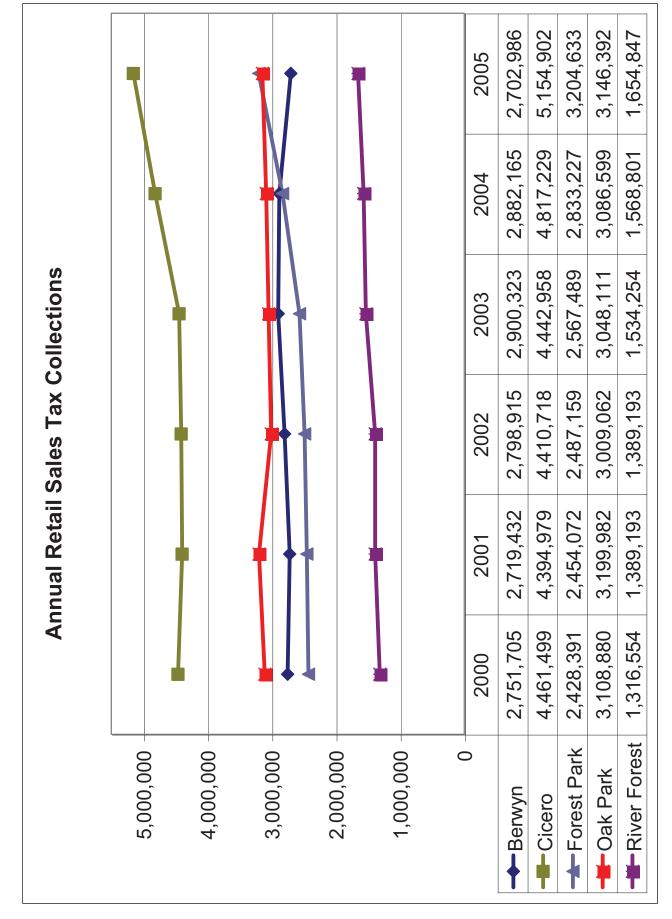
Population and Household Profiles of Madison Street, Oak Park, and Trade Area

	Madison St. Corridor	Corridor	Oak Park Village	Village	Trade Area	Area
2005 Est. Average Household Income 2005 Est. Median Household Income 2005 Est. Per Capita Income	Number \$82,430 \$61,776 \$41,125	Percent	Number \$98,180 \$69,294 \$43,986	Percent	Number \$69,059 \$47,576 \$23,868	Percent
<b>2005 Est. Households by Household Type</b> Family Households Nonfamily Households	3,540 3,921	47.5 52.6	12,418 9,829	55.8 44.2	50,592 26,259	65.8 34.2
2005 Est. Households by Household Size						
	3,389	45.4	8,454	38.0	21,832	28.4
2-person household	2,132	28.6	6,518	29.3	19,138	24.9
3-person household	933	12.5	3,187	14.3	12,247	15.9
4-person household	647	8.7	2,617	11.8	10,212	13.3
5-person household	250	3.4	1,013	4.6	6,370	8.3
6-person household	78	1.1	323	1.5	3,364	4.4
7 or more person household	31	0.4	135	0.6	3,687	4.8
2005 Est. Average Household Size	2.01		2.23		2.87	
2005 Est. Household Type, Presence Own Children						
Single Male Householder	1,356	18.2	3,235	14.5	9,205	12.0
Single Female Householder	2,033	27.3	5,219	23.5	12,627	16.4
Married-Couple Family, own children	1,206	16.2	4,770	21.4	15,618	20.3
Married-Couple Family, no own children	1,293	17.3	4,503	20.2	13,825	18.0
Male Householder, own children	82	1.1	264	1.2	1,726	2.3
Male Householder, no own children	108	1.5	300	1.4	2,391	3.1
Female Householder, own children	488	6.5	1,472	6.6	9,359	12.2
Female Householder, no own children	362	4.9	1,109	5.0	7,673	10.0
Nonfamily, Male Householder	273	3.7	691	3.1	2,325	3.0
Nonfamily, Female Householder	259	3.5	684	3.1	2,102	2.7

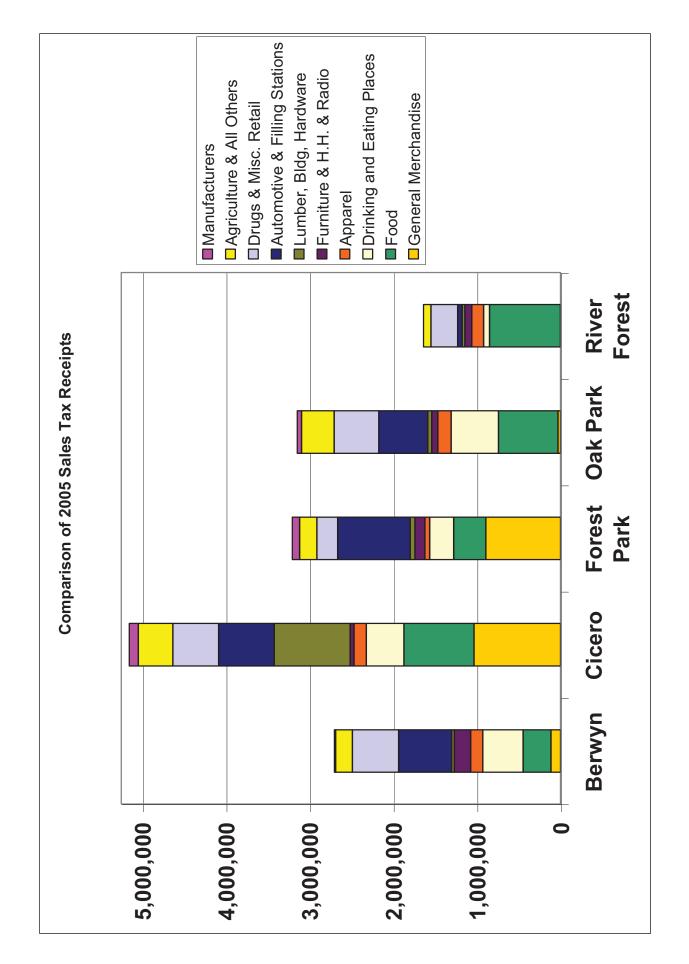
Population and Household Profiles of Madison Street, Oak Park, and Trade Area

Source: Claritas, Inc.

Page 2 of 2



Source: Illinois Department of Revenue



	Berwyn	Cicero	Forest Park	Oak Park	River Forest
General Merchandise	112,685	1,032,844	891,865	29,298	C
Food	333,591	837,661	383,884	711,302	200 748
Drinking and Eating Places	480,816	449,486	287,225	566,144	70.112
Apparel	145,280	147,393	56,660	158,574	141.965
Furniture & H.H. & Radio	195,280	45,740	118,932	72,284	82 290
Lumber, Bldg, Hardware	32,648	909,059	57,149	47,883	31 721
Automotive & Filling Stations	632,471	662,501	866,739	585,889	53 485
Drugs & Misc. Retail	552,711	547,105	247,865	532,685	318 874
Agriculture & All Others	202,584	412,763	207,792	390,063	91.561
Manufacturers	14,921	110,351	86,521	52,269	0
Total	2,702,986	5,154,902	3,204,633	3,146,392	1,654,847

Comparison of Municipal Retail Sales Tax Collections in 2005

Source: Illinois Department of Revenue

# Village of Oak Park

# **Madison Street Corridor**



# **Architectural Historical Survey**

Prepared by: Wiss, Janney, Elstner Associates, Inc. 330 Pfingsten Road Northbrook, Illinois 60062 (847) 272-7400 WJE Project No. 2005.4108

February 20, 2006



# PROJECT BACKGROUND

In autumn 2005, the Village of Oak Park began a planning and development study of the Madison Street Corridor. The intent of the study is to solicit community input on the current status and perceived needs of the neighborhood; to provide a land use plan to guide future development on Madison Street; to assess the economic marketability of the Madison Street corridor; to promote mixed uses and pedestrian-oriented development; to assess parking needs and traffic; to identify economic limitations and funding strategies; to develop a character plan to guide future architectural and infrastructure design on the corridor; to identify zoning and regulatory changes needed to support desired development; and to identify buildings with historic character and significance that should be preserved during future redevelopment.

This architectural historic survey addresses the last of these various goals established by the Village. Although several existing local historic districts of primarily residential properties adjoin the project area, Madison Street itself is not currently a historic district. There are no existing individually-listed local landmark properties or National Register properties on Madison Street.

This architectural historical survey report has been developed as part of the overall planning study for Madison Street corridor by Vandewalle & Associates, Madison, Wisconsin, scheduled for completion in May 2006.

## HISTORICAL OVERVIEW

The area that is today's Village of Oak Park was first settled by Joseph and Betty Kettlestrings of Yorkshire, England, who came to the area in 1835. The area at that time was a part of Cicero Township. In 1848, the Galena & Chicago Union Railroad (later the Chicago & North Western Railroad) was constructed through the future village on its westward route out of Chicago. After the Chicago Fire of 1871, residential development accelerated in Oak Park, and the population grew to 4,589 persons by 1890. Numerous churches, social clubs, and fraternal organizations were established in the 1870s, and the first high school class graduated in 1877.

As suburban residential development continued in the 1880s and 1890s, streetcars and elevated trains supplemented the original main line steam railroads to connect Oak Park commuters to jobs in downtown Chicago. One of the first streetcar lines was the Chicago, Harlem, & Batavia "dummy" line, which ran approximately along the present-day route of the Eisenhower Expressway. The "dummy" trains used a miniature steam locomotive with a false cladding designed to conceal most of the moving parts and avoid startling horses. This line first began operation in 1881, but did not provide direct commuter service to downtown Chicago until June 1888. A more extensive streetcar network throughout Oak Park was opened in 1890. In the future village of Oak Park, this system ran east-west on Madison Street and Lake Street, with a north-south connection on Harlem Avenue.<sup>1</sup> Streetcar service was discontinued in 1947, to be replaced by buses.<sup>2</sup>

The Lake Street Elevated Railroad (today's CTA Green Line) was extended into Oak Park in 1899–1901, although the trains ran at ground level until the 1960s. The Metropolitan West Side Elevated Railroad (today's CTA Blue Line) was extended into Oak Park in 1905, providing local service over tracks originally placed by the Chicago Aurora & Elgin electric interurban train. The "Met" line moved onto new tracks along the Congress (Eisenhower) Expressway in 1958.<sup>3</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Halley's Pictorial Oak Park (1898), 88–92.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> LeGary, Improvers and Preservers (1967), 166.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> www.Chicago-L.org

Oak Park separated from Cicero Township and was organized as an independent municipality in 1902. The village limits included large sections of vacant land, much of which was developed in the first decades of the twentieth century. Oak Park Hospital opened in 1907. Lake Street in downtown Oak Park was the original commercial area, and this corridor developed into a major retail center during the 1920s, with branches of major Chicago department stores such as Marshall Fields. By 1930, the population of Oak Park had reached 64,000 persons.

Following World War II, Oak Park was affected by larger developmental trends in the Chicago Metropolitan area. The construction of the Eisenhower Expressway cut through the southern portion of the Village in the mid 1950s. Starting in the 1960s and 1970s, Oak Park has made a conscious effort to accommodate changing demographics and social pressures while maintaining the suburban character that has long made the Village a desirable residential location. New developments in recent decades has consisted of replacement of earlier buildings with new construction, as well as the restoration and preservation of Oak Park's historic architectural heritage.

## **Development of Madison Street**

At the time of the incorporation of the Village of Oak Park in 1902, most of the land along Madison Street was vacant, undeveloped land. However, the basic infrastructure to allow for rapid urban development of Madison Street was already in place. The streetcar line, constructed in 1890, ran along Madison Street for its full length in the Village. Most of the property along the street was already subdivided into city lots, and the various intersecting side streets had already been laid out and graded. During the 1890s, a limited amount of residential development had already occurred north and south of Madison Street in particular areas, such as along Wisconsin and Maple Avenues.<sup>4</sup>

Around 1890, N.M. Freer built what was probably the first permanent building on Madison Street in what is now Oak Park, on the southwest corner of Madison Street and Oak Park Avenue. The two-story wooden building contained a retail space on the ground floor and apartments above. Although relatively far from the developed areas of the township, Freer called his building "The Centre." M.E. Wood opened a hardware and general store in this building in September 1891.<sup>5</sup>



Left: "The Centre," one of the first commercial buildings on Madison Street, in the 1890s. The Centre building was located at the southwest corner of Oak Park Avenue and Madison Street. From the collection of the Historical Society of Oak Park and River Forest. Right: The Collins building at 801 Madison Street occupies the site today.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Jean Guarino, Yesterday: A Historical View of Oak Park, Illinois, Prairie Days to World War I (Oak Park: Oak Ridge Press, 2000), 53.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Ibid., 53–54.



View east on Madison Street from Oak Park Avenue, 1903. From the Philander Barclay Photo Collection, Historical Society of Oak Park and River Forest. The character of Madison Street would change drastically in the twenty years following this photograph.

Typical of the residential development of the blocks adjacent to Madison Street was the residential subdivision built by Seward T. Gunderson between 1906 and 1920 on two large parcels south of Madison Street near Ridgeland Avenue.<sup>6</sup> Portions of this area are now included in the Gunderson Historic District.

A few commercial buildings were built in the early 1900s, but during the decades of the 1910s and 1920s, much of the frontage of Madison Street filled in with new one, two, and three story commercial buildings with apartments above the ground floor. A few older single family residences faced Madison Street, and a few new apartment buildings were also built.

The decades during which Madison Street was first developed coincided with the period in which personal automobile ownership increased rapidly in the United States. In Oak Park, the number of privately owned autos increased exponentially, from about 82 total in 1906, to 2,372 by 1916, and 17,767 by 1940.<sup>7</sup> A variety of businesses including automobile dealerships, service and repair shops, and gasoline stations were created to serve the new automotive needs. The Madison Street corridor, where large continuous vacant parcels were readily available, evolved into Oak Park's "Motor Row." The primacy of automobile-related businesses on the Madison Street corridor continued in the years following World War II. For example, the 1957 directory



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Jean Guarino, Yesterday: A Historical View of Oak Park, Illinois, Prairie Days to World War I (Oak Park: Oak Ridge Press, 2000), 54.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> LeGary, Improvers and Preservers (1967), 162–163.

listed 16 new car dealerships in Oak Park on Madison Street. However, the number of dealerships began to decline in the 1960s and 1970s, and there were only four dealerships remaining by the late 1980s. <sup>8</sup> Currently, in 2006, Foley-Rice Cadillac is the only new car dealership on Madison Street in Oak Park.



Left: Shell Filling Station at Madison Street and Harvey Avenue, 1920s. Village of Oak Park collection. Right: Oak Leak Garage at 1026 Madison Street, 1926. Historical Society of Oak Park and River Forest. Neither of these buildings survives today.

From the 1920s into the 1970s, intensive retail activity on Madison Street was concentrated near Austin Avenue at the east end and west of Oak Park Avenue at the western end of the street. In addition to the automobile-related businesses discussed above, the retail establishments on Madison Street consisted primarily of grocery stores, drugstores, and other businesses catering to the daily needs of local residents. Many small retail businesses and locally-oriented services continue to occupy the historic buildings in these areas.



Above left: Madison Street looking west from Austin Avenue in 1947, from the collection of the Historical Society of Oak Park and River Forest. Above right: Madison Street looking west from Austin Avenue, newspaper photo from <u>Oak Leaves</u>, 21 September 1967. Below left: Madison Street looking east from Oak Park Avenue, newspaper photo from <u>Oak Leaves</u>, 21 September 1967. Below right: Madison Street looking east from Humphrey Avenue, newspaper photo from <u>Wednesday Journal</u>, 1986.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Mark M. Sweetwood, "Auto dealer row restores identity," Wednesday Journal (3 February 1988), 91.



## **PROJECT METHODOLOGY**

## Architectural Survey

### Historical Research

Historical research for this project was conducted at the Oak Park Public Library (OPPL) and the Historical Society of Oak Park and River Forest (HSOPRF). The collection at OPPL includes published books, local newspapers, and village directories on microfilm.<sup>9</sup> The collection at HSOPRF includes extensive and partially indexed local newspapers (*Oak Leaves* and *Wednesday Journal*), historic photograph collections, ephemera files organized by street name, and Sanborn maps. Additionally, Village building permit data identifying dates of construction, architects, builders, and original owners were reviewed by Village staff, and a table provided to the project team.

### Field Survey

The field survey work was conducted in December 2005 by Joshua Freedland, Hafid Cristobal, and Kenneth Itle of WJE. The entire corridor was surveyed on foot. Each building was photographed using digital cameras. As appropriate, additional photographs were taken of notable details or features of the building. Written notes were made identifying existing materials and existing business occupants. Obviously contemporary buildings on the corridor, such as fast food restaurants, were not surveyed.

### Database and Map Preparation

The survey and research data were compiled and presented in a Microsoft Access database. Digital field survey photographs were inserted electronically into the database. Also, a map was prepared in ArcGIS using aerial photography and parcel lines provided by the Village. The complete survey database is georeferenced into the GIS software, to allow for simple comparison and geographic analysis of the survey information.

### Presentation

The historic survey was presented to the Village Historic Preservation Commission at a regular meeting on 12 January 2006. Following receipt of comments from the Commissioners and additional historic background information, and further review of the survey results to ensure consistency, the final report and survey forms were prepared.

### Summary Report and Submittals

Based on the results of the survey and research, this summary report was prepared. The written report and maps, with attached survey forms, was submitted to the Village of Oak Park. Included under separate cover with the final submittal was a CD-ROM containing the report, maps, and survey forms as .PDF files; the survey photography as .JPG files; the survey geodatabase as .MDB file; and the summary report as .DOC file. Also, the original field survey note sheets were provided. The results of the survey will be used by the planning team as part of the overall Madison Street Corridor Plan.

## Terminology

The categories used to designate the historical significance of individual properties are based upon the categories used in the "Architectural Survey of Downtown Oak Park and the Avenue Business District" prepared by the Village of Oak Park, as revised October 2005. The categories of significance used herein are as follows:

<u>Significant (National Register)</u>: A significant property that has potential to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Generally, National Register Criterion C, relating to architectural design or character, has been considered in making this designation. Other properties may be eligible for the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Refer to pages 17 and 18 for a summary of the business types found on Madison Street in 1915 and 1925, based on village directories for those years.



National Register under other criteria; however, more detailed research on the individual property would be required. All properties in this category are also eligible for listing as Oak Park landmarks.

<u>Significant</u>: A property or structure that has special character or significant historical, cultural, architectural, archaeological, community, or aesthetic value and is worthy of preservation. The property has potential to be eligible for listing as an Oak Park landmark under one or more criteria defined in the Historic Preservation Ordinance. The building has a high level of integrity, with minimal changes to major historic features. One exception is alterations to storefronts; replacement of the storefront does not necessarily disqualify a property, as long as the original pattern of openings has been maintained.



Left: The former Haggard Mortuary at 124 Madison Street is an excellent and well preserved example of Tudor Revival design from 1920 and has been assessed as Significant and National Register eligible as part of this survey. Right: The retail and apartment building at 1047– 1053 Madison Street is relatively intact despite changes to a portion of its storefronts. This building has been assessed as Significant as part of this survey.

<u>Structure of Merit</u>: A property or structure which has historic or aesthetic character, but to a lesser degree than a "Significant" building, or that has had alterations which affect its historic integrity. Such a building may contribute to a broader historic character or provide historic context to a larger group of buildings and is therefore worthy of preservation. Oftentimes, a building designated Structure of Merit could be raised to the Significant level by the removal of inappropriate later alterations, such as the remodeling or filling in of storefronts. Other buildings designated Structure of Merit may ultimately qualify as Significant pending further research (beyond the scope of this study) to establish their original architectural character, to identify other historic associations, or to better understand the architectural historical context of the building.



Left: The Hall & Son Printing Company building at 809 Madison Street has well-preserved brick and terra cotta detailing; however, the contemporary storefront alteration detracts from its historic integrity. This building has been assessed as Structure of Merit as part of this survey. With restoration of its original storefront pattern, it could be reassessed as "Significant." Right: Although the building at 635 Madison Street dates to 1928, all original facade materials have been replaced, and its original architectural character is not readily apparent. This building has been assessed as No Merit as part of this survey.



<u>No Merit</u>: A building which is less than fifty years old; or a building which never originally had notable aesthetic character or historical associations; or a building that has been altered such that its original character is no longer apparent. While many of these buildings may be well-built, prominent, or useful structures, they do not warrant special protection as historically significant properties. There are a few older buildings on the corridor which are currently identified as No Merit, generally due to the presence of contemporary facade overcladding materials. It is possible that historic materials may still exist on these buildings, concealed beneath the contemporary materials. With appropriate restoration work, these properties may deserve reassessment as Structures of Merit or Significant structures.

<u>Hospital</u>: The portion of Oak Park Hospital which fronts onto Madison Street is not assigned a category of historic significance. Documentation and assessment of the hospital property was beyond the scope of this study. It is assumed that for zoning and other reasons, this property would not be affected by new development along Madison Street.

<u>Vacant Lot</u>: Vacant lots are indicated as a separate category on the maps developed as part of this survey report.

Stylistic terminology used in this report is based on the style names and definitions used in the publication *How to Complete the Ohio Historic Inventory.*<sup>10</sup> In addition, the term "Commercial" style has been used, parallel to the use of this term in the October 2005 survey of downtown Oak Park. Generally, the style name Commercial has been assigned to masonry buildings from the period 1900 to 1930, usually one to three stories in height, with flat roofs and ground level storefronts, and minimal decorative detailing in the masonry based loosely on Classical style moldings and trim. These are often builder-designed structures and are ubiquitous in the Chicago area along major commercial streets such as Madison Street.

## SURVEY SUMMARY

### **Historical Significance**

The initial development of Madison Street during the first three decades of the twentieth century consisted almost entirely of privately-owned commercial buildings, sometimes with upper level apartments above retail spaces. Mixed among the commercial development were a few single family residences (which are generally among the oldest buildings on the street) and some apartment buildings. Automobile-related businesses dominated the street, along with semi-industrial uses. High-traffic pedestrian-oriented retail spaces were confined to limited areas on the corridor, such as at major cross avenues; the first block west of Austin Avenue; and several blocks between Home and Harlem Avenues. The majority of the significant buildings on the corridor date to the 1910s and 1920s, during which time most of the building lots were built upon for the first time.

### Historic District Potential

Because the entire length of Madison Street developed simultaneously and with a similar character during the first three decades of the twentieth century, it is most logical to consider the entire corridor for potential eligibility as a historic district, rather than attempting to define a potential district that would cover only certain blocks. On Madison Street from Austin Avenue to Harlem Avenue, there is a relatively high percentage of "No Merit" and contemporary buildings. The surviving historic buildings do not coalesce to give the corridor a consistent historic character. Therefore, for the purposes of landmark designation, it is likely more straightforward and appropriate to concentrate on the designation of individual landmark properties. Other planning mechanisms or guidelines are being established as part of the larger corridor study to ensure that Madison Street develops in the future with an appropriate character that respects the historic



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Stephen C. Gordon, *How to Complete the Ohio Historic Inventory* (Columbus, Ohio: Ohio Historic Preservation Office, 1992).

architecture. Certain particular themes, such as the "Motor Row" theme discussed below, do exist that could be used to group selected properties as a historic district. However, further research would be needed to better define the historic context of the theme before a district nomination is considered. Also, any potential district covering only a portion of Madison Street would need to justify why other buildings of similar character and from the same time period are not included in the district.

### Buildings Less than Fifty Years Old

Generally, buildings that are newer than fifty years old are not assessed for historical significance. A small number of exceptions have been made in order to make note of distinctive buildings from the first generation of post-World War II modernist architectural design (generally the period from 1945 to 1975). The Madison Street corridor contains several interesting modernist buildings that can now be assessed preliminarily for their historical significance, including the Village Hall designed by Chicago architect Harry Weese and constructed in 1974–1975. When these buildings reach fifty years in age, they should be considered for landmark designation.



Notable modern buildings such as Oak Park. Village Hall (left, constructed 1974–1975) and the Drift Oaks Office building (right, constructed 1963) are less than fifty years old and therefore are not generally eligible for landmark designation. The historic significance of these properties should again be considered when they reach fifty years of age.

### "Motor Row" Properties

A number of historic buildings have been identified along the Madison Street corridor that were originally used for automotive-related businesses. Some of these buildings, such as the Foley-Rice Cadillac dealership, have retained their original functions. Most, however, have been adapted to new retail or office uses. Although many of these buildings are architecturally relatively simple, the concentration of these business types along Madison Street is a distinctive historical legacy of the first decades of the twentieth century. One possibility for future study is a scattered-site historic district including these properties. The period of significance for the district would be approximately 1905 to 1950. These dates span from the earliest substantial commercial development of Madison Street through the immediate post-World War II years; one new dealership on Madison Street was constructed in 1948, but thereafter businesses continued to use existing buildings as the auto dealership use declined on the corridor through the 1960s and 1970s. Properties that potentially contribute to the "Motor Row" theme are marked with a checkbox on each survey form. (In addition to these historic properties, it should be noted that several of the existing gasoline filling stations, although housed in modern structures, are on the sites of historic filling stations in existence since the 1910s.) Refer to the attached table listing "Motor Row" properties by street address.





Left: Foley-Rice Cadillac, originally the Hill Motor Sales Packard dealership, at 644 Madison Street is a National Register-eligible example of a "Motor Row" business. Right: The Automotive Tech Center at 435 Madison Street is a typical example of the bistoric automobile-related commercial buildings along Madison Street.

### Other Commercial Properties

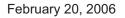
In addition to the "Motor Row" buildings discussed above, Madison Street contains numerous other historic commercial buildings. Often, these buildings are mixed use, with one or two floors of apartments above retail spaces. Architecturally, the design and construction of these masonry buildings is very typical of the type of 1910s and 1920s era commercial structures found throughout the Chicago region on major thoroughfares like Madison Street. Historically, these buildings housed retail businesses geared toward the everyday needs of local residents, such as grocers, butchers, tailors, cleaners, and druggists.



Two typical examples of mixed-use commercial buildings on Madison Street. Left: 500 Madison Street. Right: 1001 Madison Street.

### **Residential Properties**

Although Madison Street is zoned for commercial uses, the corridor survey did include a small number of residential properties. The survey included a number of apartment buildings, which generally are located on side avenues just off Madison Street, but within the alley line that defined the limits of the survey. The survey also included a number of former single family houses now adapted to commercial use; these houses are among the oldest existing buildings on Madison Street, dating to the first decade of the 1900s, before the rapid commercial development of Madison Street in the 1910s and 1920s. A preliminary assessment of historic significance has been made for the single family houses and apartment buildings included in the survey. Generally, the mixed use commercial buildings described above provide a suitable basis of comparison to judge the significance of the apartment buildings. However, the relatively small number of single family houses in the survey makes comparison difficult. The assigned level of significance should be considered preliminary for the single family houses; ideally, these buildings should be assessed and compared in the future as part of the larger residential neighborhood beyond the Madison Street corridor.







Left: This house at 412 Madison has been adapted to commercial uses. Right: The apartment building at 438–440 Maple Avenue is one of several similar apartment buildings on side avenues that were included in the survey corridor because they are located within the line of the alleys parallel to Madison Street.

### **Survey Statistics**

A total of 106 properties were surveyed in detail as part of this project. Obviously contemporary buildings along the corridor, such as gasoline filling stations and fast food restaurants, were excluded from the scope of work for this survey. These buildings are classified as "No Merit" due to their age.

### By date of construction:

1900-1919: 35 properties 1920-1930: 48 properties 1931-1955: 4 properties 1956-2006: 19 properties

### By height:

1 story: 34 buildings 2 stories: 56 buildings 3 or more stories: 16 buildings

### By significance:

Significant (National Register): 3 properties Significant: 18 properties Structure of Merit: 47 properties<sup>11</sup> No Merit: 38 properties

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Includes two properties that are Contributing within the Gunderson Historic District.



## Properties Associated with "Motor Row" Theme

Street Address	Date			
PIN Number	Architect	Original and Prior Uses	Current Use	
No Merit				
520 Madison Street	1946		Body Shop	
16-07-421-013	Charles Kristen			
541 Madison Street	1924	public garage	Oak Park School District	
16-18-204-041	A.M. Ruttenberg		Maintenance garage	
635 Madison Street	1928	auto service station	Foley-Rice Cadillac Collision	
16-18-202-004	William Harley, Jr.		Center	
820 Madison Street	1927	Cadillac-LaSalle car	Comcast	
16-07-327-010	Albert Kahn, Inc.	dealership		
Significant				
260 Madison Street	1920	Hills Motor Sales Co. [1920 to 1950s]	Village of Oak Park - Garage/Fleet Service	
16-08-319-019	E. E. Roberts		Garage/Fieet Service	
645 Madison Street	1926	Nilsen Auto Electric Service	Allstate insurance; Century 21	
16-18-202-001	Henry J. Appelbach	Company [1920s]	realty; Historic Homes Realty	
Significant (National	Register potential)			
644 Madison Street	1923	Hill Motor Sales Co. (Packard)	Foley-Rice Cadillac	
16-07-419-022	E.E. & Elmer Roberts	Meetinghouse Display Co.		
Structure of Merit				
218 Madison Street	1923	Oak Park Motor Sales Co. Dodge & Plymouth [1936];	Park District of Oak Park	
16-08-320-019		Tri-Par Radio Co. [1953]		
264 Madison Street	1922		H&R Block	

264 Madison Street	1922	H&R Block
16-08-319-018	R. L. Himmelblau	
311 Madison Street 1928		Aamco
16-17-101-002	Julius Floto	
435 Madison Street	1923	Automotive Tech Center
16-18-206-002		

Street Address PIN Number	Date Architect	Original and Prior Uses	Current Use
<b>700 Madison Street</b> 16-07-418-018	1922 E.E. Roberts	Oak Park Buick Sales	Car-X Auto Service
<b>711 Madison Street</b> 16-18-201-032	1948	car dealership	Foley-Rice Cadillac
<b>838 Madison Street</b> 16-07-326-021	1925	Marsh Auto Repair [1925 to at least 1940s]	Vacant
845 Madison Street	1922 William F. Kramer	Franklin Motor Co. [1922] Auburn Oak Park Co., Motor Sales [1934]	Town & Country Auto Repair Little Beginnings Day Care

### **Bibliography**

The following abbreviations are used for local newspapers referenced in the bibliography: OL for Oak Leaves and WJ for Wednesday Journal. Contemporary addresses are used in the list below.

### General

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Guarino, Jean. Oak Park: A Pictorial History, 1988.

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### Individual Buildings

1 Madison OL 9/7/1929 4 Madison OL 8/11/1955 p.11 10 Madison OL 12/15/1915 p.40; OL 1/31/1957 p.7 12 Madison OL 1/11/1913 p.35; OL 7/11/1946 p.42 20-24 Madison OL 10/30/1915 p.49; OL 5/27/1954 p.26; OL 1/13/1949 p.54 50 Madison OL 4/11/1946 p.31 56 Madison OL 6/20/1963 p.10 64 Madison OL 9/19/1925 p.66 101 Madison OL 6/23/1999 "Madison's ugly duckling ready to fly with facade" — Christine des Garennes 102-104 Madison OL 4/13/1912, p.47 114 Madison OL 12/8/1923 p.74 120 Madison OL 3/19/1921 p.34; OL 5/21/1953 p.10 123 Madison (Village Hall) OL 4/4/1973 p.3; Chicago Tribune 4/9/1975 s. III p.3; OL 4/7/1982 p.7 "Village hall sculpture scaled to fit budget" ---Mary Kilzer 124 Madison OL 10/28/1937 p.54; OL 2/16/1977 p.5 128–132 Madison WJ 2/28/1990 "Board OKs \$400,000 to rehab vacant building" — Karl Oxnevad 130 Madison OL 5/6/1954 p.57 133 Madison OL 3/14/1925 p.30; OL 3/3/1928 p.26; OL 3/15/1934 p.2 216-226 Madison OL 11/16/1923 p.64 218 Madison OL 11/19/1936 p.43; OL 10/29/1953 p.15



260 Madison OL 2/13/1947 p.25; OL 5/10/1956 p.13 300-306 Madison OL 4/19/1924 p.62 311–313 Madison OL 9/1/1928 p.35 315-321 Madison/500-508 Cuyler OL 4/16/1927 p.55 316-318 Madison OL 2/28/1925 p.22; OL 4/19/1934 p.36; OL 10/3/1979 p.5 320-326 Madison OL 9/12/1925 p.66 328-330 Madison OL 8/5/1922 p.56; OL 8/7/1947 p.9 327-333 Madison OL 2/25/1928 p. 156; OL 6/17/1954 p. 22 337-339 Madison OL 4/13/1941 p.68; OL 8/14/1941 p.15; OL 6/10/1948 p.72 431-443 Madison OL 10/13/1923 p.77 440 Madison OL 12/16/1932 p.55; OL 11/12/1953 p.29 452 Madison OL 9/15/1928 p.55 506–512 Madison OL 12/25/1915 p.40 507–509 Madison WJ 8/10/2005 p. 17 "Wall ad is tailor-made for restoration firm" —Ken Trainor 513 Madison OL 6/22/1977 p.69 516 Madison OL 3/3/1923 p.25; OL 3/1/1924 p. 87 520 Madison OL 4/11/1946 p. 31 543 Madison OL 4/3/1926 p. 94 605-609 Madison OL 3/17/1923 p.92 610 Madison OL 1/6/1923 p.45 611-613 Madison OL 12/19/1925 p.83 633 Madison OL 3/3/1923 p.25 644 Madison The Economist, Chicago Historical Society Library, 1/14/1928; OL 4/27/1929; OL 4/19/1934; OL 11/19/1936 p.55; WJ 11/4/1988 p.33; WJ 9/18/1991 p.43 "Restoring abused building, Cadillac style" -Bob Uphues 645-649 Madison OL 5/22/1926 p. 68; 1/22/1927 p. 77 646-650 Madison OL 6/18/1927 p.64 652-654 Madison OL 4/12/1924 p. 44 666 Madison OL 2/25/1922 p.9; 8/22/1925 p. 28 702 MadisonOL 4/19/1934 p.44 707-721 Madison OL 7/15/1948 p. 39; OL 6/2/1949 pp. 32-33 741–745 Madison OL 5/11/1929 p.38 800 Madison OL 8/27/1927; OL 2/20/1980 p.9-A 801 Madison OL 2/18/1922 p. 61 809 Madison OL 11/27/1926 p.66 809 Madison OL 9/5/1925 p.34 811 Madison OL 1/30/1926 p.82 820 Madison OL 1/14/1928 p. 3 838 Madison OL 11/14/1925 p. 93; OL 5/25/1929 p.90; WJ 12/7/2005 p.79 "A Vision on Madison Street" —Linda Downing Miller. 844 Madison OL 5/26/1923 p. 40; photo OL 2/8/1940 pp. 30-31. 845 Madison OL 7/22/1922 p. 2; OL 4/19/1934 p. 41 850 Madison OL 9/29/1928 p. 54 900-912 Madison OL 5/1/1926 p. 62 1001–1005 Madison OL 8/12/1927 p.42 1007 Madison OL 12/2/1922 p.54 1047–1053 Madison OL 2/23/1924 p. 232; photo in OL 5/31/1924 p.17 1114 Madison OL 9/8/1955 1145 Madison OL 6/21/1924 p. 64



#### 1915-1916 Oak Park Directory Classified Listings - Madison Street Businesses

Some categories consolidated from original listing; sorted by street number.

Ambular	nce		Grocers and	d Restaurants	
	McNerney, C.W.	503		Teas: Nelson, Chas J.	8
Auto Ga	rages and Rentals			Schallenmuller Bakery	10
	Universal Auto Station	27-37		Restaurant	14
	Olcese Motorcar Co.	720		Grocer: William J. Greely	30
	New Madison Garage	810		Grocer: Oscar Koch	54
	O&J Auto Station	912		Grocer: Wanderer Bros.	102
	Wenonah Garage	1022		Grocer: Steigewald, Adolph J.	106
Barbers	and Hairdressers			Deli: William A. Danz	307
	Arnold, Jacob	12 1/2		Grocer: Suttor, Robert E.	312
	Daily, Miss Clara	735		Grocer: Warr, Geo E.	348
Cleaners	s & Dyers			Grocer: Bastien, Napoleon	444
	Lowel Beloskey	41		Oak Park Consumers League	501
	David V. Pardun	26		Grocer: Telschow, William	603
	Max Schnierow	1117		Deli: Robert Knight	733
Clothing	and Tailors			Grocer: James Caraher	747
	Pardun, David V.	26		Grocer: Levermann, Joseph	801
	Noparstak, Solomon	108 1/2		Grocer: Walter W. Meyer	852
	Goldstein Bros	936		Grocer: Robertson, J. Everitt	928
	Schneiow, M.	1117		Deli: Blake R. Meyers	1009
	Shoes: John DiMartino	1127		Deli: Mrs. Kate Zell	1111
Contract	tors, Tradesmen, and Buildin	g Supply		Colonial Grocery and Market	1135
	John W. Kinnare	24		Grocer: Schwab, Gottlieb	1217
	Window Shades	641	Hardware		
	La Brant & Olson	731		Zenner, John P. & Son	848
	Painter: Willie, Max	1119	Ice Cream 8	Confectionery	
Doctors	and Druggists			DeLuxe Ice Cream Parlor	2
	Dr. J. Beverly Vaughan	2		Sothias Bros	21
	Drugs: Lisdale E. Furman	850		Karamouz Bros.	1144
	Drugs: Venus, William A.	549	Laundries		
	Drugs: Wakefield, Inc.	1145		King's Model Laundry	932
Dry Goo	ds			Louis, Frank	950
	Heap, Mrs. Jennie H	12	Milliners		
	E.R. Barcus	940		Joy, Miss Mary	110
	Irish Linen Shop	1010	Real Estate		
Florists				Garfield, E.& Co.	404
	Madison Street Florists	(at Grove Ave.)		Cotton, W.F. & Co.	1142
			Sewing Mac		
				Environ John C	400

Fowler, John C.

Undertakers

Zenner, John P. & Son

McNerney, Cornelius W.

108

848

503

## **1925 Oak Park Directory Classified Listings - Madison Street Businesses** Some categories consolidated from original listing; sorted by street number.

	ome categories consolidated from orig	inal listing; sorted by street number.	Dm/ 0-	da	
Auto Rej	-	31	Dry Goo	ds	26
					20 729
		514	El a si a t		129
		535-539	Florist		
		610			1018-1
		720-722	Furniture		
Do	ouglas, Henry	936		Charles Furniture Co.	1012
Ту	/k, R.P.	1022	Gas		
Oa	ak Leaf Garage	1026-1032		Agni Motor Fuel Co.	341
Autos ar	nd Accessories			Texas Co.	401
		52		Sinclair Oil	726
	0.11	133-141	Gifts/No		
		222			110
		243-247			202
	0	438-440			1007
		439-441			1009
Ma	assey & Motor Co.	447-49			940-94
Ra	adway Sales Co.	445	Grocers	and Restaurants	
Le	evin, Irving	514		Funnall's Cafeteria	4
0'	Brien Martin J. Co.	600		Grocer / butcher	6
		641		Restaurant	7
		636-644		Schallenmuller Bakery	12
		652-654		Butcher	16
	,				
		664-666		National Tea Co.	18
		702		Grocer / butcher	20
Eu	uclid Motor Car Co.	712-722		Great A&P Tea Co	30
Sie	egal Auto Radiator Co.	731		Butcher	32
	•	739		Fruit	40
		745		Grocer	102
		800-810		Bakery	102
				,	
		845-849		Bakery	200
Hu	upmobile Service Station	916-920		Bakery	262
Lu	ical-Kelly Co.	916-922		National Tea Co.	300
St	irling Tire & Radion Shop	934		Butcher	302
Be	ecker, F.L.	1029		Fruit	306
		1123-1125		Deli	309
Barbers		1120 1120		Restaurant	310
Darbers		2			
		2		Grocer / butcher	408
		200		Great A&P Tea Co	426
		907		Bakery	428
		942		Fruit	432
		1039		Butcher	434
		1043		Grocer / butcher	444
Candy a		1043		Grocer	603
-	nd Confectioners	0			
		2		Burke Home Bakery	607
Jo		56		Butcher	733
Da	anz, W.A.	58		National Tea Co.	735
Clothing	1			Deli	737
La	adies' Clothing	3		Grocer / butcher	747
	8	5		Restaurant	805
		28			827-83
				National Bicuit Co.	
	-	114		Grocer / butcher	852
Ry	yan Hat Shop	238		Bakery	884
La	adies' Clothing	819		Butcher	944
Contract	tors, Tradesmen, and Building Sup	ply		Great A&P Tea Co	1002
		3		Butcher	1006
		14		National Tea Co.	1008
		38		Fruit	1010
		242		Deli	1011
	, 0	260		Fruit	1147
Le	eith, Francis	501		National Tea Co.	1148
W	helan, R.J.	512	Hardwar	e	
		633		Hardware	128
				Gilchrist Hardware	
		924			513
		1000		Hardware	850
	-	1041		Hardware	1005
Pa	ainter: Willie, Max	1121	Laundrie	s	
Doctors	and Druggists				662
		2			106
		4			946
			D. !!		540
		36	Radios		
Dr	ruggist	132			238
Dr	ruggist	268			934
		300			1127
		330	Real Est	ate	
			neai ESI		50
	00	501		Bellock CP & Co.	58
Dr	ruggist	549		O'Connor Bros	9
De	entist	727			
		854			
	00	1001			
		1001			
Oa	•	1052			
Oa Dr	ruggist	1053 1145			



			_	]	
		Madison	Street	PIN Number	16-17-107-035
Significance	No Merit				
Current Owner	First Bank	of Oak Pa	rk	-	
Current Use	First Bank	of Oak Pa	rk	S HERE	A STAR
Front Orienta	ntion N	Nun	aber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailin	g	Contempo	orary	The second second	
Wall Materia	l(s)	Brick			1
		Limeston	e		
Storefront		None/Not	Applicable		1000
Other Windo	ws	Aluminum Fixed			/ suite .
Visible Roof I	Materials			-	
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition	Good		Stannall.	Canana and a second
Notable Featu	ires			f n L	
Sullivan-insp	ired entrand	ce arch with	1 clock above.		And Add and Add and Add add add add add add add add add ad
Historic Inf	ormation				
Date or Appr	ox. Decade		1991	Original or Prio	
Architect	Nagle H	artray		First Bank of O	ak Park
Contractor					
Original Own	er First Ba	r First Bank of Oak Park		Additions/Altera	ations
Field Notes		□ Part of "Motor Row" Theme			
			orner dates to 1921	History Notes	
[Historic view	v, "Oak Par	K Pictorial	History"] The		1 1 111 1

The current bank building consists of several earlier buildings that were drastically altered to

a design by the firm Nagle Hartray in 1991.

western portion was a high quality modernist design

[Historic view, Nagle Hartray]



## 1 – 19 Madison Street

PIN Number

16-17-107-035









Madison	Street	PIN Number	16-08-323-025
e of Merit		A States	12
Austin Bui	lding		
Loan			
Nu	mber of Stories 2		
Commer	cial		
Brick			
Limestor	ne		/
			Course on the second second second
Aluminu	m		
Aluminu	m, double hung		
Fair			
n		1	
e	1922	Original or Prior Uses	•
Sable		confectioners [1925 d	irectory]
s Brothers		Additions/Alterations	
<b>Part of "</b> N	Aotor Row" Theme		
		Listowy Notos	
		History Notes	



	4 –		Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-323-024
Significance	Sign	ifican	t			
Current Owner	Kyu	n Se S	eok			-
Current Use	Current Use Athlete's Foot					
Front Orienta	tion	S	Num	ber of Stories 2	100	
Style/Detailing	3		Beaux Art	S		
Wall Material(s)		Brick				
			Terra Cott	a		
			Glazed Br	ick (green)	1	ALLELINE
Storefront			Aluminun	1		Athlete's Foot
Other Window	vs		Aluminun	n, double hung		
Visible Roof Materials						
Overall Condition Fair						and the state of the
Notable Featu	res				-	
Terra cotta or						
Historic Info					7	
Date or Appro	ox. De	ecade		1912	Original or Prio	
Architect					Funnall's Carete	eria [1925 directory]
Contractor		-	Brothers			
Original Own	er A.	Eiche	enberger		Additions/Altera	ations
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
Some terra co from a patterr				uilding may be uis Sullivan.	History Notes	



**Field Notes** 

## OAK PARK MADISON STREET CORRIDOR SURVEY

	6 –	Madison Stree	et	PIN Number	16-08-323-023
Significance	No Merit				
Current Owner	Jerome W	. Ketzback			No. Carlos
Current Use	Anne's Plu	15			- Waller
Front Orienta	tion S	Number	of Stories 2		
Style/Detailing	g	Modernist			the second s
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			
		Limestone			
Storefront		Aluminum		ः । 	MEN'S + KIPS
Other Window	VS	Aluminum, do	ouble hung	11日日 日本	
Visible Roof M	<b>Iaterials</b>	Painted Metal		- 31 Con	Particular Particular
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion	Fair			
Notable Featu	res				and the second
Historic Info	ormation				
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1915	Original or Pr	ior Uses
Architect				grocer / butch	er [1925 directory]
Contractor	John W. Kinnare				
Original Own	er A. Eiche	enberger		Additions/Alte	erations
				New facade	pirca 1960s

 Part of "Motor Row" Theme

 History Notes



	10 -	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-323-022
Significance	Structure o	f Merit		A	Test
Current Owner	Jerome W.	Ketzback		]}	W.L.
Current Use	Ahmed Sal	on			Alter -
Front Orienta	tion S	Num	ber of Stories 2	- Planet	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Style/Detailing	8	Commerci	al	A STATE OF THE OWNER	Shade Lange in
Wall Material	(s)	Brick		의 행정 책	AT CL A
		Limestone	;	9	
Storefront		Aluminum	n/Plywood	a second	172 50 40 40 507
Other Window	VS	Aluminun	n Double Hung		
Visible Roof N	<b>Iaterials</b>			國際部	
Overall Condi	tion	Fair		0	
Notable Featu	res				
Historic Info	rmation				
Date or Appro			1910s	Original or Prio	r Usos
Architect	Jx. Decade		19105	_	y Shop [OL 1/31/1957 p.7]
Contractor					у 2р [о =
Original Own	er			Additions/Altera	ations
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
				History Notes	



	12 -	Madison Street		PIN Number	16-08-323-021	
Significance	Structur	e of Merit		A MARKEN S	all and	
Current Owner	Jerome '	W. Ketzback			I all	
Current Use	Laury's ]	Bakery		V.V/		
Front Orienta	tion S	Nun	nber of Stories 2		on o cor ann	
Style/Detailing		Commerc	ial			
Wall Material(s) Brick						
		Ceramic 7	Гile			
		Glazed Br	rick			
Storefront		Aluminur	n			
Other Window	VS	Aluminur	n Double Hung	The section Law	ILUS BAKERY TANK HO	
Visible Roof M	laterials					
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion	Fair				
Notable Featu	res			20		
			vith bowed glass.			
Historic Info	ormatio	n				
Date or Appro	x. Decad	e	1913	Original or Prior Use	1	
Architect				Mueller's Bakery [19] OL 7/11/1946 p. 42]	915 and 1925 directories;	
Contractor	W. J. ]	Mueller		OL //11/1940 p. 42]		
Original Owne	er W. J. ]	Mueller		Additions/Alteration	<b>S</b>	
Field Notes	[	□ Part of "M	otor Row" Theme			
				History Notes		
					parently been a bakery original construction.	



12 -

Madison Street

**PIN Number** 

16-08-323-021







OBY FARE, ILLIND					
	14 –	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-323-020
Significance	Structure of			X P	Se antes
Current Owner	Jerome W	. Ketzback		SS VI	
Current Use	Queen's B	eauty Supp	ly	AB	
Front Orient	ation S	Nun	ber of Stories 1	YAK	
Style/Detailin	g	Commerc	ial	Contra a	
Wall Materia	l(s)	Brick			A AND STATISTICS OF THE
		Glazed Bi	ick	JUEENS	BEAUTY SUFPLY
		Limestone	2		
Storefront		Aluminun	1		
Other Windo	WS				<ul> <li>•····································</li></ul>
Visible Roof Materials					1 200
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition	Fair			
Notable Feat	ires			1	
Historic Inf			1012		
Date or Appr	ox. Decade		1913	Original or Prior User Restaurant [1915 dire	
Architect		11		O'Brien Electric Co.	
Contractor	W. J. M				
Original Owr	ier W. J. M	ueller		Additions/Alterations	
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
				History Notes	
				·	
L					



	20 -	Madison S	treet	PIN Number	16-08-323-018	
Significance	Structure of	of Merit			No	
Current Owner	Kyun Se S	eok		6 ANNA	X The second	
Current Use	K-Stone B	eauty Suppl	у	a land	V N/C	
Front Orienta	tion S	Num	per of Stories 1	E IMA HEALT	AND A REAL	
Style/Detailin	g	Commercial Brick		h. With Half	A DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER	
Wall Materia	l(s)			and the second sec	State of the state	
		Glazed Bri	ck			
		Limestone			A CONTRACTOR DATA	
Storefront		Aluminum			B	
Other Windo	ws			Sento LEE ST	ORES OP AND UP	
Visible Roof I	Aaterials			Succession in the	0	
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition	Fair		A COMPANY AND A		
Notable Featu	ires			127学奖团		
Historic Inf	ormation					
Date or Appr	ox. Decade		1915	Original or Prior Use	<u>s</u>	
Architect		L			ry]; A & P Food Store	
Contractor	John W.	Kinnare		[1949]; Lee 5 and 10	Cent Store [1954]	
Original Own	er John W.	Kinnare		Additions/Alterations	\$	
Field Notes		Part of "Mo	tor Row" Theme			
				History Notes		
				Historic view: 1954,	from "Oak Leaves"	



	26 –		Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-323-017		
Significance	Struc	ture o	of Merit			WE TO BE AND		
Current Owner	bank	trust						
Current Use	Oak	Park `	Video & Be	eeper	Set 1	SPR		
Front Orienta	tion	S	Num	ber of Stories 2	Se -			
Style/Detailing	5		Commerci	ercial and a second sec				
Wall Material(s)			Brick					
			Limestone	;	The state			
			Enamel/G	lass Panel		the way to be 250 ing in (17		
Storefront			Aluminum	1				
Other Window	WS		Aluminum	n Double Hung		<b>国际的国家</b> — 人		
Visible Roof N	Iateri	als			5 - 44 - D	11 品語 · L 注		
Overall Cond	ition		Fair		S T	A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER		
Notable Featu	res					125		
Historic Info	orma	tion						
Date or Appro	ox. De	cade		1914	Original or Prio			
Architect					[1925 directory	or [1915 directory]; dry goods		
Contractor			Kinnare			_		
Original Own	er Joł	ın W.	Kinnare		Additions/Alter	ations		
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Theme				
					History Notes			



26 –

## OAK PARK MADISON STREET CORRIDOR SURVEY

Madison Street

PIN Number

16-08-323-017



	28 –	32	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-323-016
Significance	No l	Merit			1000	Marian S
Current Owner	bank	c trust			- A	HAR.
Current Use	Offi	ces			No Y	
Front Orienta	tion	SW	Num	ber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailin	g		Modernist	;		
Wall Materia	l(s)		Brick			22
			Wood			
			Aluminun	ı		
Storefront			None/Not	Applicable		(marked and the second s
Other Windo	ws		Aluminun	n Fixed		NHALE .
Visible Roof N	Mater	ials			the state	
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition		Fair			
Notable Featu	ires					
Historic Inf	orma	ation				
Date or Appr	ox. Do	ecade		1959	Original or Prior	Uses
Architect						
Contractor						
Original Own	er				Additions/Alterat	tions
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
					History Notes	



50	0 -	Lyman Av	enue	PIN Number	16-17-106-001
Significance	No Merit			121 S 65 M	E.
Current Owner				Sale 1	
Current Use	Vacant				4
Front Orientat	ion W	Num	ber of Stories 2		La trible
Style/Detailing		Crafstman	/Arts and Crafts		
Wall Material(	s)	Vinyl Sidi	ng		Bunnin
					ANN LOUIS
Storefront				A MAGA &	NEW YE was
Other Window				A DES	WHAT OF
Visible Roof M		Asphalt sh	ningle	VP/ 1	VUK
<b>Overall Condit</b> <b>Notable Featur</b>		Poor			24 10 20
Historic Info					
Date or Approx	[		1904	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect	B.F. Geo	•		Residential	
Contractor	B.F. Geo	rge			
Original Owne	r			Additions/Alterations	in a l
Field Notes		Part of "Me	otor Row" Theme	Front porch is not orig	mai.
Detached garage	ge behind			History Notes	



5	04 —	Lyman Av	enue	PIN Number	16-17-106-002
Significance Current Owner Current Use Front Orienta Style/Detailing Wall Material	5		ber of Stories 2 /Arts and Crafts		
Storefront Other Windov Visible Roof M Overall Condi Notable Featu	vs Iaterials tion	None/Not	Applicable ıble Hung		
Historic Info					
Date or Appro Architect Contractor	B.F. Geo B.F. Geo		1904	Original or Prio	r Uses
Original Own	er		otor Row'' Theme	Additions/Altera	
Large hole th				History Notes	



50	)6 –	Lyman Av	enue	PIN Number	16-17-106-003
Significance	No Merit				The state
Current Owner					- A
Current Use	Vacant				
Front Orienta	tion W	Num	ber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailing		Colonial F	Revival	Same in	
Wall Material	(\$)	Cement sh	ingle		
Storefront		None/Not	Applicable	11A	~
Other Window	/S	Vinyl Dou	ible Hung		
Visible Roof N		Asphalt sh	ingle	T	
Overall Condi Notable Featu		Poor		7	
				14:	
Historic Info	rmation				
Date or Appro	x. Decade		1904	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect	B.F. Geo	orge		Residential	
Contractor	B.F. Geo	orge			
Original Owne	er			Additions/Altera	
				Front porch has	been enclosed
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	1	
				History Notes	



	11 51	) Madiana Church	DIN Number	16 08 222 024
C!		) Madison Street	PIN Number	16-08-322-034
Significance	No Merit		Variation	FALL
Current Owner	bank trust			E NA
Current Use	CEDA/Oa	ık Park Headstart		
Front Orienta	ation S	Number of Stories 2		dan and
Style/Detailin	g	Modernist	A COLORAN	
Wall Materia	l(s)	Brick		the state of the local division in which the local division is not the local division in the local division is not the local division in the local division in the local division is not the local division in the local division in the local division is not the local division in the local
		Limestone		
Storefront		None/Not Applicable	dam.	and the second
Other Windo	ws	Aluminum Fixed	and the Will	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Visible Roof	Materials			CONTRACTOR VI
Overall Cond	ition	Good		BURL HERE
Notable Feat	ires		CONTRACTOR NAME	NAME OF A DESCRIPTION O
Historic Inf	ormation			
Date or Appr	ox. Decade	1970s	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect				
Contractor				
Original Owr	ier		Additions/Alterations	
Field Notes		Part of "Motor Row" Theme		
			History Notes	
			site of Village Motors U	Used Cars [1946]



	52 –	54	Madison S	treet	PIN Number	16-08-322-030
Significance	No Me	erit			1 SIG	XIV FER
Current Owner	Richar	d S.	Pearson			M
Current Use	Anne's Pearso		lies Fahion V		en E	1/4
Front Orienta	tion	S	Num	ber of Stories 1		
Style/Detailing	5		Modernist			and the second s
Wall Material	Wall Material(s)				1000 C	the second s
			Wood Sidi	ng		
Storefront			None/Not	Applicable		
Other Window	vs		Aluminum	Fixed		
Visible Roof M	Iaterial	S				
Overall Condition Fair						
Notable Featu	res					
Historic Info	rmati	00				
Date or Appro				1960s	Original or Prior	Uses
Architect		iuc	L	17003		
Contractor						
Original Owne	er				Additions/Alterat	ions
originar o min						
Field Notes			Part of "Mo	otor Row" Theme		
					History Notes	retail building on this site.
					Replaced a 1909	retail building on this site.



	56 –	Madison S	itreet	PIN Number	16-08-322-029
Significance	No Merit			MI TON	ATT P SCA
Current Owner	Dr. Khurar	na Maya Au	ıstin	i d	
Current Use	Maya Aust	in Medical	Center		
Front Orienta	tion S	Num	ber of Stories 2		MUNCALCONTR
Style/Detailing	Style/Detailing		al		
Wall Material	(s)	Brick		6	
		Limestone	;		
		Wood Sid	ing		
Storefront	Storefront				
Other Window	vs	Wood Dou	ıble Hung		
Visible Roof N	laterials				
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion	Fair			
Notable Featu	res				
Historic Info				7	
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1908	Original or Pric	
Architect				confectioner [1	925 directory]
Contractor	Phil Lau				
Original Own	er Otto Koc	ch		Additions/Alter	
Field Notes		Part of "Mo	otor Row" Theme	Original cornic	e removed
				History Notes	
				One-story addi	tion constructed at rear in 1963.



-	58 –		Madison S	Street	PIN Number		16-08-322-028
Significance	Struc	ture c	of Merit			free.	Martin M
Current Owner	Josep	h R.	Curcio				
Current Use	Law (	Offic	es of Jennif	er A. Blanc			
Front Orienta	tion	5	Num	ber of Stories 2	* Termologia		14
Style/Detailing			Commerc	ial			
Wall Material	( <b>s</b> )		Brick			I m	14 m
			Limestone	;			
						1000	
Storefront			Aluminun	1		1 and	AR A
Other Window	/S		Wood Do	uble Hung		Star P	
Visible Roof M	lateria	als			Stat 1 al and	1- STA	THE W A
Overall Condition Good					1	T	<u> </u>
Notable Featur	res				The second second		
Parapet decora	ation					in a subscript	And and a second second
Historic Info	ormat	ion					
Date or Appro	x. Dec	ade		1921	Original or Price		
Architect	J. J.	. Cerr	ny		confectioner [1	925 directory]	
Contractor	J. E	Braesl	ke				
Original Owne	er Wil	liam	Danz		Additions/Alter		
					Lannon stone a	it storefront	
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Theme			
					History Notes		
L							



16-08-322-028





10	1 –		Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-17-105-035
Significance	No M	lerit				1994 A. 19
Current Owner						
Current Use	Offic	es			K. J.	
Front Orientati	ion	N	Num	ber of Stories 4		IIIII I MARK
Style/Detailing			Modernist			
Wall Material(s	5)		EIFS			
			Steel struc	tural frame		
					]	
Storefront			Aluminum	1	]	
Other Windows	5		Aluminun	n Fixed		~
Visible Roof Ma	ateria	als				STATE OF STREET
<b>Overall Conditi</b>	ion		Fair			
Notable Feature	es					Balle Baller
Historic Info						
Date or Approx				1964	Original or Prio	or Uses
Architect		Reno				
Contractor	Pel	g Cor	struction			
Original Owner	r Ma	ywoo	d Proviso T	Frust	Additions/Alter	
						e cladding replaced by EIFS in ograph of original appearance in
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	OL 6/23/1999.	oBraph of original appearance in
					History Notes	



439	- 441	Taylor Str	eet	PIN Number	16-08-321-031
Significance St Current Owner	tructure o	f Merit			
Front Orientatio Style/Detailing Wall Material(s)		Num Brick Terra Cott	ber of Stories 4		E meiner E meiner
Storefront Other Windows Visible Roof Ma Overall Conditio Notable Features	n	None/Not Vinyl Dou Clay Tile Good	Applicable ble Hung		
Historic Inform	mation				
Date or Approx. Architect Contractor	Decade		1920s	Original or Prio	r Uses
Original Owner Field Notes		Part of "Mo	otor Row" Theme	Additions/Altera Windows replac	
				History Notes	



439 – 441 Taylor Street

PIN Number

16-08-321-031









1	02 - 104	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-321-029
Significance	No Merit				
Current Owner	Robinson			<b>***</b>	
Current Use	T-N-T Spe	ed Wash			
Front Orienta	tion S	Num	ber of Stories 1		
Style/Detailing	3	Commerci	al	and the state of the	A succession of the second second
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			
		Limestone	)	]	
Storefront		Aluminum			
Other Window	VS	7 Hummun	1	- H- a	AND B
Visible Roof N				I II III (I III III IIII	Star Ind
Overall Condi		Poor		and in the second	and the second second
Notable Featu				<u>1111</u>	
Historic Info		1		1	
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1912	Original or Prior	
Architect				grocer [1915 and	1925 directories]
Contractor	Guaranty	v Construct	ion Co.		
Original Own	er O. E. Ha	rlegen		Additions/Alterat	ions
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
			brick masonry	History Notes	



1	08 -		Madison S	treet	PIN Number	16-08-321-026
Significance	No Merit					
Current Owner	Ben	nie Fei	mandez		MS MAN	
Current Use	Shee	ema's S	Soul Food &	z Deli	TO SHORE Y SHARE	
Front Orienta	ation	S	Num	ber of Stories	2 Anisan risk Breiden	
Style/Detailin	g		Georgian I	Revival	EL D N	
Wall Materia	l(s)		Brick			L'AND A
			Wood			
Storefront			Infilled			
Other Windo	WS		Wood Cas	ement		
Visible Roof I	Mater	ials	Asphalt Sh	ningle		
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition		Fair			
Notable Featu	ires					
Historic Inf			Г			
Date or Appr	ox. De	ecade		1960s	Original or Pri	or Uses
Architect						
Contractor						
Original Own	ier				Additions/Alte	rations
171 - 1 J N - 4			Dente CUNA	otor Row" Then		
Field Notes			Part of "Mo	lor Row" Then		
					History Notes	
					Replaced a 19	06 retail building on this site.



110	0 - 112	Madison S	treet	PIN Number	16-08-321-025
Significance N	No Merit				
Current J Owner	ohn Pullar	10			NOS BERGE
Current Use	Retail				Pagatage to being
Front Orientati	on S	Num	ber of Stories 1		
Style/Detailing		Commerci	al	2	D I C A
Wall Material(s	)	Brick			378
		Limestone	:		
		Aluminum	Siding		
Storefront		Aluminum	l		
Other Windows					
Visible Roof Ma	aterials				
<b>Overall Conditi</b>	on	Fair			
Notable Feature	es				
Historic Infor				1	
Date or Approx	. Decade		1920s	Original or Pri	or Uses
Architect					
Contractor					
Original Owner				Additions/Alte	rations
<b>T 11 X</b> <i>i</i>					
Field Notes			otor Row" Theme		
Braiding; vacar				History Notes	



1.	14 —	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-321-024
Significance	Structure o	f Merit		1 here the	AN LAND
Current Owner	John Pulla	10		1 ANNO	Receil
Current Use	C.E. Dienb	erg and So	ns Printers		Mar HEAD
Front Orienta	tion S	Num	ber of Stories 2		823227777722100
Style/Detailing	Ş	Commerci	al		- Contraction of the second se
Wall Material	(s)	Brick		11-	
		Limestone	:		
Storefront		Aluminum	1		
Other Windov	vs	Vinyl Dou	ble Hung		
Visible Roof M	laterials				
Overall Condi	tion	Fair			
Notable Featu	res				
Historic Info	rmation				
Date or Appro			1923	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect	Harry St	evens	1/23	jewelery [1925	
Contractor	Charles I				
Original Own				Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	_	
				History Notes	



1.	16 - 12	0 Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-321-023	
Significance	Significa	nt				
Current Owner	Easter Seal Society				1000	
Current Use	Willett C	enter/Easter	Seals of Chicago			
Front Orienta	tion S	Num	ber of Stories 1	Tell Kr	Provenie and the second	
Style/Detailing	5	Prairie				
Wall Material	(s)	Brick				
		Limestone	;	]		
				Contraction of the second	And	
Storefront		Aluminun	1	DIS.		
Other Window	vs	Aluminun	n Fixed	6	S.) (IX	
Visible Roof M	laterials			and the second s		
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion	Fair		TENT.		
Notable Featu	res			And Descention of the second Statement of Streement of St		
Ornamental li	mestone 1	rim				
Historic Info	ormatior	1				
Date or Appro	x. Decade	2	1921	Original or Prio		
Architect	E. E. R	oberts-Arthu	r Maiwurm	Oak Park Cleaners & Dyers [1921 to at least [1950s]		
Contractor						
Original Own	er Oak Pa	ark Cleaners	& Dyers	Additions/Alter	ations	
Field Notes		<b>Part of "M</b>	otor Row" Theme			
				History Notes		
				Historic view: o	circa 1925, from postcard	



116 – 120 Madison Street

PIN Number

16-08-321-023





1	23 —	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-17-104-032
Significance	Significan	t (National	Register potential)		
Current Owner	Village of	Oak Park		-	
Current Use	Village Ha	all and Poli	ce Department	Re-	Alle in a
Front Orienta	tion N	Num	aber of Stories 2	E de la com	
Style/Detailing	g	Modernist	t		and the second s
Wall Material	l(s)	Brick			
		Concrete		IN SOUTH	ALL
Storefront		None/Not Applicable			
Other Window	ws	Aluminun	n Fixed		
Visible Roof N	Aaterials	Sheet met	al		
Overall Cond	ition	Good			a a a - a da
Notable Featu	ires				
Historic Inf	ormation				
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1974	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect	Harry Weese & Associates		]		
Contractor					
Original Own	ner Oak Park Village Hall		Additions/Alter	ations	
Field Notes	Part of "Motor Row" Theme				
A distinctive				History Notes	
modernism by a nationally-known Chicago architect.					

The eligibility of this building for National Register

listing should be considered once it reaches 50 years

in age.

Design developed in 1973. Built at a cost of \$4.5 million. Dedicated on 4 July 1975. Sculpture "The Pathfinder" by Geraldine McCullough placed in 1982.



123 –

Madison Street

PIN Number

16-17-104-032







. .

1	124 – 126 Madison Street				16-08-321-022
Significance	Sign	ificar	t (National Register potential)		
Current Owner	L. Sa	ahagi	an & D. Stewart		No. of Concession, Name
Current Use	Saha	igian	Associates, Inc.	E	Bank RD S ROO
Front Orienta	Front Orientation S Number of Stories 2				
Style/Detailin	g		Tudor Revival	10	
Wall Materia	l(s)		Stone		100000-3000
			Limestone		
Storefront			None/Not Applicable		
Other Window	WS		Steel Casement with Leaded		
Visible Roof N	Materi	ials	Slate		
Overall Condition Good			Good		
Notable Features					
Side Alley w	ith ga	te and	l canopies		A Ra

Historic Info	rmation			
Date or Approx. Decade		1920	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect	Francis M. Barton		Haggard Mortuary	
Contractor	Guy & McClintock			
Original Owner	W. A. Haggard		Additions/Alterations	
Field Notes	Notes		Very well preserved with no discernable exterior alterations.	
			History Notes	
			Rear porch added 1922. Garage added 1924. One story brick addition 1937.	



#### 124 – 126 Madison Street

PIN Number

16-08-321-022







8 - 132	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-321-020
Significant			1	
Oak Park l	Residence (	Corp.	-	
Retail/apa	rtments			
ion S	Num	ber of Stories 3	Contraction of the local division of the loc	And And Instant
	Commerc	ial	- Le to	
s)	Brick		12.0	and the second second
	Terra Cot	a		
	Aluminun	1		
s			Se.	~
Other Windows Visible Roof Materials			Killer -	
Overall Condition			Nº GILL	
·es	0000			delle die bernen Minister
nament original ca	ast iron stor	efront column		CALCULATION OF THE OWNER OF THE O
rmation				
x. Decade		1922	Original or Prior	Uses
Lowenb	erg & Low	enberg	hardware store /	drug store [1925 directory]
Weinste	in & Rizins	ky	]	
r Sidelsky	r Sidelsky & Weinstein		Additions/Alterat	tions
Part of "Motor Row" Theme				
, east to we	est: Frank's	Barber Shop;		Park Residence Corp. in 1989 egal battle and rehabbed by for \$400,000.
	Significant Oak Park I Retail/apar ion S s) s faterials ion res nament original ca rmation x. Decade Lowenbo Weinstei r Sidelsky	Significant Oak Park Residence ( Retail/apartments ion S Num Commercients S) Brick Terra Cotte Aluminum Aluminum faterials ion Good res nament original cast iron stor rmation x. Decade Lowenberg & Lowe Weinstein & Rizins r Sidelsky & Weinster Part of "Meteric States of " Part of "Meteric States of " States of " States of " Commercients of the states	Significant   Oak Park Residence Corp.   Retail/apartments   ion S Number of Stories 3   ion S Commercial   s) Brick   Terra Cotta   Aluminum   s Aluminum Double Hung   aterials   ion Good   res   nament   original cast iron storefront column   rmation   x. Decade   1922   Lowenberg & Lowenberg   Weinstein & Rizinsky   r   Sidelsky & Weinstein	Significant Oak Park Residence Corp. Retail/apartments ion S Number of Stories 3 Commercial s) Brick Terra Cotta Aluminum s Aluminum Double Hung aterials ion Good res nament original cast iron storefront column rmation x. Decade 1922 Original or Prior Icowenberg & Lowenberg Weinstein & Rizinsky r Sidelsky & Weinstein Part of "Motor Row" Theme es include 438 through 442 Lombard , east to west: Frank's Barber Shop; atique clothing; Dino's Pizzeria



#### 128 – 132 Madison Street

PIN Number

16-08-321-020











	202 -	210	Madison S	Street	<b>PIN Number</b>	16-08-320-024
Significance	e No N	Aerit				
Current Owner	bank	trust				
Current Use	e utilit	y subs	station		1	- The Design
Front Orien	itation	S	Num	ber of Stories	1	
Style/Detail	ing					
Wall Mater	ial(s)		Brick			
Storefront			None/Not	Applicable		
Other Wind	lows		Aluminum	n Fixed		
Visible Roof	f Materi	ials				
<b>Overall Con</b>	ndition		Fair			
Notable Fea	tures					
Historic Ir	nforma	tion				
Date or App	orox. De	cade		1970s	Original or Prio	or Uses
Architect						
Contractor						
Original Ov	vner				Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Them	e	
					History Notes	
					-	



218 -	Madison Street	PIN Number	16-08-320-019
Significance Structure	of Merit		1612
Current Park Distr Owner	rict of Oak Park	S. W	Million State
Current Use Park Distr	rict of Oak Park	and the second	Anna -
Front Orientation S	Number of Stories 2		
Style/Detailing	Commercial		
Wall Material(s)	Brick		
	Limestone		
	EIFS		
Storefront	Aluminum		a tal
Other Windows	Aluminum Fixed		Amount Composite
Visible Roof Materials		Lat mu	
<b>Overall Condition</b>	Good	國民族民族行動的	
Notable Features		Contraction of the state	
One-story portions at eit	her side		
Historic Information			

Date or Approx. Decade	1923	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect		Oak Park Motor Sales Co. Dodge & Plymouth	
Contractor H.P. Jensen		[1936]; Tri-Par Radio Co. [1953]	
Original Owner Bucholtz & Auxho	old	Additions/Alterations	
		An awkward and unsympathetic remodelling of	
Field Notes Part of "M	Iotor Row" Theme	a 1920s car dealership.	
Park District is reviewing its use of some functions may be moved to an	U	History Notes	
		Remodelled by Park District of Oak Park in 2000. Used as office space by Park District since 1988.	



218 -

Madison Street

PIN Number

16-08-320-019











				_	
2.	28 - 230	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-320-018
Significance	Structure of	f Merit		AXA H	K.C.
Current Owner	Drift Oaks	Partners			
Current Use	General En	ergy Corp			
Front Orienta	tion S	Nun	aber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailing	5	Modernis	t	C.	
Wall Material	(s)	Stone		12 19 19 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Calls
		Wood Sid	ling		
		Brick		AVYN .	TO THE AND
Storefront		Aluminur	n	V	AN HE
Other Window	VS	Aluminur	n Fixed		
Visible Roof N	<b>Iaterials</b>			A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	ALC: NO DECISION OF
Overall Condi	tion	Fair			
Notable Featu	res				
Roof shape Exterior secor	nd floor wal	kway.			
Historic Info	ormation				
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1963	Original or Prior Use	28
Architect	Robert Ta	aylor			
Contractor					
Original Own	er Thomas S	Spelson		Additions/Alteration	8
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	_	
			ocal landmark	History Notes	
designation should be reviewed when it reaches 50 years in age. Further research would be needed to establish the architectural historical context of this building in considering its eligibility.				-	enerally unaltered mid- ce building.



#### 228 – 230 Madison Street

PIN Number

16-08-320-018







2	231 -		Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-17-102-007
Significance	No N	Aerit				- and the second states
Current Owner						J. AL
Current Use	Garc	len Flo	ower Sales			
Front Orienta	ation	Ν	Num	ber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailin	g		Queen An	ne		and an interest of the second
Wall Materia	l(s)		Brick			
Storefront						- ALE
Other Windo			Wood Doi	uble Hung	- AND	- MILANA
Visible Roof I		ials	р :			DECEMPTING VE
Overall Cond Notable Featu			Fair			and the second sector of
Historic Inf					7	
Date or Appr	ox. De	ecade		1915	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect					Residential	
Contractor	W	. F. Hi	ggins			
Original Own	er Jo	hn B. I	Miller		Additions/Alter	
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		house (also part of garden shop) Street has been demolished Yew years.
House to the Madison	left in	photo	ographic vie	ews. See also 233	History Notes	



2	233 —		Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-17-102-006
Significance	No M	erit			A Cape	AL AL
Current Owner	Barba	ra A.	Nurse			A AN
Current Use	Garde	en Flo	ower Sales		arter and	
Front Orient	ation	N	Num	ber of Stories 2	N LINE CONTRACTOR	
Style/Detailin	ng		Queen An	ne		total total a
Wall Materia	ul(s)		Brick			
Storefront						A S
Other Windo			Wood Do	uble Hung	and the	
Visible Roof		ls	р.:			
Overall Cond Notable Feat			Fair			
Historic Inf					٦	
Date or Appr	rox. Dec	ade		1914	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect					Residential	
Contractor			ggins			
Original Ow	ner Joh	n B. I	Miller		Additions/Altera	ations
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
House to the Madison	right in	n phot	tographic v	views. See also 231	History Notes	



238 - 240	Madison Street	PIN Number	16-08-319-026
Significance No Merit			
Current P & J Clean Owner	ers		and the second second
Current Use P & J Clean	ers		
Front Orientation SE	Number of Stories 1		
Style/Detailing			4
Wall Material(s)	EIFS		Constant of the local division of the local
Storefront	Aluminum	KY A	and the
Other Windows		TO-	- DR
Visible Roof Materials		Car Per Annual State	Contraint Street
Overall Condition	Fair		A CONTRACTOR STOR
Notable Features			
			- all - and
Historic Information		1	
Date or Approx. Decade		Original or Prior U	ses
Architect			
Contractor			
Original Owner		Additions/Alteratio	ns
Field Notes P	Part of "Motor Row" Theme		
		History Notes	
		Possibly a heavily 1912.	remodeled building dating to



24	12 - 244	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-319-025
Significance	No Merit			A ALLAN	
Current Owner	Dr. A.N. E	Bascharon		X	- tor
Current Use	Oak Park .	Animal Hos	spital		
Front Orientat	ion S	Num	ber of Stories 1		
Style/Detailing					
Wall Material(	(s)	EIFS			*
Storefront		None/Not	Applicable	i de	N/2
Other Window	'S	Aluminun	n Fixed		A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Visible Roof M	aterials				
<b>Overall Condit</b>	tion	Fair		2 11 MA	
Notable Featur	res				
Historic Info	rmation			_	
Date or Appro	x. Decade		1980s	Original or Prio	or Uses
Architect					
Contractor					
Original Owne	er			Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
				History Notes	



24	48 –		Madison S	Street		PIN Number	16-08-319-022
Significance	No N	1erit				XYVI	Vest
Current Owner	Donr	1 D. T	Todd				NNSI
Current Use							
Front Orienta	tion	S	Num	ber of Stories	1		
Style/Detailing							
Wall Material	(s)		Stone				
			Brick				Sold Bar
Storefront			None/Not	Applicable			
Other Window	/S		Aluminun	n Fixed			
Visible Roof M	lateri	als					
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion		Fair				
Notable Featur	res		L				
Historic Info							
Date or Appro				1958		Original or Price	or Uses
Architect	Ed	ward	Busche				
Contractor	Po	well-l	Korff-Rose	nfeld			
Original Owne	er He	nry V	Vilfinger			Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" The	me		
						History Notes	



2	60 - 262	Madison Street	PIN Number	16-08-319-019
Significance	Significan	t		
Current Owner	Village of	Oak Park	2	100
Current Use	Village of Service	Oak Park - Garage/Fleet		
Front Orienta	tion S	Number of Stories 1		
Style/Detailing	g	Commercial		
Wall Materia	(s)	Brick		
		Limestone	]	
				CONTRACTOR OF ANY INCOME.
Storefront		Aluminum		and the second
Other Window	ws		Distances 1	ROLL UVESIDERE PROP
Visible Roof N	Aaterials			to Bernard Resta
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition	Fair		
Notable Featu	res		Contraction of the	Street of the local division in which the local division in the lo
Articulated p				
Historic Inf	ormation		_	
Date or Appr	ox. Decade	1920	Original or Prio	
Architect	E. E. Ro	berts	Hills Motor Sal	es Co. [1920 to 1950s]
Contractor	H. C. Je	nsen		
Original Own	er G.A. Kr	eis and F.A. Hill	Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes		Part of "Motor Row" Theme		
			History Notes	
			-	1947, "Oak Leaves"



260 – 262 Madison Street

**PIN Number** 

16-08-319-019





20	54 – 268	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-319-018
Significance	Structure o	of Merit			the second
Current Owner	Harry Spar	nnuth			A A A
Current Use	H&R Bloc	k		alle	NCK
Front Orienta	tion SW	Num	ber of Stories 1		
Style/Detailing		Commerc	ial		
Wall Material	<b>(s)</b>	Brick			
		Limestone			
Storefront		Aluminun	1		
Other Window	'S				
Visible Roof M	aterials				
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion	Fair			
Notable Featur	res				
Articulated pa	rapet wall				
Historic Info			4000		
Date or Appro		11 1	1922	Original or Pri	or Uses
Architect		nmelblau	~		
Contractor		Construction	n Co.		
Original Owne	er Plotke &	Grosby		Additions/Alter	rations
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
The storefront				]	
			260-262 Madison	History Notes	



3	00 – 308 Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-318-009
Significance	Significant			
Current Owner	Derrel McDavid			ante no
Current Use	Apartments/retail		AV.	
Front Orienta	tion SE Num	ber of Stories 2	no di Herter II	HERE
Style/Detailing	g Commerci	al	Avenue and a second	
Wall Material	Brick			
	Terra Cott	a		
	Stone			
Storefront	Aluminun	1		-Vert
Other Window	ws Wood Dor	ıble Hung		2.44
Visible Roof M	laterials		and a bear of	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN
<b>Overall Condi</b>	ition Good			
Notable Featu	ires			
Decorative m cotta	arble-like coloring of t	base course terra		
Historic Info	ormation		_	
Date or Appro	ox. Decade	1924	Original or Prior Use	25
Architect	M. O. Nathan			roceries, fruit, butcher)
Contractor	Freevol & Smedber	g	[1925 directory]	
Original Own	er J. R. Shapiro		Additions/Alterations	5
Field Notes	□ Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	_	
300: Maya's H 302-304: Mag 306: Private c	gnificent Barber Shop		History Notes	



300 – 308 Madison Street

PIN Number

16-08-318-009











30	<i>)9 –</i>	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-17-101-003
Significance	No Merit			3.84	and the second
Current Owner	Joseph Kyl	es		1 4	-
Current Use	Crystal's H	air Dynasty	y Ltd.	····	CHRYSTALS HAIR DYNALTY LTD
Front Orienta	tion N	Num	ber of Stories	2	
Style/Detailing		Modernist			
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			
		Limestone	,		
		Stucco			
Storefront					
Other Window	'S	Wood Dou	uble Hung		
Visible Roof M	aterials				
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion	Poor			
Notable Featur	res				
Historic Info	rmation				
Date or Appro	x. Decade		1913	Original or Prior U	ses
Architect				deli [1925 director	y]
Contractor	Charles I	Lindberg			
Original Owne	r William	Danz		Additions/Alteration	ns
					the 1913 building, with the
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Them	e Iront facade great	y altered circa 1940s-1950s.
				History Notes	



3	10 -	312	Madison S	treet	PIN Number	16-08-318-007
Significance	Structu	ire c	of Merit		165	N. W. C.
Current Owner	W. Ro	bert	James, Jr.			
Current Use			F. Hansen, dson, famil			
Front Orienta	tion	S	Num	ber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailing	Ş		Prairie		-	
Wall Material	(s)		Brick			
			Limestone	:		
					STREAME	
Storefront			Infilled		SAL VE	
Other Window	VS		Aluminum	Double Hung	SXV/	
Visible Roof N	Iaterial	S				111
Overall Condi	tion		Fair			
Notable Featu	res					Mr.
Prairie Schoo	l-style c	cent	ral entrance	for apartments		
Historic Info	ormatio	on				
Date or Appro	ox. Deca	ıde		1900s	Original or Price	
Architect					restaurant [192]	5 directory]
Contractor						
Original Own	er				Additions/Alter	ations
					Original cornic	e removed
Field Notes			Part of "Mo	otor Row" Theme	_	
					History Notes	



310 – 312 Madison Street

**PIN Number** 

16-08-318-007





31	1 - 313	Madison Street		PIN Number	16-17-101-002
Significance	Structure of	of Merit		N	
Current Owner	Sanford M	lintz			AVA
Current Use	Aamco				A REAL PROPERTY I
Front Orientat	ion N	Number of	f Stories 1		
Style/Detailing		Commercial			
Wall Material(	s)	Brick			The second second second
		Limestone			
				]	
Storefront		Glass Block		]	
Other Window	5				
Visible Roof M	aterials			]	
<b>Overall Condit</b>	ion	Fair			
Notable Featur	es				
Historic Info	rmation				
Date or Approx	x. Decade		1928	Original or Pric	or Uses
Architect	Julius Fl	oto			
Contractor		Reed & Sons			
Original Owne	r Charles	& Adelaide Reed		Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes		Part of "Motor R	Row" Theme	]	
				History Notes	
				11	



	314 –	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-08-318-006
Significance	Structure of Merit				
Current Owner	Stroth				
Current Use	Pizza Palazzo				Table Control of Control of Control
Front Orien	tation S	Num	aber of Stories 2	A second second house	
Style/Detaili	ng	Commerc	ial		
Wall Materi	al(s)	Brick			
		Limeston	9		
					A 3
Storefront		Aluminur	n		A
Other Wind	ows	Aluminur	n Double Hung	1	and the second second
Visible Roof	Materials				
<b>Overall Con</b>	dition				- Yearter
Notable Feat	tures			A summer	
Historic In	formation	l		_	
Date or App	rox. Decade		1907	Original or Prior Use	25
Architect					
Contractor	Williar	n D. Mann		]	
Original Ow	inal Owner William D. Mann			Additions/Alteration	s
Field Notes		<b>Part of "M</b>	otor Row" Theme		
				History Notes	



	11				
315 – 321 Madison Street				PIN Number	16-17-101-001
Significance	Significant				
Current Owner	Greenplan Properties				-
Current Use	e Retail/apartments			San Transition	E HALL TO
Front Orienta	ation NW	Num	ber of Stories 3		
Style/Detailin	Style/Detailing		vival		Contraction of the local division of the
Wall Materia	l(s)	Limestone	e		-
		Brick			
		Concrete Block/Cast Stone			
Storefront		Aluminum			Sales -
Other Windows		Aluminum Double Hung			
Visible Roof Materials				TE 11 TT	TO STATISTICS TO
<b>Overall Condition</b>		Fair		HE II II	HI HI HI HI HI HI HI HI
Notable Feat	ures				THE LONG
Historic Inf	ormation				
Date or Appr			1927	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect	Roy Hot	chkiss	1727		
Contractor	J. L. Bar				
	ginal Owner Horace F. Doyle			Additions/Alterations	
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
Other addres	ses include	504 throug	n 508 Cuyler	History Notes	
Avenue.					
315: Howard Driving School 315-1/2: Shapri' Shoes					
317: Hype Hair Salon					
319: Let's Do	o It Again re	sale shop			
321: Arrow Locksmith					
L					



#### 315 – 321 Madison Street

PIN Number

16-17-101-001





328 – 330 Madison Street				Street	PIN Number	16-08-318-003	
Significance	Structure of Merit				100	Auger 1	
Current Owner					-		
Current Use	Retail/apartments				二個世	No III III	
Front Orienta	tion	SW	Num	ber of Stories 2	Kanan Estimation		
Style/Detailing		Commercial					
Wall Materia	l(s)		Brick				
			Limestone	2			
					1	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER OF	
Storefront			Aluminum		. [	SUMPER	
Other Windows		Wood Double Hung			- Alter		
Visible Roof Materials						T YEAR TO THE R	
Overall Condition			Fair		Sel Sela		
Notable Featu	res				1 16 . 4	The Party of the P	
Brick and sto	ne coi	mice a	nd decorat	ive parapet			
Historic Inf	orma	tion			_		
Date or Appr	ox. De	cade		1922	Original or Prio		
Architect	Joł	ın Kos	ster		Durbin Furriers	[1947]	
Contractor	S.	Willia	ms				
Original Owner Mrs. Nellie Redmond				nd	Additions/Altera	ations	
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Theme			
	om Re izza d: Ric d: "Tł	clude 4 alty lgelan ne Fun	436 througl d Therapeu 1 Place''	n 440 Ridgeland	History Notes		



328 – 330 Madison Street

PIN Number

16-08-318-003





4	08 -		Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-423-024
Significance	Stru	cture c	of Merit		Mr.Ch.	
Current Owner	Ruth Huxhold					
Current Use	Urb	an Hor	ome Physicians			
Front Orienta	tion	S	Num	ber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailin	g		Commerci	ial		
Wall Materia	l(s)		Brick		<u> </u>	
			Limestone	2		
Storefront			Aluminun	1		3Mfdan.
Other Windo	ws		Wood Do	uble Hung	100	A STATE
Visible Roof	Mater	ials			- TE 11	HIS STOR L
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition		Fair			The second
Notable Featu	ires				اللبار بقريرا	
				ows at second floor		
Historic Inf						
Date or Appr	ox. D	ecade		1915	Original or Price	
Architect					grocer / butche	r [1925 directory]
Contractor			z Brothers			
Original Own	er F.	A. Hu	rhold		Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes			Dout of "M	otor Row" Theme		
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Kow <sup>a</sup> Theme	]	
					History Notes	



4	410 -	Madison Street	PIN Number	16-07-423-023
Significance	No Merit			Se A Corr
Current Owner	bank trust		100	
Current Use		or & Assoc., CPA erprises, hardwood floors		
Front Orienta	ation S	Number of Stories	1	
Style/Detailin	g	Modernist		
Wall Materia	l(s)	Brick	£	contrate minimum to
		Limestone		
Storefront		Aluminum		
Other Windo	WS			
Visible Roof	Materials			
Overall Cond	ition	Good		
Notable Featu	ires			
Historic Inf	ormation			
Date or Appr	ox. Decade	1974	Original or Prior Use	<u>s</u>
Architect	Arne Fo	SS		
Contractor	J. T. Joh	nson Construction		
Original Own	er Suburba	n Glass	Additions/Alterations	; 
Field Notes		Part of "Motor Row" Then	ne	
			History Notes	



	412 –	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-423-022
Significance	Structure of	Structure of Merit		S. Carlos	
Current Owner	Carol Jenk	tins		and the	NO
Current Use	Carol Jenk Bahai of C		cape Architect	T W	
Front Orien	tation S	Num	ber of Stories 2		
Style/Detaili	ng	Queen An	ne		
Wall Material(s)		Brick			
		Limestone	)		
Storefront		None/Not	Applicable	]	
Other Wind	ows	Wood Dou	ıble Hung		
Visible Roof	visible Roof Materials		ls Asphalt Shingle		
Overall Con	dition	Good			
Notable Feat	tures				
	l glass windo				
Historic In	formation	ſ		7	
Date or App	rox. Decade		1905	Original or Prior U	ses
Architect					
Contractor	John Lo				
Original Ow	ner J. M. Th	ompson		Additions/Alteration	
				Front porch is not o	original.
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	-	
				History Notes	



50	02 –		Elmwood	<i>Avenue</i>	PIN Number	16-18-207-001
Significance	Con	tributii	ng			NTHY
Current Owner						
Current Use	Resi	dence			N 14	
Front Orienta	tion	W	Num	ber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailing	Ş		Crafstman	Arts and Crafts		
Wall Material	(s)		Stucco			and the second s
Storefront			None/Not	Applicable		WANNEL
Other Windov	vs		Wood Dou	ıble Hung	12.04	
Visible Roof M	later	ials	Asphalt sh	ingle		
Overall Condi	tion		Fair		5:	
Notable Featu	res					
Historic Info	orma	tion				
Date or Appro	x. De	ecade		1900s	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect						
Contractor					]	
Original Own	er				Additions/Altera	ations
Field Notes			Part of "Mo	otor Row" Theme		
part of Gunde	rson	Histor	ic District		History Notes	

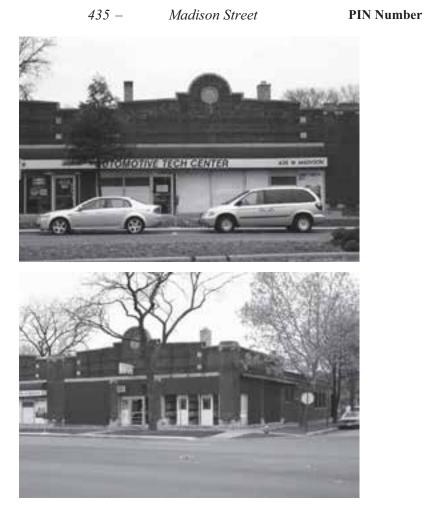


50	)4 —	Elmwood	Avenue	PIN Number	16-18-207-002
Significance	Contributi	ng		0-74-30	THE -
Current Owner					
Current Use	Residence				ा गग
Front Orienta	tion W	Num	ber of Stories 2	111	THE REAL
Style/Detailing	Ţ.	Crafstman	/Arts and Crafts	ALL PL	and a second sec
Wall Material	(\$)	Stucco			Contraction of the local division of the loc
		Wood trin	1		
Storefront		None/Not	Applicable	205 M	at a s
Other Window	VS	Wood Dou	ıble Hung		S 185 40/
Visible Roof M	Iaterials	Asphalt sh	ingle	1	
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion	Good			
Notable Featur	res				Past
Historic Info	ormation				
Date or Appro	x. Decade		1900s	Original or Prior	Uses
Architect				Residential	
Contractor					
Original Owne	er			Additions/Alterat	ions
Field Notes			otor Row" Theme		
part of Gunde	rson Histor	1c District		History Notes	



4	35 –		Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-18-206-002
Significance	Struc	ture c	of Merit			
Current Owner						W/ Ciss
Current Use	Auto	motiv	e Tech Cen	ter		
Front Orienta	tion	N	Num	ber of Stories 1		NEW PARTY AND
Style/Detailing	5		Commerci	al		-
Wall Material	(s)		Brick			
			Limestone	;	]	
					CAN PERK	
Storefront			Aluminum	1	Store -	
Other Window	ws					and and a
Visible Roof N	<b>Aateri</b>	als				
Overall Condition Fair					ANTRE DESIGNATION	
Notable Features					S Contraction	CENTER CONTRACTOR
Rounded prof decoration	file at j	parap	et wall with	n wheel-like		CHARTER .
Historic Info	ormat	tion			_	
Date or Appro	ox. De	cade		1923	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect					Crandall Motor	car Co. [1925 directory]
Contractor	Gil	bert &	& Bowers		]	
Original Own	er S.N	1. Gu	nderson		Additions/Altera	ations
Field Notes				otor Row" Theme	_	
Could qualify as a local landmark with improvements to storefronts.				ith improvements	History Notes	





16-18-206-002



5	00 -	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-421-016
Significance	Significant	ţ			
Current Owner	AG Invest			13	
Current Use	rrent Use Madison Video				
Front Orienta	tion SE	Num	ber of Stories 3		MADISO VIDEO
Style/Detailing	5	Commerce	ial	Contract (	
Wall Material	(s)	Glazed Cl	ay Block		
		Terra Cott	a		
		Brick			
Storefront		Aluminun	ı	24vi	- To with
Other Window	VS	Wood Do	uble Hung		
Visible Roof N	laterials			and the second	
<b>Overall Cond</b>	tion	Good			
Notable Featu	res				AND ALL STREET
Alley gatewa Decorative te					
Historic Info	ormation				
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1927	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect	Halferin	& Brown			
Contractor	Freevol	& Smedbur	g		
Original Own	er A. Goldł	olatt		Additions/Altera	ations
Field Notes			otor Row" Theme	_	
			3 Scoville Avenue azed clay block.	History Notes	



500 – Madison Street F





5	01 – 505 Madison	Street	PIN Number	16-18-205-009
Significance	Structure of Merit		1	
Current Owner	Joe Ardovitch		In Sta	
Current Use	Retail/apartments		Contract L	the surmary
Front Orienta	tion N Nu	mber of Stories 2		anti-the filles be
Style/Detailing	g Commer	cial	and deliver and second	
Wall Materia	(s) Brick			
	Limestor	ne		
			3	12030002
Storefront	Aluminu	m	1 and the second	
Other Window	ws Vinyl D	ouble Hung		
Visible Roof N	Aaterials		And a state of the	
Overall Cond	ition Fair			FLICT PERIO
Notable Features			N. States	2
				a T
Historic Inf	ormation			
Date or Appro	ox. Decade	1911	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect				League (groceries) [1915
Contractor	Guaranty Constru	ction Co.	directory]	
Original Own	er C. Furnis		Additions/Alterations	
Field Notes		Notor Row" Theme	_	
	ils esserer Tailoring eaners & Laundry		History Notes	



50	06 –	512	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-421-019
Significance	Significant				1	AVER BERG
Current Owner	[condominium units]					
Current Use	Current Use apartments				<b>4</b> ¦ ш	HERE AND
Front Orienta	tion	S	Num	ber of Stories 3	開き組み	
Style/Detailing	Ş		Crafstman	/Arts and Crafts		
Wall Material	(s)		Brick		Contraction of the local day	
			Limestone	;		
					]	San and A Land
Storefront			None/Not	Applicable	]	SHALL AND
Other Window	vs		Wood Do	uble Hung	Aller	
Visible Roof N	lateri	ials	Clay Tile		X DIE	
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion		Fair		- I 1	
Notable Featu	res				<b>PA</b>	
Historic Info					1	
Date or Appro	x. De	cade		1915	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect			•.1			
Contractor		M. Sm			Additions/Altera	<i></i>
Original Owne	er E.	Hinds	sell		Additions/Altera	
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
					History Notes	



506 – 512 Madison Street

PIN Number

16-07-421-019





50	7 _ 500	Madison S	troot	PIN Number	16-18-205-008
_	No Merit		liteei		10-10-205-008
8	Doug Freerksen			R to	P.V.
	Prairie Plus Constructio		eele Freerksen		No. of Streeman Provide Streeman
Front Orientati	on N	Num	ber of Stories 1		
Style/Detailing		Commerci	al	- inder of the	and the second s
Wall Material(s	5)	Brick			
		Limestone	:	]	
		Wood Sidi	ing		
Storefront		Wood			
Other Windows	5			1100000 SEA	Stall of the
Visible Roof Ma	aterials			Bart	
<b>Overall Conditi</b>	on	Fair		200 (San	
Notable Feature	es			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ris La Problem Internet
Interesting wal exterior billboa		ide - possił	bly a former		
Historic Info	mation				
Date or Approx	. Decade		1921	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect	Ernest Bi	raucher		barber shop	
Contractor	H. B. Car	rpenter		]	
Original Owner	Gustave	Drescher		Additions/Altera	itions
Field Notes	j	Part of "Mo	otor Row" Theme		
New owner is n Preservation Co Likely could be following com	ommission e reconside	a. Restoration Restorati		History Notes	



Visible Roof Materials          Overall Condition       Fair         Notable Features       Decorative stone at parapet and below storefront.	
Owner   Current Use   Gilchrist Hardware   Front Orientation N Number of Stories 2 Style/Detailing Commercial Wall Material(s)   Brick   Stone   Storefront Bronze Other Windows Wood Double Hung Visible Roof Materials Overall Condition Fair Notable Features Decorative stone at parapet and below storefront.	
Front Orientation N   Number of Stories 2   Style/Detailing Commercial   Wall Material(s) Brick   Stone	
Style/Detailing Commercial   Wall Material(s) Brick   Stone Stone   Storefront Bronze   Other Windows Wood Double Hung   Visible Roof Materials Overall Condition   Fair Fair   Notable Features Decorative stone at parapet and below storefront.	
Wall Material(s)       Brick         Stone	
Stone   Storefront   Bronze   Other Windows   Wood Double Hung   Visible Roof Materials   Overall Condition   Fair   Notable Features   Decorative stone at parapet and below storefront.	
Storefront Bronze   Other Windows Wood Double Hung   Visible Roof Materials Overall Condition   Overall Condition Fair   Notable Features Decorative stone at parapet and below storefront.	
Other Windows Wood Double Hung   Visible Roof Materials   Overall Condition   Fair   Notable Features   Decorative stone at parapet and below storefront.	
Other Windows Wood Double Hung   Visible Roof Materials   Overall Condition   Fair   Notable Features   Decorative stone at parapet and below storefront.	
Visible Roof Materials          Overall Condition       Fair         Notable Features       Decorative stone at parapet and below storefront.	
Overall Condition       Fair         Notable Features       Decorative stone at parapet and below storefront.	
Notable Features         Decorative stone at parapet and below storefront.	
Decorative stone at parapet and below storefront.	
	C DELLO
Historic Information	
Date or Approx. Decade   1922   Original or Prior Uses	]
Architect George Pearson	
Contractor Houston	
Original Owner Andrew Gilchrist Additions/Alterations	]
Field Notes	
History Notes	]
Continuously occuppied by Gilchrist Hardy since 1920s.	ardware



50	08 –	Scoville A	venue	PIN Number	16-18-205-039
Significance	Structure o	f Merit		1000 - 2 LC	
Current Owner					Kel \
Current Use	Residential	(three flat)	)		
Front Orienta	tion W	Num	ber of Stories 3		
Style/Detailing	Ş	Crafstman	/Arts and Crafts	WK I YA	
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			
		Limestone			N THE R
Storefront		None/Not	Applicable	VY-PA	
Other Windov	vs	Wood Dou	ıble Hung		
Visible Roof N	laterials	Asphalt sh	ingle	潮龙 围	
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion	Fair			
Notable Featu	res			1000	T
				N. MA	- Ult
Historic Info	ormation			٦	
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1920s	Original or Prior	Uses
Architect					
Contractor				]	
Original Own	er			Additions/Alterati	ions
Field Notes		Part of "Mo	otor Row" Theme		
				History Notes	]



	516 -		Madison Street	PIN Number	16-07-421-014
Significance	No N	/lerit			1/ AL
Current Owner	Sami	ir Fakł	nouri		11
Current Use	e Body	/ Shop			
Front Orien	tation	S	Number of Stories 1		
Style/Detaili	ing				
Wall Materi	ial(s)		Stone		
Storefront			Aluminum		
Other Wind	ows			]	
Visible Roof	f Materi	als		]	
Overall Con	dition		Good	7	
Notable Fea	tures			_	
Historic Ir	forma	tion			
Date or App				Original or Prio	ar Usos
Architect	nox. De	caue			
Contractor					
Original Ow	vner			Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes			Part of "Motor Row" Theme		
					ily remodeled building dating to by Lowenberg & Lowenberg



5	20 -	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-421-013
Significance	No Mer	rit			
Current Owner					
Current Use	Body S	hop		ALLANT -	Contraction of the second
Front Orienta	tion S	Num	ber of Stories	TEL	Tel Lateral
Style/Detailing	5				
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			
		Metal Par	nel		
Storefront		Aluminur	n		
Other Window	WS				
Visible Roof M	<b>Aaterials</b>				
<b>Overall Condi</b>	ition	Good			
Notable Featu	res				
Historic Info			<u>г</u>		
Date or Appro	-		1946	Original or Pric	or Uses
Architect	Charl	es Kristen			
Contractor					
Original Own	er John	& Frank Stilto	on	Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes		✓ Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
				History Notes	



5	41 —	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-18-204-041
Significance	No Merit				
Current Owner	Oak Park S	School Dist	rict		
Current Use	Oak Park S garage	School Dist	rict Maintenance		
Front Orienta	tion N	Num	ber of Stories 1		
Style/Detailing	g				and the second
Wall Material	<b>(s)</b>	Concrete	Block/Cast Stone		
		Brick			
Storefront		None/Not	Applicable		
Other Window	ws	Aluminun	n Sliding	X	
Visible Roof Materials					ALC: NOT THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER O
Overall Cond	ition	Fair			distant strengthere in
Notable Featu	ires				
Historic Info	ormation				
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1924	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect	A.M. Ru	ittenberg		public garage	
Contractor	H.C. Jen	isen		]	
Original Own	er Philip Lo	ome		Additions/Alterations	
Field Notes	$\checkmark$	Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	-	
			g, remodelled for	History Notes	
use by the Sci	hool Distric	et circa 197	0s.		



	543 –		Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-18-204-003
Significance	No I	Merit			Alexan a	234
Current Owner	RAN	ML Co	mpany		1/2 m	the second s
Current Use	Aaro	co Am	erican Auto	Insurance		
Front Orien	tation	Ν	Num	ber of Stories 1		
Style/Detaili	Style/Detailing		Commerci	al	235	
Wall Materi	al(s)		Limestone	•	- ALLANDA R	-0-0-
			Copper sh	eeting over masonr	]	
			Brick			
Storefront			Other Met	al		
Other Wind	ows					a dilla
Visible Roof	Mater	ials	Clay tile			- Allowed and a second and a
Overall Con	dition					
Notable Fea	tures		<u></u>			
					-	
Historic In	forma	ation				
Date or App	rox. Do	ecade		1926	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect	В.	Alber	t Comn		]	
Contractor	М	ilton V	V. Pillinger		]	
Original Ow	ner A	lbert N	. Klein		Additions/Altera	ations
					Copper sheeting	g applied over original brick and
Field Notes			Part of "Me	otor Row" Theme	limestone maso	nry
					History Notes	



5	49 –	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-18-204-039
Significance	No Merit				mail for
Current Owner	RAML Co	ompany			- V
Current Use	AARCO/S	Suburban M	lotor Club	1 . I	
Front Orienta	tion N	Num	aber of Stories 2		In I La
Style/Detailing	g	Commerc	ial		
Wall Materia	(s)	Brick		8 8	J strange
		Limestone	3		
		Wood Sid	ling	N. J. West	
Storefront		Aluminun	n	1 Carl	
Other Window	ws	Glass Blo	ck		
Visible Roof N	<b>Aaterials</b>				ANY ACCOUNTS
Overall Cond	ition	Fair		1 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	the forthe
Notable Featu	res	L		Hi Little is	
Historic Inf	ormation			_	
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1911	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect				druggist [1915 and 192	5 directories]
Contractor	J. T. Gro	osser			
Original Own	er C.J. Geb	perich		Additions/Alterations	
				Greatly altered	
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	_	
				History Notes	



50	)8 –	510	) East Aven	ие	PIN Number	16-18-204-040
Significance	Struc	cture of	of Merit		CARL IS	NEW VIEW
Current Owner						
Current Use	Resi	dentia	ll (four flat)		A REAL	
Front Orienta	tion	W	Num	ber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailing			Crafstman	/Arts and Crafts		
Wall Material	(s)		Brick			and and an other states
			Limestone	2		
					Contraction of the second	
Storefront			None/Not	Applicable	74	
Other Window	/S		Vinyl Dou	ıble Hung	C ZN	
Visible Roof M	lateri	als			2.14-200	
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion		Good		Witness (1998)	-7 V
Notable Featur	res				一开了。	
Historic Info						
Date or Appro	x. De	cade		1910s	Original or Prior	Uses
Architect						
Contractor						
Original Owne	er				Additions/Alterat	
					Windows replace	ed
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
					History Notes	



60	03 —	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-18-203-008
Significance	Structure of	of Merit		Ŧ	
Current Owner	Vadilal Sh	ah			A THE
Current Use	Soumar An	nimal Hosp	ital		TRA
Front Orienta	tion N	Number of Stories 3		2 500.	
Style/Detailing		Neo-Class	sical Revival	A ATT IT	
Wall Material	<b>(s)</b>	Brick		on house - 1	200
		Limestone	2		
		Concrete l	Block/Cast Stone		
Storefront		Infilled			
Other Window	VS	Wood Do	uble Hung		
Visible Roof M	laterials				
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion				
Notable Featur	res				
Third floor ad this building.	dition detra	acts from hi	storic integrity of		
Historic Info	ormation				
Date or Appro	x. Decade		1905	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect				grocer [1915 ar	nd 1925 directories]
Contractor	H. Koep	pe			
Original Owne	er William	Teleton		Additions/Alter	ations
				Third floor is a	later addition.
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	_	
				History Notes	



(	605 –		Madison .	Street	<b>PIN Number</b>	16-18-203-035
Significance	Struct	ure o	of Merit		the second se	
Current Owner	Vidila	l Sh	ah			, ser
Current Use	Integr	ity P	hysical Th	erapy		Atta Anna
Front Orient	ation	N	Nun	ber of Stories	1	STEPHENING B
Style/Detailin	ıg		Beaux Ar	ts		
Wall Material(s)		Brick		And a state of the		
			Limeston	e		
Storefront			Aluminur	n		
Other Windo	WS					
Visible Roof	Materia	ls				
Overall Cond	lition		Fair			
Notable Feat	ures					
Terrazzo floo Limestone of						
Llisteric Inf	5					
Historic Inf				1022	Oniginal on Pris	
Date or Appr Architect	rox. Dec	ade		1923	Original or Prid	or Uses
	<b>X</b> 7	<b>C</b> ' 1	1 11 10 '	2		
Contractor			kle-Helfair	C0.		
Original Owi	ner Lou	18 G	ibson		Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Them	e	
					History Notes	
					-	installed in 2005.



	1.7		Y., .		16 10 202 002
	17 –	Madison S	treet	PIN Number	16-18-203-003
Significance	Structure of			The	V all
Current Owner	Jayne Moz	zal			
Current Use	Mozal & F	Frangos, Att	orneys at Law		
Front Orienta	tion	Num	ber of Stories 2	8	F HITE
Style/Detailing	3	Queen An	ne		
Wall Material	<b>(s)</b>	Brick			A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR O
		Limestone	;		
Storefront		None/Not	Applicable		
Other Window	VS	Vinyl Dou	ble Hung	a dining	
Visible Roof N	<b>Iaterials</b>			Alana and	
<b>Overall Condi</b>	ition	Fair		and the second	Contraction of the second
Notable Featu	res				
Decorative br	ickwork at	parapet wal	1		
Historic Info	ormation			<u></u>	
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1900s	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect					
Contractor					
Original Own	er			Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes		Part of "Mo	otor Row" Theme	_	
				History Notes	



617 –

Madison Street

**PIN Number** 

16-18-203-003





	633 -	_	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-18-202-005
Significance	e Str	ucture o	of Merit			A
Current Owner	Pet	er Tsag	aris		an ill	
Current Use Elite Upholstering						
Front Orien	itation	N	Num	ber of Stories 2		LLITE OPHOLETERY
Style/Detail	ing		Commerci	al		
Wall Material(s)		Brick		2-2		
			Limestone	:		
Storefront			Bronze / A	luminum		
Other Wind	lows		Wood Dou	ıble Hung		
Visible Roo	f Mate	erials				
<b>Overall Condition</b>			Fair			
Notable Fea	tures					
Cornice Portions of	origin	al store	front remai	n		
Historic Ir	nform	ation				
Date or App	prox. I	Decade		1923	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect					William Dean,	electrician [1925 directory]
Contractor	ŀ	Harper &	& Butendorf	ft		
Original Ov	vner [	I.D. &	W.I. Iback		Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes			Part of "Me	otor Row" Theme		
					History Notes	



6	35 –	639	Madison S	Street	<b>PIN Number</b>	16-18-202-004
Significance	No N	Merit				
Current Owner	Mad	ison S	treet LP		4	
Current Use	Fole	y-Rice	e Cadillac (	Collision Center		Ballis and
Front Orienta	tion	N	Num	ber of Stories	1	
Style/Detailing	5		Commerce	ial		
Wall Material	(\$)		Brick			
Storefront Other Window	vs		Aluminun	1		
Visible Roof N		ials				
Overall Cond		1415	Fair			
Notable Featu			i un			
Historic Inf	- rm a	tion				
Date or Appro				1928	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect			Harley, Jr.	1720	auto service sta	
Contractor			inberger			
Original Own			÷		Additions/Alter	ations
			-			e completely replaced with new
Field Notes		$\checkmark$	Part of "M	otor Row" Them	e materials.	
					History Notes	



6	[41 –	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-18-202-003
Significance	Structure of	of Merit		2	
Current Owner					
Current Use	Office				THE P
Front Orienta	ntion N	Num	ber of Stories 2	1	
Style/Detailin	g	Commerce	ial		
Wall Materia	l(s)	Brick			
		Limestone	2		
		Wood Sid	ing		JOY X
Storefront		Infilled		]	
Other Windo	ws	Wood Do	uble Hung		
Visible Roof N	Materials			In the second second	TT-
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition	Fair			
Notable Featu	ires			manager of	FIT Chief
Tile flooring	at entrance				
Historic Inf	ormation				
Date or Appr	ox. Decade		1926	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect					
Contractor		an Compar	ny		
Original Own	er L. Toth			Additions/Alter	
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	and smaller with	ont filled in with wood siding ndows. Two second floor in with glass block.
				History Notes	



6	44 –	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-419-022	
Significance	Significar	t (National	Register potential)	4	100	
Current Owner	Madison S	Street LP				
Current Use	Foley-Ric	e Cadillac			MAN NO.	
Front Orienta	tion S	Num	aber of Stories 2			
Style/Detailing		Tudor Rev	vival			
Wall Materia	l(s)	Brick				
		Terra Cot	ta			
Storefront		Aluminun	n			
Other Windo	ws	Steel Awr	ning		NA.	
Visible Roof Materials			0	- 1	Harry I	
<b>Overall Condition</b>		Good		m m		
Notable Featu	ires					
Ornamental t Leaded glass			figures eastern portion			
Historic Inf	ormation			_		
Date or Appr	ox. Decade		1923	Original or Price	or Uses	
Architect	E.E. & Elmer Roberts			Hill Motor Sales Co. (Packard) Meetinghouse Display Co. [1980s]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Contractor	Harper & Butendorff				Display Co. [1980s]	
Original Own	ner Hill Motor Sales Co. Part of "Motor Row" Theme			Additions/Alter		
Field Notes				Original metal canopy over main entrance removed.		
				History Notes	lav Diag Cadillas in 1001	
					ley-Rice Cadillac in 1991.	

Historic view showing 1990 appearance, from "Wednesday Journal" Historic view showing entrance canopy and film star Anita Stewart, from "Oak Leaves," 4/27/1929.



644 –

Madison Street

PIN Number

16-07-419-022







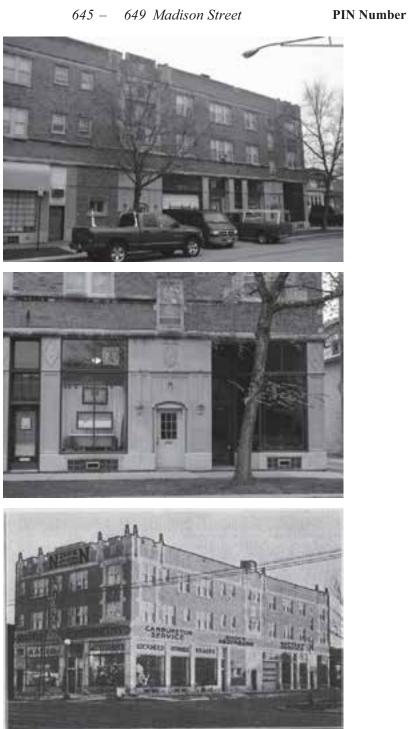






6	645 – 649 Madison Street			PIN Number	16-18-202-001
Significance	Significant				
Current Owner	Priscilla Mante				- X4-14
Current Use	Allstate insurance; Century 21 realty; Historic Homes Realty				
Front Orienta	ront Orientation N Number of Stories 3				an and the second
Style/Detailin	g	Tudor Rev	val	一般 一個 時	
Wall Materia	l(s)	Brick			
		Limestone			
		Terra Cotta	l		
Storefront		Aluminum	Steel		
Other Windo	ws	Wood Dou	ble Hung	Sill more above the	and and a second
Visible Roof <b>N</b>	Aaterials			SM1 STORE	E Ballon
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition	Fair			- Line
Notable Featu	ires				are la pire a
Tile entrance Original store	efronts alon	ng Wesley Av	/enue		
Historic Inf	ormation				
Date or Appr	ox. Decade		1926	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect	Henry J	. Appelbach		Nilsen Auto Electric S	ervice Company [1920s]
Contractor	George W. Bond				
Original Own	Owner George W. Bond			Additions/Alterations	
Field Notes <b>V</b> Part of "Motor Row" Theme					
Field Notes		502 through	508 Wesley	History Notes	
Other address	ses include	e o z un o ugu		<b>HISLOLY NOLES</b>	
Field Notes Other address Avenue.	ses include			-	ak Leaves," [1/22/1927]





16-18-202-001



Original address was 702 Madison

#### OAK PARK MADISON STREET CORRIDOR SURVEY

7	00 -	Madison ,	Street	PIN Number	16-07-418-018
Significance	Structure of Merit				
Current Owner	Graymorre Leasing				100
Current Use	Car-X Auto Service				
Front Orienta	tion S	Nun	iber of Stories 1	The State	
Style/Detailing	g	Commerc	ial		and a second
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			the second data in the second da
		Limeston	e		
		Wood Sic	ling	The state of	- W-H -
Storefront		Aluminur	n	and the	W
Other Window	VS			- Wa	Alt and a
Visible Roof N	<b>Iaterials</b>			- Contraction	- Vir augusta - A
Overall Condi	tion	Fair			TANK CALL BURNELL
Notable Features					Constant and the
				Manual Street Street on	A REAL PROPERTY AND
					and the second se
Historic Info			[		
Date or Appro	-		1922	Original or Prio	
Architect	E.E. Roberts		Oak Park Buick	x Sales	
Contractor	Harper & Butendorff				
Original Own	er F. A. Hil	1		Additions/Alter	
					ally consisted of two identical
Field Notes Part of "Motor Row" Theme			otor Row" Theme		rtions; the western half has been eastern half survives.
Onicia al addu	702	M. 1.			

**History Notes** 

Company in 1926.

Opened as Buick dealership about 1923; reopened as independent Oak Park Buick Sales

Historic view: 1934, from "Oak Leaves"



700 – Madison Street PIN Number

16-07-418-018



7	11 –	Madison .	Street	PIN Number	16-18-201-032
Significance	Structure of Merit				
Current Owner	Madison Street LP			And	
Current Use	Foley-Rice Cadillac				A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Front Orientation N			nber of Stories 1	通過して	
Style/Detailin	g	Art Mode	erne		
Wall Material(s)		Brick			
		Limestone		]	
		Marble		]	
Storefront		Aluminum		]	~
Other Windows				1	1
Visible Roof Materials				and the second	and the second
<b>Overall Condition</b>		Fair			ALL PROPERTY
Notable Featu	ires				
Lighted marg entrance	uee; vertica	l sign wall	above main		
Historic Information					
Date or Appr	ox. Decade		1948	Original or Price	or Uses

Date or Approx.	. Decade	1948	Original or Prior Uses		
Architect			car dealership		
Contractor	Matero, Lindsay, &	z Swanson	]		
Original Owner Nodell Motors			Additions/Alterations		
			New addition under construction, see elevation		
Field Notes	✓ Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	drawing by Errol Jay Kirsch Architects, Oak Park, 2006.		
Changes to original storefront and con addition now in progress.		onstruction of	History Notes		







72.	5 – 727	Madison S	treet		PIN Number	16-18-200-005
Significance S	Structure o	f Merit			A TANKER AND	el de
Current S Owner	Spike's, Ind	2.				
Current Use Spike's Dog Daycare						
Front Orientati	on N	Num	ber of Stories	2	A GAR	
Style/Detailing		Commerci	al			
Wall Material(s	5)	Brick				
		Limestone				
					]	
Storefront		Aluminum	l		]	
Other Windows	5	Vinyl Dou	ble Hung		]	
Visible Roof Ma	aterials				]	
<b>Overall Conditi</b>	on	Good			]	
Notable Feature	es					
Historic Info	motion					
		[	1927		Original or Prior Uses	
Date or Approx Architect	[	ahlrigg	1927			
Contractor	Roy Hote Robert D					
Original Owner					Additions/Alterations	
Original Owner	Olio Eck				Additions/Arter ations	
Field Notes		Part of "Mo	otor Row" The	me		
					History Notes	



74	741 – 745 Madison Street					16-18-200-002
Significance	Struc	ture c	of Merit		251	- Aller
Current Owner	Rose	Beck	er			AL AL
Current Use	Home	e Scoj	pe			
Front Orienta	tion	N	Num	ber of Stories 1		I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
Style/Detailing	5					
Wall Material	(s)		Terra Cott	a		
			EIFS			
					and the second s	
Storefront			Infilled		The Party of Lot	10 ×10
Other Windov	vs					
Visible Roof M	Iateria	als				XX
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion		Good			8 3
Notable Featu	res				and the second	
Nicely detaile	d and	well	preserved to	erra cotta		
Historic Info	ormat	ion				
Date or Appro	x. Dec	ade		1928	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect	Wo	lf				
Contractor	Joh	n H.	Steinberger			
Original Own	er Pau	l Rau	ısch		Additions/Alter	
Field Notes	Field Notes			otor Row" Theme		torefront infill detracts from ctural character.
					<b>History Notes</b>	

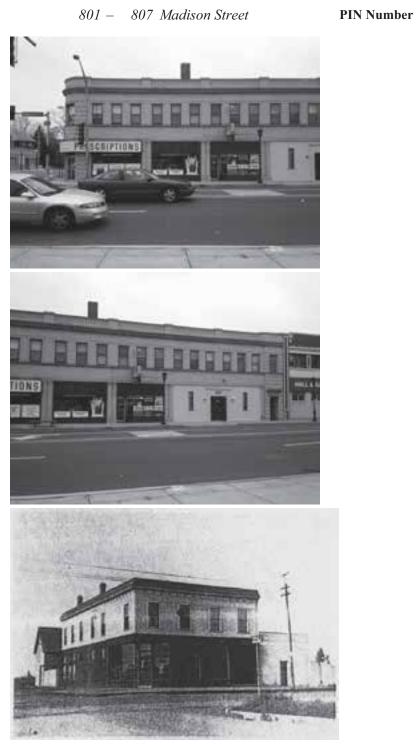


	747 —	Madison .	Street	PIN Number	16-18-200-001
Significance	No Mer	it		大能力	the second second
Current Owner				- Al	al
Current Use	Retail				Contraction of the Contraction
Front Orien	tation N	Nun	iber of Stories	1	and a second by a second second second
Style/Detaili	ng				$\sim$
Wall Materi	al(s)	EIFS			
Storefront		None/Not	Applicable		
Other Wind	ows	Aluminur	n Fixed		
Visible Roof	Materials				-Idai
<b>Overall</b> Con	dition	Fair			
Notable Fea	tures				IL PROVIDE UN
					4
Historic In					
Date or App	rox. Deca	le	1993	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect					
Contractor					
Original Ow	ner			Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes		□ Part of "M	otor Row" Then	ne	
				<b>History Notes</b>	
				Replaced a two by fire 23 Dece	-story 1914 building destroyed mber 1992.



	01 - 807	Madison S	74		
		manison	Street	PIN Number	16-18-108-003
Significance	Significant	t			
Current Owner	Ralph O. C	Campbell &	Kehoe		~
Current Use	Retail/apar	rtments		Amandala	E B THINKING
Front Orienta	ntion NE	Num	ber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailin	g	Beaux Art	S		
Wall Materia	l(s)	Brick			
		Limestone	;		
					a
Storefront		Aluminun	1	1	4
Other Windo	ws	Wood Do	uble Hung		
Visible Roof I	Materials				
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition	Fair			R. G. H. D. H.
Notable Featu	ires			PRINCEIPH	
Decorative by piers at store			iling at parapet, ces.		
Historic Inf	ormation				
Date or Appr	ox. Decade		1922	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect	Weller &	k Rippel			
Contractor	E. E. Wa	aful			
Original Own	er E. & D.	Collins		Additions/Alterations	
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
			n 509 Oak Park		
Avenue.		C		History Notes	din a''
801: Sear's Pl 805: Western	•	v Dav I oar		known as "Collins Buil Previously site of "The	Centre," 1890s [Historic
807: offices		y Day Loai	1		Society of Oak Park and
505 Oak Park				River Forest]	
507 Oak Park		-	<b>e</b>		
509 Oak Park	Ave: Edwa	ard Jones Ir	ivestment		





16-18-108-003



80	)9 –	Madison .	Street	PIN Number	16-18-108-002
Significance	Structure of	of Merit			
Current Owner	Hall & So	n Printing (	Со.		* <b>8</b> * *
Current Use	Current Use Hall & Son Printing Co.				SON PRINTING COMPANY
Front Orienta	tion N	Nun	nber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailing		Commerc	ial	<b>注意</b>	50 0
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			
		Terra Cot	ta		
				]	
Storefront		Infilled		]	
Other Window	VS	Wood Ca	sement		
Visible Roof M	laterials				
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion	Fair			
Notable Feature	res			and in such	the state of the second
	Some original wood windows at second floor Decorative terra cotta detailing				
Historic Info	ormation				
Date or Appro	x. Decade		1925	Original or Prio	1
Architect	Arthur N	И. Hedd		Vrooman Carpe	et Co. [1946]
Contractor	Charles	Howard			
Original Owne	er John H.	Steinberge	r	Additions/Alter	
				One story addit	ion, 1926.
Field Notes			otor Row" Theme	1	
Some terra co designed patte		s may be fi	rom Louis Sullivan	History Notes	



8	11 –		Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-18-108-028
Significance	No I	Merit			10	
Current Owner	John Barclay III					
Current Use	Hall	& Soi	n Printing C	Company annex		
Front Orienta	tion	Ν	Num	ber of Stories 1	1	10 0 0
Style/Detailing	3		Commerci	al		
Wall Material	(s)		Brick			
			Limestone	;		
			Stucco			
Storefront			None/Not	Applicable		
Other Window	VS		Aluminun	n Awning		
Visible Roof N	later	ials				
Overall Condi	ition		Fair			
Historic Info	orma	tion			_	
Date or Appro	ox. De	ecade		1980s	Original or Pric	or Uses
Architect						
Contractor						
Original Own	er				Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
					History Notes	



	820 -		Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-327-010
Significance	No I	Merit				
Current Owner	Med	liaOne	;		-	-
Current Use	Current Use Comcast					- 110 mm
Front Orient	Front Orientation S		Num	ber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailin	ıg		Modernist			
Wall Materia	ul(s)		Stucco			
Storefront			None/Not	Applicable		and the second
Other Windo	ws		Aluminun	n Fixed		
Visible Roof	Mater	ials			and and	CERTIFICATION OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE
Overall Cond	lition		Good			
Notable Feat	ures					音音 留雪拉花。这
Historic Int	forma	tion				
Date or App				1927	Original or Prio	or Uses
Architect			Lahn, Inc.			e car dealership
Contractor						
Original Own	ner A1	gonau	it Realty Co	orp.	Additions/Alter	ations
		0	·	-	All facades con	npletely replaced.
Field Notes		$\checkmark$	Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	•	
Although drastically remodelled, this is the 1927 building. With restoration, could be reconsidered for					History Notes	
landmark sta	tus.				Historic view fi	rom "Oak Leaves," 1/14/1928



8	38 –	Madison Street	PIN Number	16-07-326-021
Significance	Structure of	of Merit		
Current Owner	Laura and	Peter Nowicki		FF RIER.
Current Use	Vacant		( FILL	T-III
Front Orienta	tion S	Number of Stories 3		and the second second
Style/Detailing	g	Industrial		Inter N N S
Wall Material	l(s)	Brick		and the second second
		Limestone	1	No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other
				And the second se
Storefront		None/Not Applicable		
Other Window	ws	Steel Pivot		
Visible Roof N	Aaterials		1	Station of the second
<b>Overall Condi</b>	ition	Fair		
Notable Featu	ires			Sector 1 1 1
Historic Inf				

Historic Infor	mation			
Date or Approx	. Decade	1925	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect	chitect		Marsh Auto Repair [1925 to at least 1940s]	
Contractor	John H. Steinberger	ſ		
Original Owner	J.M. Marsh		Additions/Alterations	
	ield Notes  Part of "Motor Row" Theme		Addition, 1944. Addition and renovation,	
Field Notes			2006, Raino Ogden Architects, Chicago.	
	progress. Photograph r 2005 to January 20		History Notes	
	front facade - new t		Historic view: 1944, from "Oak Leaves," appearance immediately after completion of addition.	



838 -

Madison Street

**PIN Number** 

16-07-326-021











84	44 —	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-326-020
Significance	Structu	re of Merit		1	
Current Owner	Thoma	s Arnold			
Current Use	Alltype	es Fireplace &	Chimney Co.	//	O LITYPES Bregins & sharey as.
Front Orienta	tion S	S Num	ber of Stories 1		
Style/Detailing	Ş	Commerci	al	1.14	
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			
		Limestone	}		
		Terra Cott	a		
Storefront		Steel		FOOD D	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
Other Window	vs			0.3.4	D.LEONAIIDI 044
Visible Roof M	Iaterial	S			
Overall Condi	tion	Fair			
Notable Featur	res				
					The second s
Historic Info		F	1000		<b>X</b> T
Date or Appro	x. Deca	de	1923	Original or Prio	
Architect	<b>F</b> 1				003[1740]
Contractor		Meyer			
Original Owne	er Sam	Isaacs		Additions/Alteration, 1950	
Field Notes		Part of "Me	otor Row" Theme		
				History Notes	
				Historic view:	1940, from "Oak Leaves"



8	45 - 84	7 Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-18-106-012
Significance	Structure	of Merit			
Current Owner	Town &	Country		]	and the
Current Use		Country Aut ginnings Day			
Front Orienta	ront Orientation N		ber of Stories 1		Prop. Bernatalung Lin
Style/Detailing	ç	Commerce	ial		
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			-6
		Limestone			
Storefront		Steel		A [	
Other Window	VS				the second second
Visible Roof N	laterials				Electron 1
Overall Condi	tion	Good			TOWNER COUNTRY
Notable Featu	res				
				-	
Historic Info	ormatior	1			
Date or Appro			1922	Original or Prior U	
Architect		n F. Kramer		Franklin Motor Co Auburn Oak Park	Co., Motor Sales [1934]
Contractor		Rhode Const	truction		
Original Own	er Charle	s Renfer		Additions/Alteratio	ons
Field Notes		Dort of "M	otor Row" Theme		
Field Notes			otor Row Theme		
				History Notes	
				11	



84	46 –	Madison S	Itreet	PIN Number	16-07-326-019
Significance	Structure of	of Merit			1
Current Owner	Leona's Piz	zzeria		-	
Current Use	Leona's Piz	zzeria (easte	ern part)		
Front Orienta	tion S	Num	ber of Stories 1	11 11	
Style/Detailing		Commerci	al		
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			
		Limestone			
Storefront		Infilled			
Other Window	'S	Aluminum	n Fixed		
Visible Roof M	aterials				
Overall Condi	tion	Fair			
Notable Featur	res				
Historic Info	rmation				
Date or Appro			1930	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect	George I	Pearson		0	
Contractor	John Du				
Original Owne				Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes		Part of "Mo	otor Row" Theme		
One original (	Cast Iron St	orefront Po	st remains	History Notes	



8	48 –		Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-326-018
Significance	Struct	ure o	f Merit			1
Current Owner	Leona	's Piz	zzeria			1
Current Use	Current Use Leona's Piz		izzeria (middle part)			
Front Orienta	tion	S	Num	ber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailing	g		Commerci	al		
Wall Material	(s)		Brick			
			Limestone	:	of the local division of the local divisiono	
					]	
Storefront			Infilled			
Other Window	vs		Wood Fix	ed		
Visible Roof N	Iateria	ls				
<b>Overall Cond</b>	tion		Fair			
Notable Featu	res				_	
Historic Infe	ormati	ion				
Date or Appro				1922	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect			earson	1)22	_	[1925 directory]
Contractor		-	daszte		]	
Original Own					Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes		]	Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
One original	cast iro	n sto	refront pos	t remains.	History Notes	



8.	50 -		Madison S	treet	PIN Number	16-07-326-017
Significance	Struc	cture o	f Merit			
Current Owner	Leon	a's Piz	zzeria			
Current Use	Leon	a's Piz	zzeria (west	ern part)		
Front Orienta	tion	S	Num	ber of Stories 2	1	
Style/Detailing	3		Commercia	al		i la
Wall Material	(s)		Brick			
			Limestone			
Storefront			Wood			
Other Window	VS		Wood Fixe	ed		
Visible Roof M	lateri	als				
Overall Condi	tion		Fair			
Notable Featu	res					
Historic Info	orma	tion				
Date or Appro				1928	Original or Pri	or Uses
Architect			terent & Jol			
Contractor		ed Zen				
Original Own	er Fre	ed Zen	ner		Additions/Alter	cations
0					Brick below 21	nd floor sill is painted
Field Notes			Part of "Mo	otor Row" Theme		
					History Notes	



8	52 - 854	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-326-016
Significance	Significant	t			
Current Owner	Diana I. A	lder			
Current Use	K&M Dra	peries & Bl	inds		
Front Orienta	tion S	Num	ber of Stories 3	- Soustain	
Style/Detailing	g	Commerce	ial		
Wall Material	l(s)	Brick			0-0-5
		Limestone	2		
		Marble			
Storefront		Steel		files	
Other Window	ws	Vinyl Dou	ıble Hung	Star.	· IT STATE
Visible Roof N	<b>Aaterials</b>			1 1 2 2	1 11111
Overall Cond	ition	Fair		RENE CE F	E HAINTING
Notable Featu	res			her have at a	The street of the second street of
Original store Wood cornice					
Historic Info	ormation				
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1909	Original or Prio	
Architect				grocer [1915 din	rectory] t [1925 directory]
Contractor	Nelson &	& Lewin			
Original Own	er J. E. Bar	rett		Additions/Altera	ntions
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	_	
This property and limestone Kenilworth A	e apartment	building at		History Notes	



**PIN Number** 

16-07-326-016

<text>



8.	55 —	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-18-106-020
Significance	No Merit				
Current Owner	Daniel Def	falco			
Current Use	Nephrolog	y Associate	es		A STATE OF
Front Orienta	tion N	Num	ber of Stories 2		Reduced and the
Style/Detailing	5	Modernist		and the other Designation of the local division of the local divis	
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			the second second
		Limestone	2		and the second se
		Aluminun	n Siding		
Storefront		Aluminun	1	New york	
Other Window	VS	Aluminun	n Fixed	Beller	
Visible Roof N	<b>Iaterials</b>			ALC: NOT	ALL
Overall Condi	tion	Good			SEL SEL
Notable Featu	res			Same 1 - A	ALC: NOT THE REAL PROPERTY OF
Historic Info	rmation				
Date or Appro			1966	Original or Prior Us	Ses .
Architect	Joseph P	fendt	1700	offices for Boy Sco	
Contractor		Benson Inc.			
Original Own	er Boy Sco	uts of Ame	rica	Additions/Alteration	ns
				Limestone panels on facade originally include	
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	Boy Scout insignia	- now removed.
				History Notes	



9(	00 - 912	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-325-020
Significance	Significant				
-	Fred Dahm			1	~1
Current Use	Retail/apar	tments			
Front Orienta	tion SE	Num	ber of Stories 3	in the second	STATIST AND THE
Style/Detailing		Neo-Class	ical Revival	A REAL PROPERTY AND INCOME.	CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION
Wall Material	<b>(s)</b>	Brick			
		Limestone	•		
				NACE STATE	
Storefront		Aluminun	1	A THE	
Other Window	/S	Wood Do	uble Hung		
Visible Roof M	laterials			2 TO 1/2	IN A ANT IN THE AVENUE
Overall Condi	tion	Good		1), 17 - U 11	The Provention of the Provention
Notable Featur	res				a and a second second
Entrance surro Madison; Pediment at pa		-			
Historic Info	rmation				
Date or Appro	x. Decade		1926	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect	B. Leo S	teif Co.			
Contractor	M.W. Pi	llinger			
Original Owne	er Dr. Harv	vood		Additions/Altera	itions
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
Other address Avenue		-	7 Kenilworth	History Notes	
900: Advance 902: Valeria's		it			
904: Body Pro		Training			
906: Avon					
910: Askia Af 912: Shoe Rep		Braiding			
912-1/2: Bob's					



900 – 912 Madison Street

PIN Number

16-07-325-020









50	7 —	Kenilwort	h Avenue	PIN Number	16-18-105-013		
Significance	Structur	e of Merit					
Current Owner				ER	United and		
Current Use 1	residenc	e					
Front Orientati	on E	Num	ber of Stories 2	Sec. Ad	HEEL RANGE		
Style/Detailing		Crafstmar	Arts and Crafts	T #21.0			
Wall Material(	5)	Stucco					
Storefront		None/Not	Applicable	]			
Other Windows	5	Wood Do	uble Hung	]			
Visible Roof M	aterials	Asphalt sł	ningle	]			
<b>Overall Condit</b>	ion	Good					
Notable Featur	es						
Historic Info							
Date or Approx	. Decad	le	1900s	Original or Price	or Uses		
Architect				Residential			
Contractor							
Original Owner	r			Additions/Alter	ations		
Field Notes		<b>Part of "M</b>	otor Row" Theme				
				History Notes			



	500 -		Clinton Av	enue	PIN Number	16-18-105-001
Significance	No N	Merit				
Current Owner						
Current Use	apar	tments				ALL ALL DE CONTRACTOR OF
Front Orien	tation	Ν	Num	ber of Stories 3		A DECEMBER OF THE OWNER.
Style/Detaili	ng		Modernist		See tomat	
Wall Materi	al(s)		Brick			
			Stone			
					3224	172
Storefront					193	
Other Wind	ows		Aluminum	Double Hung		- Line 1
Visible Roof	Mater	ials			die la	
Overall Con	dition		Fair		ALC: NO.	
Notable Feat	tures					ARE DO NOT
Wood frame Interesting c				t main entrance.		
Historic In	forma	tion				
Date or App	rox. De	ecade		1960s	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect						
Contractor						
Original Ow	ner				Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes			Part of "Mo	tor Row" Theme		
Faces north address.	to Mac				History Notes	
auur 555.						



5	0.4				16 10 105 000
	04 –	Clinton A	venue	PIN Number	16-18-105-002
Significance	Structure	of Merit			
Current Owner				I LI	
Current Use	Residence	2			ANTEN I
Front Orienta	tion W	Num	ber of Stories 2		A REPAY IN AND
Style/Detailing	8	Crafstmar	Arts and Crafts		States and States
Wall Material	(s)	Stucco			
Storefront		None/Not	Applicable		
Other Window	VS	с	uble Hung	BA	AS THE AS A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACTACT OF A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACTACT OF A CONTRACTACT OF A CONTRACT
Visible Roof N	<b>Iaterials</b>	Asphalt sl		- bang	STREAM N
Overall Condi	tion	Good		154	The second state
Notable Featu	res			A LANS	NEAR AND THE ACTO
				2	Charles added
Historic Info	ormation				
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1900s	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect				Residential	
Contractor					
Original Own	er			Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
				History Notes	



9	32 - 942	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-324-024	
Significance	No Merit			ALE		
Current Owner	Charles Ro	obinson		200	1.94	
Current Use	Current Use Retail				welling and Brendling	
Front Orienta	tion SE	Num	ber of Stories 1		and the second second	
Style/Detailing	g	Commerce	ial			
Wall Materia	l(s)	Wood Sid	ing			
Storefront		Infilled			a lite	
Other Window	ws	Aluminun	Fixed		21/2	
Visible Roof M				-	at lotte	
Overall Cond		Fair		Star 1 1 more	E	
Notable Featu				INCOMPANY AND		
Historic Inf	ormation					
Date or Appr	ox. Decade		1911	Original or Prior Uses	1	
Architect				laundry / tailor / dry goods [1915 directory] auto repair / gifts [1925 directory]		
Contractor	L. A. La	ughlin		auto repair / gitts [1925 directory]		
Original Own	er George	Meddendor	f	Additions/Alterations	1 41 1	
Field Notes					covered with wood storefronts enclosed. ays barely perceptible.	
932: Ramel's Oriental Store 934: Dr. Elsa M. Merin Family Practice 940: Robinson's Ribs Restaurant 944: Dora's Hair Braiding				History Notes		



#### 932 – 942 Madison Street

PIN Number

16-07-324-024











9	970 -		Madison Street	PIN Number	16-07-324-032
Significance	No N	Aerit			
Current Owner	Oak	Park	School District	the states	
Current Use			Elementary Schools ative Offices		And And And And And
Front Orienta	ntion	W	Number of Stories 2		
Style/Detailin	g			S	
Wall Materia	l(s)		Concrete Block/Cast Stone		
			Brick		
			EIFS	A BEEN	Fe.
Storefront			Infilled	WAR .	<u></u>
Other Window	WS		Aluminum Double Hung		3
Visible Roof N	Materi	ials		ALL ALL	The state of the s
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition		Fair		Contraction of the local division of the loc
Notable Features					
				er" Alere	

Historic Infor	mation			
Date or Approx. Decade		1945	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect	Casriel Halperin			
Contractor	Halperin Brothers		]	
Original Owner	Henry Marcus		Additions/Alterations	
Field Notes	□ Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	Greatly remodelled for office space; two story portion along Home Avenue retains 1945 character.	
			History Notes	



	1000	_	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-323-038
Significanc	e Sig	gnificant			]	10
Current Owner	А.	A. A. Fraioli				
Current Us	se Fra	ame Hou	ise		E	L. H. M. M. W.
Front Orientation S		Num	ber of Stories 2			
Style/Detai	ling		Commerci	ial		
Wall Mate	rial(s)		Brick		The second s	
			Limestone			
					]	1 Aug. 17.
Storefront			Steel			
Other Win	dows		Wood Dou	uble Hung	() Harding and the local division of the	
Visible Ro	of Mate	erials			State State	The second second second
Overall Co	ndition	1	Fair		Ad 1999 (2011)	
Notable Fe	atures				anan ann	Plant acces
Decorative Divided lig			ails ond floor w	indows		
Historic I	nform	nation				
Date or Ap	prox. l	Decade	[	1922	Original or Prio	or Uses
Architect	J	ames Bu	urns		electrician / Great A&P Tea Co. (groceries)	
Contractor	· J	ohn Kin	nare		[1925 directory	ſ]
Original O	wner ]	E. C. Kei	nny		Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes	6		Part of "Me	otor Row" Theme		
West half is one story						
					History Notes	



10	01 1005	Madigon	Stugat	PIN Number	16-18-103-007
	001 – 1005 Madison Street				10-18-103-007
Significance	Significant			and and	
Current Owner	John D. Regan			West.	
Current Use	Regan Elec Black Belt		nc. e martial arts	The second	STEP 1
Front Orienta	tion NE	Nun	iber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailing	5	Commerc	ial		
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			X-D-D
		Limeston	9		
				987	
Storefront		Steel			
Other Window	vs	Wood Double Hung		the Will and	10 E - 58 5 C
Visible Roof N	laterials				
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion	Fair			
Notable Featu	res				
Curved corner at intersection Original storefronts					
Historic Info	ormation				
Date or Approx. Decade 1927				Original or Prior Use	es
Architect				]	
Contractor	Sebek &	Polny		]	
Original Own	er Frank Kr	nowrek		Additions/Alteration	<b>S</b>
Field Notes			otor Row" Theme	1	
Two story por west half alon			ne story portion	History Notes	



1001 – 1005 Madison Street

**PIN Number** 

16-18-103-007





10	006 - 1010	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-323-037
Significance	Structure of	of Merit			and a
Current Owner	Village Pla	ayers Theat	er	10	M
Current Use	Village Pla	ayers Theat	er		Selence.
Front Orienta	ation S	Num	ber of Stories 1		STORE TO AND INCOME.
Style/Detailin	g	Commerce	al	0.0	1000
Wall Materia	l(s)	Brick			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		Limestone			the second se
		EIFS			
Storefront		Steel			
Other Windo	WS			Ĩ.	
Visible Roof	Materials			Marine W.	-
Overall Condition Fair					A CARLES AND
Notable Featu	ires			and the second division of the second divisio	COLUMN STREET
Decorative li	mestone at j	parapet wal	1.		
Historic Inf	ormation				
Date or Appr	ox. Decade		1922	Original or Prior Uses	
Architect	James B	urns		National Tea Co. (groce	eries) [1925 directory]
Contractor	John Kir	nnare			
Original Own	er John Co	tsirilos		Additions/Alterations	
				Small marquee added; all but 2 storefronts	
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	filled in.	
				History Notes	



1006 – 1010 Madison Street

PIN Number

16-07-323-037





100	1007 -		Madison Street		PIN Number	16-18-103-006
Significance	Significant					
Current Owner	Peter J. Zaluba					
Current Use	urrent Use Shredding Store					
Front Orienta	ion	N	Num	ber of Stories 2	1.000	
Style/Detailing			Commercia	al	100000	
Wall Material	(s)		Brick			
			Limestone		-L-fo	8-6 1
Storefront			Steel			3. 3. 1
Other Window	'S		Wood Dou	ble Hung		
Visible Roof M	ateri	ials			1	8 8 H
Overall Condi	tion		Fair			
Notable Featur	res					
Original store: Tile flooring a	t rec	essed				
Historic Info	rma	tion				
Date or Appro	x. De	ecade		1922	Original or Price	
Architect	Harry Stevens		gifts [1925 dire	ectory]		
Contractor		Peters				
Original Owne	r Da	ivid T	ardum		Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes						
					History Notes	





16-18-103-006



1009 – 1011 Madison Street					PIN Number	16-18-103-005
Significance	Structure of Merit					1
Current Owner	Gino Luchetti					States Street,
Current Use	urrent Use Tagit Resale Shop Pointing Inc.					
Front Orienta	tion	N	Num	ber of Stories	2	
Style/Detailin	g		Commercial Brick			
Wall Materia	l(s)					
			Limestone	•		
Storefront			Aluminun	1		
Other Windo	ws		Vinyl Dou	ıble Hung		
Visible Roof N	Materia	als				
Overall Cond	ition		Fair			
Notable Featu	ires					
Historic Inf	ormat	ion				
Date or Appr				1913	Original or Prior Us	Ses.
Architect				1715	deli [1915 and 1925	
Contractor	Bue	ltner	& Butendo	orff		-
Original Own		Bueltner & Butendorff		Additions/Alteration	18	
original o tri	1.1	1. 500	415			
Field Notes			Part of "M	otor Row" The	me	
					History Notes	



104	47 - 1053	Madison S	treet	PIN Number	16-18-102-001
Significance	Significant			die!	
Current Owner					
Current Use	Retail/apar	tments			
Front Orienta	tion N	Num	ber of Stories 3		
Style/Detailing	,	Commerci	al		
Wall Material	<b>(s)</b>	Brick			and the second se
		Terra Cott	a		/
		Wood Sidi	ing		A DECEMBER OF THE OWNER.
Storefront		Aluminum	l		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Other Window	VS	Wood Dou	ıble Hung		Terrer of Alle
Visible Roof M	Iaterials			THE STATE	THE THERE
<b>Overall Condition</b> Fair					THE THE REAL PROPERTY OF
Notable Featu	res				
Very decorative Variety of win		•			
Historic Info	ormation				
Date or Appro	x. Decade		1924	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect	William	Pagels		druggist [1925 d	directory]
Contractor	Van Sick	tle & Helfer	r		
Original Owne	ginal Owner Phil Yavitz				ations
				Corner storefrom	nt remodelled
Field Notes		Part of "Mo	otor Row" Theme		
Other address Avenue; resto			510 Wisconsin	History Notes	
1047: No Stat 1049: Oak Par 1051: apartme 1053: vacant	ic Recordin	ngs d Mirror		Some decorativ	e terra cotta elements may be ivan designed pattern book.



1047 – 1053 Madison Street

**PIN Number** 

16-18-102-001







11	12 -	Madison S	Street	PIN Number	16-07-322-023
Significance	Structure	of Merit		]	
Current Owner	Muneer H	Baig			
Current Use	Mama Tł	nai Restaurar	ıt		
Front Orienta	tion S	Num	aber of Stories 2		
Style/Detailing		Beaux Ar	ts		
Wall Material	( <b>s</b> )	Brick		No.	
		Limestone	e	E lines	
					Very Tori
Storefront		Wood			14 m 4 1 h 4 l
Other Window	VS	Vinyl Dou	ıble Hung		arrest to the
Visible Roof M	laterials				
Overall Condi	tion	Fair		tent and	0
Notable Featur	res				
Decorative un					
Historic Info			Γ	1	
Date or Appro	x. Decade		1920s	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect					
Contractor				]	
Original Owne	er			Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme	]	
				History Notes	]
				11	



111	'4 —	Madison S	treet	PIN Number	16-07-322-022
Significance	No Merit			NESS	
Current Owner	Fred C. Bu	ırghardt			NI/172
Current Use	"It's A Sig	n''			
Front Orientat	tion S	Num	ber of Stories 1		
Style/Detailing		Modernist		a a	
Wall Material(	(\$)	Stone			
Storefront Other Window	∕S	Aluminum	l		
Visible Roof M					
Overall Condi	tion	Good			
Notable Featur	res	<u></u>			
Historic Info	rmation				
Date or Appro	x. Decade	[	1955	Original or Prio	or Uses
Architect	Robert K	Cramer			
Contractor	James R	hode			
Original Owne	er James H	. Rhode		Additions/Alter	ations
Field Notes		Part of "Me	otor Row" Theme		
				History Notes	



11	16 –	Madison Street	PIN Number	16-07-322-021
Significance	Structure	of Merit		
Current Owner	George C	osmos		1
Current Use	New Rebo	ozo Mexican Food		
Front Orienta	tion S	Number of Stories 3		
Style/Detailin	g	Neo-Classical Revival		STRUTTLE 1
Wall Materia	l(s)	Brick	Contraction of the local division of the loc	
		Limestone		
		Wood Siding		
Storefront		Infilled		
Other Window	ws	Aluminum Double Hung	The second second	al literation
Visible Roof N	<b>Aaterials</b>		Color In	
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition		Street Inte	e ate
Notable Featu	ires		A Substantion	
Cornice				
Historic Inf	ormation			
Date or Appr	ox. Decade	1908	Original or Prio	r Uses
Architect				
Contractor	F. O. Jo	hnson		
Original Own	er Joshua	Walls	Additions/Alter	
Field Notes		Part of "Motor Row" Theme	Some portions remain	of original cast iron storefront
			History Notes	



4	38 – 44	0 Maple Av	enue	PIN Number	16-07-322-038
Significance	Significa	nt			-
Current Owner					
Current Use	apartmen	its		RIE	
Front Orienta	tion W	Num	ber of Stories 3		A ALBUN
Style/Detailing	g	Neo-Class	sical Revival	1.1	
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			
		Limestone	e		The second
				195. 4	4 000 000 0000 000
Storefront				Carrent-	All and a second se
Other Window	ws	Vinyl Dou	ıble Hung		E CONTRACTOR
Visible Roof M	<b>Iaterials</b>			BB	
<b>Overall Condi</b>	ition	Fair		HE CEL	Part 1 1
Notable Featu	res			ALL	TOTAL T
Sheet metal c Roman brick	ornice			Ent	
Historic Info	ormation	I			
Date or Appro	ox. Decade	•	1900s	Original or Price	or Uses
Architect				]	
Contractor					
Original Own	er			Additions/Alter	ations
		_			
Field Notes		Part of "M	otor Row" Theme		
				History Notes	



114	41 —	Madison .	Street	PIN Number	16-18-100-014
Significance	No Merit			Million	1
Current Owner	Scheck &	z Siress			HILITING ST
Current Use	Vacant				
Front Orienta	tion N	Nun	iber of Stories 1		- R+0
Style/Detailing	Ş	Modernis	t	Sector Sector	
Wall Material	(s)	Brick			COLUMN STREET,
		Stone			
					CANCERNS:
Storefront		Aluminur	n		
Other Windov	vs	Glass Blo	ck	12	A total
Visible Roof M	laterials			1	
<b>Overall Condi</b>	tion	Fair			
Notable Featu	res				
Mix of mason	ry materi	als			
Historic Info	ormation	l			
Date or Appro	x. Decade		1959	Original or Prior Use	25
Architect					
Contractor	Giase I	Brothers Cor	struction		
Original Own	er Scheck	& Siress		Additions/Alterations	5
Field Notes		<b>Part of "M</b>	otor Row" Theme		
Until recently Demolition pe		& Siress, me	dical supplies.	History Notes	



11	45 —	Madison St	reet	PIN Number	16-18-100-002
Significance	No Merit			1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	the there are
Current Owner	S & S Part	nership			1 Aller
Current Use	Vacant				NPC/
Front Orientation N   Number of Stories 2   Style/Detailing Commercial   Wall Material(s) Brick   Limestone   Storefront Infilled   Other Windows Vinyl Double Hung   Visible Roof Materials   Overall Condition Fair   Notable Features					
Style/Detailing	g	Commercia	1		
Wall Materia	l(s)	Brick			
		Limestone			
					Construction of the local division of the lo
Storefront		Infilled		CHARACTER 1	De stantes
Other Window	ws	Vinyl Doub	ole Hung	i in i i	
Visible Roof M	Aaterials			EU C	
<b>Overall Cond</b>	ition	Fair			A
Notable Featu	res			and the second	
Historic Inf	ormation				
Date or Appro	ox. Decade		1911	Original or Prior	
Architect				druggist [1915 an	d 1925 directories]
Contractor	Charles A	Allen			
Original Own	er S. Wake	field		Additions/Alteration	ions
Field Notes			tor Row" Theme	_	
Until recently supplies.	y, used by So	check & Sire	ess, medical	History Notes	
Demolition p	ending.				



1147	' — Ma	adison S	treet	PIN Number	16-18-100-001
Significance S	tructure of M	lerit		10	
Current A Owner	rado Realty	LLC			
Current Use C	urrency Excl	hange			
Front Orientatio	on NW	Num	ber of Stories 2	and Francisco	The second division in
Style/Detailing	Co	ommercia	al	Tin Tag	
Wall Material(s)	Br	rick			And a Martin
	Li	mestone			
				STREET, STREET	
Storefront	Int	filled		Departure 1 and	-A
Other Windows	Al	uminum	Double Hung		The second second
Visible Roof Ma	terials				E ED Jazz
<b>Overall Condition</b>	on Fa	ir			월 28 [111]
Notable Feature					
Rounded corner	• at Harlem/N	Madison	intersection		
Historic Infor	mation				
Date or Approx.	Decade		1924	Original or Prior	
Architect	M. O. Hethe	erington		fruit [1925 direc	tory]
Contractor	Shogran & J	Johnson			
Original Owner	C. Arado			Additions/Altera	tions
Field Notes		t of UMo	tor Dow!! Thoma		
Field Notes			tor Row Theme		
				History Notes	
Date or Approx. Architect	Decade M. O. Hethe Shogran & J C. Arado	Johnson	1924 tor Row'' Theme	fruit [1925 direc	tory]

# **Key Sites Report**



# Village of Oak Park Madison Street Corridor



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table of Contents	1
Key Sites Report	2
Key Site #1	3
Key Site #1 Locator Map	
Key Site #1 Option A	4
Key Site #1 Option B	5
Estimated Construction Costs Key Site #1, Option A	6
Estimated Construction Costs Key Site #1, Option B	6
Key Site #1 Traffic Analysis	
Key Site #2	
Key Site #2 Locator Map	
Key Site #2 Option A	9
Key Site #2 Option B	
Estimated Construction Costs Key Site #2, Option A	
Estimated Construction Costs Key Site #2, Option B	
Key Site #2 Traffic Analysis	
Key Site #3	
Key Site #3 Locator Map	
Key Site #3 Option A	
Key Site #3 Option B	14
Estimated Construction Costs Key Site #3, Option A	
Estimated Construction Costs Key Site #3, Option B	
Key Site #3 Traffic Analysis	
Appendix A: Retail Market Assessment	
Appendix B: Hotel Market Assessment	28



## **KEY SITES REPORT**

As a part of the Madison Street Corridor Plan process, the consultant team has completed an analysis of three key properties. The analysis consisted of site design alternatives, construction cost assessment, traffic analysis, and general market assessment for retail and hotel.

The Madison Street Plan Project Steering Committee and the Village Board of Trustees agreed to focus the site analysis on three properties currently owned by the Village. The Madison Street Corridor Plan identified these properties as catalytic, and this report is intended to provide site design alternatives and general traffic and market assessment in order to begin the process of developer recruitment and public input. As each of the sites is Village-owned, they would each follow the Village process for public involvement and development review.

The three key sites are identified on the three maps that follow.

- Key Site 1: the northeast corner of Madison Street and Oak Park Avenue
- Key Site 2: the southeast and southwest corners of Madison Street and Highland Avenue, the former funeral home site and adjacent property
- Key Site 3: the property located directly to the north of the Madison Street and Highland Avenue intersection, the former Volvo dealer

The four components of the analysis are:

**Design Alternatives:** Two alternatives have been completed for each of the three key sites. These alternatives were agreed upon by the Madison Street Project Steering Committee and the Village Board of Trustees. The site designs are meant to serve solely as massing models; not all of the alternatives conform to the existing zoning or the zoning recommendations made in the Madison Street Corridor Plan. The intent of the designs is to determine how much development and parking each of these sites can accommodate.

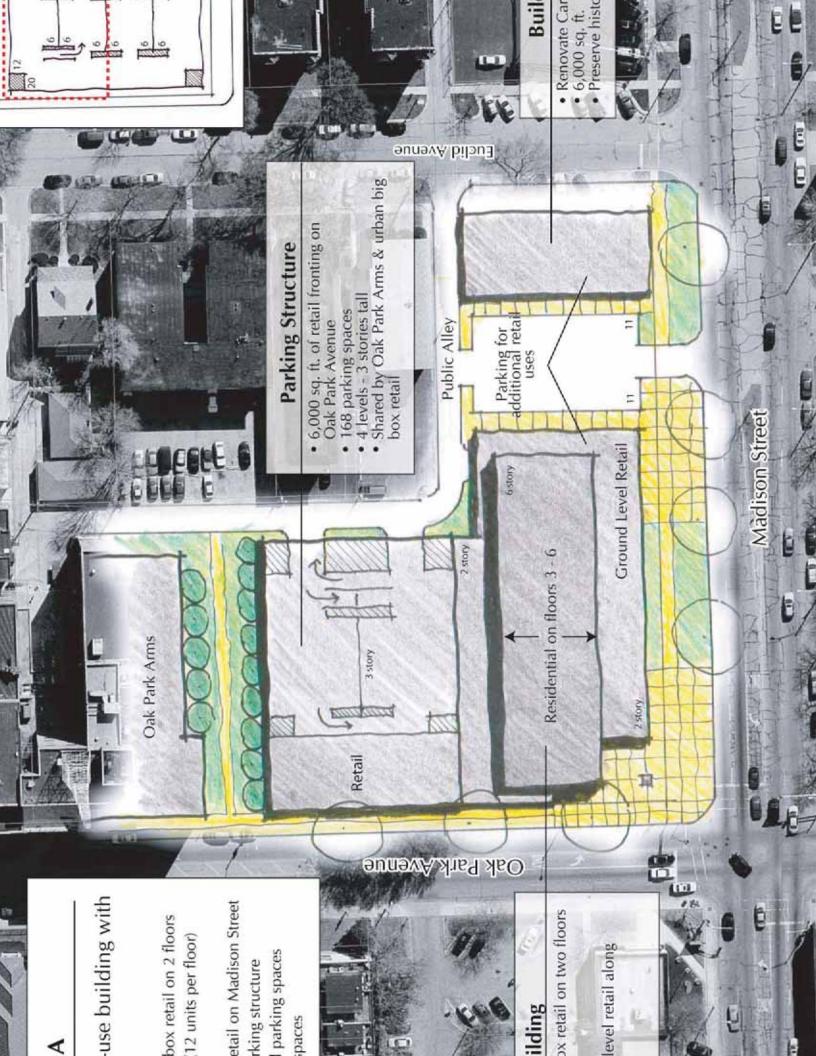
**Construction Cost Assessment:** Projections based on projected construction costs have been completed for each site alternative. The projections are based on market assumptions for the local area, and are not based on a detailed market analysis.

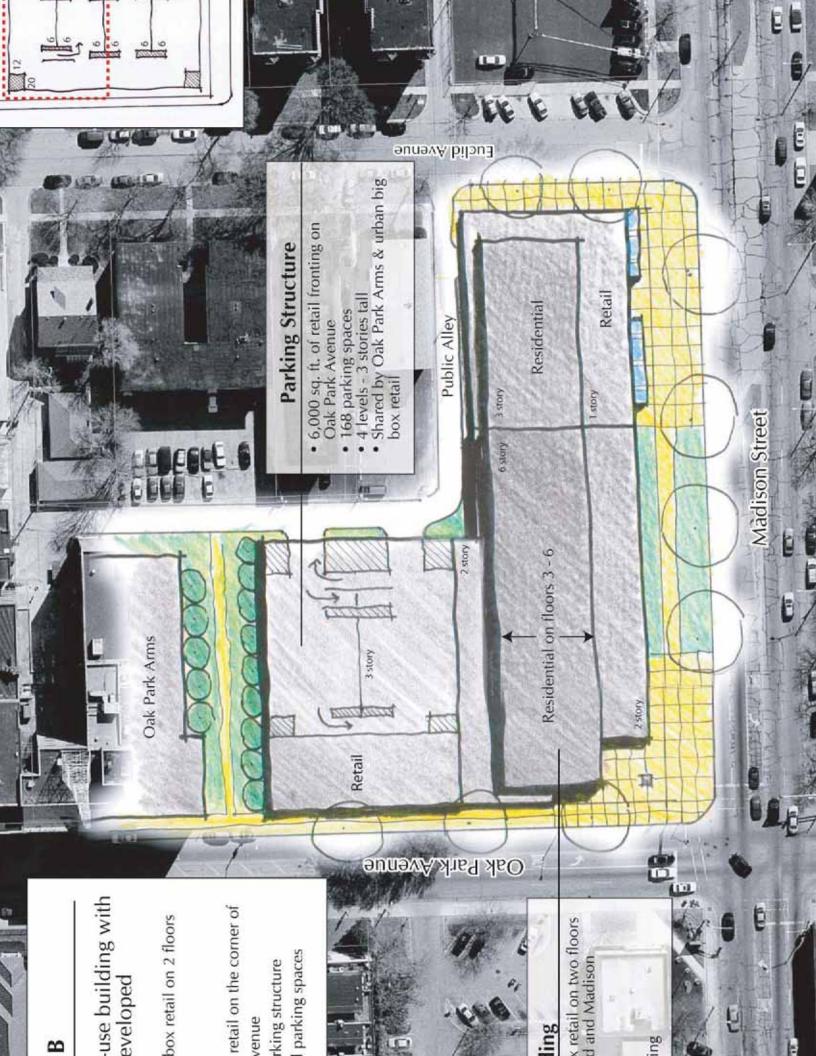
**Traffic Analysis:** The traffic analysis was completed by Kenig, Lindgren, O'Hara, Aboona, Inc. and addresses access and loading for each of the design alternatives.

**Market Assessment:** Goodman Williams Group provided a general market assessment for retail and hotel development. This is included in the appendix of this report.









### Estimated Construction Costs Key Site #1, Option A

Retail	SF	Cost/SF	Cost
Big Box Retail	40,000	\$100	\$4,000,000
Street Retail	6,500	\$125	\$812,500
Total (Retail)			\$4,812,500
Residential	Units	Cost/Unit	Cost
Residential	40	\$250,000	\$10,000,000
Parking	Spaces	Cost/Space	Cost
Structured Parking	168	\$15,000	\$2,520,000
	(0)		
Underground Parking	69	\$22,500	\$1,552,500
Total (Parking)	69	\$22,500	\$1,552,500 \$4,072,500
		\$22,500	
	SF 55	\$22,500	
Total (Parking)	1		\$4,072,500

#### Estimated Construction Costs Key Site #1, Option B

Retail	SF	Cost/SF	Cost
Big Box Retail	40,000	\$100	\$4,000,000
Street retail	14,000	\$125	\$1,750,000
Total <i>(Retail)</i>		1	\$5,750,000
Residential	Units	Cost/Unit	Cost
Residential	58	\$250,000	\$14,500,000
D. 1.	C.	C	<u> </u>
Parking	Spaces	Cost/Space	Cost
Structured Parking	168	\$15,000	\$2,520,000
Underground Parking	88	\$22,500	\$1,980,000
Total (Parking)	<b>I</b>	1	\$4,500,000
Key Site 1, Option B Total			\$24,750,000



#### Key Site #1 Traffic Analysis

#### Access

The site is well located insofar as it can provide access from both Madison Street into a parking area, and from Oak Park Avenue into a parking garage. The access drive on Oak Park Avenue should be as far north as possible (approximately 300 feet) and can provide for all movements in and out. The capacity analysis performed at the Oak Park Ave. intersection indicates that the maximum southbound queue along Madison St. is predicted to be no more than 150 ft. Consequently, it should not interfere with the garage entrance as described above. The drive on Madison Street should be aligned with Euclid Avenue (south leg) and can have full access. Additional access should be allowed to/from the alley.

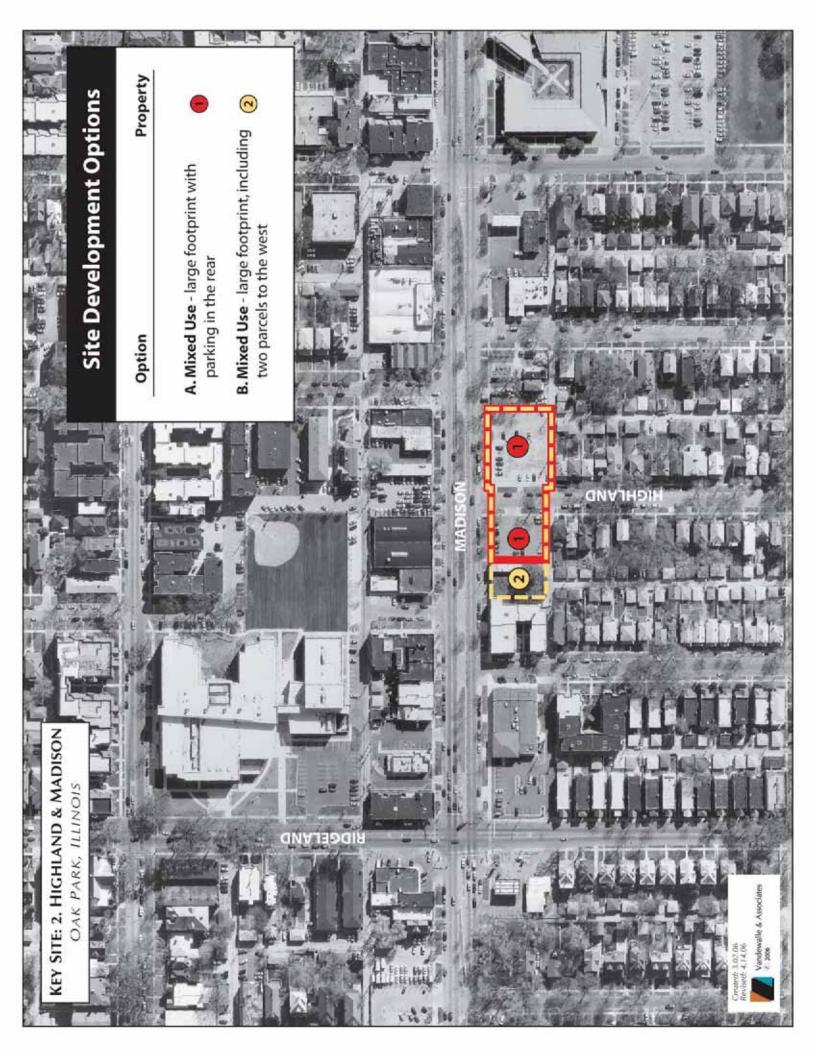
### Loading

Use of the alley is encouraged. The site design should be such that it will accommodate a 20 foot wide alley with sufficient radii for delivery vehicles. Dependent upon the use (i.e., grocery) larger vehicles may not be able to negotiate the alley turns. If so, a loading zone with time sensitive parking restrictions should be created on Madison Street.

#### Street Operations

More than sufficient capacity exists at the Madison Street-Oak Park intersection to accommodate this new traffic. The intersection operates at very acceptable levels of service for all peak hours and can accommodate the traffic from this development with little change in LOS.









#### Estimated Construction Costs Key Site #2, Option A

Retail	SF	Cost/SF	Cost
Commercial	10,000	\$100	\$1,000,000
Residential	Units	Cost/Unit	Cost
Residential	47	\$250,000	\$11,750,000
Parking	Spaces	Cost/Space	Cost
Underground Parking	73	\$22,500	\$1,642,500
Key Site 2, Option A Total			\$14,392,500

### Estimated Construction Costs Key Site #2, Option B

Retail	SF	Со	st/SF	Cost	
Commercial	10,0	000	\$10	00	\$1,000,000
Residential	Units	Со	st/Unit	Cost	
Residential		62	\$250,00	00	\$15,500,000
Parking	Spaces	Со	st/Space	Cost	
Underground Parking		93	\$22,50	)0	\$2,092,500
Key Site 2, Option B Tota	1	1			\$18,592,500

### Key Site #2 Traffic Analysis

### Access

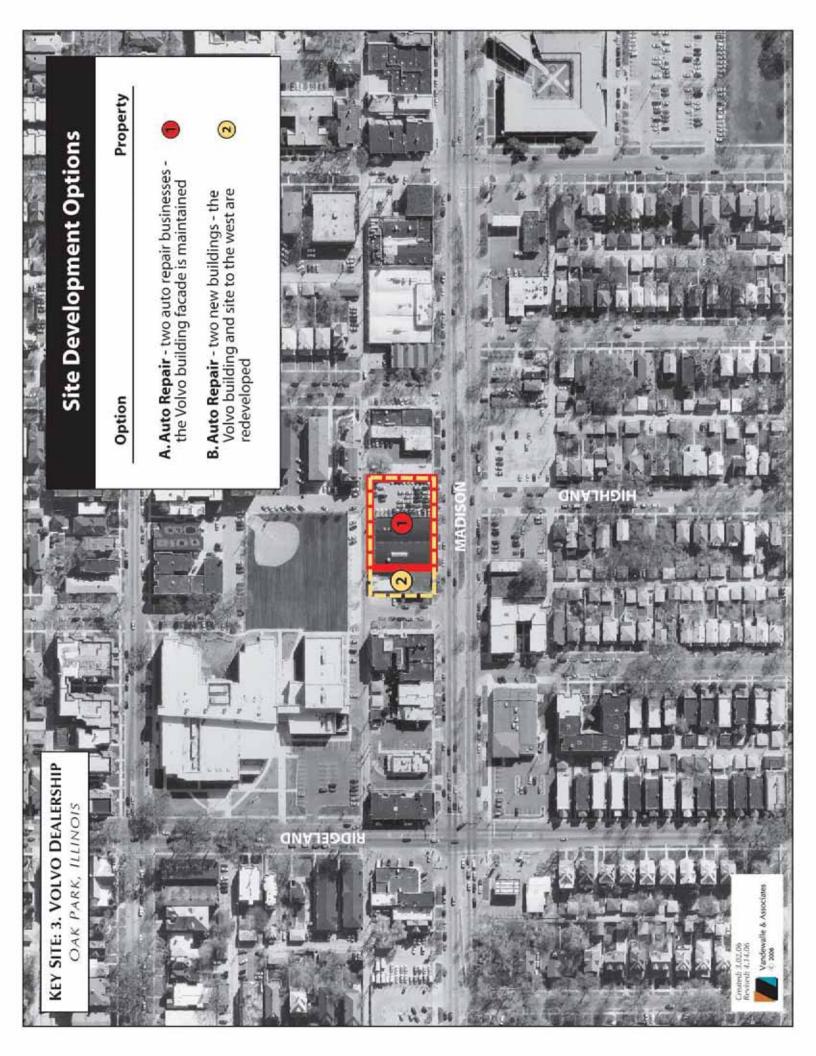
Access should be provided from both Madison Street (aligned with drives on the north side) and to the alley. A diverter should be constructed immediately south of the east-west alley prohibiting exiting movements from the site into the residential neighborhood.

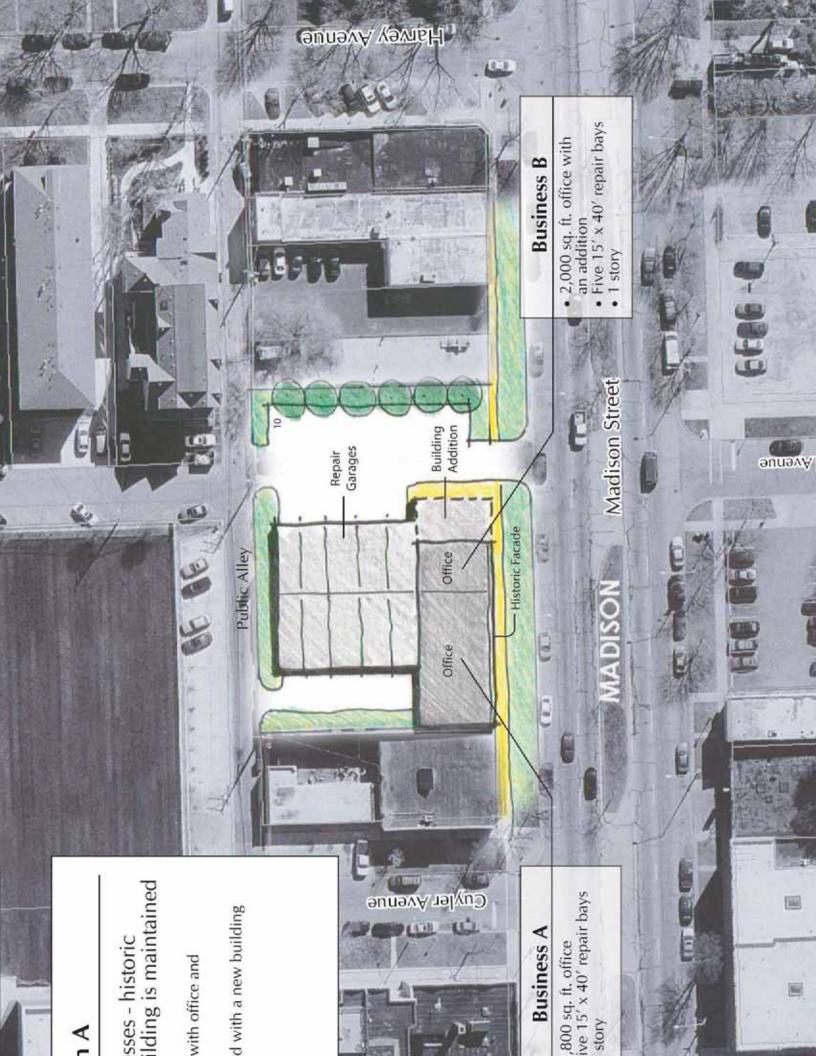
## Alley and Loading

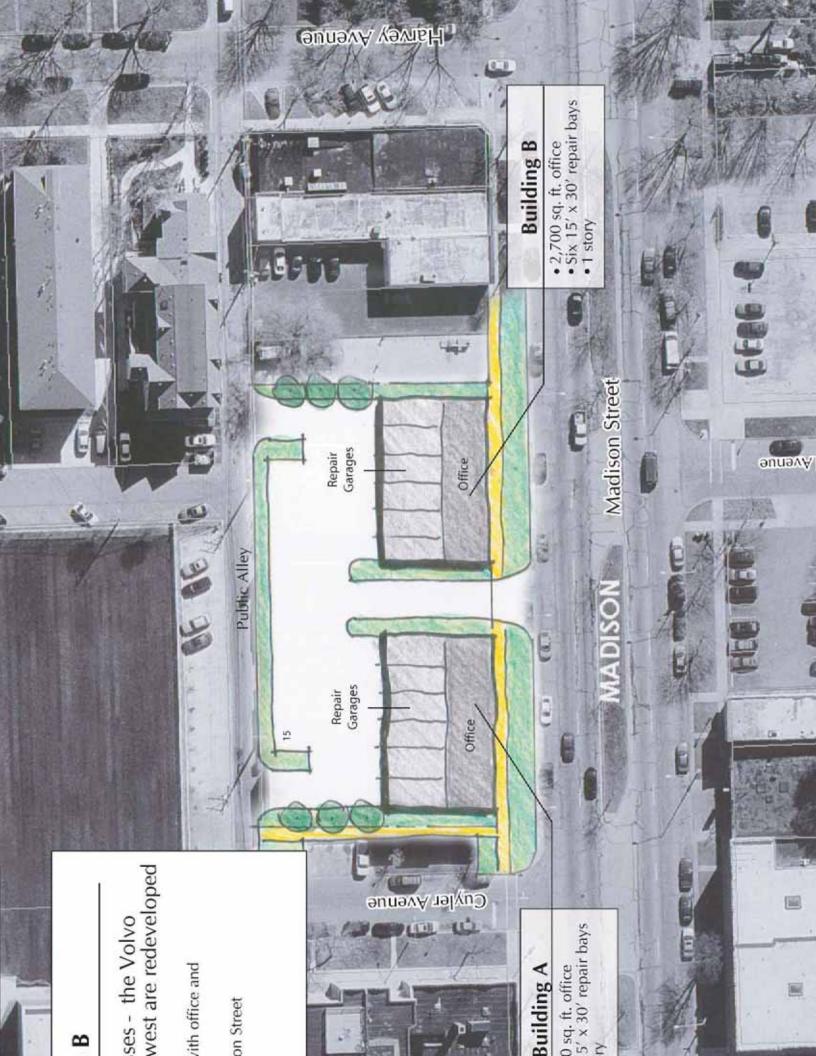
The alley should be used for deliveries and designed accordingly. Dependent upon the use, a separate loading area may be needed along Madison Street.



Key Sites







### Estimated Construction Costs Key Site #3, Option A

Office	SF	Cost/SF	Cost
Office Renovation	4,800	\$150	\$720,000
Key Site 3, Option A Total			\$720,000

#### Estimated Construction Costs Key Site #3, Option B

Office	SF	Cost/SF	Cost
Office	5,400	\$150	\$810,000
Key Site 3, Option B Total			\$810,000

### Key Site #3 Traffic Analysis

#### Access

Although this is a corner site, access is better from Madison Street as it provides access to more centralized parking for both the east and west site components. The drive should be aligned with the key site #2 drive to the south.

### Alley and Loading

Use of the east-west alley for loading is encouraged.



## APPENDIX A: RETAIL MARKET ASSESSMENT



To:	Scott Harrington and Kate Crowley, Vandewalle & Associates
From:	Christine Williams, Goodman Williams Group
Date:	April 11, 2006
Subject:	Retail Opportunities

This memo is a supplement to the Market Assessment for the Madison Street Corridor in Oak Park. The previous report presented background information on the retail, office, residential, and hotel markets. This memo and the accompanying graphics provide more detailed information to help conceptualize the retail development potential of the three opportunity sites in the corridor.

The Village has acquired key parcels on Madison Street that may accommodate formats of well-established store brands that can act as a catalyst for new commercial development, attract retailers to existing buildings, and encourage current businesses to reinvest in Madison Street.

The recommended strategy is to focus on Furniture and Home Furnishings. Madison Street, which is a well-recognized address, could compete most effectively for stores and businesses in this category. Madison Street already has a number of businesses that provide goods and services related to home décor and home improvement. These include a hardware store, landscaper, fireplace shop, picture framer, and various contractors.

A new anchor store might be a quality furniture store such as Walter E Smithe (which has expressed an interest in an Oak Park location) or Ethan Allen. Complementary categories of stores are shown in the table below along with an example of a selected chain and a typical store size.

Furnishings/Home	Décor	Cluster
------------------	-------	---------

Category	Chain (Example Only)	Square Feet
Fumiture	Walter E Smithe	15,000
Appliances	Plass Appliance	10,000
Tabletop/Cookwares	Sur La Table	7,500
Tile & Stone	Ann Sacks (Division of Kohler)	6,000
Floor Coverings	TBD	5,000
Decorating Fabrics	Calico Corners	5,000
Specialty Restoration Materials	Independent	3,000
Window Treatments	3-Day Blinds	2,000
Closet Organization	California Closets	800
Total		54,300



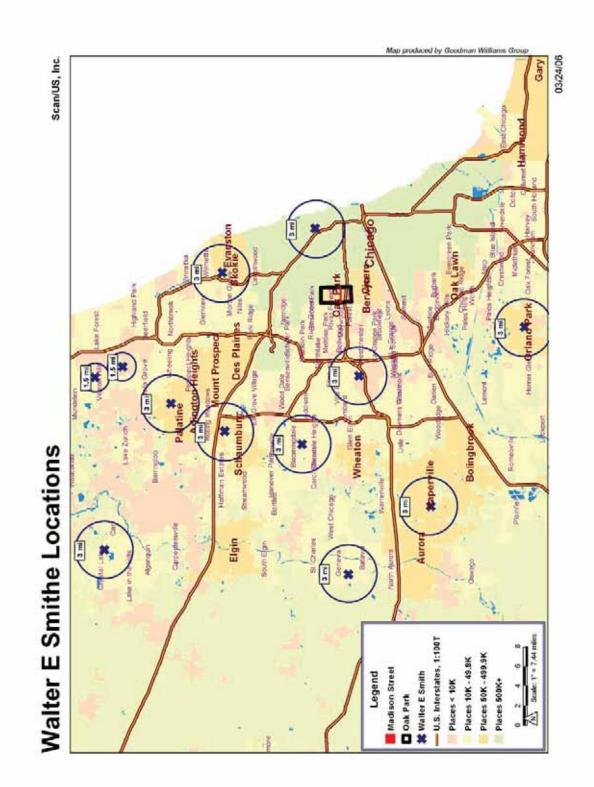
The market assessment showed demand to support an electronics store, which would also make a suitable anchor store. Best Buy and Circuit City, the primary candidates in this category, are likely to determine that Oak Park residents are already served by their existing stores. Linens' N Things and Bed Bath & Beyond would also be good anchors, but they already have stores in Oak Park/River Forest. It would be difficult to attract retailers such as Z Gallerie, Williams-Sonoma, Pottery Barn, or Crate & Barrel, which prefer to co-tenant with other numerous other lifestyle retailers. Cost Plus, with typical stores of about 18,000 square feet, would be desirable. Its requirements—such as a location with 50,000 vehicles per day—are not a good fit with Madison Street.

Madison Street can support additional restaurants and specialty food stores, and these would contribute to the vitality of the street. Most restaurant chains, we believe, are not consistent with the desired character of Madison Street; their site and parking requirements would be difficult to accommodate; and they are not compatible with the types of mixed-use projects that are envisioned. Independent and local chain restaurants are, however, recommended uses for new construction and adaptive-use projects. Food retailers such as Fox & Obel and EatZi's may find the high-income households in the area to have the lifestyles that match their customer profiles. Short-term parking and access are critical to these types of businesses. Sizes are shown in the table below:

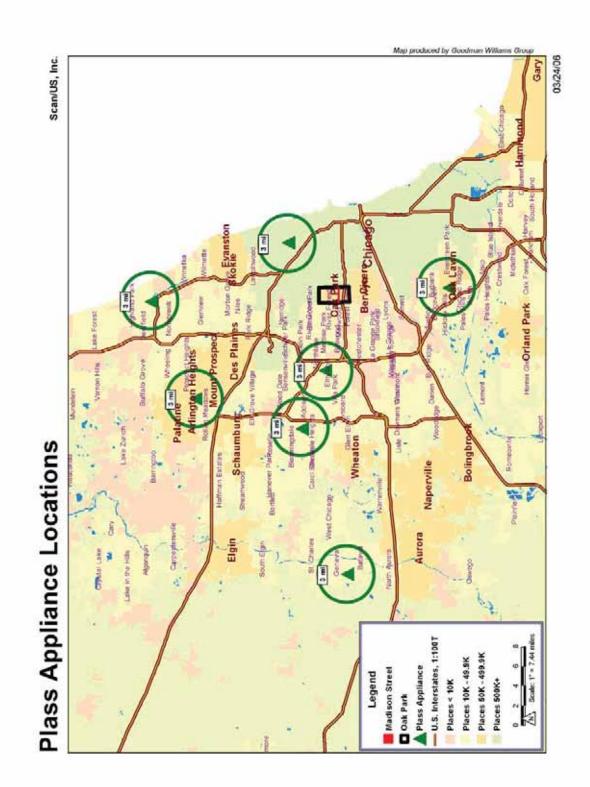
	Food-Related Retail	
Category	Chain (Example Only)	Square Feet
Specialty Food	Fox & Obel	10,000
Specialty Food	EatZi's Market and Bakery	6,000
Restaurant	Independent/Local Chains	4,000-6,000

The accompanying maps show the coverage patterns of the selected retailers.

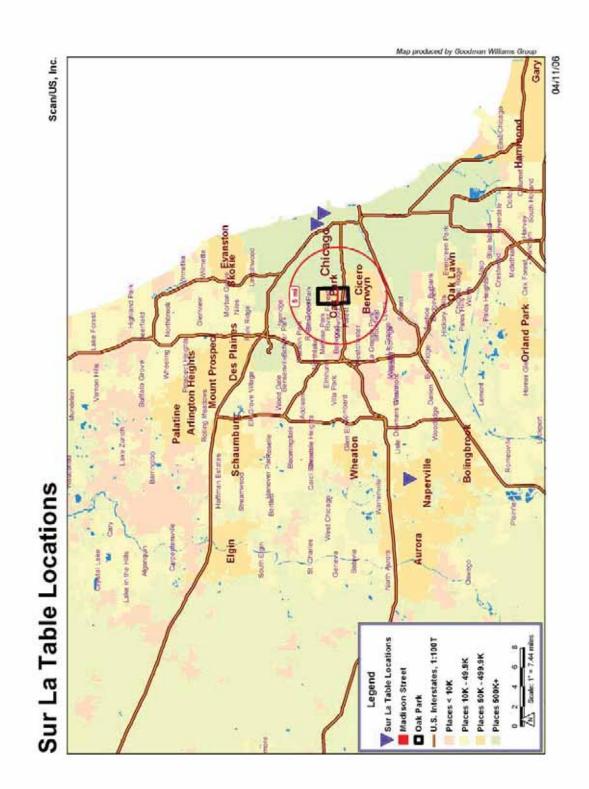




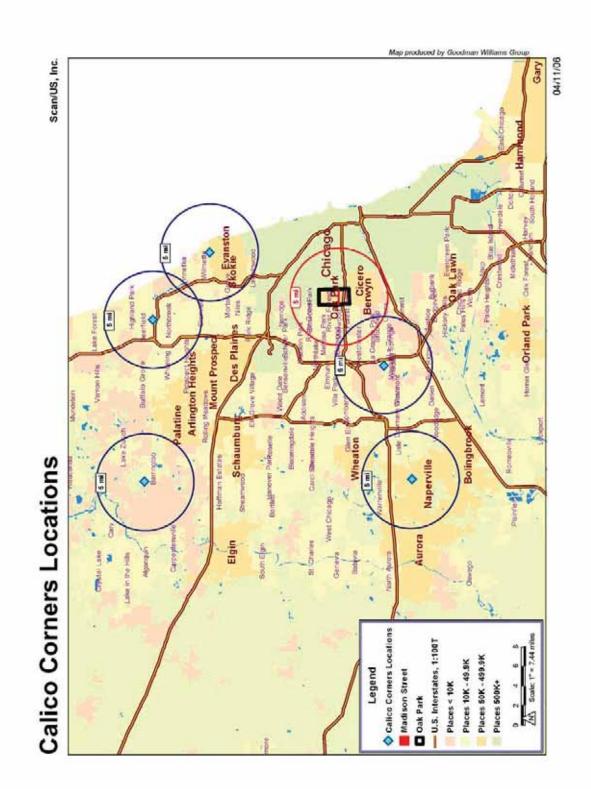




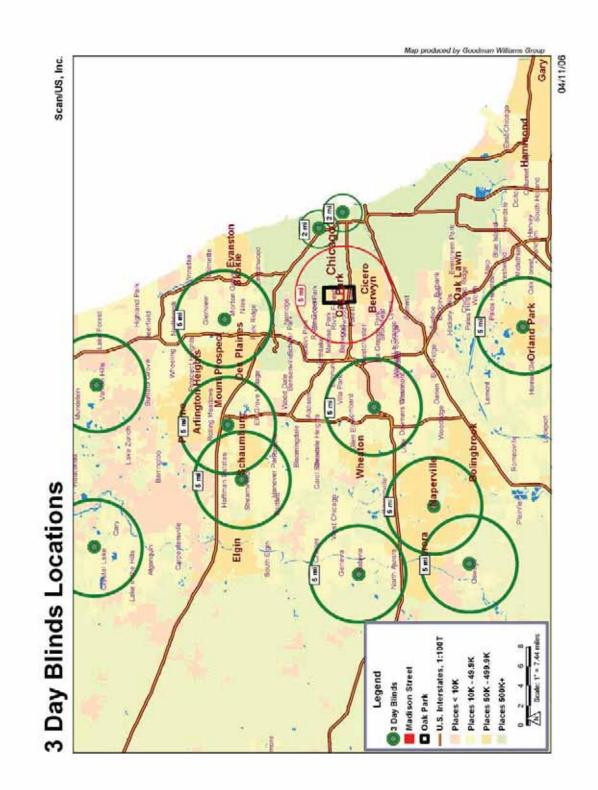




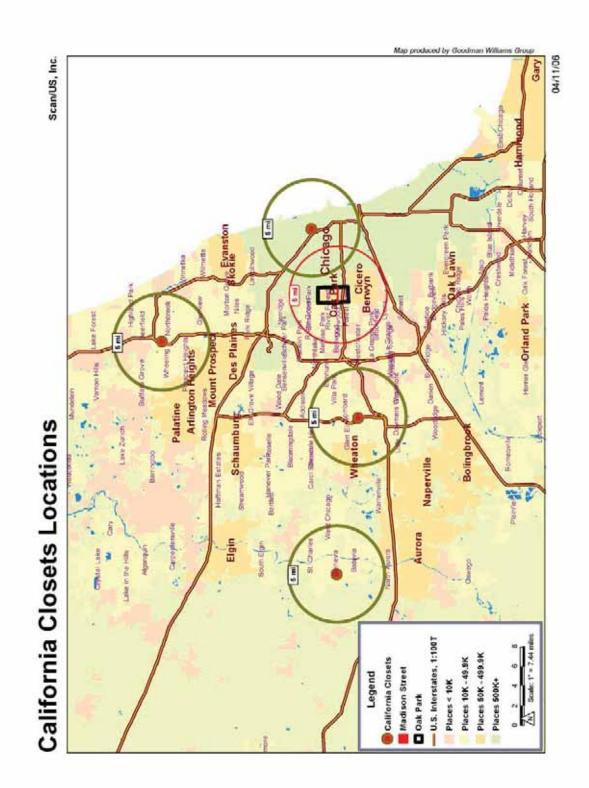




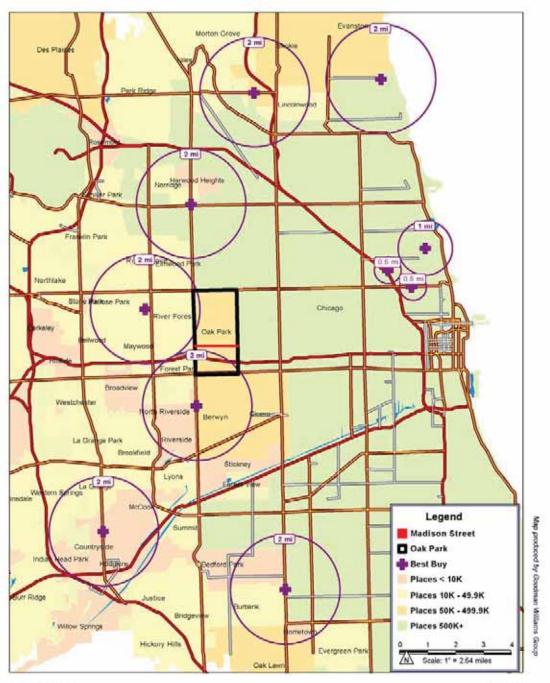










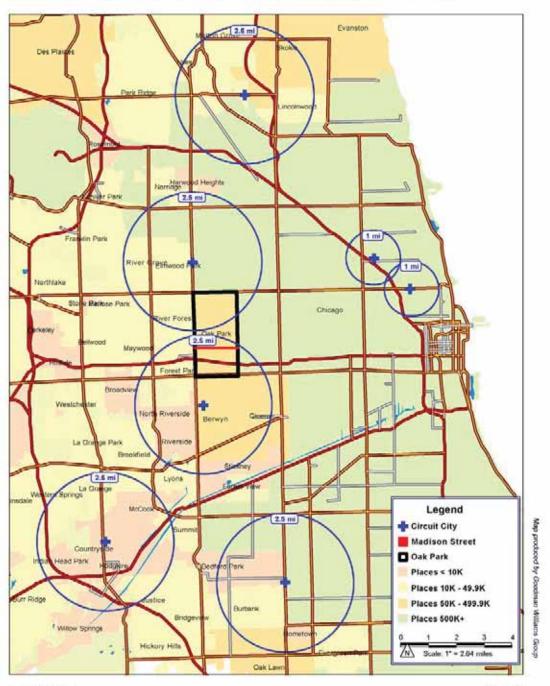


## **Best Buy Locations**

Scan/US, Inc.

03/21/06



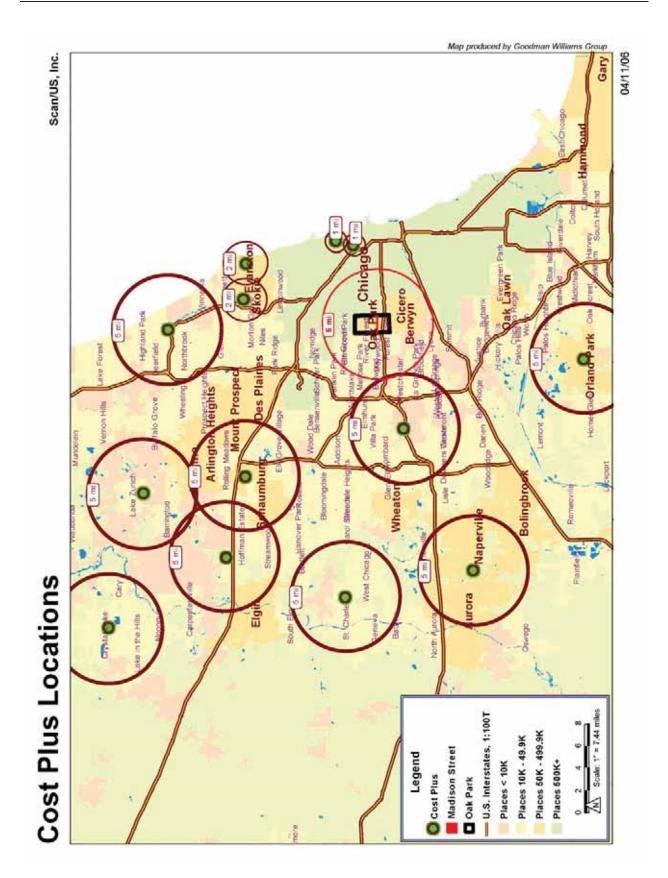


## **Circuit City Locations Surrounding Oak Park**

Scan/US, Inc.

03/21/06





# APPENDIX B: HOTEL MARKET ASSESSMENT



### Hotel Rooms

The Carleton Hotel with 154 rooms is the largest hotel property in Oak Park, followed by the Write Inn with 65 rooms. An analysis of the 4% hotel tax collected by the Village shows that the Carleton hotel accounts for about 72% of sales and the Write Inn contributes about 23% of hotel room sales. Four B&B properties, together, account for the remaining 5% of hotel taxes. The accompanying graphic presents data on Oak Park- hotel tax collections, which can be seen as a proxy for hotel rooms sold. Two of the trends revealed in the data are as follows:

- Local demand is recovering from the impact on travel of 9-11.
- Demand has seasonal patterns, with early summer and fall as the strongest periods.

Smith Travel Research report prepared a market report for the Oak Park Area Convention and Visitors Bureau in November 2005. Their analysis of the market is based on 34 properties with 3,010 rooms located in selected zip codes covering Oak Park and surrounding communities. The large majority of the hotels in the Smith Travel survey are in Franklin Park and Schiller Park, two locations that benefit directly from their proximity to O'Hare Airport. Highlights of the data include the following:

- The occupancy rate over the last 12 months is 66%. Occupancy rates for the first 10 months of 2005 indicate that the 61.2% annual occupancy rate of 2004 will improve significantly in 2005.
- Both the average daily rate (\$70.88 in the last 12 months) and revenue per room available are below pre-9-11 levels.
- The two Comfort Inns that opened in 2000 and 2001 are the newest additions to the supply.

### Conference Space

None of the conference space in Oak Park was designed to accommodate the requirements of most of today's meetings and conferences. The table below lists the choices in event spaces in Oak Park.



	Meeting Spaces in Oak Park
19th Century Club	Dining room seats up to 100 and auditorium holds 400.
Arts Center	700-seat auditorium, reception lobby, dressing rooms, and meeting rooms.
Carleton Hotel	Four functions rooms with a total of 5,225 square feet; largest space able to accommodate up to 200 for a reception.
Historic Pleasant Home	Landmarked mansion hosts weddings, meetings, and other events.
Oak Park Conservatory	Private parties can be held in Rubinstein Room.
Cheney Mansion	12,000-square-foot mansion available for events.
Scoville Square	Prairie-style building includes conference room that can be rented.

Source: Oak Park Area Convention and Visitors Bureau and Goodman Williams Group.

The Convention and Visitors Bureau also refers meeting planners to spaces in:

- Brookfield Zoo and Maywood Park Race Track located in nearby communities.
- · Hotel facilities in other communities.
- Concordia and Dominican Universities in neighboring River Forest.
- A cooking school on Madison Street in Oak Park.



### Generators of Demand

Oak Park is positioned to capture demand from for hotel rooms from a number of sources:

- Overflow from downtown Chicago hotels, which can be fully booked, particularly when large trade shows and conventions are being held at McCormick Place. Downtown Chicago is about nine miles due east of Oak Park.
- O'Hare travelers, particularly those doing business in downtown Chicago or the Western Suburbs, seeking an alternative to the hotels right around the airport. The drive to O'Hare is about 19 miles from Oak Park.
- Meetings and conferences, particularly from groups interested in the cultural offerings in Oak Park.
- Tourists attracted by the museums and historic tours in Oak Park, including the Hemingway Museum and the Frank Lloyd Wright Home and Studio.
- Visitors to local businesses and institutions such as Rush Oak Park Hospital, the Universities in River Forest, and Loyola medical complex in Maywood Park.
- · Family gatherings and weddings for local residents.



	Madison St. Corridor	orridor	Oak Park Village	Village	Trade Area	Area
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Population						
2010 Projection	14,203		47,410		218,380	
2005 Estimate	15,130		49,951		224,238	
2000 Census	16,076		52,524		229,784	
1990 Census	16,862		53,648		214,695	
Median Age 2005	36.97		37.68		32.46	
Households						
2010 Projection	7,130		21,406		74,435	
2005 Estimate	7,461		22,247		76,850	
2000 Census	7,794		23,079		79,197	
1990 Census	7,709		22,607		77,376	
Growth 2005 - 2010		-4.44%		-3.78%		-3.14%
Growth 2000 - 2005		4.27%		-3.61%		-2.96%
Growth 1990 - 2000		1.10%		2.09%		2.35%
2005 Est. Households by Household Income						
Income Less than \$15,000	704	9.4	1,773	8.0	11,455	14.9
Income \$15,000 - \$24,999	485	6.5	1,314	5.9	8,011	10.4
Income \$25,000 - \$34,999	559	7.5	1,742	7.8	8,693	11.3
Income \$35,000 - \$49,999	1,292	17.3	3,157	14.2	12,245	15.9
Income \$50,000 - \$74,999	1,466	19.7	4,065	18.3	14,322	18.6
Income \$75,000 - \$99,999	983	13.2	2,907	13.1	8,113	10.6
Income \$100,000 - \$149,999	1,114	14.9	3,672	16.5	7,676	10.0
Income \$150,000 - \$249,999	629	8.4	2,339	10.5	4,065	5.3
Income \$250,000 - \$499,999	167	2.2	833	3.7	1,534	2.0
	ġ					



	Madison St. Corridor	Corridor	Oak Park Village	Village	Trade Area	Area
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2005 Est. Average Household Income	\$82,430		\$98,180		\$69,059	
2005 Est. Median Household Income	\$61,776		S69,294		\$47,576	
2005 Est. Per Capita Income	\$41,125		S43,986		\$23,868	
2005 Est. Households by Household Type						
Family Households	3,540	47.5	12,418	55.8	50,592	65.8
Nonfamily Households	3,921	52.6	9,829	44.2	26,259	34.2
2005 Est. Households by Household Size						
1-person household	3,389	45.4	8,454	38.0	21,832	28.4
2-person household	2,132	28.6	6,518	29.3	19,138	24.9
3-person household	933	12.5	3,187	14.3	12,247	15.9
4-person household	647	8.7	2,617	11.8	10,212	13.3
5-person household	250	3.4	1,013	4.6	6,370	8.3
6-person household	78	1.1	323	1.5	3,364	4.4
7 or more person household	31	0.4	135	0.6	3,687	4.8
2005 Est. Average Household Size	2.01		2.23		2.87	
2005 Est. Household Type, Presence Own Children						
Single Male Householder	1,356	18.2	3,235	14.5	9,205	12.0
Single Female Householder	2,033	27.3	5,219	23.5	12,627	16.4
Married-Couple Family, own children	1,206	16.2	4,770	21.4	15,618	20.3
Married-Couple Family, no own children	1,293	17.3	4,503	20.2	13,825	18.0
Male Householder, own children	82	1.1	264	1.2	1,726	2.3
Male Householder, no own children	108	1.5	300	1.4	2,391	3.1
Female Householder, own children	488	6.5	1,472	6.6	9,359	12.2
Female Householder, no own children	362	4.9	1,109	5.0	7,673	10.0
Nonfamily, Male Householder	273	3.7	691	3.1	2,325	3.0
Nonfamily Famala Housaholdar	259	3.5	6R4	3.1	2 102	27

		Dec		\$7,069	\$6,865	\$6,031	\$6,176	\$7,914	\$6,854	\$5,983
		Nov		\$10,133	\$8,045	\$10,412	\$7,492	\$11,383	\$7,162	\$7,347
		Get		\$10,861	\$10,213	\$11,289	\$9,673	\$11,788	\$8,599	\$8,041
-	$\langle \langle \rangle \rangle$	Sep		\$9,923	\$10,236	\$10,564	S7,754	\$12,636	S7,606	\$6,121
	$\mathbf{h} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{f}$	Aug	\$9,176	\$8,983	\$9,478	\$9,586	\$10,215	\$11,662	\$8,297	\$4,630
		VINC	\$9,542	S9,204	\$8,565	\$9,872	\$10,380	\$11,582	S8,448	\$4,468
		June	\$11,904	\$11,392	\$12,121	\$10,077	\$11,160	\$10,792	\$8,326	\$4,658
		May	\$9,814	\$10,840	\$10,134	\$9,759	\$10,020	\$8,231	\$8,090	\$4,426
		Apr	\$7,361	S6,417	\$7,612	\$7,376	\$9,893	\$7,070	\$6,273	\$4,252
		Mar	\$6,651	\$6,706	\$5,473	\$6,434	\$8,766	\$6,199	\$5,420	\$3,801
		Feb	\$5,329	\$5,049	\$4,881	\$5,053	\$7,505	\$5,452	\$4,959	\$4,484
		Jan	\$5,211	\$4,605	\$4,371	\$5,349	\$7,262	\$5,084	\$4,539	\$3,932
	\$12,000	\$2,000	-2005	-2004	2003	-2002	-2001	-2000	1999	1998





To: Village of Oak Park Board of Trustees and Madison Street Corridor Plan Steering Committee
From: Kate Crowley and Scott Harrington, Vandewalle & Associates
CC: Historic Preservation Commission, Transportation Commission, Community Design Commission
Date: Tuesday, May 23, 2006
Re: Comments on Madison Street Corridor Plan

Vandewalle & Associates and Madison Street Corridor Plan Consultant Team have reviewed the comments from the Historic Preservation Commission, Transportation Commission, Community Design Commission regarding the draft plan. This memo outlines those comments and the response from the Steering Committee and Consultant Team.

#### Comments from Historic Preservation Commission

 The Commission is concerned that only SNR properties are recommended for preservation and S properties are given secondary consideration. SOM properties get no consideration for preservation at all. Both SNR and S properties should be combined into the highest category; they are all significant to Oak Park and should be preserved. The SOM properties should be in the second category and preserved when possible.

The Steering Committee and Village Board agreed to add Structures of Merit to the Development Strategy. The final plan <u>strongly recommends</u> that proposals to redevelop or significantly alter S and SNR properties be reviewed by the HPC. The plan also <u>recommends</u> that proposals to redevelop or significantly alter SOM properties be reviewed by the HPC.

2. Using only economic justification to decide whether buildings are to be preserved is short-sighted and limits the potential for historic buildings to be incorporated into new developments. There is no incentive or leverage in the document to look seriously at historic preservation, either as stand alone properties or as incorporated into broader developments.

The Architectural Historical Survey used several factors to classify structures within the four stated categories. These factors include building age, historical use, architect, building materials, and architectural character and integrity, among others. In addition to these factors, the Steering Committee and Village Board agreed that economic justification and specific site constraints should be used to review proposals to redevelop or significantly alter Significant structures. The HPC advisory review may address additional factors if necessary.

#### Vandewalle & Associates

120 East Lakeside Street • Madison, Wisconsin 53715 608 255-3988 • 608 255-0814 Fax • va@vandewalle.com 3. A more precise definition of the proposed Commission review of development of historic properties on Madison Street should be outlined in the plan. The Commission recommends mandatory review for all **S** and **SNR** properties and advisory review for **SOM** properties. The Commission is also unclear on how such reviews would be authorized if the properties are not officially designated. Commission advisory review is already required for planned developments or zoning variances that fall within 250 feet of a Landmark or for Village owned properties.

Mandatory review for S and SNR properties would be inconsistent with the Village's existing procedure for review of historic properties. The Consultant Team recommends that Village Staff, the HPC, and Village Board review the existing procedures and determine the appropriate procedure for Madison Street properties.

4. The Commission recommends including the color-coded map of ranked properties in the implementation plan so they can be easily referred to.

The Wiss Janney Elstner Architectural Historical Survey is included in the final draft of the Corridor Plan.

5. The document should recommend the designation of those properties ranked as **S** and **SNR** as historic landmarks and that National Register listing should be pursued for the **SNR** properties.

#### The Consultant Team recommends that the Village explore this suggestion.

6. The Commission recommends looking further into a Motor Row Historic District along Madison Street. Such a district would likely be thematic rather than contiguous, meaning that the district is made up of individually listed buildings united by theme rather than geography.

The Consultant Team recommends that the Village explore this suggestion.

7. The Commission recommends adding a statement in the plan that acknowledges that buildings not identified by the survey could be significant for historical reasons or those other than architectural. Currently, the plan only recognizes buildings with architectural significance.

The Consultant Team recommends that the Village explore this suggestion.

8. The Commission recommends that a preservation advocate be included on any Coalition Group or Committee formed for Madison Street.

As the Village moves forward with creating the coalition, the Consultant Team recommends the inclusion of a historic preservation expert. The expert should be used as a resource to preserve the historic integrity of structures undergoing renovation. The expert should be capable of advising on the use of historic tax credits and other incentives.

9. The Commission recommends that the three properties in the Gunderson Historic District be removed from the "potential redevelopment site" shown for the area. The Commission does not support their demolition or removal from the site. Instead, they recommend that the consultants consider how the issue of historic residential properties in commercial zoning, found in that particular block, could be addressed with sensitivity to the historic designation and character.

The Consultant Team erred in including these properties in the potential redevelopment site. Theis change has been made in the final draft of the plan.

10. The Commission is concerned about promoting increased setbacks in a traditional commercial district. If setbacks are a stated goal in the plan, that has the potential to increase the demolition pressure on existing buildings. It also creates gaps in the street wall, which is an interruption in the aesthetic design and historic character of the street.

The Village Board and Steering Committee have approved this recommendation based on strong public support for increased setbacks. The increased setbacks will further the public goal over the long term to create an atmosphere that is more inviting to the pedestrian, although gaps in the street wall may result. If increased pressure to demolish existing buildings results in proposals to demolish architecturally significant buildings, the HPC will have the opportunity to review the proposals.

11. The Commission also recommends considering the use of TIF funds for rehabilitation or restoration as well as new development.

The Consultant Team recommends that the Village explore this recommendation.

#### Comments from Transportation Commission

1. The Commission recommends an east-west route, parallel to and within a few blocks of Madison Street (e.g. Jackson or Washington) be considered for designation as a bicycle route.

The Consultant Team recommends that the Village explore this recommendation as the traffic study did not support a designated bicycle lane on Madison Street.

2. The Commission suggests the Steering Committee should obtain the 20 year projections for I-290 expansion and incorporate that information into the Plan as it will have an impact on Madison Street.

The Consultant Team reviewed the I-290 expansion process as a part of the plan development and agrees that the expansion will have an impact on Madison Street. As the Village and its partners implement the Madison Street Corridor Plan the impacts from the expressway expansion should be considered.

#### Comments from Community Design Commission

#### All of the following changes have been included in the final plan.

1. How to Use this Document

We recommend that the last phrase under the Development Guidelines Checklist section be omitted as it appears to be inconsistent with other aspects of guidelines that provide for flexibility in the guidelines to approve, approve with conditions, or deny any project.

2. Core Principles

We believe that a section should be added about preserving green space and incorporating sustainable green practices.

With regard to the section concerning Scale, we are concerned that this section could be read too narrowly and suggest that it be modified.

3. Vehicular Access and Parking

This section does not refer to any accommodation for cyclists and bicycle parking. The Commission attempts to incorporate such considerations into their review of development and landscaping plans and suggests that they be added to the guidelines in this section.

#### 4. Site Lighting and Signage

In the definition of the guideline, we recommend that the word "unified" be changed to "consistent" or another term that does not imply that all signage be identical. We also recommend that the guideline definition include a reference to the needs of the owner, as well as the users of the site.

With regard to appropriate signage, we suggest that the bullet point about monument signs be changed to "Encourage the use of monument signs for all freestanding signs." We also recommend that pole mounted signs be deleted from the Inappropriate section. As monument signs are an expensive item, there are some pole-mounted signage that can be appropriate if in scale, context and proportion with the business.

Please also consider adding under Inappropriate signage, "LED, animated, flashing, scrolling or video signs."

We also wish to make the consultants aware that the CDC is in the process of developing an updated sign ordinance that you may wish to reference in the guidelines.

#### 5. Massing and Articulation

In the text of the bullet point under Appropriate massing that begins with "Respect adjacent residential structures", we suggest that the word "similar" be changed to "appropriate" so that it is not read too narrowly.

#### 6. Materials and Colors

Under Inappropriate materials, we suggest that simulated stone be eliminated. We are of the view that simulated stone materials are being improved and may, in fact, be appropriate under certain circumstances and for certain developments.

#### 7. Fenestration and Storefronts

The last bullet point suggests that awning width be matched to width and proportions of window openings. This may be inconsistent with the sign ordinance (awning may be too large in dimension) or, conversely, may be too small in the context of the entrance to the building if there are adjacent windows. It may be more appropriate to suggest that the awning width be suitable and appropriate in the context of the development and in conformity with the sign ordinance.

Under the Inappropriate uses, we recommend that the bullet point incorporating solid doors be eliminated. Solid doors may be very appropriate, especially in the context of rehabilitation or adaptive reuse of historic buildings.

8. Other:

The same building is used for both appropriate and inappropriate application of the guidelines in one section. We recommend that a different photo be substituted for the "inappropriate" application of the guideline.

Finally, in the document where there is reference to the "Design Commission", we recommend that the language be changed to reflect "Community Design Commission" and the Commission be vested with approval of design guidelines consistent with its mission and charge.